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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 785--80th Congress

H. R. 6935

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DIGEST OF PUBLIC LAW 785

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION ACT, 1948. H. R. 6935 includes the following items for this Department: \$425,000, Remount Service, 1949 (D. C. salary limitation, \$7,500); \$25,400,000, foot-and-mouth disease eradication, 1948 (repayment to CCC); \$492,000, golden nematode control, 1949; \$7,500,000, forest roads and trails, 1948, and a \$7,500,000 contract authorization, 1949; \$4,000,000 emergency repair of flood damage in national forests, 1948; \$6,000,000, FWA flood-damage loans to farmers, 1948; and \$225,000, REA administrative expenses, 1949. The act also includes: \$500,000, disaster relief (for use by the President); \$2,000,000, Displaced Persons Commission; \$75,000, water-pollution control, FWA; \$5,000,000, National Industrial Reserve, FWA; \$25,000,000, Selective Service System; \$2,000,000, Columbia River flood repair, Interior; \$300,000,000 stockpiling of strategic and critical materials, Bureau of Federal Supply, with an additional \$300,000,000 contract authorization; \$25,250,000, lend-lease liquidation; \$1,800,000, census of business, Commerce; \$7,000,000, flood-control general, Army; various amounts for international organizations, State; various amounts for planning and purchasing of Federal buildings and sites; and various amounts for judgments and claims. Appropriates \$4,000,000 for export controls, Commerce, but provides that no part of the appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one-hundred-pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any type or quantity. Provides for the repeal of the penalty mail provisions.

INDEX AND SUMMARY OF HISTORY ON H. R. 6935

January 19, 1948 Hearings: House, H. R. 6935. Pt. 1.

April 1, 1948 Documents: The estimates upon which the bill is based are contained in House Documents Nos. 588, 653, 674, 675, 678, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 693, 695, 696, 697, 698, and Senate Documents Nos. 119 and 165. Also Senate Document 174.

June 10, 1948 Hearings: House, H. R. 6935. Pt. 2.

June 15, 1948 House Committee on Appropriations reported H. R. 6935. House Report 2348. Committee prints of the bill and report. Print of the bill as reported.

June 16, 1948 House debated and passed H. R. 6935 with amendments.
Amendments to H. R. 6935 proposed by Senators Butler and Hayden. Prints of the amendments.

June 17, 1948 H. R. 6935 was referred to the Senate Committee on Appropriations. Print of the bill as referred.
Hearings: Senate, H. R. 6935.
Amendment to H. R. 6935 proposed by Senator Russell. Print of the amendment.

June 18, 1948 Senate Committee reported H. R. 6935 with amendments. Senate Report 1769. Print of the bill as reported.

June 19, 1948 Senate debated and passed H. R. 6935 with amendments.
Both Houses appointed Conferees.
Conference Report. House Report 2442.

June 21, 1948 Both Houses agreed to the Conference Report.

June 25, 1948 Approved. Public Law 785.

CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION OF \$375,000,000 FOR THE
TREASURY DEPARTMENT

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

DRAFT OF A PROPOSED PROVISION FOR A CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION OF \$375,000,000 FOR THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, IN THE FORM OF AN AMENDMENT TO THE BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1949

APRIL 1, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, D. C., April 1, 1948.

The SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: In my address to the Congress on March 17, 1948, I stated that we need an adequate and balanced military strength to carry out our purpose of achieving peace in the world. To accomplish this objective, a limited increase in our national security program is required.

As one element in building up our strength to the necessary level, I am transmitting herewith for the consideration of the Congress a draft of a proposed provision for a contract authorization of \$375,000,000 for the Treasury Department, in the form of an amendment to the Budget for the fiscal year 1949. This contract authorization is required to permit the Bureau of Federal Supply to enter into long-term contracts for strategic and critical materials so as to increase the supply available for stock piling and other essential needs.

The details of this proposed provision, the necessity therefor, and the reason for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

In addition, I have authorized the Secretary of Defense to prepare detailed estimates for additional appropriations, totaling \$3,000,000,000, for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1949. While

almost every part of our military program will be affected by the proposed increase, the additions may be grouped in five categories:

First, \$775,000,000 for the requirements for added military personnel, such as pay and allowances, subsistence, clothing, and medical care.

Second, \$775,000,000 for the procurement of aircraft, aircraft components, and aviation research and development. This amount includes \$465,000,000 for the Air Force and \$310,000,000 for naval aviation.

Third, \$860,000,000 for maintenance and operation of facilities and equipment, including their rehabilitation and reactivation where necessary.

Fourth, \$500,000,000 for procurement and production programs, including procurement planning, prototype and pilot orders, equipment modernization and matériel improvement.

Fifth, \$90,000,000 for other requirements, such as research and development (other than air), civilian components, and administrative and contingent expenses.

Expenditures under these appropriations in the fiscal year 1949 are estimated at \$1,700,000,000.

Detailed appropriation requests for these additional amounts are in preparation by the National Military Establishment and will soon be submitted to the Congress. The need for other appropriations for related national security purposes is now under consideration, and estimates for these appropriations will be submitted to the Congress if necessary.

The proposed appropriations are intended to round out and balance our national security program. They are necessary to enable us to meet our international responsibilities.

It is my earnest hope that on the solid foundation of our foreign aid programs and a limited increase in our present military strength, we can achieve a substantial lessening of present international tension and move forward toward our goal of securing a just and lasting peace.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., April 1, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a draft of a proposed provision for a contract authorization of \$375,000,000 for the Treasury Department, in the form of an amendment to the Budget for the fiscal year 1949, as follows:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

On page 883 of the Budget, column 2, under the head "Strategic and critical materials," line 11, preceding the colon insert a semicolon, followed by the words "and in addition to the amount herein appropriated, contracts may be entered

into for the purposes of the said Act of July 23, 1946, in an amount not in excess of \$375,000,000".

This contract authorization is required to permit the Bureau of Federal Supply to enter into long-term contracts for strategic and critical materials so as to assure the expansion of production and thereby increase the total available supply for stockpiling and other essential needs. I recommend that it be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

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SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION AND
CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEARS 1948 AND 1949 AND PRIOR FISCAL YEARS IN THE AMOUNT
OF \$101,511,535.74 AND CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS IN THE
AMOUNT OF \$25,813,000, TOGETHER WITH CERTAIN PROPOSED
PROVISIONS AND INCREASES IN LIMITATIONS PERTAINING TO
EXISTING APPROPRIATIONS

MAY 14, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to
be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, May 14, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of the Congress supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal years 1948 and 1949 and prior fiscal years in the amount of \$101,511,535.74 and contract authorizations in the amount of \$25,813,000, together with certain proposed provisions and increases in limitations pertaining to existing appropriations.

The details of the estimates, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for their submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget and the attachment thereto, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., May 13, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration supplemental estimates of appropriation and contract authorizations for the fiscal years 1948 and 1949 and prior fiscal years in the following amounts:

	Appropriations	Contract author- izations
The Judiciary	\$23,000.00	-----
District of Columbia	28,299.50	-----
Executive branch	101,460,236.24	\$25,813,000
Total	101,511,535.74	25,813,000

In addition, there are submitted certain proposed provisions and increases in limitations pertaining to existing appropriations.

Drafts of proposed appropriation language and the details of the various estimates, together with the reasons for their submission at this time, are set forth in the attachment to this letter.

The estimates submitted by the legislative branch and the Judiciary have been included without change, and I make no observations regarding their necessity. The estimates for the executive branch and the District of Columbia have been carefully reviewed, and I recommend the transmission thereof to the Congress in the amounts specified.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONSOLIDATED SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Government Printing Office: Office of Superintendent of Documents: General expenses, 1948-----	Language
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THE JUDICIARY

Miscellaneous items of expense: Printing and binding, reports, Supreme Court, 1948-----	\$23, 000. 00
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FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

Payments under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946-----	Language
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INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Federal Works Agency: Public Buildings Administration:	
Acquisition of property, 1948-----	79, 000. 00
Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the District of Columbia, 1948-----	675, 000. 00
General Accounting Office: Salaries, 1949-----	680, 000. 00
Interstate Commerce Commission: General expenses, 1948--	Language
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics: Salaries and expenses-----	Language
Total, independent offices-----	1, 434, 000. 00

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Judgments, 1948-----	132. 00
Audited claims, 1948-----	28, 167. 50
Total, District of Columbia-----	28, 299. 50

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Research Administration: Bureau of Animal Industry:	
Agriculture remount service, 1949-----	510, 000. 00
Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals, 1948-----	25, 400, 000. 00
Forest roads and trails, 1949-----	10, 000, 000. 00
Contract authorization, 1949-----	(10, 000, 000. 00)
Production and Marketing Administration: National School Lunch Act, 1949-----	Language
Total, Department of Agriculture-----	35, 910, 000. 00

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of the Secretary:	
Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce, 1949-----	190, 000. 00
Voluntary agreements, 1949-----	900, 000. 00
Civil Aeronautics Administration:	
Establishment of air-navigation facilities, 1949-----	Language
Contract authorization, 1949-----	(6, 813, 000. 00)
Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska, 1948--	4, 000, 000. 00
Contract authorization, 1948-----	(9, 000, 000. 00)

Items included in the consolidated supplemental estimate—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—continued

Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:	
Departmental salaries and expenses, 1949-----	\$164, 500. 00
Export control, 1949-----	4, 000, 000. 00
Patent Office: Salaries and expenses, 1948 and 1949-----	Language
Weather Bureau: Salaries and expenses, 1949-----	370, 000. 00
Total, Department of Commerce-----	8, 624, 500. 00

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary: Contingent expenses, 1948-----	17, 000. 00
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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Legal activities and general administration:	
Traveling expenses, 1942-----	5. 03
Salaries and expenses, Lands Division, 1942-----	609. 50
Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, 1945-----	35. 00
Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, 1948-----	38, 000. 00
Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth, 1946-----	154. 71
Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth, 1948-----	80, 000. 00
Fees of witnesses, 1948-----	50, 000. 00
Immigration and Naturalization Service: Salaries and expenses, 1949-----	2, 390, 000. 00
Total, Department of Justice-----	2, 558, 804. 24

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

Office of the Secretary of Defense: General provision-----	Language
Department of the Navy: Bureau of Supplies and Accounts:	
Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1947-----	Language
Transportation of things, 1948-----	20, 000, 000. 00

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

Post Office Department, District of Columbia:	
Contingent expenses, Post Office Department: Printing and binding, 1948-----	25, 000. 00
Field Service, Post Office Department:	
Office of the Postmaster General: Damage claims, 1948---	40, 000. 00
Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General: Rural Delivery Service, 1948-----	1, 125, 000. 00
Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General:	
Foreign mail transportation, 1948-----	2, 000, 000. 00
Balances due foreign countries, 1948-----	5, 000, 000. 00
Indemnities, international mail, 1948-----	15, 000. 00
Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General:	
Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, 1947-----	Language
Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, 1948-----	758, 000. 00
Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:	
Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies, 1948---	194, 000. 00
Vehicle service, 1948-----	2, 564, 000. 00
Public buildings, maintenance and operation:	
Operating supplies, public buildings, 1947-----	Language
Operating supplies, public buildings, 1948-----	Language
Total, Post Office Department-----	11, 721, 000. 00

Items included in the consolidated supplemental estimate—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

International activities:

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus, 1948-----	\$47, 932. 00
United States participation in international organizations, 1949-----	4, 100, 000. 00
International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico, 1949-----	Language
Salaries and expenses, American sections, international commissions, 1949-----	75. 000. 00
International information and educational activities, 1949-----	5, 000, 000. 00
Swiss war damage claims, 1948-----	10, 607, 000. 00
Total, Department of State-----	19, 829, 932. 00

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Bureau of Engraving and Printing: Salaries and expenses, 1949-----	365, 000. 00
Bureau of Federal Supply: General provision-----	Language
Fiscal year 1947 and prior-----	804. 24
Fiscal year 1948-----	72, 766, 231. 50
Fiscal year 1949-----	28, 744, 500. 00
Total supplemental estimates-----	101, 511, 535. 74
Total contract authorizations-----	(25, 813, 000. 00)

DETAIL OF SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION ESTIMATES FOR FISCAL YEARS 1948 AND 1949 AND PRIOR FISCAL YEARS

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1948 and 1949, and for other purposes, namely:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

General expenses: Surplus funds accumulated during the fiscal year 1948 through the operation of the working capital of the Government Printing Office (Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office, 1948) are hereby made available for the additional transfer of \$77,000 to the appropriation "General expenses, Office of Superintendent of Documents, 1948," including the objects and subject to the conditions set forth under this heading in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1948.

The Public Printer states that this provision is necessary in order to place this appropriation on a fiscal year obligation basis in compliance with the statement in the House of Representatives Report 1618, on the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948.

THE JUDICIARY

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Printing and binding" for advance opinions, preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Supreme Court, \$23,000.

These funds are required for publication during the current year of an additional volume of Supreme Court Reports, at a cost of \$15,000, and for a general increase of \$8,000 in printing and binding costs.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

ARMED FORCES LEAVE PAYMENTS

Payments under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946: Not to exceed \$775,000 of the amount appropriated under this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1947, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for transfer, in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may determine, to the Bureau of the Public Debt, Treasury Department, for administrative expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere without regard to section 14 (a)

of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1946, printing and binding, and deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d).

The above proposed provision is necessary to continue the availability of funds to provide for the administrative expenses of the Bureau of the Public Debt, Treasury Department, during the fiscal year 1949, resulting from the retirement of Armed Forces leave bonds.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Aquisition of property: For an additional amount for the acquisition of the site of the Baltimore parcel-post station and an extension to said site, as authorized in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, \$79,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949.

An appropriation of \$830,000 was made in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, for the purchase of a site and building for a parcel-post station in Baltimore, Md. Of this amount \$525,000 was required to purchase the building, leaving available approximately \$300,000 for purchase of a site. An award by the United States District Court of Maryland under condemnation proceedings was \$79,000 in excess of the amount available.

Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the District of Columbia: For the acquisition of sites for public buildings, as authorized by Public Laws 455 and 456, approved March 25, 1948, and for acquisition of site and preparation of drawings and specifications for a public building project as authorized by Public Law 457, approved March 25, 1948, \$675,000, to remain available until June 30, 1950.

Public Laws 455 and 456 authorize the appropriation of \$100,000 and \$275,000, respectively, for the acquisition of a site for a public building in Huntington, W. Va., and in Omaha, Nebr. These funds are needed at this time in order to take advantage of favorable prices for these properties.

Public Law 457 authorizes the appropriation of \$300,000 for the purchase of site and preparation of drawings and specifications for a post office building in Portland, Oreg.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries," \$680,000.

During the fiscal years 1945 through 1947, the General Accounting Office conducted an accelerated audit of freight and passenger transportation payments. A test reaudit of a portion of the vouchers processed under that program indicates a need for a thorough reaudit of payments. Such a program is being initiated at this time, and this estimate is required to enable the General Accounting Office to continue this work in fiscal year 1949.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

General expenses: The appropriation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, shall be available for the payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921).

The purpose of this provision is to provide for the payment of claims adjusted, compromised, or settled under the provisions of the Federal Tort Claims Act during the fiscal year 1948.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

Salaries and expenses: The limitations under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1947, and in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, on the amounts available for deposit in the Treasury for penalty mail, are increased from "\$6,000" to "\$10,100" and from "\$6,500" to "\$12,000", respectively.

The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics from the appropriation for "Aviation, Navy," in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1945, for construction and equipment of a wind tunnel at Moffett Field, California, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1947.

The unexpended balances of the appropriation for "Aircraft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio," in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

The foregoing provisions pertaining to existing appropriations and funds of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics do not involve the appropriation of additional funds. The first is required to adjust the amounts available in 1947 and 1948 for deposit in the Treasury for penalty mail on the basis of actual mailing requirements. The others are required to continue available for expenditure during fiscal year 1949 funds obligated for two wind tunnel construction projects which would otherwise lapse on June 30, 1948. It has now developed that the contractors will not be able to complete certain of the components required for these wind tunnels before the end of the current fiscal year and the extension of the availability for expenditure of the funds is necessary to permit orderly settlement of the contracts.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

JUDGMENTS

For the payment of final judgments, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document Numbered —, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment, \$132.

	Amount of judgment	Costs	Total
Clifford G. Beckham, Mabel V. Beckham	-----	\$97	\$97
Bernard E. Novak	-----	35	35
Total	-----	132	132

AUDITED CLAIMS

For the payment of claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), being for the service of the fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal years, as follows:

Salaries and expenses, Executive Office, District of Columbia, 1945, \$11.10;

General supervision and instruction, public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$13.02;

Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds, public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$6.20;

Salaries and expenses, Fire Department, District of Columbia, 1945, \$12.46;

General administration, Health Department, District of Columbia, 1945, \$36;

Medical charities, District of Columbia, 1945 (Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital), \$59.50;

Operating expenses, Juvenile Correctional Service, public welfare, District of Columbia, 1945, \$9.12;

Operating expenses, District Training School, District of Columbia, 1945, \$8.80;

Capital outlay, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings, public works, District of Columbia, 1945, \$14,752.80;

Operating expenses, Electrical Division, public works, District of Columbia, 1945, \$50.55;

Salaries and expenses, Department of Vehicles and Traffic, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1945, \$826.55;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1944, \$420.46;

Public schools, general supervision and instruction, salaries and expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$221.28;

Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$127.71;

Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Columbia, 1944, \$68.24;

Gallinger Municipal Hospital, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$1,221.48;

Working-capital fund, Workhouse and Reformatory, District of Columbia, 1944, \$71.77;

Water Department, distribution system, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$0.69;

Refunding water rents, District of Columbia, 1944, \$30.22;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1943, \$176.89;

Deportation of nonresident insane, District of Columbia, 1943, \$248.62;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1942, \$9,771.08;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1941, \$19.96;

In all, \$28,167.50.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1948.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia have submitted the above estimates of appropriation to the Bureau of the Budget with the statement that such amounts are required to meet contingencies which have arisen since the transmission of the Budget for the fiscal years involved.

The estimated revenues and other funds available to the District of Columbia appear to be sufficient for the current fiscal year to provide for the expenditures herein proposed.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

Salaries and Expenses

Agriculture remount service: For carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the Act of April 21, 1948 (Public Law 494), including not to exceed \$25,500 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, and the purchase of four passenger motor vehicles which shall be in addition to the number authorized by section 3 of the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1949, \$510,000.

This estimate would provide for a program to improve the quality of light farm and saddle horses by making stallions of known producing ability available for breeding to mares of private owners throughout the country, and is submitted for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act of April 21, 1948 (Public Law 494), a measure to transfer the Remount Service from the Department of the Army to the Department of Agriculture. Each of four breeding stations (Front Royal, Va.; Fort Reno, Okla.; Fort Robinson, Nebr.; and Pomona, Calif.) will maintain a band of brood mares and stallions consistent with the size of each station and its facilities, and in accordance with the needs of the area which it serves.

The Department of Agriculture states that there is an increasing demand for good-quality light horses for use on farms and ranches and for recreational purposes, and it is desirable that there be a continuing program for the improvement of light horse breeds for such purposes. The program is also designed to provide an additional source of income for farmers and ranchers through the sale of better animals surplus to their needs.

The physical plant which the legislation transfers from the Department of the Army to the Department of Agriculture will be well in excess of the needs of the proposed program. Surplus lands and improvements will, however, be disposed of as rapidly as possible.

Eradication of Foot-and-Mouth and Other Contagious Diseases of Animals

Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals," \$25,400,000, to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit Corporation for amounts transferred pursuant to authority under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1948, as amended by The Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948.

The purpose of this estimate is to provide funds to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit Corporation for amounts transferred during the fiscal year 1948 pursuant to authority contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1948 (Public Law 266), as amended by The Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948 (Public Law 271).

Since the course of foot-and-mouth disease is unpredictable, it is not possible to make accurate advance forecasts of financial requirements for carrying on a control program. In recognition of this fact, the Department's appropriation act for 1948, as amended by The Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948, authorized the Secretary to utilize, by transfer from other appropriations or funds available to the bureaus, corporations, or agencies of the Department, such sums

as might be necessary in the fiscal year 1948 for the control and eradication of the disease in Mexico, protective measures in the United States, short-term research, and the purchase of canned meat and meat products in northern Mexico. An appropriation of \$25,400,000 would permit the Secretary to return that sum to the Commodity Credit Corporation, whose resources were used in large measure during the fiscal year 1948 to finance foot-and-mouth activities.

FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Forest roads and trails," for forest highways, \$10,000,000, to be available immediately and to remain available until expended; and, in addition to this appropriation, contracts may be entered into and obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1949, for forest highway work in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000.

Forest highways form essential links in the Federal-aid and State highway systems within and adjacent to the national forests. Great quantities of timber have been hauled from forest areas since the beginning of the war. Most of it has started toward its final destination over timber access roads, but practically all has emerged from and over the main forest highways. Increased traffic is also occasioned by the expanded construction program of forest development roads tributary to the forest highway system. Numerous and heavy truck loads have been highly damaging to many of these highways.

Improvement of forest highways which are links in State and county highway systems is lagging far behind the work on the connecting highways. Deterioration and obsolescence of the highways are constantly adding to the work that must be done to maintain a reasonable transportation system.

The Public Roads Administration of the Federal Works Agency has just concluded a survey of road conditions which indicates a greater deterioration than was anticipated at the time the 1949 Budget was transmitted to the Congress. It now appears as a result of the survey, which indicates specific, critical, road reconstruction needs, that an additional appropriation is required for 1949 to provide improvements on these highways. The estimate herewith would finance such an improvement program in the sum of \$20,000,000, of which it is proposed that \$10,000,000 be in the form of a direct appropriation and \$10,000,000 in the form of a contract authorization.

PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH ACT

National School Lunch Act: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the National School Lunch Act of June 4, 1946 (Public Law 396), there is hereby made available an additional amount of \$10,000,000 of the funds appropriated for said fiscal year by section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 612 (c)), such amount to be without regard to the 25 per centum limitation contained in said section 32, and to be exclusive of funds expended in accordance with the last sentence of section 9 of the National School Lunch Act: *Provided*, That no part of such funds shall be used for nonfood assistance under section 5 of said Act.

The Urgent Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948 (Public Law 430, 80th Cong.), provided a supplemental appropriation of \$5,000,000 for carrying out the provisions of the National School Lunch Act, making

a total availability of \$70,000,000 for this purpose for the fiscal year 1948. This supplemental amount was made available by Congress when it became increasingly evident that the initial 1948 appropriation was inadequate to assure continuation of the school lunch program during the remainder of the current fiscal year. In providing the additional \$5,000,000, however, it was made clear in the report of the Senate that none of the funds should be used to offset a deficiency acquired prior to the last quarter of the fiscal year. As a result, a number of the States will finish the year with a deficit because the Federal funds are insufficient to allow maximum reimbursements for lunches served, as provided in the terms of the act.

The \$10,000,000 recommended, which is in addition to the sum of \$65,000,000 originally included in the 1949 Budget and at present contained in the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill as passed by the House, would provide sufficient funds for 1949 to make the maximum reimbursements to the States specified in the National School Lunch Act, at the present level of participation.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce: For expenses necessary for the liquidation, in the fiscal year 1949, of the Foreign Economic Administration, Civilian Production Administration, Office of Price Administration, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and all other functions of the former Office of Temporary Controls, including personal services in the District of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$190,000.

The amount recommended includes \$50,000 for completing work on protests by distillers against the Government claims for refunds of alcohol subsidy payments pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942; \$111,000 for the final closing of the accounts of the Civilian Production Administration, the Office of Price Administration, and the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and for related administrative activities; and \$29,000 for the final disposal of the residual records of the Civilian Production Administration and the Office of Price Administration. These activities during 1949 will be limited to those operations required by law for the final liquidation of the above-named programs.

Voluntary agreements: For expenses necessary for carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 2 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to voluntary agreements, including personal services in the District of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$900,000.

This estimate is to provide funds for carrying on the program of voluntary agreements for the allocation of scarce commodities, as authorized by Public Law 395, during the period July 1, 1948, to February 28, 1949, when present authority for this program will expire.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: The limitation under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for transfer to the appropriation for

"Salaries and expenses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration for necessary administrative costs, is increased from "\$578,000" to "\$726,000": *Provided*, That in addition to the contract authorization granted under said head, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to enter into contracts and incur obligations prior to July 1, 1949, for the purposes therein specified, in an amount not to exceed \$6,813,000.

Additional contract authority for the fiscal year 1949 under the appropriation "Establishment of air-navigation facilities" is required for the following reasons: (1) to cover the differences between presently estimated costs and the amounts allowed in the 1948 appropriation and 1949 Budget for various navigation and landing aids, differences which arise out of increased costs for electronic components and construction at the site and essential modifications in specifications; (2) to permit utilization of 13 instrument landing systems recently found surplus to the needs of the Air Force, an action which will provide a desirable acceleration of the instrument landing system program and will result in economy to the Government; and (3) to replace funds which, as authorized in appropriation acts under this head, have been temporarily diverted from authorized establishment programs to make emergency repairs and replacements for airways facilities damaged by storm, flood, and fire.

Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska: For construction of two public airports within the Territory of Alaska, as authorized by Public Law —, approved —, 1948, including necessary buildings, structures, and appurtenances, and acquisition of necessary lands and interest in lands; personal services in the District of Columbia; and purchase (not to exceed four) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; \$4,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in addition, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to enter into contracts for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed \$9,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$325,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration, for necessary administrative costs.

H. R. 3510, authorizing the construction of an international airport at Anchorage, was recently approved by the House. It was amended in Senate committee to include the construction of an airport at Fairbanks; and in its amended form the bill has now been approved by the Senate. In order that maximum advantage may be taken of the short summer construction season in Alaska and that completion of the airports within a reasonable period may be insured, this estimate is submitted at this time. Appropriation of funds is, however, necessarily contingent upon the final passage of enabling legislation. The estimate provides for an appropriation of \$4,000,000 in cash and an additional amount of \$9,000,000 in contract authority.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for "Departmental salaries and expenses," fiscal year 1949, for carrying out the provisions of sections 3, 4, 18 (c) and 18 (d) of the Rubber Act of 1948 (Public Law 469, approved March 31, 1948), relating to controls over the production, distribution, and use of rubber, \$164,500, of which not to exceed \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary.

This estimate is to provide funds for the allocation and specification controls outlined in the Rubber Act of 1948, and delegated to the Department of Commerce under Executive Order 9942. The purpose of these controls is to provide for the equitable distribution of the available supply of natural and synthetic rubber, and to limit the consumption of natural rubber so as to make a portion of the supply available for strategic stock-pile purposes. The controls contemplated during 1949 will be the same as those currently in effect under the provisions of Rubber Order R-1.

Export control: For expenses necessary for carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 3 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to export controls, including personal services in the District of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$4,000,000, of which not to exceed \$1,350,000 may be transferred to the Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement of the export control program, and of which not to exceed \$62,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Printing and binding" in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1949, and of which not to exceed \$45,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary in said Act.

This estimate is to provide funds for the administration of export controls during the period July 1, 1948, to February 28, 1949, when present authority for these controls will expire. Of the \$4,000,000 included in the estimate, \$2,400,000 is to cover costs of this program in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, \$250,000 is for terminal leave requirements, and \$1,350,000 is for transfer to the Bureau of Customs for enforcement activities related to the export controls program.

PATENT OFFICE

Salaries and expenses: Appropriations under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1948 and 1949, available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), shall be available for management and operational studies, by contract or otherwise, of the Patent Office.

It was the intention of the Patent Office to make use of the authority in its appropriation language for the employment of consultants to secure private technical assistance in devising techniques and procedures for reducing the backlog of patent applications. However, the General Accounting Office has declined to approve a pending contract on the grounds that specific authorization is required before an appropriation can be used to employ private assistance in inaugurating new or changing old methods of transacting business. This proposed provision is needed to clarify the intent of the appropriation language so the Patent Office may arrange for the studies.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses," \$370,000.

This estimate is to provide funds for the establishment of an additional 4½ ocean weather stations in the Atlantic Ocean, as provided in the North Atlantic Ocean Weather Station Agreement drafted in London in September 1946. The establishment of these stations has been delayed pending the enactment of legislation now before Congress to permit the operation of weather ships in the Atlantic Ocean by

the Coast Guard. In addition to the stations provided for in this estimate, the Weather Bureau during 1949 would operate three other stations in the Atlantic, with funds available in its regular appropriation.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for contingent expenses of the Department of the Interior, \$17,000, for payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act of August 2, 1946 (28 U. S. C. 921).

This additional sum is estimated to be required for the settlement of claims against the United States in the current fiscal year pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Tort Claims Act. The 1948 appropriation of \$10,000 available to the Department of the Interior for the payment of claims presented and settled under the provisions of that act, with the exception of a few dollars, has already been expended.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Traveling expenses," \$5.03.

Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands Division," \$609.50.

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field," \$35.

The above estimates are for the payment of claims certified for settlement by the Comptroller General, chargeable to appropriations that are exhausted, which require deficiency appropriations for payment.

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field," \$38,000.

This estimate is required to meet an unforeseen increase in obligations for reporting and expert witnesses in Government litigation pending in the courts. These costs are largely uncontrollable.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth," \$154.71.

This estimate is for the payment of claims certified for settlement by the Comptroller General, chargeable to an appropriation that is exhausted, which require a deficiency appropriation for payment.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth," \$80,000.

This amount is required for personal services, expenditures for which have been at a rate in excess of funds available for such purposes. Unobligated funds are insufficient to carry the present force until the end of the current fiscal year.

Fees of witnesses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Fees of witnesses," \$50,000.

This additional amount is required to meet an unforeseen increase in actual and estimated obligations for fees and other expenses of witnesses for the Government in the Federal courts. These costs are largely uncontrollable.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service:
For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service," \$2,390,000.

This additional amount is required to strengthen some of the enforcement activities of the Service, and for overtime compensation of immigrant inspectors. Funds are included for additional investigative and clerical personnel to enable the Service to reduce its large backlog of alien registration and visitor-control investigations to a reasonable level, and to handle current cases more expeditiously. Provision is also made for a larger number of deportations, and for an increase in the force of border-patrol inspectors in areas where more effective action should be taken to prevent illegal entries. The amount for overtime compensation is needed because the Service, during fiscal year 1949, will be required to resume payment of such compensation at the rates specified by the act of March 2, 1931, which are higher than those which had been anticipated.

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

Not to exceed \$30,000 of the unexpended balances of funds transferred to the Office of the Secretary of Defense from the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" of the Office of Scientific Research and Development in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

When the Office of Scientific Research and Development was terminated by Executive Order 9913, December 31, 1947, certain responsibilities, including supervision of contracts for the publication of technical reports, were transferred to the Office of the Secretary of Defense. It has now developed that the printing of all of these reports cannot be completed before June 30, 1948, and it is necessary to continue \$30,000 available for expenditure in fiscal year 1949 to cover the cost of volumes being procured for Government use.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay and Subsistence of Naval Personnel

Pay and subsistence of naval personnel: There are hereby transferred to the appropriation for "Pay and subsistence of naval personnel" in the Navy Department Appropriation Act, 1947, sums from appropriations for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year 1947, as follows:

"Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel," \$25,000,-000;

"Pay, Marine Corps," \$17,000,000;

"General expenses, Marine Corps," \$17,500,000.

The above proposed transfers are designed to permit the Navy to absorb within total funds now available to the Department, a deficiency requirement of \$59,500,000 in the appropriation "Pay

and subsistence of naval personnel, 1947." Of this total, \$19,500,000 is caused by reason of increased costs for items of subsistence; the obligations for which were incurred pursuant to the authority contained in 41 U. S. C. 11. The balance of \$40,000,000 for pay and allowances of naval personnel is required because of the inability of the naval stock fund to fully provide for the transfer of \$500,000,000 to this appropriation as authorized by the Navy Department Appropriation Act, 1947. The actual funds which became available for transfer from the naval stock fund were \$416,000,000.

Transportation of Things

Transportation of things: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Transportation of things," \$20,000,000.

This additional requirement results from freight rate increases authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission since the enactment of the Navy Department Appropriation Act, 1948, and from increases in rates for chartering vessels.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

The original estimate of postal revenue for the fiscal year 1948 prepared in July 1946 was \$1,192,400,000. In July 1947, the estimate for 1948 was revised upward to \$1,368,905,000, and at this time it is believed it will reach \$1,430,000,000, or 10.13 percent over 1947.

The estimate of mail volume was also revised in July 1947 to 39,132,350,000 pieces, or 3.70 percent over the mail volume handled during fiscal year 1947. There is every indication at this time that mail volume for 1948 will be 41,075,000,000, and exceed the 1947 volume by 8.85 percent.

Likewise, the number of special service transactions was revised in July 1947 to 856,098,000, or 6.51 percent over the number of transactions for 1947. It is now estimated that the number of transactions will exceed those for 1947 by 7.96 percent.

The Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1948, Public Law 147, provided appropriations for the Post Office Department of \$1,531,661,050. The Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948, Public Law 299, provided an additional \$74,272,500, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948, an additional \$124,886,600, or a total of \$1,730,820,150 for 1948. Supplemental estimates submitted herewith for the Post Office Department, based on actual experience for the first nine months of the current fiscal year, amount to \$11,721,000, which if approved will raise the total to \$1,742,541,150.

With this submission are deficiency estimates for the fiscal year 1947 totaling \$74,150, which it is proposed to provide by transfer of funds.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Printing and binding," \$25,000.

This supplemental estimate of appropriation is necessary to cover the cost of printing new forms required in connection with securing information needed by the Department in the preparation of its case

before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the pending railroad mail rate case.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Damage claims," \$40,000.

The primary cause of this supplemental estimate is the payment of damage claims under section 403 (c) of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Due to the expansion of the motor vehicle fleet the number of claims has also increased.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Rural Delivery Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Rural Delivery Service," \$1,125,000.

This supplemental estimate is necessary to meet the increase of 1 cent per mile for equipment maintenance authorized by the act of March 31, 1948 (Public Law 467). The estimate is based on the daily travel of 1,453,000 miles, plus a small amount for contingencies.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Foreign mail transportation: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Foreign mail transportation," \$2,000,000.

The volume of foreign mail continues to increase. For the first 9 months of fiscal year 1947 the average monthly volume of foreign mail dispatched was 36,000,000 pounds. For the corresponding period of the current fiscal year the monthly average was 51,152,000 pounds, or an increase of 42.09 percent. This estimate of appropriation assumes continuation of the 51,152,000-pound average for the remaining 3 months of the current fiscal year.

Balances due foreign countries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Balances due foreign countries," \$5,000,000.

The dispatch of mail to foreign countries during the first 9 months of fiscal year 1948 was 42.09 percent above the amount dispatched during the first 9 months of fiscal year 1947. The 1948 appropriation was based on 1947 experience. This supplemental estimate of appropriation is necessary to care for the unanticipated increase of transit charges due foreign countries as a result of the increased volume of foreign mail.

Indemnities, international mail: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Indemnities, international mail," \$15,000.

The tremendous increase in foreign mail with its attendant increase in loss and damage claims has made this estimated supplemental appropriation necessary. The increase in average amount of claims is due to increases in maximum indemnity payable for articles mailed after July 1, 1946, under Conventions of the Universal Postal Union and the Postal Union of the Americas and Spain. Further increases also resulted from revaluation of the gold franc effective July 1, 1946.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper," \$54,000, to be derived

by transfer from the appropriation "Operating force, public buildings," for said fiscal year.

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper," \$758,000.

Effective June 3, 1947, the envelope manufacturer was awarded a 30.6-percent increase in its contract rate by the Federal Trade Commission under the provisions of an escalator clause in its contract with the Post Office Department for the manufacture of stamped envelopes. This made necessary a deficiency appropriation for 1947 of \$54,000, which it is proposed to provide by transfer from unused funds in the appropriation "Operating force, public buildings."

This increase in contract rate for fiscal year 1948 has already been provided for in a 1948 supplemental appropriation. However, the cost of the services of the Federal Trade Commission in making the study, amounting to \$10,589, was not provided for and has been included in this estimate for 1948. The remainder of the supplemental estimate of appropriation for 1948 is necessary to provide for (1) the increased consumption and increased cost of postal cards, (2) the increased consumption of stamped envelopes, and (3) the greater use of stamps resulting from increase in volume of mail.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies," \$194,000.

This supplemental estimate is needed to (1) provide carrier cases and tables for the expanded city delivery service and (2) provide additional mail-handling facilities at newly established stations and for handling an increased volume of foreign mail in the city of New York.

Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Vehicle service," \$2,564,000.

The continued increase in mail volume; extension of city delivery service; the increase in cost of service, supplies, and equipment, and the severe winter weather in most of the States have increased the cost of the vehicle service. Large numbers of trucks have been borrowed and hired with the attendant increase in expenditure for operating supplies, vehicle hire, and personnel. The enormous increase in parcels handled by the Postal Service as a result of three increases in the railway express rates within a 12-month period in the calendar year 1947 will continue to be reflected in further demands upon the vehicle service. This supplemental estimate of appropriation is required to cover these costs.

Public Buildings, Maintenance and Operation

Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Operating supplies, public buildings," \$20,150, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings," for said fiscal year.

Under date of February 16, 1948, the Postal Accounts Division, General Accounting Office, advised the Post Office Department that audited expenditures for 1947 under this item exceed the amount appropriated by \$20,144.71, hence the need for this transfer.

Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating supplies, public buildings," \$230,500, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings," for said fiscal year.

The abnormally cold weather that prevailed over most of the States during the 1947-48 heating season, and constantly advancing prices of fuel, have made this estimated supplemental appropriation necessary. In addition, inventories of cleaning supplies have been held at such low levels due to rising prices since the war's end it has become necessary to include an additional amount to provide for minimum needs.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus," for the Pan American Sanitary Bureau, \$47,932; and certain items under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1948, are amended as follows: The amount made available for the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, shall be available for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available for the International Bureau of Weights and Measures is increased from "\$8,314" to "\$9,278" for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available under the International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions for the International Scientific Radio Union, is increased from "\$392" to "\$1,177"; and the amount made available for Inter-American Coffee Board is decreased from "\$8,000" to "\$6,251".

The 1948 Budget transmitted to the Congress reflected the best estimates then available of the United States share of the costs of the above international organizations. Since that time the official budgets of certain of the organizations have been formulated and changes have been made in previous year budgets of others. The adjustments as indicated are therefore required in the United States contributions.

Thus in the case of the Pan American Sanitary Bureau the Directing Council increased the rate of assessment for quota payments of participating countries effective January 1, 1948. The additional amount requested is necessary to provide for the increased quota due from the United States for the period January 1 to June 30, 1948.

The deficiencies indicated in contributions to the International Bureau of Weights and Measures and the International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions are offset by a corresponding decrease in the contributions to the Inter-American Coffee Board. Funds made available for the 1948 contribution to the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, are sufficient to provide for the increase in the 1947 contribution.

United States participation in international organizations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United States participation in international organizations," for the International Civil Aviation Organization, \$4,100,000.

This supplemental estimate is required to provide for United States participation in the joint support program of the International Civil Aviation Organization. United States participation is authorized by the Convention on International Civil Aviation, as ratified by the Congress on July 25, 1946. The amount requested, based upon recently completed economic and technical studies, represents the estimated United States share of the capital investment and costs for maintenance and operation of joint support projects anticipated during the fiscal year 1949. Funds for the United States contribution to the Organization and for administrative expenses were included in the 1949 Budget.

International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico: The appropriation under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1949, shall be available for the purchase and exchange of map-reproduction machines and other construction, office, and engineering equipment and parts therefor; payment for official telephone service in the field in case of official telephones installed in private houses when authorized under regulations established by the Commission; and hire, with or without personal services, of aircraft.

These proposed provisions are required in order to facilitate certain operations of the International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico. The first provision would grant authority to the Commission to recoup some of the value of worn-out office and engineering equipment through trade-in allowances on new equipment. The second provision, with reference to telephone service, is to obtain authority identical with that now held by the Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior, and is necessary to permit proper communication with project operating personnel, who, due to the critical shortage of telephones in the area, are unable to obtain one for private use, and whose use of the telephone is for official convenience. The provision to authorize the hire of aircraft is to permit the employment of the services of aerial-survey companies, particularly where it is to the advantage of the Government to have such work done through the hire of aircraft, with or without personal services.

Salaries and expenses, American sections, international commissions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, American sections, international commissions," for special and technical investigations in connection with matters falling within the jurisdiction of the International Joint Commission, United States and Canada, \$75,000.

This additional amount is necessary in order to expand present sanitary investigations of boundary waters between the United States and Canada to include the Niagara River pursuant to a decision of the two Governments involved and a request dated April 14, 1948, from the International Joint Commission. This \$75,000 is to cover the United States share of the expenses; the Dominion of Canada has signified its intention of providing for its portion of this additional requirement.

International information and educational activities: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "International information and educational activities," \$5,000,000: *Provided*, That the limitation under this head on the amount available for expenses of attend-

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1949 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$100,000 FOR THE DEPARTMENT
OF COMMERCE

MAY 24, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to
be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, May 24, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of
the Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal
year 1949 in the amount of \$100,000 for the Department of Commerce.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons
for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director
of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments
and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., May 21, 1948.

THE PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a
supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the
amount of \$100,000 for the Department of Commerce, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

Air navigation development: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, for planning and developing a national system of aids to air navigation and air traffic control common to military and civil air navigation, including research, experimental investigations, purchase, and development, by contract or otherwise, of new types of air navigation aids (including plans, specifications, and drawings); personal services in the District of Columbia; hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$50 per diem; \$100,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$13,700 of this amount may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration for necessary administrative costs, including the maintenance and operation of aircraft, and \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Printing and binding" under the Office of the Secretary.

The importance of an adequate all weather air traffic control and navigation system for the achievement of sound economic conditions in the air transportation industry and in the interest of national defense has been recognized, and its development urged, by advisory committees to the executive branch and to the Congress. Recently, the Radio Technical Commission for Aeronautics proposed a long-range program for research and development necessary to achieve this objective; a program which has been generally endorsed. A plan for carrying out this program has been mutually agreed to by the National Military Establishment and the Department of Commerce. This estimate recognizes the importance of taking immediate steps toward the solution of this basic common problem of air transportation and national defense, and provides \$100,000 for the initial planning and survey work in fiscal year 1949.

I recommend that the foregoing estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PARE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.



SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1948 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$1,000,000 AND PROPOSED CON-
TRACT AUTHORIZATIONS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$37,725,000

MAY 24, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to
be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, May 24, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1948 in the amount of \$1,000,000 and proposed contract authorizations in the amount of \$37,725,000.

The details of this estimate and proposed contract authorizations, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for their transmittal at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., May 24, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1948 in the

amount of \$1,000,000 and contract authorizations in the amount of \$37,725,000, for the Federal Works Agency as follows:

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

General Accounting Office Building, District of Columbia: To carry out the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1948 (Public Law 533), for the construction of a building for the use of the General Accounting Office on Square 518, in the District of Columbia, the Federal Works Administrator is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the project in an amount not exceeding \$22,850,000, and the unobligated balance on May 18, 1948, of funds heretofore appropriated for the construction of a building for the General Accounting Office shall be charged against this contract authorization.

The act of May 18, 1948 (Public Law 533), authorizes the Federal Works Administrator to construct a building for the General Accounting Office on square 518 in the District of Columbia under a limit of cost of \$22,850,000, exclusive of funds previously obligated under prior appropriations for that purpose. The act provides that the unobligated balances of such appropriations shall be available for this project as a part of the said limit of cost.

The site has been acquired under a prior appropriation, plans and specifications are nearing completion, and it is estimated that a contract for construction could be awarded by December 31, 1948. Contract authorization in the amount of \$22,850,000, which includes the amount of the unobligated balances, is now required to permit this construction to be undertaken as contemplated in the authorizing act.

Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia: For the construction of a building for the use of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as authorized by the Act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527), \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in addition to this appropriation the Federal Works Administrator is authorized to enter into contracts for such purpose in an amount not exceeding \$14,875,000.

The act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527), authorizes the Federal Works Administrator to construct a building for the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia under a total limit of cost of \$18,665,000. This limit of cost includes the credit of \$2,420,000 granted the District of Columbia for the site of the project by the act of May 29, 1947 (Public Law 80) and the amount of \$370,000 heretofore appropriated for plans and specifications.

The site is available, plans and specifications are about one-half completed, and it is estimated that a contract for construction could be awarded by January 15, 1949. An appropriation of \$1,000,000 to cover anticipated expenditures to the end of the fiscal year 1949, together with contract authorization in the amount of \$14,875,000 for the balance of the authorized limit of cost, is now required to permit this construction to be undertaken as contemplated in the authorizing act.

I recommend that the foregoing supplemental estimate and proposed contract authorizations be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.



SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROP-
ERTY ABROAD

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1949, IN THE AMOUNT OF \$19,155,000 FOR CARE, HANDLING,
AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY ABROAD

MAY 26, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, May 25, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949, in the amount of \$19,155,000 for care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad.

The details of the estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

2 SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE FOR DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., May 25, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation for fiscal year 1949, in the amount of \$19,155,000, for care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad, as follows:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY ABROAD

Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad: To enable the President, by allocation during the fiscal year 1949 to any department, agency, corporation, or independent establishment in the Executive branch of the Government, to provide for expenses necessary for the care, handling, and disposal, pursuant to law, of surplus property located outside the continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, and for the care and handling of surplus property located in the United States but disposed of to foreign governments, including personal services in the District of Columbia; employment of persons outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to civil-service and classification laws; attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the activities for which this appropriation is made; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of rent in foreign countries in advance; printing and binding, including printing and binding outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); and hire of passenger motor vehicles; \$19,155,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for reimbursement for pay and allowances or subsistence of military or naval personnel except cost of living allowances for military or naval personnel assigned or detailed to the Department of State; *Provided further*, That \$13,850,000 of this appropriation shall be available exclusively for the care and handling of surplus property located in the United States but disposed of to foreign governments.

These funds are needed to provide in the fiscal year 1949 for the care and handling of surplus property located overseas, as well as the administrative expenses in connection with disposal of such surplus property, which administrative expenses have heretofore been financed by a separate appropriation to the Department of State. In addition, this estimate also provides for the costs of care and handling of property located in the United States which would be included with surplus located abroad in sales to foreign governments.

Detailed estimates for this program were not included in the 1949 budget, pending the development of recommendations for a permanent program of property management and disposal, both foreign and domestic. This estimate, although based on existing legislation, would not be affected by the enactment of such recommendations, which have now been transmitted to Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION AND
DRAFT OF PROPOSED PROVISION FOR LIQUIDATION
OF THE LEND-LEASE PROGRAM

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION IN THE AMOUNT
OF \$292,000, AND A DRAFT OF A PROPOSED PROVISION, FOR THE
FISCAL YEAR 1949, FOR LIQUIDATION OF THE LEND-LEASE
PROGRAM

JUNE 1, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to
be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 1, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of the Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation in the amount of \$292,000, and a draft of a proposed provision, for the fiscal year 1949, for liquidation of the lend-lease program.

The details of this estimate, and proposed provision, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for this submission at this time, are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., May 28, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation in the amount of \$292,000, and a draft of a proposed provision, for the fiscal year 1949, for liquidation of the lend-lease program, as follows:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

DEFENSE AID, LIQUIDATION LEND-LEASE PROGRAM

Administrative expenses: For the liquidation by the Treasury Department in the fiscal year 1949 of activities under An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, \$292,000.

Obligations: Not to exceed \$27,800,000 of the funds appropriated or continued available by Title II of the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, for carrying out the provisions of An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, shall remain available for expenditure until June 30, 1949, for liquidation of obligations incurred under said Act prior to June 30, 1946, and for payment of claims, approved prior to June 30, 1949, under a patent interchange agreement executed pursuant to said Act.

In the preparation of the 1949 budget it was contemplated that liquidation of wartime lend-lease obligations would be completed by the end of the fiscal year 1948, when applicable funds cease to be available for expenditure. However, because of delays in the submission of a large volume of claims and unforeseen complexities in the processing of certain other transactions, payment of all outstanding obligations cannot be completed in 1948. It is, therefore, necessary to extend the availability of certain lend-lease funds for expenditure through 1949 in order that the agencies engaged in the settlement of such transactions may complete this liquidation.

For the same reasons, it is necessary to provide additional administrative expense funds in the Treasury Department for the administrative costs resulting from the large volume of settlement transactions the Department will have to handle in 1949.

I recommend that the foregoing estimate and draft of a proposed provision be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION TO BE DERIVED
BY TRANSFER FROM ANOTHER APPROPRIATION IN THE AMOUNT
OF \$5,000, FOR THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1948

JUNE 2, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 2, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a supplemental estimate of appropriation to be derived by transfer from another appropriation in the amount of \$5,000, for the Post Office Department, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 2, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation to be derived by transfer from another appropriation in the amount of \$5,000, for the Post Office Department, for the fiscal year 1948, as follows:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Electric-car service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Electric-car service," \$5,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Salaries, Office of the Chief Inspector," for said fiscal year.

This supplemental estimate of appropriation is made necessary due to (1) increase in volume of trans-Pacific mail which has to be handled on the west coast, and (2) because of changes made by steamship lines sailing out of San Pedro, Calif., without call at San Francisco, Calif., which necessitates transfer of mail to San Pedro by electric-car service.

I recommend that the foregoing supplemental estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.



SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1949 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$4,366,000 FOR THE DEPARTMENT
OF STATE

JUNE 2, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 2, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$4,366,000 for the Department of State.

The details of the estimates, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for their submission at the time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 2, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$4,366,000 for the Department of State, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FOREIGN SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service," \$1,941,000.

Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service," \$510,000.

These funds are required to enable the Department of State to provide necessary personnel and equipment for the adequate protection of United States foreign field establishments.

INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

United States participation in international organizations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United States participation in international organizations," for the World Health Organization (Act of _____ Public Law _____), \$1,915,000.

The supplemental estimate is necessary in order to provide for the membership and participation of the United States in the World Health Organization as would be authorized by proposed legislation now pending before the Congress. House Joint Resolution 409, now pending in the House of Representatives, and Senate Joint Resolution 98, passed by the Senate on July 7, 1947, would authorize such membership and participation. The appropriation of funds is, however, necessarily contingent upon the final passage of enabling legislation.

I recommend that the foregoing supplemental estimates be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1949 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$1,587,750 FOR THE FEDERAL
SECURITY AGENCY

JUNE 2, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 2, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$1,587,750 for the Federal Security Agency.

The details of these estimates, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for their submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 2, 1948.

THE PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$1,587,750 for the Federal Security Agency, as follows:

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen," \$1,530,000.

Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security," \$57,750.

The supplemental estimate for reconversion unemployment benefits is to provide an additional amount for the payment of unemployment benefits to seamen with wage credits earned on federally controlled ships.

At the time the original estimate was prepared, it was anticipated that by fiscal year 1949 many seamen would have found work in other industries and also that exhaustion of benefits would have occurred to such an extent that the number of claimants with Federal wage credits in the fiscal year 1949 would be relatively small. This has not occurred, for several unforeseen reasons.

The opinion expressed in the congressional committee reports on the Social Security Act amendments of 1946 that there should be no interference with the normal hiring hall practices of the maritime unions has made it extremely difficult to expose claimants to job opportunities outside their normal rotation system or in other than the maritime industry. Furthermore, maritime workers have been reluctant to leave the industry in spite of the fact that employment opportunities for seamen are steadily decreasing and that for some time there has been a substantial surplus of such workers. Even in a period of general high employment it is, therefore, anticipated that the number of claimants will remain large, although the amount of benefits paid from Federal funds will decrease somewhat as the seamen pick up unemployment insurance rights under State laws.

A study is now being made by the Bureau of Employment Security and the United States Employment Service to determine what can be done to increase employment among seamen and thereby reduce the claim load in this industry. It must be recognized, however, that although the funds for the payment of these benefits come from the Federal Treasury, the benefit program is administered under State laws and in accordance with State practices.

This estimate, together with amounts already appropriated for fiscal year 1949, is to provide the amount necessary for benefit payments in fiscal year 1949 as forecast by the Federal Security Agency, plus an estimated amount of \$360,000 for adjustment of reimbursements to the States for benefits expected to accrue in the 1948 fiscal year, and for which sufficient funds have not been appropriated.

The supplemental estimate for the Bureau of Employment Security is to provide additional funds for reimbursement of the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance to cover the cost of providing transcripts of Federal wage credits for seamen filing claims for unemployment compensation under title XIII of the Social Security Act.

It is recommended that the foregoing estimates be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

CONSOLIDATED ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION TO PAY
CERTAIN CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE SEVERAL EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND INDEPENDENT OFFICES TO PAY CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS RENDERED AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, AS PROVIDED BY VARIOUS LAWS, IN THE AMOUNT OF \$12,838,409.60, TOGETHER WITH AN INDEFINITE AMOUNT AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO PAY INTEREST AND COSTS

JUNE 2, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 2, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of the Congress an estimate of appropriation for the several executive departments and independent offices to pay claims for damages, audited claims, and judgments rendered against the United States, as provided by various laws, in the amount of \$12,838,409.60, together with an indefinite amount as may be necessary to pay interest and costs.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 2, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration an estimate of appropriation for the several executive departments and independent offices to pay claims for damages, audited claims, and judgments rendered against the United States, as provided by various laws, in the amount of \$12,838,409.60, together with an indefinite amount as may be necessary to pay interest and costs.

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

For payment of claims for damages as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office, and judgments rendered against the United States by United States district courts and the United States Court of Claims, as set forth in House Document Numbered — Eightieth Congress, \$12,838,409.60, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*, That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until it shall have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Provided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appropriated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

The details of the estimate covered in the letters from the various departments and agencies and copies of records of judgments submitted by the Department of Justice are set forth in the attachment to this letter.

In accordance with the provisions of law providing for this submission, I recommend that this estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

SUMMARY OF AMOUNTS INCLUDED IN THE CONSOLIDATED ESTIMATE TO PAY CERTAIN CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

DAMAGE CLAIMS

Federal Security Agency (p. 4)-----	\$617. 79
Federal Works Agency: Public Roads Administration (p. 5)-----	289, 042. 56
National Military Establishment:	
Department of the Army (p. 13)-----	7, 001. 77
Department of the Navy (p. 14)-----	139, 037. 16
Total, damage claims-----	<u>435, 699. 28</u>

AUDITED CLAIMS

Legislative branch (p. 21)-----	36, 725. 26
The Judiciary (p. 24)-----	3, 045. 62
Executive Office of the President (p. 25)-----	125, 962. 74
Independent offices (p. 25)-----	27, 039. 38
Federal Works Agency (p. 26)-----	640. 26
Housing and Home Finance Agency (p. 26)-----	7, 369. 56
Department of Agriculture (p. 26)-----	15, 361. 88
Department of Commerce (p. 27)-----	9, 395. 50
Department of the Interior (p. 27)-----	2, 686. 64
Department of Justice (p. 27)-----	46, 630. 44
Department of Labor (p. 30)-----	816. 56
National Military Establishment:	
Department of the Army: Travel pay and allowances, regulars. War with Spain in the Philippine Islands (p. 30)-----	1, 195. 90
Department of the Navy (p. 30)-----	10, 868, 078. 54
Post Office Department (to be paid from postal revenues) (p. 37)-----	7, 416. 58
Department of State (p. 38)-----	3, 051. 97
Treasury Department (p. 39)-----	195, 603. 62
Total, audited claims-----	<u>11, 351, 020. 45</u>

JUDGMENTS

Court of Claims:	
Independent offices (p. 41)-----	47, 801. 84
Department of the Interior (p. 41)-----	1, 011. 50
Department of Justice (p. 41)-----	2, 188. 83
National Military Establishment:	
Department of the Army (p. 42)-----	558, 258. 51
Panama Canal (p. 42)-----	1, 567. 98
Treasury Department (p. 42)-----	23, 055. 05
Total, Court of Claims judgments-----	<u>633, 883. 71</u>
United States district courts:	
Housing and Home Finance Agency (p. 44)-----	6, 755. 85
Department of Agriculture (p. 45)-----	2, 222. 67
Department of Commerce (p. 46)-----	57, 292. 65
Department of the Interior (p. 47)-----	9, 061. 65
National Military Establishment:	
Department of the Army (p. 48)-----	204, 550. 89
Department of the Navy (p. 67)-----	125, 338. 11
Post Office Department (to be paid from postal revenues) (p. 76)-----	1, 188. 59
Treasury Department (p. 78)-----	11, 395. 75
Total, United States district courts judgments-----	<u>417, 806. 16</u>
Total, judgments-----	<u>1, 051, 689. 87</u>
Grand total-----	<u>12, 838, 409. 60</u>

DETAIL OF SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION TO PAY CERTAIN CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES AUDITED CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS RENDERED AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, TO BE PAID OUT OF THE GENERAL FUND OF THE TREASURY UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

DAMAGE CLAIMS

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY,
OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR,
Washington, May 19, 1948.

The Honorable JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with the provisions of section 505 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U. S. C. 223), I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined the following described claim, presented within 1 year of the date of accrual, on account of damages incident to the operation of a vessel of the United States Public Health Service and for which damage the said vessel has been found to be responsible.

This claim has been examined by the general counsel of this agency who advises me that it is a legal claim for submission under the said act. I certify the amount found due the claimant, as herein set forth, as a legal claim and recommend that it be submitted to the Congress for payment out of appropriations that may be made therefor. Below is a brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed and the amount allowed:

Claimant: Henrik Ostervold, Bergen, Norway, by his agents, Bennett, Hvoslef & Co., Inc., 80 Broad Street, New York 4, N. Y. On September 16, 1946, the Norwegian steamship *Cetus* was anchored at quarantine and the Public Health Service quarantine cutter *W. H. Welch* was backing alongside to go around its stern. Due to the presence of a small boat behind the *W. H. Welch*, the Service pilot was afraid to back far and tried to go forward too soon, causing the Government vessel to collide with the stern quarter of the *Cetus*. The Government vessel was alongside the anchored private vessel in connection with quarantine inspection which the private vessel under the law was required to undergo, and no fault of any kind was attributable to the private vessel. Under the circumstances, the Service vessel was responsible for the damage caused within the meaning of the applicable statute.

Amount claimed, \$617.79; amount allowed, \$617.79.

Sincerely yours,

OSCAR R. EWING,
Administrator.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, May 27, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the city of Cache, Okla., submitted by the Oklahoma Department of Highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 3.66 miles of city streets damaged by the movement of military vehicles in and out of Fort Sill, in Cache County, Okla.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages began prior to May 27, 1941; however, the claim is limited to cost of repairs of damages accruing between May 27, 1946, and September 1947.

2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to 3.66 miles of Cache city streets by reason of the military operations.

3. A claim was submitted by the city of Cache, Okla., in the amount of \$3,757.89.

4. Amount claimed by the city of Cache, \$3,757.89; amount recommended, \$3,757.89.

I certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

LAWRENCE S. TUTTLE,
Acting Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, May 27, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the city of Alameda, Calif., submitted by the California Department of Public Works, division of highways, for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 0.21 mile of Park Street damaged by military convoys and contract hauling of materials used in the construction and operation of various Naval establishments in the vicinity of Alameda.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages began prior to May 27, 1941; however, the claim is limited to the cost of repairs for damages accruing between May 27, 1941, and January 31, 1945.

2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to Park Street in Alameda by reason of the contract hauling and military movement.

3. A claim was submitted by the city of Alameda, Calif., in the amount of \$3,975.43.

4. Amount claimed by the city of Alameda, \$3,975.43; amount recommended, \$3,975.43.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

LAWRENCE S. TUTTLE,
Acting Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, May 27, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the Virginia Department of Highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 12.09 combined miles of State Routes 10, 144, and 145 in Chesterfield County, damaged by movement of heavy military convoys from Camp Lee, Va.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. The damages for which cost of repairs is claimed accrued between May 27, 1941, and February 18, 1944.

2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to 12.09 combined miles of State Routes 10, 144, and 145 by reason of the movement of military convoys.

3. A claim was submitted by the Virginia Department of Highways in the amount of \$4,853.47. Of this amount \$11.94 was for items considered ineligible for reimbursement.

4. Amount claimed by the Virginia Department of Highways, \$4,853.47; amount recommended, \$4,841.53.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

LAWRENCE S. TUTTLE,
Acting Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, May 24, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of Del Norte County, Calif., submitted by the California Department of Public Works, division of highways, for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 1.19 miles of Pacific Avenue and G Street, outside of Crescent City, damaged by contract hauling of materials used in the construction of the Del Norte County airport under the supervision of the United States Engineering Department.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Contract hauling of materials occurred between August 1, 1942, and April 30, 1943.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to Pacific Avenue and G Street by reason of the contract hauling.
3. A claim was submitted by Del Norte County, Calif., in the amount of \$7,245.08. Of this amount \$8.51 was for items considered as ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by Del Norte County, \$7,245.08; amount recommended, \$7,236.57.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

LAWRENCE S. TUTTLE,
Acting Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, May 20, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the Kentucky Department of Highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to roads Nos. 19, 25, 30, 32, 33, 35, 39, 45, 46, 62A, 63, 64, and 65, in Hardin, Larue, Meade, and Bullitt Counties, and Virginia Street, in Hopkinsville, Christian County, damaged by military maneuvers and operations in the vicinities of Fort Knox and Camp Campbell, Ky.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Maneuvers began prior to May 27, 1941; however, the claim is limited to costs of repairing damages accruing between May 27, 1941, and October 1946.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to the roads and street as claimed by reason of the military operations.
3. A claim was submitted by the Kentucky Department of Highways in the amount of \$90,595.48.
4. Amount claimed by the Kentucky Department of Highways, \$90,595.48, amount recommended, \$90,595.48.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, May 11, 1948.

Hon. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of Crescent City, Calif., submitted by the California Department of Public Works, division of highways, for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 0.17 mile of H Street and 0.4 mile of Ninth Street damaged by the contract hauling of materials used in the construction of the Del Norte County Airport under the supervision of the United States Engineers Department.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between August 1, 1942, and April 30, 1943.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to 0.17 mile of H Street and 0.4 mile of Ninth Street in Crescent City by reason of the contract hauling.
3. A claim was submitted by Crescent City, Calif., in the amount of \$1,373.95.
4. Amount claimed by Crescent City, \$1,373.95; amount recommended, \$1,373.95.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, April 26, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the California Department of Public Works, division of highways, submitted by the division of highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 24.07 miles of State Routes 57 B and C in Kern County, damaged by the contract hauling of materials used in the construction of Gardner Army air base and satellite fields located near Taft and Maricopa, Calif.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between July 1941 and August 1942.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to 24.07 miles of State Routes 57 B and C by reason of the contract hauling.
3. A claim was submitted by the California division of highways in the amount of \$81,696.62. Of this amount \$2,629.04 was for items ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by the division of highways, \$81,696.62; amount recommended \$79,067.58.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, April 26, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the Commonwealth of Virginia, submitted by the department of highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 2.61 miles of State Route No. 106 in Prince George County, damaged by convoys of military vehicles moving to and from Camp Lee.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the

Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between October 1941 and June 7, 1943.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damages to 2.61 miles of State Route 106 by reason of the convoy movements.
3. A claim was submitted by the Virginia Department of Highways in the amount of \$1,117.78. Of this amount \$69.60 was ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by the department of highways, \$1,117.78; amount recommended, \$1,048.18.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, April 20, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the city of Oakland, Calif., submitted by the California Department of Public Works, division of highways, for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 3.29 miles of Skyline Boulevard damaged by the contract hauling of materials used in the construction of Oak Knoll Naval Hospital in Alameda County.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between November 1943 and February 1944.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damage to 3.29 miles of Skyline Boulevard by reason of the contract hauling of materials.
3. A claim was submitted by the city of Oakland, Calif., in the amount of \$3,043.39. Of this amount, \$45 was ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by the city of Oakland, \$3,043.39; amount recommended, \$2,998.39.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, April 19, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the California Department of Public Works, Division of Highways, submitted by the division of highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 20.08 miles of State Routes Fre. 10 E and F damaged by the contract hauling of materials used in the construction of the United States Army air base located near Lemoore, Calif.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between June 30, 1941, and July 30, 1943.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damage to 20.08 miles of State Routes Fre. 10 E and F by reason of the contract hauling.
3. A claim was submitted by the California Division of Highways in the amount of \$72,556.47. Of this amount \$2,582.75 was for items considered to be ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by the division of highways, \$72,556.47; amount recommended, \$69,973.72.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, April 14, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the California Department of Public Works, Division of Highways, submitted by the division of highways for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 81.04 miles of State Routes 3, 15, 17, and 91 in Nevada, Placer, and Yuba Counties, damaged by vehicles of the Thirteenth Armored Division on maneuvers out of Camp Beale.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between February 25 and December 2, 1943.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damage to 81.04 miles of State Routes 3, 15, 17, and 91 by reason of the maneuvers.
3. A claim was submitted by the California Division of Highways in the amount of \$22,828.87. Of this amount, \$2,868.11 was for items considered to be ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by the division of highways, \$22,828.87; amount recommended, \$19,960.76.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

THOS. H. MACDONALD,
Commissioner of Public Roads.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION,
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY,
Washington 25, D. C., April 13, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. WEBB: Pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, approved November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended by section 6 of Public Law 146, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved July 13, 1943, there is set forth below a brief statement of the claim of the city of Belfast, Waldo County, Maine, submitted by the State Highway Commission of Maine, for reimbursement of the cost of repairs to 1 mile of Wight and Congress Streets damaged by water-line construction, bus travel, and hauling activities by the United States Coast Guard quartered in the State Armory in Belfast.

I have considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined said claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, and presented to the Public Roads Administration within the period specified in said act of Congress as follows:

1. Damages occurred between June 1, 1944, and May 29, 1946.
2. Investigations by engineers of the Public Roads Administration disclose substantial damage to 1 mile of Belfast streets by reason of the Coast Guard's activities.
3. A claim was submitted by the city of Belfast, Maine, in the amount of \$5,211.19. Of this amount \$998.11 was for items considered to be ineligible for reimbursement.
4. Amount claimed by city of Belfast, \$5,211.19; amount recommended, \$4,213.08.

I hereby certify that the amount due claimant as herein set forth is based on information of record obtained by engineers of the Public Roads Administration after an investigation of the damages claimed.

Very truly yours,

C. D. CURTISS,
Acting Commissioner of Public Roads.

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), as amended, to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the Army, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined, in amounts in excess of \$1,000 each, claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property and personal injury as hereinafter specified. Each of the claims arose on or after May 27, 1941, and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amounts found due the several claimants, which they have agreed to accept in full satisfaction and final settlement of their respective claims, no part of which is property damage covered by insurance, are hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration, and it is recommended that they be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claims, the amounts claimed, and the amounts reported are as follows:

1. Mrs. Annette B. Lemley, by First Lt. Joseph M. Lemley, attorney in fact, 2602 South Taylor Street, Little Rock, Ark. During the period July 28, 1946, to August 10, 1946, military personnel or civilian employees of the Army, while acting within the scope of their employment, lost, damaged, or destroyed claimant's personal property while bailed to the Government, thereby resulting in a loss to claimant in the amount of \$1,801.77.

Amount claimed, \$1,802.77; amount reported, \$1,801.77.

2. George G. Maddams, 1635 Dole Street, Honolulu, T. H. During December 1941, military personnel or civilian employees of the Army, while acting within the scope of their employment, impounded claimant's personal property, which became lost, damaged, or destroyed, thereby resulting in a loss to claimant in the amount of \$4,000.

Amount claimed, \$5,290; amount reported, \$4,000.

3. Hiromi Yoshida, 818 Hausten Street, Honolulu, T. H. On December 7, 1941, military personnel or civilian employees engaged in operations incident to noncombat activities of the Army impounded claimant's fishing boat, *Izumo Maru*, which became lost, damaged, or destroyed, thereby resulting in a loss to claimant in the amount of \$1,200.

Amount claimed, \$1,200; amount reported, \$1,200.

(Summary, 3 claims)

Amount claimed.....	\$8, 292. 77
Amount reported.....	7, 001. 77

Sincerely yours,

KENNETH C. ROYALL,
Secretary of the Army.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, May 28, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: Public Law 224, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 15, 1945, provides for the settlement of claims for damage occurring in Guam on account of damage to, or loss or destruction of, public property, both real and personal, or on account of damage to, or loss or destruction of, private property, both real and personal, of residents of Guam, when such damage, loss, or destruction is the result of or incident to hostilities or hostile occupation, or is caused by or incident to noncombat activities of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps forces or individual members thereof. It is further provided thereunder that the Secretary of the Navy shall have authority, if he deems any claim in excess of \$5,000 or any claims for death or personal injury of residents of Guam arising under the conditions herein set forth as a basis for property damage claims to be meritorious, to certify such amount to Congress.

The Secretary of the Navy has ascertained, adjusted, and determined the claims set forth below to be just, reasonable, and meritorious. These claims arose on Guam and were presented in accordance with the provisions of Public Law 224. The amounts found due the claimants, which claimants have agreed to accept in full satisfaction and final settlement of their claims, are hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration.

It is recommended, therefore, that the claims below be submitted to Congress for payment out of appropriations that may be made by Congress therefor. A brief statement of the character of each claim, the amount claimed, and the amount allowed follows:

1. Enrique Torres Millinchamp, Sinajana, Guam. During July 1944, on Guam, during the United States bombardments, the real property of Juan A. Millinchamp, deceased, of whose estate the claimant is the duly appointed administrator, consisting of one dwelling house, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$7,000; amount allowed, \$5,325.

2. Luis Pangelinan Garrido, Anigua Village, Guam. During July 1944, on Guam, during the United States bombardments, the real property of the claimant, consisting of two dwelling houses, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$11,400; amount allowed, \$11,590.

3. William Salvador Towner, Sinajana, Guam. Between December 1941 and August 1944, on Guam, during the Japanese occupation and during the United States bombardments and reconstruction activities, the real and personal property of the claimant, consisting of one dwelling house, livestock, household effects, and tools, was confiscated by the Japanese forces or totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$8,054; amount allowed, \$7,589.25.

4. Vicente Flores San Nicolas, Asan, Guam. During July 1944, on Guam during the United States bombardments, the real and personal property of the claimant, consisting of one dwelling house, one ranch house, household effects, trees, and livestock, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$6,243.25; amount allowed, \$6,243.25.

5. Maria Untalan Guevara, Sinajana, Guam. During July 1944, on Guam, during the United States bombardments, the real and personal property of Jesus Castro Torres, deceased, of whose estate the claimant is the duly appointed administratrix, consisting of two dwelling houses and household effects, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$9,198; amount allowed, \$8,354.

6. Jesus Cruz Garrido, Piti, Guam. Between December 1941 and August 1944, on Guam, during the Japanese occupation and during the United States bombardments and reconstruction activities, the real and personal property of the claimant, consisting of two dwelling houses, trees, livestock, two automobiles, and household effects, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$6,674.50; amount allowed, \$5,557.

7. Emilia M. Nolley, San Ignacio, Agana, Guam. Between December 1941 and August 1944, on Guam, during the Japanese occupation and during the United States bombardments, the real and personal property of the claimant, consisting of one dwelling house, one ranch house, one warehouse, merchandise, livestock, and household effects, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$20,992.35; amount allowed, \$17,215.12.

8. Magdalena Limtiaco San Nicolas, Asan, Guam. Between December 1941 and August 1944, on Guam, during the Japanese occupation and during the United States bombardments, the real and personal property of the claimant and of Antonio Flores San Nicolas, of whose estate the claimant is the duly appointed administratrix, consisting of three dwelling houses, livestock, trees, and household effects, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$9,547; amount allowed, \$8,162.85.

(To Magdalena Limtiaco San Nicolas for herself, \$1,642.85.)

(To the estate of Antonio Flores San Nicolas, \$6,520.)

9. Maria Gogue Meno, Sinajana Village, Guam. During July 1944, on Guam, during the Japanese occupation and during the United States bombardment and reconstruction activities, the real and personal property of the claimant, consisting of one dwelling house, trees, livestock, and household effects, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$10,478.25; amount allowed, \$10,478.25.

10. Santiago Tydingco Aguon, Asan Village, Guam. Between December 1941 and August 1944, on Guam, during the Japanese occupation and during the United States bombardments, the real and personal property of the claimant, consisting of two dwelling houses, one ranch house, trees, poultry, one automobile, and household effects, was totally destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$6,735.75; amount allowed, \$6,686.25.

In the above claims the total amount claimed is \$96,323.10; total amount allowed is \$87,200.97.

Sincerely yours,

W. JOHN KENNEY,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, April 16, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with Public Law 277, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved on December 28, 1945, which made applicable to the Navy Department the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), and which provides for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to the noncombat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined in an amount in excess of \$1,000, the claim set forth below for damage to property as hereinafter specified.

The claim arose on November 24, 1947, and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amount found due the claimant, \$3,226.93, which claimant has agreed to accept in

full satisfaction and final settlement of the claim for damages, both insured and uninsured, is hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration, and it is recommended that it be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed, and the amount reported follows:

1. Luberne Associates, Inc., in care of Meyer Kivett, 185 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y. On November 24, 1947, United States naval aircraft JRB-3, Bureau No. 76748, while on a duly authorized flight, crashed at One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Avenue between Two Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street and Frances Lewis Boulevard, Laurelton, N. Y., and as a result thereof property owned by claimant was damaged.

Amount claimed, \$3,842.93; amount reported, \$3,226.93.

Total amount claimed.....	\$3, 842. 93
Total amount reported.....	3, 226. 93

Sincerely yours,

W. JOHN KENNEY,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, April 16, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with Public Law 277, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved on December 28, 1945, which made applicable to the Navy Department the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), and which provides for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to the non-combat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined, in an amount in excess of \$1,000, the claim set forth below for damage to property and personal injuries as hereinafter specified.

The claim arose on April 23, 1946, and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amount found due the claimant, which claimant has agreed to accept in full satisfaction and final settlement of the claim, \$1,553.33, of which sum \$700 represents the amount paid to the claimant by the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Co., 150 William Street, New York, N. Y., under an insurance policy agreement, is hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration and it is recommended that it be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed, and the amount reported follows:

1. Mrs. Wladislawa Wisnoski, in care of Nathan Dorfman, counselor at law, 51 School Street, Glen Cove, N. Y. On April 23, 1946, United States naval

aircraft Culver TD-2C, Bureau No. 120171, while on a duly authorized flight, crashed in the vicinity of Waldo Avenue and Second Street, Greenvale, N. Y., and as a result thereof property owned by claimant was damaged and personal injuries were sustained.

Amount claimed, \$2,511.74; amount reported, \$1,553.33.

Total amount claimed-----	\$2, 511. 74
Total amount reported-----	1, 553. 33

Sincerely yours,

W. JOHN KENNEY,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, April 14, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with Public Law 277, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved on December 28, 1945, which made applicable to the Navy Department the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), and which provides for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to the noncombat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined in an amount in excess of \$1,000, the claim set forth below for damage to property as hereinafter specified.

The claim arose on July 6, 1947, and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amount found due the claimant, \$35,558.39, which claimant has agreed to accept in full satisfaction and final settlement of the claim for damages, is hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration and it is recommended that it be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed, and the amount reported follows:

1. Bertha L. Hunt, in care of Raymond F. Barrett, 10-14 Central Building, 1359 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass. On July 6, 1947, United States Navy aircraft SBW-4F, Bureau No. 21667, while on a duly authorized flight, crashed in the vicinity of Wollaston, Mass., and as a result thereof personal and real property owned by claimant was damaged or destroyed.

Amount claimed, \$43,905.24; amount reported, \$35,558.39.

Total amount claimed-----	\$43, 905. 24
Total amount reported-----	35, 558. 39

Sincerely yours,

W. JOHN KENNEY,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, April 14, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with Public Law 277, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved December 28, 1945, which made applicable to the Navy Department the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), and which provides for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined in an amount in excess of \$1,000, the claim set forth below for damage to property as hereinafter specified.

The claim arose in December 1943 and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amount found due the claimant, no part of which is property damage covered by insurance, is hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration and it is recommended that it be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed, and the amount reported follows:

1. Aviation Equipment Manufacturing Co., Tonawanda, N. Y. In August 1943 claimant designed and constructed one portable tower and crane for the Bureau of Aeronautics to be shipped to the Marine Corps Air Station, Quantico, Va., for observation. Claimant erected the portable tower and crane on the Marine Corps Air Station as directed by naval authority. On December 3, 1943, the Bureau of Aeronautics ordered the claimant to immediately dismantle the tower and crane and remove them from the Marine Corps Air Station. However, before claimant could contract with reliable steel riggers to proceed to Quantico and dismantle and remove the structures, Marine Corps personnel at the Marine Corps Air Station attempted to dismantle the structures, and in doing so dropped the crane and tower to the ground damaging them beyond economical repair.

Amount claimed, \$1,989; amount reported, \$1,989.

Total amount claimed.....	\$1, 989
Total amount reported.....	1, 989

Sincerely yours,

W. JOHN KENNEY,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, April 10, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with Public Law 277, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved on December 28, 1945, which made applicable to the Navy Department the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), and which provides for the settlement of

claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to the noncombat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined in an amount in excess of \$1,000, the claim set forth below for damage to property and personal injury as hereinafter specified.

The claim arose on July 6, 1947, and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amount found due the claimants, which claimants have agreed to accept in full satisfaction and final settlement of all damages both insured and uninsured is hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for report to Congress for its consideration and it is recommended that it be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed, and the amount reported follows:

1. John F. Lowry and Pearl W. Lowry, in care of Barnes, Makrauer & Smerdon, 75 Federal Street, Boston 10, Mass. On July 6, 1947, United States Navy aircraft SBW-4E, Bureau No. 21667, while on a duly authorized flight, crashed in the vicinity of Wollaston, Mass.; personal property owned by claimants was damaged or destroyed, and personal injuries were sustained as a result thereof.
Amount claimed, \$10,519.82; amount reported, \$7,075.50.

Total amount claimed-----	\$10, 519. 82
Total amount reported-----	7, 075. 50

Sincerely yours,

M. E. ANDREWS,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY,
Washington, April 6, 1948.

HON. JAMES E. WEBB,
Director, Bureau of the Budget,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WEBB: In accordance with Public Law 277, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved December 28, 1945, which made applicable to the Navy Department the act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), and which provides for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to non-combat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, this Department has considered, ascertained, adjusted, and determined in an amount in excess of \$1,000, the claim set forth below for damage to property as hereinafter specified.

The claim arose on July 6, 1947, and was presented in writing within 1 year after the accident or incident out of which it arose or otherwise within the time provided in the act. The amount found due the claimants, which claimants have agreed to accept in full satisfaction and final settlement of the claim, no part of which is property damage covered by insurance, is hereby certified as having been determined to be of the character contemplated by the provisions of the act for

report to Congress for its consideration and it is recommended that it be submitted to Congress for appropriation for the payment thereof. A brief statement of the character of the claim, the amount claimed, and the amount reported follows:

1. James and Laura Soraghan, in care of Hurlburt, Jones, Hall & Bickford, attorneys at law, 530 Exchange Building, 53 State Street, Boston 9, Mass. On July 6, 1947, United States Navy aircraft SBW-4E, Bureau No. 21667, while on a duly authorized flight, crashed in the vicinity of Wollaston, Mass., and as a result thereof personal property owned by claimants was damaged or destroyed. Amount claimed, \$3,082.62; amount reported, \$2,433.04.

Total amount claimed.....	\$3, 082. 62
Total amount reported.....	2, 433. 04

Sincerely yours,

M. E. ANDREWS,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

AUDITED CLAIMS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, May 27, 1948.

The DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF THE BUDGET.

SIR: There is transmitted herewith in compliance with section 2 of the act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), a schedule of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement which have been submitted to the Treasury Department. The numbers of the certificates are shown in the first column of the schedule, under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and authority contained in the act of December 5, 1945 (59 Stat. 596), covering the services of the following departments and independent offices:

Legislative branch.....	\$36, 725. 26
The Judiciary.....	3, 045. 62
Executive Office of the President.....	125, 962. 74
Independent offices.....	27, 039. 38
Federal Works Agency.....	640. 26
Housing and Home Finance Agency.....	7, 369. 56
Department of Agriculture.....	15, 361. 88
Department of Commerce.....	9, 395. 50
Department of the Interior.....	2, 686. 64
Department of Justice.....	46, 630. 44
Department of Labor.....	816. 56
National Military Establishment:	
Department of the Army:	
Travel pay and allowances, régulars,	
War with Spain in the Philippine	
Islands.....	\$1, 195. 90
Department of the Navy.....	10, 868, 078. 54
	10, 869, 274. 44
Post Office Department (to be paid from postal revenues).....	7, 416. 58
Department of State.....	3, 051. 97
Treasury Department.....	195, 603. 62
Total.....	11, 351, 020. 45

For the payment of these claims there is required an appropriation of \$11,351,020.45, together with such additional sum, due to possible increases in rates of exchange, as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the certificates of settlement of the General Accounting Office.

Very truly yours,

W. L. JOHNSON,
Budget Officer, Treasury.

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1656027	Magnus T. Young	Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office (certified claims).	\$840.08	
1656027	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	148.25	\$988.33
1656044	John F. Nesline	do	772.54	
1656044	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	136.33	908.87
1656052	Robert E. Brooks	do	813.07	
1656052	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	143.48	956.55
1656054	Ormand E. Demorest	do	866.29	
1656054	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	152.87	1,019.16
1656057	Felix E. Cristofane	do	1,767.66	
1656057	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	311.94	2,079.60
1656981	Frederick W. Baumann, Jr.	do	882.84	
1656981	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	155.80	1,038.64
1656043	Paul A. Profe	do	591.46	
1656043	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	104.37	695.83
1656045	Clarence E. Purdy	do	549.65	
1656045	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do	97.00	646.65

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1656827	George G. Groome-----	Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office (certified claims).	\$470.74	\$553.81
1656827	Treasurer, United States, for credit: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	83.07	
1657167	Haydn L. Evans-----	do-----	513.71	604.36
1657167	Treasurer, United States, for credit: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	90.65	
1657227	Russell H. Herrell-----	do-----	2,785.31	3,276.83
1657227	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	491.52	
1657955	Edward G. Wolf-----	do-----	478.02	562.38
1657955	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	84.36	
1656786	Oliver K. Shepherd-----	do-----	769.21	904.95
1656786	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867. Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	135.74	
1656795	E. Joseph Aronoff-----	do-----	679.51	799.42
1656795	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	119.91	
1656796	James W. Broderick-----	do-----	1,830.62	2,153.67
1656796	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	323.05	
1656798	Lawton W. Luther-----	do-----	558.58	657.15
1656798	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	98.57	
1656062	George H. Mosedale, Jr-----	do-----	701.37	825.14
1656062	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	123.77	
1656783	Joseph D. Mudd-----	do-----	595.78	700.92
1656783	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	105.14	
1656784	Robert H. Simmons-----	do-----	619.22	728.50
1656784	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	109.28	

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1656785	Horace L. Shiner.....	Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office (certified claims).	\$520. 55	
1656785	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	91. 86	\$612. 41
1656813	Henry E. Matheny.....	do.....	794. 17	
1656813	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	140. 15	934. 32
1656815	Julian H. McWhorter.....	do.....	533. 86	
1656815	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	94. 21	628. 07
1656823	Matthew J. Morris.....	do.....	546. 87	
1656823	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	96. 51	643. 38
1656824	Eustis E. Morsberger.....	do.....	556. 27	
1656824	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	98. 17	654. 44
1657961	Albert F. Cogswell.....	do.....	626. 04	
1657961	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	110. 48	736. 52
1657962	Russell L. Weaver.....	do.....	753. 05	
1657962	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	132. 89	885. 94
1658002	Herbert R. Street.....	do.....	591. 25	
1658002	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	104. 34	695. 59
1658009	Lennie Powers.....	do.....	581. 66	
1658009	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	102. 65	684. 31
1656800	Sidney C. Martin.....	do.....	478. 54	
1656800	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	84. 45	562. 99
1656805	John L. Grant.....	do.....	1, 503. 39	
1656805	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do.....	265. 30	1, 768. 69

24 SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE FOR CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1656806	Lester Eichner-----	Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office (certified claims).	\$1,041.56	\$1,225.37
1656806	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	183.81	
1656810	Edwin B. Rassmann-----	do-----	473.70	557.29
1656810	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	83.59	
1656049	John A. McLean-----	do-----	1,809.16	2,128.42
1656049	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	319.26	
1656058	Morris H. Reaves-----	do-----	1,560.00	1,835.30
1656058	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	275.30	
1656059	Joseph H. Phillips-----	do-----	1,159.23	1,363.80
1656059	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	204.57	
1656060	Theodore Morin-----	do-----	601.51	707.66
1656060	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "O4F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Government Printing Office."	do-----	106.15	

RECAPITULATION

Legislative branch; Government Printing Office: Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office (certified claims)----- \$36,725.26

THE JUDICIARY

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1654465	Nelson E. Lurton-----	Salaries and expenses, United States Court for China (certified claims).	-----	\$938.52
1645362	Treasurer, United States, for credit "Charles Richardson, Jr., former United States marshal, Shanghai, China, symbol 37-100."	do-----	-----	2,107.10

RECAPITULATION

The Judiciary: Salaries and expenses, United States Court for China (certified claims)----- \$3,045.62

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1645567	The Associated Broadcasters, Inc.	Salaries and expenses, Office for Emergency Management (certified claims).		\$12,095.72
1642455	The Crosley Corp., Broadcasting Division.	do		3,598.74
1651627	The Regents of the University of Michigan.	do		16,134.67
1640147	Bank of Commerce	Salaries and expenses, Office of Price Administration (certified claims).		692.00
1650942	The State University of Iowa.	Salaries and expenses, Office of Scientific Research and Development (certified claims).		53,027.96
1647078	The Western Union Telegraph Co.	do		3,801.36
1654385	Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc.	do		18,804.31
1649377	Vassili Dendramis, Ambassador of Greece.	Salaries and expenses, Office of War Information (certified claims).		9,975.00
1645555	Charles W. Hotchkiss	Salaries and expenses, Foreign Economic Administration (certified claims).		679.36
1644787	Reconstruction Finance Corp.	do	905.70	
1644787	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "17X0806 Naval stock fund."	do	234.30	1,140.00
514	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do		4,117.13
T-375867	Pan American Airways, Inc.	do		1,257.30
T-378044	Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.	Maritime training fund, War Shipping Administration (certified claims).		639.19

RECAPITULATION

Salaries and expenses, Office for Emergency Management (certified claims)	\$31,829.13
Salaries and expenses, Office of Price Administration (certified claims)	692.00
Salaries and expenses, Office of Scientific Research and Development (certified claims)	75,633.63
Salaries and expenses, Office of War Information (certified claims)	9,975.00
Salaries and expenses, Foreign Economic Administration (certified claims)	7,193.79
Maritime Training Fund, War Shipping Administration (certified claims)	639.19
Total, Executive Office of the President	125,962.74

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
	VETERANS ADMINISTRATION			
1643360	The Washington News Co.	Salaries and expenses, Veterans Administration (certified claims).		\$2,141.18
1640480	Kings Park State Hospital	do		974.00
1649448	do	do		576.00
1642571	Buffalo State Hospital	do		730.00
1640065	Raymond R. Remsehn	do		779.65
1650250	Department of Mental Hygiene.	do		516.92
1655028	New York State Psychiatric Institute.	do		1,273.50
1655029	William Joseph Regan, Jr.	do		1,534.87
1649580	Pilgrim State Hospital	do		712.26
1652440	Lillian Rothman	do		1,146.00
508	Treasurer United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do		10,755.00

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

INDEPENDENT OFFICES—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1652217	NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS Westinghouse Electric Corp.	Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (certified claims).	-----	\$5,900.00

RECAPITULATION

Salaries and expenses, Veterans Administration (certified claims).....	\$21,139.38
Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (certified claims).....	5,900.00
Total, independent offices.....	27,039.38

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1654898	Arnold Gauge Co.	Emergency relief, Work Projects Administration, Federal Works Agency (certified claims).	-----	\$640.26

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
512	Treasurer United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Emergency fund for the President, defense housing, temporary shelter (transfer from National Housing Agency, office of Administrator, to Federal Public Housing Authority) (certified claims).	-----	\$7,369.56

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1647379	Woltz Studios, Ltd.	Salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service (certified claims).	-----	\$1,463.32
1657087	William N. Watt	do	\$442.88	547.50
1657087	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "128135.2 Contributions, civil service retirement and disability fund," \$22.50; "12F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Agriculture," \$82.12.	do	104.62	
1645603	W. A. Swets	Conservation and use of agricultural land resources, Department of Agriculture (certified claims).	1,486.31	1,500.47
1645603	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "124275 Reimbursement, excess cost over contract price."	do	14.16	
T-373719	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.	do	-----	792.82
T-373902	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co.	Salaries and expenses, animal industry, Agricultural Research Administration (certified claims).	-----	571.96
1650059	York Corp.	Salaries and expenses, agricultural and industrial chemistry, Agricultural Research Administration (certified claims).	-----	2,169.00
1649416	Peirce-Phelps, Inc.	do	-----	4,797.00
1649878	Abbe Engineering Co.	do	-----	750.00

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
492	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Salaries and expenses, regional research laboratories, Agricultural Research Administration (certified claims).	-----	\$2,769.81

RECAPITULATION

Salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service (certified claims)-----	\$2,010.82
Conservation and use of agricultural land resources, Department of Agriculture (certified claims)-----	2,293.29
Salaries and expenses, animal industry, Agricultural Research Administration (certified claims)-----	571.96
Salaries and expenses, agricultural and industrial chemistry, Agricultural Research Administration (certified claims)-----	7,716.00
Salaries and expenses, regional research laboratories, Agricultural Research Administration (certified claims)-----	2,769.81
Total, Department of Agriculture-----	15,361.88

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1653311	W. & L. E. Gurley-----	Technical development, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics (certified claims).	-----	\$5,000.00
1651806	G. M. Manufacturing Co.-----	Coastal surveys, Coast and Geodetic Survey (certified claims).	-----	1,137.50
1643841	Goddard-Hottel Corp-----	Working fund, Commerce, Standards (certified claims).	-----	3,258.00

RECAPITULATION

Coastal surveys, Coast and Geodetic Survey (certified claims)-----	\$1,137.50
Technical development, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics (certified claims)-----	5,000.00
Working fund, Commerce, Standards (certified claims)-----	3,258.00
Total, Department of Commerce-----	9,395.50

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
491	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Working fund, Interior, Mines (certified claims).	-----	\$2,085.85
1651300	Johns-Manville Sales Corp----	Conservation of health among Indians (certified claims).	-----	600.79

RECAPITULATION

Working fund, Interior, Mines (certified claims)-----	\$2,085.85
Conservation of health among Indians (certified claims)-----	600.79
Total, Department of the Interior-----	2,686.64

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
493	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation (national defense) (certified claims).	-----	\$22,115.00
1645363	Treasurer, United States, for credit "Charles Richardson, Jr., former United States marshal, Shanghai, China, symbol 31-600."	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., Department of Justice (certified claims).	-----	1,224.01

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1655961	Alvah E. Boggs-----	Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	\$1,193.40	\$1,404.00
1655961	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	210.60	
1656002	Berthal W. Lanier-----	do-----	675.15	
1656002	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	119.14	794.29
1648468	Robert H. Robinson-----	do-----	768.52	2,031.60
1648468	do-----	Salaries, field service, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	917.71	
1648468	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	345.37	
1655419	Ottomar Hevelke-----	do-----	1,410.00	3,135.00
1655419	do-----	General expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	750.00	
1655419	do-----	Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	504.75	
1655419	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	470.25	1,202.14
1656102	Ray Chambers-----	do-----	1,021.82	
1656102	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	180.32	
1657120	Colby J. Hinton, Jr.-----	do-----	1,050.69	1,236.11
1657120	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	185.42	
1657524	John H. Darling-----	do-----	834.22	981.43
1657524	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	147.21	
1653624	Hollice M. Aldridge-----	do-----	878.70	1,058.68
1653624	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	179.98	
1646321	Joe D. Harpole-----	do-----	712.36	858.27
1646321	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	145.91	

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE—Continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1657405	Emil H. Pullin-----	Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	\$512.36	\$602.77
1657405	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	90.41	
1656024	Clarence W. Hochreiter-----	do-----	2,196.12	
1656024	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	Salaries, field service, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	552.17	3,681.12
1656024	Clarence W. Hochreiter-----	do-----	932.83	
1656088	John E. Boocock-----	do-----	140.36	
1656088	do-----	Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	293.48	510.40
1656088	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	76.56	
1656093	Thomas B. McCullough-----	do-----	635.04	
1656093	do-----	Salaries, field service, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	102.08	867.20
1656093	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	130.08	
1656090	John W. Holland-----	do-----	400.44	
1656090	do-----	Salaries, field service, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	319.24	846.68
1656090	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	Salaries, and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	127.00	
1648289	John C. Bailey-----	do-----	2,152.42	
1648289	do-----	Salaries, field service, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims).	1,235.42	4,081.74
1648289	Treasurer, United States, for credit "15F5867, Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Department of Justice."	do-----	693.90	

RECAPITULATION

Salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation (national defense) (certified claims)-----	\$22,115.00
Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., Department of Justice-----	1,224.01
Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims)-----	15,892.35
Salaries, field service, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims)-----	6,649.08
General expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (certified claims)-----	750.00
Total, Department of Justice-----	46,630.44

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
497	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Employment office facilities and services, War Manpower functions, Department of Labor (certified claims).	-----	\$816.56

Schedule of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office under the authority contained in Public Law 247, 79th Cong., approved Dec. 5, 1945

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1653270	John T. Lennox, also known as John Duffey.	Travel pay and allowances, regulars, War with Spain in the Philippine Islands.	-----	\$374.30
1648625	George A. Cahill	do	-----	374.30
1654274	Frederick W. Weglener	do	-----	447.30

RECAPITULATION

Department of the Army: Travel pay and allowances, regulars, War with Spain in the Philippine Islands.----- \$1,195.90

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1646400	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Miscellaneous expenses, Navy (certified claims).	-----	\$10,223.01
1647979	Regents of the University of Wisconsin.	Naval Reserve (certified claims)	-----	46,924.50
T-380608	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.	do	-----	1,092.52
T-377882	Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co.	do	-----	550.78
1654440	Philco Corp., Storage Battery Division.	Engineering, Navy (certified claims).	-----	20,735.58
1644765	Westinghouse Electric Corp.	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	-----	1,080.00
1643834	Worthington Pump & Machinery Corp.	do	-----	2,375.50
1639961	do	do	-----	939.00
1643856	Warren Steam Pump Co., Inc.	do	-----	1,811.00
1639575	General Electric Co.	do	-----	958.72
1643006	Diehl Manufacturing Co.	do	-----	1,835.00
1643858	The National Supply Co.	do	-----	7,502.27
1643328	The Arrow-Hart & Hegeman Electric Co.	do	-----	2,134.75
1644777	General Electric Co.	do	-----	390,937.01
1642472	Sperry Gyroscope Co., Inc.	do	-----	566,158.90
1643852	General Electric Co.	do	-----	9,315.53
1643840	Raytheon Manufacturing Co.	do	-----	4,379.76
499	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do	-----	19,103.00
1645647	General Electric Co., Electronics Department.	do	-----	1,318.24
1648695	General Electric Co.	do	-----	15,846.74
1643821	do	do	-----	2,583.00
1646202	Warren Steam Pump Co., Inc.	do	-----	17,224.47

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1647413	The Leece-Neville Co.-----	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	-----	\$2,250.00
1644358	The Falk Corp.-----	do-----	-----	5,400.00
1646255	The Arrow-Hart & Hegeman Electric Co.-----	do-----	-----	4,341.00
1647733	Commercial Engineering Co., Inc.-----	do-----	-----	1,906.76
1643831	The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.-----	do-----	-----	870.00
1646195	Western Electric Co., Inc.-----	do-----	-----	7,977.73
1648083	Galvin Manufacturing Corp.-----	do-----	-----	141,000.00
1644359	Corning Glass Works-----	do-----	-----	734.40
1645534	General Electric Co.-----	do-----	-----	571.66
1646252	Enterprise Engine & Foundry Co.-----	do-----	-----	877.50
1638932	Marine Specialty Co., Inc.-----	do-----	-----	547.42
1642777	Radio Corp. of America, RCA-Victor Division.-----	do-----	-----	842.00
1644384	The Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.-----	do-----	-----	666.67
1647464	Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago, assignee of Cardox Corp.-----	do-----	-----	10,131.15
1647736	Star Electric Motor Co.-----	do-----	-----	2,701.40
1648421	Merrill-Stevens Dry Dock & Repair Co.-----	do-----	-----	2,623.66
1648676	The Buda Co.-----	do-----	-----	5,685.15
1648685	Automatic Electric Sales Corp.-----	do-----	-----	1,162.50
1648687	The Torrington Co., Bantam Bearings Division.-----	do-----	-----	1,372.50
1648696	U. S. Commercial Co.-----	do-----	-----	7,767.65
1648986	Worthington Pump & Machinery Corp.-----	do-----	-----	1,763.40
1649335	Quincy Compressor Co.-----	do-----	-----	536.00
1650070	Bendix Radio Division of Bendix Aviation Corp.-----	do-----	-----	3,127.29
1650096	Treasurer, United States, for the purchase of draft through the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in favor of the Receiver General of Canada, for \$700.52 Canadian currency.-----	do-----	-----	700.52
1650101	Edward L. Hill.-----	do-----	\$1,160.96	
1650101	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "178135.2 Contributions, civil-service retirement and disability fund," \$69.44; "17F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax withheld from salaries of Federal employees, Navy Department," \$252.01.-----	do-----	321.45	1,482.41
1650391	General Electric Co.-----	do-----	-----	1,477.00
1650418	Irving Trust Co., as assignee of the Sandy Hill Iron & Brass Works.-----	do-----	-----	2,548.50
510	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.-----	do-----	-----	4,916.10
1619813	Treasurer, United States, for the purchase of draft through the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in favor of Receiver General of Canada, for \$630 Canadian currency.-----	do-----	-----	630.00
1654486	Cutler-Hammer, Inc.-----	do-----	-----	5,460.00
1642947	Purolator Products, Inc.-----	do-----	-----	564.54
1650467	General Electric Co., Apparatus Department.-----	do-----	-----	4,150.00
1650925	Radio Corp. of America, RCA-Victor Division.-----	do-----	-----	1,257.21
1650973	The Falk Corp.-----	do-----	-----	7,032.05
1651809	Worthington Pump & Machinery Corp.-----	do-----	-----	3,540.00

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1652258	Raytheon Manufacturing Co., for deposit only in Navy-controlled pool.	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (ertified elaius).	-----	\$31,629.02
1653216	Palmer-Bee Co.-----	do-----	-----	17,602.49
1653310	General Electric Co.-----	do-----	-----	106,270.72
1653322	do-----	do-----	-----	81,680.81
1654083	Westinghouse Electric Corp.-----	do-----	-----	3,463.25
515	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do-----	-----	106,919.36
521	do-----	do-----	-----	106,601.45
1651585	Warren Steam Pump Co., Inc.-----	do-----	-----	2,111.27
1655722	United States Hoffman Machinery Corp.-----	do-----	-----	16,842.00
1657239	DeLaval Turbine Co.-----	do-----	-----	12,742.24
1655985	Teletype Corp.-----	do-----	-----	3,750.00
1656022	Warren Steam Pump Co., Inc.-----	do-----	-----	5,882.95
1653649	Eclipse-Pioneer Division of Bendix Aviation Corp.-----	do-----	-----	2,074.30
1654438	Radio Corp. of America, RCA-Victor Division.-----	do-----	-----	5,355.62
1654508	National Boulevard Bank of Chicago, as assignee of the Hallicrafters Co.-----	do-----	-----	1,120.00
1653280	Pitometer Log Corp.-----	do-----	\$711.30	734.50
1653280	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "175520 Repayments, lapsed appropriations."-----	do-----	23.20	
1646351	The First National Bank of Boston, as assignee of George Lawley & Son, Corp.-----	Increase and replacement of naval vessels, emergency construction (ertified elaius).	-----	35,988.99
1643804	Dravo Corp.-----	do-----	117,671.83	126,019.51
1643804	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "175520 Repayments, lapsed appropriations."-----	do-----	8,347.68	
1655977	Admiral Corp.-----	do-----	-----	41,689.35
1655159	Dravo Corp., Engineering Works Division.-----	do-----	-----	8,219.87
1643332	Virginia Lincoln Corp.-----	Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy (ertified elaius).	-----	5,000.00
1646158	Western Electric Co., Inc.-----	do-----	-----	14,691.85
1648990	Westinghouse Electric Corp.-----	do-----	-----	75,420.17
502	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do-----	-----	61,089.97
1643845	General Electric Co.-----	do-----	-----	2,670.00
501	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do-----	-----	20,964.94
1649950	Bell Aircraft Corp., Ordnance Division.-----	do-----	-----	3,041.02
1650444	Lukens Steel Co.-----	do-----	-----	1,140.94
1650717	Western Electric Co., Inc., Radio Division.-----	do-----	-----	31,200.00
509	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do-----	-----	19,119.38
1654090	The Midvale Co.-----	do-----	-----	5,605.95
1650067	Continental Gin Co.-----	do-----	-----	551.79
1653340	General Electric Co.-----	do-----	-----	862.00
513	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do-----	-----	5,500.00
T-380810	Illinois Central R. R. Co.-----	do-----	-----	1,039.50
520	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do-----	-----	1,703.00
522	do-----	do-----	-----	6,341,426.92
T-377881	Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co.-----	do-----	-----	786.50
1655972	Westinghouse Electric Corp.-----	do-----	-----	18,383.61
1656173	Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.-----	do-----	-----	1,500.00

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1644285	Charles Somogyi, as father of Charles Keith Somogyi, deceased.	Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy (certified claims).	-----	\$1,059.70
1642219	Lindsay D. Morgan, lieutenant commander, U. S. Naval Reserve.	do-----	-----	1,133.20
T-374121	Pullman Co-----	do-----	-----	774.15
1644817	Isthmian Steamship Co-----	do-----	-----	1,482.00
1641869	Yun Chun Yao, as widow and designated beneficiary of Shao Ching Yao, deceased.	do-----	-----	513.60
1641867	Louise Urico, as undesignated beneficiary of John Adam Gilliland, Jr., deceased.	do-----	-----	712.80
1648520	Amelia Elizabeth Wood Fredericks, as designated beneficiary of Edward Parsons Wood, deceased.	do-----	-----	1,079.17
1645797	Carter L. Wallace-----	do-----	-----	504.00
1649095	Walter F. J. Wemyss-----	do-----	-----	1,431.07
1647463	Bartholome V. Dulay, as son of Rufino Dulay, deceased.	do-----	-----	673.81
1644829	Judge advocate general of the Philippine Army, as administrator of the estate of Lion Arseno, deceased.	do-----	-----	1,866.34
1645549	Arthur A. Charlson-----	do-----	-----	852.25
T-377653	Northern Pacific Ry. Co-----	do-----	-----	655.77
1646523	George Elmer Fogarty, as half-brother and designated beneficiary of John Keating Fogarty, deceased.	do-----	-----	702.00
1647148	Harold L. Whiteacre-----	do-----	-----	582.17
1650075	Page B. Clazett-----	do-----	-----	1,191.20
1654094	Harry H. Caldwell, lieutenant, U. S. Navy.	-----	-----	880.20
1654907	Carl H. Christian, chief boatswain, U. S. Navy (retired).	do-----	-----	835.10
1648809	Apolonia (Viacerues) Viacerues, mother, as designated beneficiary of Amando Domael, deceased.	do-----	-----	806.40
1652102	James Ursie Blaydoe, Sr., as father and undesignated beneficiary of James Ursie Blaydoe, Jr., deceased.	do-----	\$356.40	
1652102	Zelma A. Blaydoe, as mother and undesignated beneficiary of James Ursie Blaydoe, Jr., deceased.	do-----	356.40	712.80
T-379109	New York Central R. R. Co-----	do-----	-----	3,142.78
1644361	Caryl Spoor Broome, John Spoor Broome, Joseph D. McGrath, and the Farmers & Merchants National Bank of Los Angeles, as co-executors of the estate of Thornhill Francis Broome, deceased.	Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts (certified claims).	-----	616.69
1643846	Southern Pacific Co-----	do-----	-----	877.07
T-374676	do-----	do-----	-----	577.68
T-377452	do-----	do-----	-----	1,894.72
1649096	Clerk of the District Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts.	do-----	-----	13,057.35
1649098	do-----	do-----	-----	11,249.69
T-376499	Southern Pacific Co-----	do-----	-----	531.54
1643473	Gulf Oil Corp., as agent of U. S. Maritime Commission.	Fuel and transportation, Navy (certified claims).	-----	1,030.68

34 SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE FOR CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
T-374120	Henry K. Norton, trustee, New York, Susquehanna & Western R. R. Co.	Transportation of things, Navy (certified claims).		\$1,147.92
T-373463	Southern Pacific Co.	do		1,382.08
T-372911	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		543.36
T-373040	Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co.	do		764.29
T-371403	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		816.87
T-373708	Missouri-Kansas-Texas R. R. Co.	do		663.96
T-373709	Railway Express Agency, Inc.	do		731.31
T-372676	Southern Pacific Co.	do		1,330.06
T-374030	Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co.	do		1,164.73
T-374306	Northern Pacific Ry. Co.	do		1,110.19
T-373700	Texas Mexican Ry. Co.	do		1,344.90
T-374032	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		1,115.48
T-374697	Southern Pacific Co.	do		929.10
T-374698	Joseph B. Fleming, and Aaron Colnon, trustees, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co.	do		922.58
T-374699	Southern Pacific Co.	do		697.62
T-373749	Southern Ry. Co.	do		4,582.93
T-373460	do	do		5,333.89
T-372311	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		540.70
T-373458	Southern Ry. Co.	do		1,249.89
T-374122	Southern Pacific Co.	do		1,375.03
T-373464	Southern Ry. Co.	do		6,369.97
T-375204	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do		1,018.30
T-375371	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		503.72
T-375203	do	do		2,627.62
T-375262	do	do		1,578.85
T-375370	do	do		695.17
T-375372	do	do		661.26
T-374800	do	do		1,765.90
T-369655	Southern Pacific Co.	do		513.83
T-375200	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.	do		3,793.26
T-374128	Virginian Ry. Co.	do		1,429.06
T-375562	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		583.17
T-374949	Seaboard Air Line R. R. Co.	do		2,113.15
T-374945	Southern Ry. Co.	do		3,554.81
T-377150	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		987.38
T-377644	do	do		1,203.30
T-376649	New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co.	do		2,317.31
T-377456	Pennsylvania R. R. Co., treasury department.	do		706.20
T-376653	Southern Pacific Co.	do		1,043.19
T-376157	Southern Ry. Co.	do		5,305.08
T-378460	do	do		4,427.74
T-378602	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		1,037.94
T-378402	do	do		1,501.25
T-374682	do	do		1,387.09
T-377643	do	do		783.10
T-377943	Boston & Maine R. R.	do		548.93
T-378119	Northern Pacific Ry. Co.	do		2,154.48
T-378600	Reading Co.	do		1,132.70
T-378844	New York Central R. R. Co.	do		836.50
T-378846	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.	do		608.21
T-375982	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do		882.49
T-375983	do	do		663.57
T-376491	do	do		996.40
T-379428	do	do		822.31
T-379995	do	do		540.76

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
T-380329	Western Pacific R. R. Co.....	Transportation of things, Navy (certified claims).	-----	\$850.73
T-380383	Great Northern Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	2,880.07
T-380598	Virginian Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	4,210.63
T-380694	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	946.00
T-380605	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	977.36
T-376498	Northern Pacific Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	706.92
T-377089	do.....	do.....	-----	641.68
T-380603	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	1,021.95
T-379106	do.....	do.....	-----	617.90
T-377885	Walter P. Gardner, trustee, Central R. R. Co. of New Jersey.	do.....	-----	744.62
T-379117	Chicago & North Western Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	1,026.06
T-379426	Seaboard Air Line R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	865.00
T-380609	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	2,782.46
T-380821	Pennsylvania R. R. Co., treasury department.	do.....	-----	31,343.45
T-380909	Southern Pacific Co.....	do.....	-----	1,243.58
T-381251	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	738.87
1640516	American Trust Co., as assignee of Cutter Laboratories.	Medical Department, Navy (certified claims).	-----	2,000.00
1647394	Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc.....	Aviation, Navy (certified claims)	-----	4,238.40
1643826	Eclipse-Pioneer Division of Bendix Aviation Corp.	do.....	-----	14,307.82
504	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do.....	-----	10,338.73
1649378	Eclipse-Pioneer Division, Bendix Aviation Corp.	do.....	-----	1,544.51
1652685	United Aircraft Corp., Chance Vought Aircraft Division.	do.....	-----	3,152.09
1651597	American Employers' Insurance Co.	do.....	-----	594.11
1651599	do.....	do.....	-----	12,468.09
1651600	do.....	do.....	-----	16,089.53
1651602	do.....	do.....	-----	580.06
519	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do.....	-----	9,724.64
T-381375	Western Pacific R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	1,745.13
T-381413	do.....	do.....	-----	1,203.13
1655049	Westinghouse Electric Corp.....	do.....	-----	22,328.00
1655937	do.....	do.....	-----	17,953.98
1656820	National Acceptance Co. of Chicago, as assignee of Oxygen Equipment & Service Co.	do.....	-----	5,400.00
1639066	Ann M. Neeshan Keefer, as sister and undesignated beneficiary of Harry Edward Neeshan, deceased.	Pay, Marine Corps (certified claims).	-----	688.80
1642354	Roy Herman Kirby, master sergeant U. S. Marine Corps.	do.....	-----	1,372.75
1648706	Harry S. Wilson.....	do.....	-----	978.00
1639992	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "36F5846 National service life insurance fund, Veterans' Administration."	do.....	-----	893.64
1655747	Martin Micken, CWO, U. S. Marine Corps (retired).	do.....	-----	703.25
T-372190	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.....	General expenses, Marine Corps (certified claims).	-----	604.35
T-368212	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	620.25
T-374952	Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	1,087.86
T-375668	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	2,564.51
T-378401	St. Louis-San Francisco Ry. Co.....	do.....	-----	3,155.82
T-377942	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.....	do.....	-----	642.29
T-377646	do.....	do.....	-----	605.43

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
T-377608	Atlantic CoastLine R. R. Co	General expenses, Marine Corps (certified claims).	-----	\$630.66
T-377645	Charleston & Western Carolina Ry. Co.	do	-----	625.25
T-377803	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	do	-----	1,074.46
T-377944	do	do	-----	1,184.15
T-378845	Charleston & Western Carolina Ry. Co.	do	-----	1,046.50
T-379994	do	do	-----	1,215.68
T-379113	Union Pacific R. R. Co	do	-----	803.80
T-380243	Pennsylvania R. R. Co., treasury department.	do	\$379.10	
T-380243	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "174330 Reimbursement, Government property lost or damaged."	do	142.10	521.20
503	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy (certified claims).	92,733.39	
503	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	16,588.00	109,321.39
255027	do	Ordnance and ordnance stores (certified claims).	101,127.88	
255027	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks (certified claims).	7,577.35	
255027	do	Aviation, Navy (certified claims).	515.80	109,221.03
498	do	Ordnance and ordnance stores (certified claims).	341,179.78	
498	do	Aviation, Navy (certified claims).	21,813.00	
498	do	General expenses, Marine Corps (certified claims).	4,796.00	
498	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks (certified claims).	9,120.12	
498	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	43,736.08	420,644.98
496	do	do	2,966.00	
496	do	Aviation, Navy (certified claims).	1,858.20	4,824.20
494	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	60,639.86	
494	do	Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy (certified claims).	2,550.45	63,190.31
511	do	Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy (certified claims).	3,252.00	
511	do	Transportation of things, Navy (certified claims).	4,612.71	
511	do	Miscellaneous expenses, Navy (certified claims).	941.61	8,806.32
517	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropriations.	do	1,397.80	
517	do	Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy (certified claims).	5,920.12	
517	do	Transportation of things, Navy (certified claims).	3,841.20	11,159.12
518	do	Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy (certified claims).	427.04	
518	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts (certified claims).	115.91	542.95
516	do	Contingent expenses, Navy Department (certified claims).	1,098.45	
516	do	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	438,240.25	
516	do	Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy (certified claims).	111,882.96	
516	do	Aviation, Navy (certified claims).	515,657.77	1,066,879.43

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—continued

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1657247	Radio Corp. of America, RCA-Victor Division.	Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims).	\$29,023.50	
1657247	do	Increase and replacement of naval vessels, emergency construction (certified claims).	19,935.65	
				\$48,959.15

RECAPITULATION

Miscellaneous expenses, Navy (certified claims)	\$12,562.42
Naval Reserve (certified claims)	48,567.80
Engineering, Navy (certified claims)	20,735.58
Maintenance, Bureau of Ships (certified claims)	2,380,090.73
Increase and replacement of naval vessels, emergency construction (certified claims)	231,853.37
Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy (certified claims)	7,261,172.00
Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy (certified claims)	31,189.67
Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts (certified claims)	28,920.65
Fuel and transportation, Navy (certified claims)	1,030.68
Transportation of things, Navy (certified claims)	144,832.08
Medical Department, Navy (certified claims)	2,000.00
Maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks (certified claims)	16,697.47
Aviation, Navy (certified claims)	661,512.99
Pay, Marine Corps (certified claims)	4,636.44
General expenses, Marine Corps (certified claims)	21,178.21
Contingent expenses, Navy Department (certified claims)	1,098.45
Total. Department of the Navy	10,868,078.54

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

POSTAL SERVICE

(To be paid from postal revenues)

Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
Ishmael R. Johnson	City delivery carriers		\$25.00
Do	do		101.71
Do	do	\$40.49	
Do	do	12.93	
Do	do	57.80	
			111.22
G. Frederick Guldenstern	do		10.02
Ishmael R. Johnson	do		79.85
Homer A. Slayden	do		4.66
Kenneth W. Teator	do		8.24
Albert W. Yannone	do		27.67
Donald Brennan	do		25.46
Wilbur C. Edwards	do		12.08
Frank E. Gregory	do	6.36	
Do	do	.70	
			7.06
A. A. Wise	do	27.61	
Do	do	1.25	
			28.86
Dan Connelly	Clerks, first- and second-class post offices.		41.16
Clarence H. Currie	do		41.16
Alpha Stephens Barnhouse	do	27.49	
Do	do	1.25	
Do	do	.30	
			29.04
Dan Connelly	do		41.16
Ernest Craig	do	25.68	
Do	do	1.36	
			27.04
Clarence H. Currie	do		41.16
Ruth C. Elliott	do	23.33	
Do	do	1.07	
			24.40
G. Frederick Guldenstern	do		20.91
John R. Nickens	do	57.51	
Do	do	3.44	
Do	do	7.80	
			68.75

38 SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE FOR CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—Continued

POSTAL SERVICE—Continued

(To be paid from postal revenues)

Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
Doris H. Sebeth.....	Clerks, first- and second-class post offices.	\$47. 57	\$50. 05
Do.....	do.....	2. 48	
C. O. Raine, Jr.....	Compensation to postmasters.....	391. 70	474. 20
Do.....	do.....	82. 50	
R. & R. Forwarding Co.....	Furniture, carpets and safes for public buildings, Post Office Department.		3. 27
E. Warren Toole.....	do.....		4. 65
Eli P. Goforth.....	Operating force for public buildings, Post Office Department.	14. 25	15. 00
Do.....	do.....	. 75	
Churchill Hicks.....	do.....	14. 25	15. 00
Do.....	do.....	. 75	
John T. Merrick.....	do.....	14. 25	15. 00
Do.....	do.....	. 75	
Boston & Maine R. R.....	Operating supplies for public buildings, Post Office Department.		2. 36
Arthur R. Tomfohr, Executor.....	Rent, light, and fuel.....		500. 00
Do.....	Rent, light, fuel, and water.....		2, 000. 00
Do.....	do.....		2, 000. 00
Do.....	do.....		1, 333. 32
George D. Carlock.....	Rural delivery service.....		48. 68
Walter S. Norman.....	do.....		49. 62
New Orleans & Northeastern R. R. Co.....	Transportation of equipment and supplies.		81. 51
The Pennsylvania R. R. Co.....	do.....		1. 49
Do.....	do.....		5. 82
Gertrude R. Adkins.....	Unusual conditions at post offices.....		40. 00

RECAPITULATION

Postal service:	
City delivery carriers.....	\$441. 83
Clerks, first- and second-class post offices.....	384. 83
Compensation to postmasters.....	474. 20
Furniture, carpets, and safes for public buildings, Post Office Department.....	7. 92
Operating force for public buildings, Post Office Department.....	45. 00
Operating supplies for public buildings, Post Office Department.....	2. 36
Rent, light, and fuel.....	500. 00
Rent, light, fuel, and water.....	5, 333. 32
Rural delivery service.....	98. 30
Transportation of equipment and supplies.....	88. 82
Unusual conditions at post offices.....	40. 00
Total, Post Office Department (postal service) (certified claims), to be paid from postal revenues.....	7, 416. 58

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1644821	Lawrence A. Steinhardt.....	Transportation, Foreign Service (certified claims).		\$848. 36
T-377457	Pan American Airways, Inc..	Contingent expenses, Foreign Service (certified claims).		671. 97
1649413	National Broadcasting Co., Inc.	Salaries and expenses, Office of Inter-American Affairs functions, Department of State (certified claims).		1, 531. 64

RECAPITULATION

Transportation, Foreign Service (certified claims).....	\$848. 36
Contingent expenses, Foreign Service (certified claims).....	671. 97
Salaries and expenses, Office of Inter-American Affairs functions, Department of State (certified claims).....	1, 531. 64
Total, Department of State.....	3, 051. 97

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Certificate No.	Name of claimant	Appropriation from which payable	Amount	Total
1639935	United States Trucking Corp., Armored Car Department.	Collecting the internal revenue (certified claims).	-----	\$595.34
1653346	E. B. Heimbaeh	do	-----	712.50
1641309	William S. Denning	Retired pay, Lighthouse Service, Coast Guard (certified claims).	\$157.51	
1641309	do	Retired pay, former Lighthouse Service, Coast Guard (certified claims).	496.16	
1641309	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "20F5867 Special deposits, Federal tax with- held from salaries of Federal employees, Treasury De- partment."	do	133.88	787.55
1646408	Radiomarine Corp. of America	General expenses, Coast Guard (certified claims).	-----	104,510.14
1648699	Quigg Bros. Construction Co.	do	-----	1,964.00
1651125	Atlantic Copper & Brass Co.	do	-----	506.16
1654445	Graybar Electric Co., Inc.	do	180.14	
1654445	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "212/60605 Signal Service of the Army, 1942- 46," \$640.26; Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "214275 Reimbursement, excess cost over contract price, \$212.30.	do	852.56	1,032.70
495	Treasurer, United States, for adjustment of appropri- ations.	do	-----	1,717.45
500	do	do	-----	558.59
1656793	Radiomarine Corp. of America	do	-----	73,366.86
1647597	Thomas R. Carey	Pay and allowances, Coast Guard (certified claims).	-----	1,151.52
1637268	Ernest S. Rasmussen, lieuten- ant commander, U. S. Coast Guard Reserve.	do	-----	692.40
1647751	do	do	-----	691.00
1637613	The Trust Co. of New Jersey, as legal guardian of Hans August Hake, Jr., minor son of Hans August Claus Hake, deceased.	do	-----	569.16
1647392	Willie Mac Spearman, mother, as designated beneficiary of Columbus Walder Spear- man, deceased.	do	-----	855.00
1653384	Charles A. Binswanger	do	-----	1,804.30
1637612	The Trust Co. of New Jersey, as legal guardian of Hans August Hake, Jr., minor son and beneficiary of Hans August Claus Hake, de- ceased.	do	-----	691.20
T-377647	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.	do	-----	652.65
T-374977	do	do	164.63	
T-374977	Treasurer, United States, for credit to: "205520 Repay- ments, lapsed appropri- ations" (Coast Guard).	do	1,630.68	1,795.31
T-381411	Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.	do	-----	949.79

RECAPITULATION

Collecting the internal revenue (certified claims)	\$1,307.84
General expenses, Coast Guard (certified claims)	183,655.90
Pay and allowances, Coast Guard (certified claims)	9,852.33
Retired pay, lighthouse service, Coast Guard (certified claims)	157.51
Retired pay, former lighthouse service, Coast Guard (certified claims)	630.04
Total, Treasury Department	195,603.62

Statement of appropriations required to meet the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office, as covered by certificates of settlement submitted to the Treasury Department for payment—Continued

SUMMARY OF CLAIMS

Legislative branch.....		\$36,725.26
The Judiciary.....		3,045.62
Executive Office of the President.....		125,962.74
Independent offices.....		27,039.38
Federal Works Agency.....		640.26
Housing and Home Finance Agency.....		7,369.56
Department of Agriculture.....		15,361.88
Department of Commerce.....		9,395.50
Department of the Interior.....		2,686.64
Department of Justice.....		46,630.44
Department of Labor.....		816.56
National Military Establishment:		
Department of the Army:		
Travel pay and allowances, regulars, War with Spain in the Philippine Islands.....	\$1,195.90	
Department of the Navy.....	10,868,078.54	
		10,869,274.44
Post Office Department (to be paid from postal revenues).....		7,416.58
Department of State.....		3,051.97
Treasury Department.....		195,603.62
Total.....		11,351,020.45

JUDGMENTS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, May 27, 1948.

(Judgments, Court of Claims and United States district courts)

The DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF THE BUDGET.

SIR: Appropriations will be required for the payment of judgments presented to this Department, which have been rendered by the Court of Claims and the United States district courts, in an aggregate amount of \$1,051,689.87, together with such amount as may be necessary to pay indefinite interest and costs, as follows:

Court of Claims (schedule A).....	\$633,883.71
United States district courts (schedule B).....	417,806.16
Total.....	1,051,689.87

These totals are itemized, by departments, in the appended schedules. Also, with respect to district court judgments, there are attached individual summaries relating to each judgment and copies of letters from the Department of Justice forwarding the transcripts of judgment to the Treasury. It is, of course, understood that none of the judgments shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired.

Very truly yours,

W. L. JOHNSON,
Budget Officer, Treasury.

SCHEDULE A

Judgments rendered by the Court of Claims against the United States—Treasury Department, Fiscal Service, Bureau of Accounts, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants

No.	Claimant	Amount	Date of judgment	When presented for payment	When payable if not appealed	Nature of claim
	INDEPENDENT OFFICES					
	INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION					
47363	Calvin I. Kephart	\$1,868.32	Apr. 7, 1948	May 21, 1948	July 7, 1948	Salary adjustment after military service.
	RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION (To be paid from RFC funds)					
46665	Frank Wilfred Williams and Raymond Steve Harvey, individually and doing business as Ogeehee Auto Wrecking Co.	13,510.52	May 5, 1948	May 12, 1948	Aug. 5, 1948	Requisition of scrap metal.
	UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION					
46387	California Packing Corp.	19,923.00	Apr. 7, 1948	May 3, 1948	July 7, 1948	Requisition of vessel.
48435	Leslie H. H. Jennings	12,500.00	May 5, 1948	May 10, 1948	Aug. 5, 1948	Do.
	Total	32,423.00				
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
45732	Asheville Contracting Co. to the use of Grantsville Construction Co., subcontractor.	1,011.50	Apr. 7, 1948	Apr. 8, 1948	July 7, 1948	Increased cost of masonry.
	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
48000	Lawrence E. Attwood	2,188.83	May 5, 1948	May 6, 1948	Aug. 5, 1948	Immigration inspector, overtime pay.

¹ With interest at 4 percent per annum from Aug. 7, 1942, to Oct. 20, 1943, and interest at the same rate on \$10,144.99 from Oct. 20, 1943, to date of payment, not as interest but as a part of just compensation.

SCHEDULE A—Continued

Judgments rendered by the Court of Claims against the United States—Treasury Department, Fiscal Service, Bureau of Accounts, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants—Continued

No.	Claimant	Amount	Date of judgment	When pre-sented for payment	When payable if not appealed	Nature of claim
NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT						
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY						
46054	Thomas Lee Causby and wife, Tinie Causby	\$ 1,435.00	Jan. 7, 1948	Jan. 30, 1948	Apr. 7, 1948	Reimbursement for property de- stroyed.
46421	The Cudahy Packing Co., a corporation	1,211.91	Jan. 14, 1948	Apr. 15, 1948	Apr. 14, 1948	Contract to supply eggs.
46394	Albert I. Elias, Jesse J. Secoles, Alfred R. Abrams, and Mollie Berg- man and Ben Bressler, as executors of estate of Hyman Bergman, deceased.	8,500.00	Apr. 7, 1948	May 3, 1948	July 7, 1948	Addition to sewage-treatment works.
45926	Gerhardt F. Meyne Co.	9,475.29	do	May 27, 1948	do	Contract for buildings at Army camp.
47282	Mitchell Canneries, Inc.	15,238.45	May 5, 1948	May 13, 1948	Aug. 5, 1948	Contract for canned goods.
47265	Olson Construction Co., a Nebraska corporation; W. J. Assen- macher Co., a Nebraska corporation; and George E. Rokahr, an individual, doing business as Ernest Rokahr & Sons.	4,318.00	Mar. 5, 1948	Mar. 15, 1948	June 5, 1948	Construction of cold-storage building.
46078	Vadec P. Loftis, trading as V. P. Loftis Co.	506,756.95	Apr. 7, 1948	Apr. 16, 1948	July 7, 1948	Contract for air-strip runways, etc.
46696	The Sunswick Corporation, a corporation of Delaware	11,222.91	Jan. 9, 1948	Jan. 20, 1948	Apr. 9, 1948	Contract for work on canal.
	Total	558,258.51				
PANAMA CANAL						
46301	Donald B. Gray	1,567.98	Apr. 7, 1948	Apr. 8, 1948	July 7, 1948	Overtime pay.
47897						
TREASURY DEPARTMENT						
46850	Virgil W. Cassle	1,347.68	do	Apr. 7, 1948	do	Overtime pay, customs inspector.
46851	I. W. Duke	600.88	do	do	do	Do.
46852	Herbert H. Meiners	468.16	do	do	do	Do.
46857	Frank W. Robinson	714.60	do	do	do	Do.
46861	L. H. Garcia	388.70	do	do	do	Do.
46874	Hubert K. Adkins	374.23	do	do	do	Do.
46875	Daniel V. Fierros	1,146.53	do	do	do	Do.
46876	Earl C. Knowlton	367.70	do	do	do	Do.
46881	Mitchel Schwartzman	468.05	do	do	do	Do.
46895	Bedford F. Blackwell	1,037.69	do	do	do	Do.
46902	Hugh E. Burnett, Jr.	1,577.96	do	do	do	Do.
46903	Lennie Williams	1,160.43	do	do	do	Do.
46906	Lino Mendiola	577.83	do	do	do	Do.
46907	Clifton M. Pratz	860.08	do	do	do	Do.

46920	Fidel A. Cantu.....	623.15	do	do	do	do	Do.
46921	Victoriano Cantu, Jr.....	973.04	do	do	do	do	Do.
46922	Joe E. Cisneros.....	101.97	do	do	do	do	Do.
46923	Eduardo M. Cruz.....	679.80	do	do	do	do	Do.
46924	Henry Hastings, Jr.....	221.60	do	do	do	do	Do.
46925	Mario Novoa.....	101.97	do	do	do	do	Do.
46926	Steve L. Reuthinger.....	727.78	do	do	do	do	Do.
46935	Thomas F. Sweetman.....	562.37	do	do	do	do	Do.
46940	Cesar A. Farias.....	381.22	do	do	do	do	Do.
46957	Leonard H. Irving.....	770.44	do	do	do	do	Do.
46966	Virgil C. Puckett.....	1,297.95	do	do	do	do	Do.
47660	Samuel Steckler.....	2,082.57	do	do	do	do	Do.
47795	George G. Lane.....	3,440.67	do	do	do	do	Do.
	Total.....	23,055.05					
	Grand total.....	633,883.71					

2 To this there is to be added compensation for delay in payment computed at 4 percent per annum from June 1, 1942, until the day of payment.

SCHEDULE B

Judgments, by departments, rendered by United States district courts against the United States—Treasury Department, Fiscal Service, Bureau of Accounts, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants

Department or agency:	Amount
Housing and Home Finance Agency-----	\$6, 755. 85
Department of Agriculture-----	2, 222. 67
Department of Commerce-----	57, 292. 65
Department of the Interior-----	9, 061. 65
National Military Establishment:	
Department of the Army-----	204, 550. 89
Department of the Navy-----	125, 338. 11
Post Office Department (to be paid from postal revenues)-----	1, 188. 59
Treasury Department (Coast Guard)-----	11, 395. 75
Total-----	417, 806. 16

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 23, 1948.

Re Charles B. Scrivener Co., Inc., United States District Court, District of Maryland, Civil 3509.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation one certified and one uncertified copy of the judgment entered in the above-entitled action on January 14, 1948, awarding judgment for the plaintiff in the amount of \$6,726.61 and costs.

The action is brought under the Tucker Act (act of Mar. 3, 1887, as amended, Judicial Code, sec. 24 (20), 28 U. S. C. 41 (20)) based on the alleged breach of a contract between the plaintiff and the United States acting through the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, for the renovation and conversion of certain war housing located in Baltimore, Md.

Housing and Home Finance Agency, Public Housing Administration, is the agency in interest.

Appeal will not be taken. The judgment will bear interest at the rate of 4 percent per annum from date of entry until an appropriation is made for its payment. (See sec. 10 of the Tucker Act, 28 U. S. C. 765.) Messrs. J. Louis Rapp and Delancey B. Scrivener, 211 North Calvert Street, Baltimore, Md., appear as attorneys of record for the plaintiff.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Charles B. Scrivener Co., Inc.—Civil 3509.

Date: January 14, 1948.

Amount: \$6,726.61.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$29.24.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Tucker Act based on alleged breach of contract for renovation and conversion of war housing project (Housing and Home Finance).

Final decree: Judgment was rendered for the plaintiff for \$6,726.61 and costs.

Court: United States District Court for the District of Maryland.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 9, 1948.

Re *Fred C. Schroeder v. United States*. United States District Court
for the Eastern District of Virginia, Civil Action No. 639.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed one certified copy each of the judgment, and order amending judgment in favor of the plaintiff, and a copy of the clerk's statement of costs in the above-named suit. It will be noted that the item of \$10 for attorney's fee in the statement of costs has been eliminated by the order amending the judgment. It is requested that the judgment and statement of costs, as amended, be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of Agriculture is the agency in interest.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is W. E. Kyle, 425 Western Union Building, Norfolk, Va.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Fred C. Schroeder—Civil 639.

Date: January 26, 1948.

Amount: \$850.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$20.57.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries (Agriculture).

Final decree: Ordered that plaintiff recover \$850 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, Norfolk Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 8, 1948.

Re *David W. Zabriskie, a Minor, etc., v. United States*. Civil Action
No. 2543, United States District Court for the District of Idaho.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There is enclosed one certified copy of the judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the above-named suit with the request that the judgment be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of Agriculture is the agency in interest.

The attorneys of record for the plaintiff are Laurel E. Elam and Carl A. Burke, 408 Idaho Building, Boise, Idaho.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: David W. Zabriskie, a minor—Civil 2543.

Date: February 13, 1948.

Amount: \$1,332.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$20.10.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries (Agriculture).

Final decree: Judgment in favor of plaintiff for \$1,332 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Idaho, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 24, 1948.

Re the Myers cases. Civil action Nos. 909, 916, 917, and 918,
United States District Court for the District of Montana, Havre
Division.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: There are transmitted herewith for report for appropriation
certified copies of the judgments rendered in the above-styled cases.

All of the cases were under the Federal Tort Claims Act. The
Roger Green and Robert Green cases involved personal injuries, and
the two Sam Myers', administrator, cases were on account of wrongful
deaths, all being based upon an automobile collision.

The Federal agency in interest was the Department of Commerce.

It has been decided that no appeal will be taken in any of the cases.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff in each case was James T.
Harrison, Esq., whose address is First State Bank Building, Malta,
Mont.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Sam Myers, guardian of estate of Robert Green, a minor—917.

Date: December 8, 1947.

Amount: \$3,572.60.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$19.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover
for personal injuries sustained in automobile collision (Commerce).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiff, as guardian, recover \$3,-
572.60 and costs of \$19.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana.

Name: Sam Myers, guardian of estate of Roger Green, a minor—918.

Date: December 8, 1947.

Amount: \$5,857.85.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$19.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover
for personal injuries sustained in automobile collision (Commerce).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiff as guardian, recover
\$5,857.85 and costs of \$19.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana.

Name: Sam Myers, administrator of estate of George Green, deceased—909.

Date: December 8, 1947.

Amount: \$27,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$304.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for wrongful death in automobile collision (Commerce).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$27,500 and costs of \$304.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana.

Name: Sam Myers, administrator of estate of Ethel Green, deceased—916.

Date: December 8, 1947.

Amount: \$20,000.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$19.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for wrongful death in automobile collision (Commerce).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$20,000 and costs of \$19.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

April 14, 1948.

Re John P. McPheters, Eleanor M. McPheters, and Michael J. McPheters, a Minor Child, by and Through his Guardian ad litem, John P. McPheters, v. United States. Civil Action No. 2533, United States District Court for the District of Idaho, Southern Division.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There is enclosed herewith a certified copy of the judgment against the United States in the above-entitled case, together with a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law therein. You will note that this judgment calls for payment in the amount of \$8,250 to the plaintiff, Michael J. McPheters, and \$573.50 to the plaintiffs, John P. McPheters and Eleanor M. McPheters, in addition to costs in the amount of \$238.15.

This judgment is the result of a suit brought by the plaintiffs pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921-946) title 4 of Public Law No. 601, approved August 2, 1946. Plaintiff's suit under the above-mentioned statute was for the injuries sustained by their 5-year-old son when he was struck and run over by a Government-owned automobile, driven by an employee of the Department of the Interior, near the town of Ketchum, Idaho, on July 11, 1946.

The Department has decided against taking an appeal in this case, and it is, therefore, requested that necessary action be initiated for the payment of this judgment. Plaintiffs' counsel in this case was the law firm of Parry, Keenan, Robertson & Daly, Twin Falls, Idaho.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: John J. McPheters, Eleanor M. McPheters, and Michael J. McPheters, a minor child—2533.

Date: February 19, 1948.

Amount: \$8,823.50.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$238.15.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries and medical treatment resulting from automobile accident (Interior).

Final decree: Ordered, that plaintiffs recover \$573.50 and \$8,250, or a total of \$8,823.50.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Idaho, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 1, 1948.

Re *Domenic Alfano v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Connecticut, Civil Action No. 1934.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: There are enclosed to be reported for appropriation one certified and one uncertified copy of each of the following documents:

(a) Judgment entered December 19, 1947.

(b) Order vacating judgment and amending findings of fact, and judgment dated February 11, 1948.

(c) Memorandum of costs and disbursements.

This suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 931) to recover for personal injuries and property damage sustained by the plaintiff as a result of a collision involving his car and one operated by an agent of the Department of the Army. No appeal will be taken.

The attorney of record is Hugh Meade Alcorn, Jr., Esq., 750 Main Street, Hartford 3, Conn.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Domenic Alfano—Civil 1934.

Date: February 11, 1948.

Amount: \$20,782.81.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$111.55.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries and property damage sustained in collision (Army).

Final decree: Ordered that judgment be entered in amount of \$20,782.81.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Connecticut.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 7, 1948.

Re *George W. Anderson v. United States*. United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Northern Division, Civil Action No. 5762.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department,
Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed two certified copies of the amended judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the above-named suit, with the request that the amended judgment be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries and property damage sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The attorneys of record for the plaintiff are Messrs. Robert A. Zariak and Thomas O'Hara, whose last address of record is 413 Capital National Bank Building, Sacramento, Calif.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: George W. Anderson—Civil 5762.

Date: August 19, 1947.

Amount: \$3,122.57.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries and property damage sustained (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff have judgment in sum of \$3,122.57.

Court: District Court of the United States, Northern District of California, Northern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 24, 1948.

Re *George F. Bowman v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Montana, Civil Action No. 970.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: There is transmitted herewith for report for appropriation a certified copy of a judgment rendered against the United States in the above-styled action; also a certified copy of the statement of costs taxed.

The action was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act for damage to personal property, and the Federal agency in interest is the Department of the Army.

It has been decided that no appeal will be taken in the case.

The plaintiff's attorneys of record were W. Lloyd Adams and Mary Smith, Rexburg, Idaho.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: George F. Bowman—Civil 970.

Date: December 26, 1947.

Amount: \$1,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$24.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for damage to personal property (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff have judgment for \$1,500, with costs of \$24.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

April 21, 1948.

Re Army tug *ST-382*—oil screw *Chilkoot*, collision, June 20, 1946.

R. A. Bushre v. United States. Alaska, Division No. 1, Admiralty No. 2822-KA.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,

Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation is a certified copy of the consent decree entered in the above-entitled case on April 8, 1948, awarding libelant the sum of \$2,411.68. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the acceptance by the Department of an offer in compromise, and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought under the jurisdictional provisions of the Public Vessels Act, 1925, to recover for damages sustained by the libelant's oil screw *Chilkoot* as a result of collision with the Army tug *ST-382* on June 20, 1946.

The Army Department is the agency in interest.

The judgment makes no provision in respect of interest; and, as you are aware, the statutes provide that interest shall run as ordered by the court (46 U. S. Code 782, incorporating by reference 46 U. S. Code 743).

Messrs. Ziegler & King, Box 1079, Ketchikan, Alaska, appear as proctors of record for libelant.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: R. A. Bushre—2822-KA.

Date: April 8, 1948.

Amount: \$2,411.68.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act to recover for damages to vessel in collision (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that libelant recover \$2,411.68.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Territory of Alaska, Division No. 1, at Ketchikan.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 24, 1948.

Re *Salvatore Caldarera v. United States*. Personal injury—U. S. Army transport *General C. H. Muir*. Eastern District New York, Admiralty No. 388.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation is a certified copy of a final decree entered in the captioned case on May 12, 1948, awarding libelant the amount of \$17,500, without interest and without costs. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the acceptance by the Department of an offer in compromise, and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought by libelant under the jurisdictional provisions of the Public Vessels Act (46 U. S. C. 781 et seq.) to recover for personal injuries received on March 5, 1947.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

Samuel P. Fensterstock, 51 Chambers Street, New York, N. Y., appears as proctor for libelant.

Sincerely yours,

NEWELL A. CLAPP,
Acting Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Salvatore Caldarera—Admiralty 388.

Date: May 12, 1948.

Amount: \$17,500.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under the Public Vessels Act to recover for personal injuries sustained (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that libelant recover \$17,500 without interest or costs.

Court: District Court of the United States, Eastern District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 14, 1948.

Re *City of Macon and Dan Gunn v. United States*. Civil No. 486, in the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Georgia.

Mr. JOSEPH A. WOODSON,
Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants,
Department of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WOODSON: There is enclosed for report to Congress, for appropriation, a certified copy of a judgment against the United States entered in the above-entitled cause on January 16, 1948, awarding the principal sum of \$2,337.50 (\$5,847.50, less the amount heretofore paid, of \$3,510), together with interest at 4 percent from the date of judgment until the date of appropriation.

This action was brought under the Tucker Act for damages resulting from an alleged breach of a covenant to restore certain leased property. The Department of the Army is the interested Govern-

ment agency. The attorneys of record for the plaintiffs are Charles J. Bloch and Ellsworth Hall, Jr., of Macon, Ga.

No further proceedings will be had in the case.

Sincerely,

A. DEVITT VANECH,
Assistant Attorney General.

Name: City of Macon and Dan Gunn—Civil 486.

Date: January 16, 1948.

Amount: \$2,337.50.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Tucker Act for damages resulting from alleged breach of a covenant to restore leased property (Army).

Final decree: Considered, ordered, and adjudged that the joint plaintiffs receive \$2,337.50, with interest.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Georgia, Macon Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 15, 1948.

MR. JOSEPH A. WOODSON,
*Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants,
Treasury Department,
Washington, D. C.*

DEAR MR. WOODSON: There are enclosed for certification to Congress for appropriation, a certified copy of the judgment and a certified copy of the taxation of costs, filed on December 23, 1947, in the action entitled "*G. W. Courtney v. United States*, Civil No. 1816," in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of South Carolina. This action was instituted under the provisions of the Tucker Act to recover the alleged damage suffered by the plaintiff by reason of certain acts of waste which injured the plaintiff's property in Chesterfield County, S. C., which was leased to the United States. No further proceedings in the case will be had. The Department of the Army is the interested governmental agency.

The judgment is in the sum of \$2,288.87, together with costs amounting to \$53.60.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is James E. Leppard, Chesterfield, S. C.

Sincerely,

A. DEVITT VANECH,
Assistant Attorney General.

Name: G. W. Courtney—Civil 1816.

Date: December 9, 1947.

Amount: \$2,288.87.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$53.60.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under the Tucker Act to recover for alleged damage to plaintiff's property (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$2,288.87, with \$53.60 costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of South Carolina.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 15, 1948.

Re *Fred Perry Gardner, Jr. v. United States.* United States District Court for the Middle District of Georgia, Civil Action No. 501.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants,
Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation two certified copies of the judgment entered in the above-entitled case on March 5, 1948, together with two certified copies of the clerk's statement as to costs. This judgment in favor of the plaintiff is in the sum of \$2,500, and costs are in the sum of \$15.

This suit was brought under the provisions of section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act (sec. 931, title 28, U. S. C.) for personal injuries, medical and hospital expenses, and loss of wages sustained by the plaintiff as a result of a collision between a United States Army ambulance and a car in which he was a passenger.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest. No appeal will be taken.

Mr. T. Baldwin Martin, Bibbs Building, Macon, Ga., is attorney of record for the plaintiff.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
 (For the Attorney General).

Name: Fred Perry Gardner, Jr.—Civil 501.

Date: March 5, 1948.

Amount: \$2,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$15.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries, medical and hospital expenses, and loss of wages resulting from collision (Army).

Final decree: Considered, ordered, and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$2,500.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Georgia, Macon Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington, D. C., May 18, 1948.

Re tug *Colonel Henry W. Bonnycastle* and scow *Caroline.* *F. E. Grauwiller Transportation Co., Inc., v. United States,* Admiralty 143-153, southern district, New York.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: Herewith, to be reported for appropriation, certified copy of consent decree entered on May 1, 1948, in the above-entitled case involving a claim for damage resulting from a collision between the vessels. This decree directs payment of \$168.50 by the United States of America to F. E. Grauwiller Transportation Co., Inc., without interest or costs. The libelant is represented by Foley & Martin, Esqs., 64 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y.

The Department consented to the entry of the enclosed decree, and no appeal will be taken therefrom. The Department of the Army is

the interested agency. Jurisdiction and payment of this judgment is governed by the act of March 3, 1925 (43 Stat. 112, 46 U. S. C. 781-790).

Please advise when it is likely that appropriation for this decree will be made.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: F. E. Grauwiller Transportation Co., Inc.—Admiralty 143-153.

Date: May 1, 1948.

Amount: \$168.50.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act to recover for damages sustained in collision (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that libellant recover \$168.50, without interest or costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington 25, D. C., March 30, 1948.

Re *Catherine Grimes v. United States and War Department*. United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, Civil Action No. 5696.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed two copies (one certified) of the judgment in favor of the plaintiff and of the clerk's certificate of costs in the above-named suit, with the request that the judgment, including costs, be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is Mr. Steven A. Nicholas, 104½ Main Street, Toledo, Ohio.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Catherine Grimes—Civil 5696.

Date: December 9, 1947.

Amount: \$4,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$30.92.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by plaintiff (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$4,500 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington 25, D. C., March 30, 1948.

Re *William Grimes v. United States and War Department*. United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, Civil Action No. 5697.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed two copies (one certified) of the judgment in favor of the plaintiff and of the clerk's certificate of costs in the above-named suit, with the request that the judgment, including costs, be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is Mr. Steven A. Nicholas, 104½ Main Street, Toledo, Ohio.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
 (For the Attorney General).

Name: William Grimes—Civil 5697.

Date: December 9, 1947.

Amount: \$3,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$17.24.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$3,500 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 12, 1948.

Re *Lydia Brantley Avery v. United States; Isabel Foster Herrin v. United States; Roy L. Nelson v. United States*. United States District Court for the Middle District of Georgia, Civil Nos. 521, 520, 525.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington D. C.

DEAR SIR: There are enclosed to be reported for appropriation in each of the above cases two certified copies of each of the following documents:

(a) Judgment entered February 24, 1948.

(b) Memorandum of costs and disbursements:

These suits were brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 931) for wrongful death in the Avery and Herrin cases, and for property damage in the Nelson case, sustained as a result of a collision of an automobile owned by Nelson and operated by Paul Edward Herrin, deceased husband of plaintiff, Isabel Foster Herrin, and a vehicle operated by an agent of the Department of the Army. No appeal will be taken.

The attorneys of record are Messrs. Martin, Martin, and Snow,
618 Bibb Building, Macon, Ga.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Lydia Brantley Avery—Civil 521.

Date: February 24, 1948.

Amount: \$10,000.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$15.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for wrongful death resulting from collision (Army).

Final decree: Considered, ordered, and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$10,000.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Georgia, Macon Division.

Name: Isabel Foster Herrin—Civil 520.

Date: February 24, 1948.

Amount: \$15,000.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$15.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for wrongful death as result of a collision (Army).

Final decree: Considered, ordered, and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$15,000.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Georgia, Macon Division.

Name: Roy L. Nelson—Civil 525.

Date: February 24, 1948.

Amount: \$865.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$15.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for property damage resulting from a collision (Army).

Final decree: Considered, ordered and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$865.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Georgia, Macon Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington 25, D. C., May 14, 1948.

Re *B. L. Knost v. United States*. United States District Court for Eastern Division, Southern District of Mississippi, Civil 327.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C.

SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation two copies (one certified) of the judgment entered in the above case on March 17, 1948, awarding judgment for plaintiff in the amount of \$7,249.19.

Suit was brought under the Tucker Act (act of March 3, 1887, as amended, Judicial Code, sec. 24 (20), 28 U. S. C. 41 (20)) for \$7,435.50, based on a contract with the Office of the Chief of Engineers for construction of an airfield at Key Field, Meridian, Miss. Plaintiff demanded that amount by reason of satisfactory completion of contract and unjustified withholding of balance sued for.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

Appeal will not be taken. The judgment will bear interest at the rate of 4 percent per annum from date of entry until an appropriation

is made for its payment. (See sec. 10 of the Tucker Act, 28 U. S. C. 765.)

Mr. Gibson B. Witherspoon and Cameron & Wills, Esqs., all of Meridian, Miss., appear as attorneys of record for plaintiff.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: B. L. Knost—Civil 327.

Amount: \$7,249.19.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Tucker Act to recover withheld balance on contract for construction of airfield (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff recover \$7,249.19.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Eastern Division of the Southern District of Mississippi.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 24, 1948.

Re *T. L. Kulp, Harold Wall, Charles Hintz, Harry Gross and Jake Wild v. United States of America*. Admiralty 1335 (Eastern District of Louisiana).

DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: There are enclosed herewith two certified copies of a final decree entered in favor of T. L. Kulp, Harold Wall, Charles Hintz, Harry Gross, and Jake Wild, libelants herein, by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, adjudging that libelants recover \$575.50 from the United States. This award was made for salvage services rendered to six steel barges owned by the United States Army Engineers, pontoons Nos. 372, 380, 434, 443, 452, and 454, which were dredging units assigned to the U. S. dredge *Pullen*. The pontoons broke loose and drifted down the Mississippi River on September 8, 1947, where libelants salvaged them. The case was tried before Judge Dawkins in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, who decided that the salvage services were worth \$500 plus costs in the amount of \$75.50, a total decree of \$575.50.

This suit was brought under the Public Vessels Act (46 U. S. C. 781 et seq.). The decree does not provide for interest. The War Department, Office of the Chief of Engineers, is the Department in interest.

The Solicitor General on April 26, 1948, directed that no appeal be taken from this decree. Accordingly, it is in order to certify the decree for payment.

Proctors for libelants are Messrs. John D., M. H., and Edwin H. Grace, Hibernia Building, New Orleans, La.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: T. L. Kulp, Harold Wall, Charles Hintz, Harry Gross, and Jake Wild—Admiralty 1335.

Date: March 18, 1948.

Amount: \$500.

Interest: None.

Costs: \$75.50.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act to recover for salvage services (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that libelants recover \$500 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States, Eastern District of Louisiana.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

April 20, 1948.

Re *David Lovett v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Civil Action No. 3698.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There is enclosed one certified copy of the judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the above-named suit, with the request that the judgment be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is Robert E. Coughlan, Jr., 723 Munsey Building, Baltimore 2, Md.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: David Lovett—Civil 3698.

Date: January 27, 1948.

Amount: \$4,000.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: Indefinite.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$4,000 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Maryland.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

March 24, 1948.

Re *Edward Meagher v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Montana, Civil Action No. 991.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: Transmitted herewith for report for appropriation is a certified copy of a judgment rendered against the United States in the above-styled action; also a certified copy of the costs taxed in said action.

The action was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act for damage to personal property, and the Federal agency in interest is the Department of the Army.

It has been decided that no appeal will be taken in the case. The plaintiff's attorneys of record were W. Lloyd Adams and Mary Smith, Rexburg, Idaho.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Edward Meagher—Civil 991.

Date: December 26, 1947.

Amount: \$1,592.50.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$50.80.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for damage to personal property (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff have judgment for \$1,592.50, with costs of \$50.80.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 24, 1948.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: Transmitted for report to Congress for appropriation to effect payment are certified copies of two judgments recovered against the United States in the United States District Court for the Western District of New York, by Romeo J. Naylor and Nancy L. Naylor, in the respective amounts of \$3,000 plus costs of \$99.30 and \$2,500 plus costs of \$17.30.

The claims upon which these judgments are based arose from personal injuries through negligence of an operator of an Army vehicle which struck Nancy L. Naylor, an infant. The judgments were entered on December 15, 1947, and draw interest from that date.

Counsel for the plaintiffs are Lombardo & Pickard, Esqs., 332 Wellman Building, Jamestown, N. Y.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Nancy L. Naylor, an infant, by Romeo J. Naylor, guardian—Civil 3236.

Date: December 15, 1947.

Amount: \$2,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$17.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injury resulting from being struck by vehicle (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$2,500, with costs of \$17.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Western District of New York.

Name: Romeo J. Naylor—3237.

Date: December 15, 1947.

Amount: \$3,000.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$99.30.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for injuries to infant daughter (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$3,000, with costs of \$99.30.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Western District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 19, 1948.

Re *Howard Olmstead v. United States*. Civil Action No. 1274. *Ruby Olmstead v. United States*. Civil Action No. 1275. United States District Court for the District of Utah, Northern Division.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation two certified copies of the following in each of the above-entitled cases: Findings of fact and conclusions of law.

Judgment: Howard Olmstead, \$198.50; Ruby Olmstead, \$1,165.

Itemized statement of costs and disbursements: Howard Olmstead, \$19; Ruby Olmstead, \$26.60.

It will be noted that the court's judgments in favor of the plaintiffs were entered October 7, 1947.

This suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 931 et seq.) for \$26,150 and \$198.50 damages resulting from the automobile accident, as set out in the court's findings of fact.

Appeal will not be taken. The judgment will bear interest as provided by section 411 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 932).

Messrs. J. A. Howell, Neil R. Olmstead, and Clyde C. Patterson, 625 Eccles Building, Ogden, Utah, appear as attorneys of record for the plaintiffs.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Howard Olmstead—1274.

Date: October 7, 1947.

Amount: \$198.50.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$19.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover damages on account of automobile accident (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff have judgment for \$198.50.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Utah, Northern Division.

Name: Ruby Olmstead—Civil 1275.

Date: October 7, 1947.

Amount: \$1,165.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$26.60.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for damages resulting from automobile accident (Army).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiff have judgment for \$1,165.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Utah, Northern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 24, 1948.

Re Pyote Independent School District. Civil Action 511, Pecos.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: Transmitted herewith for report to Congress for appropriation to effect payment is a certified copy of a judgment recovered in the indicated case in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas in favor of Pyote Independent School district, for a total of \$13,999.21.

The judgment is based upon a claim for property damage caused by the negligent detonation of military munitions. It was entered on December 3, 1947, as of November 18, 1947, and draws interest from November 18, 1947.

Counsel for the plaintiff are F. E. Crumley, Esq., W. T. Waggoner Building, Fort Worth 2, Tex., together with George C. Kemble, Esq.

• Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

NOTE.—Informal advice from Justice indicates that the suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act, Army.

Name: Pyote Independent School district—Civil 511.

Date: November 18, 1947.

Amount: \$13,999.21.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act to recover damages to property caused by detonation of munitions (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff recover \$13,999.21, with interest.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Western District of Texas, Pecos Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 4, 1948.

Re *Josephine Russell v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Utah, Civil Action No. 1368.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: There are enclosed to be reported for appropriation in the above-entitled case one certified and one uncertified copy of each of the following documents: (a) Judgment and decree entered February 28, 1948; (b) Cost bill of plaintiff.

This suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 931) for personal injuries, property damage, and loss of income sustained as a result of a collision between plaintiff's automobile and an Army car. No appeal will be taken.

The attorneys of record are Messrs. Rawlings, Wallace, and Black, 530 Judge Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Josephine Russell—Civil 1368.

Date: February 28, 1948.

Amount: \$21,199.50.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$65.50.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries, property damage, and loss of income resulting from collision (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff recover an aggregate of \$21,199.50 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Utah.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 28, 1948.

Re *Gladys Bowen Seman v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Montana, Great Falls Division, Civil No. 907.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: There is transmitted herewith for report for appropriation a certified copy of the judgment rendered against the United States in the above-styled action; also a certified copy of the statement of costs taxed against the United States in the case.

The action in which the judgment was rendered was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act and was based upon the death of Andrew Seman, which was caused by the crashing of an Army bomber. Damages were also sought and recovered for the destruction of the plaintiff's automobile in the same accident. The court awarded \$37,500 for the wrongful death and \$1,162 for the destroyed automobile.

The department in interest is the Department of the Army.

No appeal will be taken from the judgment.

The plaintiff's attorney of record was R. Lewis Brown, Esq., whose address is Rexburg, Idaho.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Gladys Bowman Seman—Civil 907.

Date: February 17, 1948.

Amount: \$38,662.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$32.40.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act on account of wrongful death of plaintiff's husband, and damage to property (Army).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiff recover \$38,662 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Montana, Great Falls Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 13, 1948.

Re U. S. Army transport *J. W. McAndrew*—*Daniel Sheehan v. United States of America*.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: On April 12, 1948, we forwarded to you the original and two copies of the final decree entered in the above case on October 22, 1947. The suit involved personal injury to a longshoreman who was working on the U. S. Army transport *J. W. McAndrew*. The suit was brought under the Public Vessels Act (46 U. S. C. 781). The decree is in the amount of \$4,710, without costs but with interest at the rate of 4 percent per year.

As will be shown from the enclosed letter from our New York office, dated March 31, 1948, the decree had not been forwarded, through oversight.

The Army is the Department at interest. Proctor for libelant is Sylvia Miller, Esq., 250 West Fifty-seventh Street, New York, N. Y.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Daniel Sheehan—Admiralty 132-318.

Date: October 22, 1947.

Amount: \$4,710.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act for personal injury (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged and decreed that libelant recover \$4,710, with interest but without costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 31, 1948.

Re Army barge *BD-2006*—Longshoreman's death, October 12, 1944.
Maria Stabile and Lillian Stabile, Administratrices of the Goods, etc., of Rocco Stabile, Deceased, v. United States. Eastern New York, Admiralty No. 17485.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation is a certified copy of the consent decree entered in the above-entitled case on September 24, 1947, awarding libelants the amount of \$11,000, without interest or costs. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the acceptance by the Attorney General of an offer in compromise, and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought under the jurisdictional provisions of the Public Vessels Act, 1925, for damages by reason of the death of libelants' decedent while working as a longshoreman on the Army barge *BD-2006* on October 12, 1944.

The Army Department is the agency in interest.

The judgment by its terms bears no interest.

Herman E. Hoberman, Esq., 16 Court Street, Brooklyn 2, N. Y., appears as proetor of record for libelants.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Maria Stabile and Lillian Stabile—Admiralty 17485.

Date: September 24, 1947.

Amount: \$11,000.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act for damages based on death of Rocco Stabile (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged and decreed that libelants recover \$11,000, without interest or costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 20, 1948.

Re *Ellen Smith, Joined by Her Husband, Monroe Smith v. United States*. Tort suit No. 1227-J-Civil.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIRS: Transmitted is a certified eopy of a judgment entered in the indicated ease, brought under the provisions of the Federal Tort Claims Aet by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida, in the sum of \$800. The Department has not received a statement of the amount of eosts.

The judgment is now final. It is based upon a suit for property damage and personal injury suffered by the plaintiffs in a collision of their automobile with a vehicle driven by an Army sergeant. So far as the Department's file indieates, eounsel for the plaintiffs is Evan T. Evans, Esq., 104 Law Exehange Building, Jacksonville, Fla.

It is assumed that you will take the necessary aetion to report this judgment to Congress for appropriation to effect payment.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Ellen Smith, joined by her husband, Monroe Smith—1227-J-Civil.

Date: February 16, 1948.

Amount: \$800.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: Indefinite.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for property damage and personal injury resulting from automobile collision (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiffs recover \$800 and costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 19, 1948.

Re *Doyle Symms and Myrtle Symms v. United States*. United States
District Court for the District of Idaho, Civil Action No. 2511-S.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation two certified copies of the following: Findings of fact and conclusions of law; Judgment and decree (\$5,596); Itemized statement of costs and disbursements (\$83). It will be noted that the court's judgment in favor of the plaintiffs was entered February 12, 1948.

This suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 931 et seq.) for \$20,450 damages resulting from the automobile accident as set out in the court's finding III.

Appeal will not be taken. The judgment will bear interest as provided by section 411 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 932).

Earl E. Garrity, Esq., Nampa, Idaho, appears as attorney of record for the plaintiffs.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Doyle Symms and Myrtle Symms—Civil 2511-S.

Date: February 12, 1948.

Amount: \$5,596.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$83.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for wrongful death of minor daughter in automobile accident (Army).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiffs have judgment for \$5,596 with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States, District of Idaho, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington 25, D. C., March 30, 1948.

Re *Ben Singleton v. United States, etc.* United States District Court
for the District of Maryland, Civil Action No. 3757.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed two copies (one certified) of the judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the above-named suit, with the request that the judgment be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is Paul Berman, 110 East Lexington Street, Baltimore 2, Md.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General,
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Ben Singleton—Civil 3757.

Date: December 22, 1947.

Amount: \$600.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: Indefinite.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by plaintiff (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged, that plaintiff recover sum of \$600, with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Maryland.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington 25, D. C., March 30, 1948.

Re *William F. Vogel v. United States, etc.* United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Civil Action No. 3536.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed two copies (one certified) of the judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the above-named suit, with the request that the judgment be reported to Congress for appropriation.

This suit was brought under section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff. An appeal will not be prosecuted.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff is David J. Markoff, Esq., 516 Munsey Building, Baltimore 2, Md.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: William F. Vogel—Civil 3536.

Date: December 30, 1947.

Amount: \$400.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: Indefinite.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$400, with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Maryland.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 26, 1948.

Re U. S. Army transport *Ernest Hines. Charles L. Wilson v. United States.* Civil No. 660, United States District Court, Eastern District of Virginia.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation is a certified copy of a judgment entered in the captioned case on December 10, 1947, awarding plaintiff the amount of \$135.05, together with taxable costs, of which there are none. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the acceptance by the Department of an offer in compromise and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought by a seaman under the jurisdictional provisions of the Tucker Act, title 28, section 41 (2), United States Code Annotated, to recover for transportation and subsistence.

The Department of the Army is the agency in interest.

The judgment by its terms bears no interest.

R. Arthur Jett, Esq., Citizens Bank Building, Norfolk, Va., appears as attorney of record for plaintiff.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Charles L. Wilson—Civil 660.

Date: December 10, 1947.

Amount: \$135.05.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Tucker Act to recover for transportation and subsistence (Army).

Final decree: Adjudged, ordered, and decreed that plaintiff recover \$135.05.

Court: District Court of the United States, Eastern District of Virginia.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 1, 1948.

Re *John P. Bettencourt and Nancy Kathleen Bettencourt, a Minor, by and Through her Guardian ad litem, John P. Bettencourt v. United States*. Civil Action No. 26754-G, United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There is enclosed herewith a certified copy of the judgment against the United States in the above-entitled case in the amount of \$18,000, plus interest at the rate of 4 percent, entered by the court on September 8, 1947. There are also enclosed a certified copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law in this case dated October 8, 1947, and a certified copy of a stipulation approved by the court reducing interest from 7 to 4 percent, as stated supra. The stipulation further provides that no costs are to be assessed against the United States in this action.

This judgment is the result of a suit brought by the plaintiffs pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921-946), title 4 of Public Law No. 601, approved August 2, 1946.

Plaintiffs' suit under the above-mentioned statute was for the wrongful death of the wife and mother, respectively, of the plaintiffs. Mrs. Leona D. Bettencourt was killed when a Navy Department truck struck a streetcar in which she was a passenger in Oakland, Calif., on August 25, 1945.

The Department has decided against taking an appeal in this case, and it is, therefore, requested that necessary action be initiated for payment of this judgment. Plaintiffs' counsel in this case was Woodrow Kitchel, attorney at law, 1704-1705 Tribune Tower, Oakland 12, Calif.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: John P. Bettencourt and Nancy Kathleen Bettencourt—26754-G.

Date: September 8, 1947.

Amount: \$18,000.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for wrongful death of wife and mother of plaintiffs (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiffs have judgment in sum of \$18,000.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

May 11, 1948.

Re *Eleanor C. Dathan v. United States*. Civil Action No. 2714-R,
United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: We are enclosing herewith a certified copy of the judgment dated March 3, 1948, in the above subject case, in the amount of \$2,500, plus costs in the amount of \$27.20, entered in favor of the plaintiff, Eleanor C. Dathan.

This judgment is the result of a suit brought by the plaintiff, pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921-964), title 4 of Public Law No. 601, approved August 2, 1946. Plaintiff, a 64-year-old woman, sustained injuries to her left arm and shoulder when the streetcar in which she was a passenger was struck by a Navy Department truck in Oakland, Calif., on August 25, 1945.

The Department has decided against taking an appeal in this case, and it is, therefore, requested that necessary action be initiated for the payment of this judgment.

Plaintiff's attorneys in this case were Messrs. Felton L. Watson and S. Lennart Cederborg, 1440 Broadway, Oakland 12, Calif.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Eleanor C. Dathan—Civil 2714-R.

Date: March 3, 1948.

Amount: \$2,500.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$27.20.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries sustained in collision (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff recover \$2,500, together with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 6, 1948.

Re *Thelma Hale Gunter, et al. v. United States*. United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida, Civil Action No. 1133J.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: There is transmitted herewith for report for appropriation a certified copy of the judgment entered in the above-styled case; also a copy of the praecipe for taxation of plaintiffs' costs in the total sum of \$19.26 in the same case.

The judgment resulted from an action for personal injuries and property damage under the Federal Tort Claims Act. The court allowed \$725 to the plaintiff, Robert M. Cason, for property damage; \$2,600 to the plaintiff, Thelma Hale Gunter, for medical bills, loss of time, pain, and suffering; \$1,600 to the plaintiff, Bertha Bowman Coker, for medical bills, loss of time, pain, and suffering; \$2,400 to the plaintiff, M. Burgess Coker, for medical bills, loss of time, pain, and suffering; and \$400 to the plaintiff, Johnnie Gunter, for loss of wife's services.

The Department in interest in this case was the Navy Department.

No appeal will be taken from the judgment.

The plaintiffs' attorney of record was Edgar W. Waybright, Sr., Esq., whose address is Suite 305, Law Exchange Building, Jacksonville 2, Fla.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Thelma Hale Gunter et al.—1133J, Civil.

Date: April 18, 1948.

Amount: \$7,725.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$19.26.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries and property damage (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that the five plaintiffs involved recover an aggregate amount of \$7,725, with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 13, 1948.

Re *Hamlin Machine Co. v. United States*. In the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, Civil No. 5290.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIRs: There are enclosed for report for appropriation two certified copies of the judgment entered in the above-entitled case on February 19, 1948. The principal amount of the judgment is \$1,300. Suit was brought on a contract under the Tucker Act (28 U. S. C. 41 (20)).

The contract was for sale of shoe machinery to the Navy Department. (Incidentally, I am informed that the present resale value of the machinery exceeds the amount of the judgment.)

No further proceedings will be taken.

The judgment bears interest at 4 percent per annum from the date of its entry until appropriation is made for its payment (sec. 28 U. S. C. 765).

The plaintiff's attorney is John M. Fogarty, 14 Central Avenue, Lynn, Mass.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Hamlin Machine Co.—Civil 5290.

Date: February 19, 1948.

Amount: \$1,300.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Tucker Act in connection with a contract for the resale of shoe machinery (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered: Judgment for plaintiff in sum of \$1,300.

Court: United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 24, 1948.

Re *John J. Holmes, ppa. Thomas Holmes v. United States*. United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, Civil Action No. 6883.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: There are enclosed to be reported for appropriation in the above-entitled case one certified and one uncertified copy of each of the following documents: (a) Judgment entered March 8, 1948; (b) plaintiff's bill of costs.

This suit was brought under the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C., sec. 931) for personal injuries sustained as a result of an accident in which the plaintiff, a pedestrian, was struck and knocked down by a motor vehicle in the control of the United States Navy and operated by an agent thereof. No appeal will be taken.

The attorney of record is Joseph A. Caulfield, 6 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: John J. Holmes, a minor, by his father, Thomas Holmes—Civil 6883.

Date: March 8, 1948.

Amount: \$1,250.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$32.43.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered: Judgment for plaintiff in the sum of \$1,250 and costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 1, 1948.

Re U. S. S. *Refuge*—Repairman's injury, October 26, 1944. *Mariano LaMagna v. United States*. Southern District of New York, Admiralty No. 143-172.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation is a certified copy of a final decree entered in the captioned case on March 10, 1948, awarding libelant the amount of \$47,304, without costs, of which amount the sum of \$45,000 is to bear interest at the rate of 4 percent from the date of entry of decree until paid. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the acceptance by the Department of an offer in compromise, and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought by libelant under the jurisdictional provisions of the act of March 9, 1920 (ch. 95, sec. 41 et seq., Stat. 525, title 46, U. S. C., sec. 741 et seq.), commonly known as the Suits in Admiralty Act, and the statutes amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, to recover for damages sustained aboard the U. S. S. *Refuge*.

The Navy Department is the agency in interest.

George A. Conroy, Esq., 15 William Street, New York, N. Y., appears as proctor of record for libelant.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General.)

Name: Mariano LaMagna—Admiralty 143-172.

Date: March 10, 1948.

Amount: \$47,304.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under the Suits in Admiralty Act to recover for injuries sustained aboard U. S. S. *Refuge* (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that libelant recover \$47,304, without costs.

Court: District Court of the United States, Southern District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 26, 1948.

Re *Rose Osterholt v. United States, and Clarence D. Ridens*. Civil Action No. 26682-G, United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation a certified copy of the judgment entered in the above-entitled case on December 16, 1947, and a certified and an uncertified copy of the order amending the judgment, which was entered on March 15, 1948. The judgment, in favor of the plaintiff, is in the sum of \$7,599.50. Costs were waived by the plaintiff.

This suit was brought under the provisions of section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act (sec. 931, title 28, U. S. C.), for personal

injuries, hospital and medical expenses, incurred as a result of being hit and knocked down by a Navy vehicle.

The Navy Department is the agency in interest. No appeal will be taken.

M. F. Hallmark, Esq., 1409 Financial Center Building, Oakland 12, Calif., appears as attorney of record for the plaintiff.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Rose Osterholt—26682-G.

Date: December 16, 1947.

Amount: \$7,599.50.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries, hospital and medical expenses, incurred as result of automobile accident (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiff have \$7,599.50, with interest.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 16, 1948.

Re Navy U. S. S. *Polaris*—Deliveryman's death, September 17, 1943.

Rowland & Liesegang, Inc., and Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Co. v. United States. Eastern New York (Admiralty) No. 17590.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation is a certified copy of the consent decree entered in the above-entitled case on March 24, 1948, awarding libelants the amount of \$5,625, without interest or costs. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the acceptance by the Department of an offer in compromise, and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought under the jurisdictional provisions of the Public Vessels Act, 1925, for losses and expenses incurred by libelants by reason of the death of Joseph J. Bauman while performing his duties as a deliveryman on and about the U. S. S. *Polaris* on September 17, 1943.

The Navy Department is the agency in interest.

The judgment by its terms bears no interest.

Clarke & Reilly, Esqs., 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., appear as proctors of record for libelants.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Rowland & Liesegang, Inc., and Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Co.—A 17590.

Date: March 24, 1948.

Amount: \$5,625.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act for losses and expenses incurred by reason of death of one Joseph J. Bauman, deliveryman aboard U. S. S. *Polaris* (Navy).

Final decree: Adjudged and decreed that libelants recover \$5,625, without interest or costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of New York.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington, D. C., May 17, 1948.

Re *Steve and Helen Soos and J. E. Chestnut v. U. S.* United States District Court, Southern District of Florida, Civil 1135-J.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

SIRS: With reference to the indicated case arising under the provisions of the Federal Tort Claims Act, there is transmitted a certified copy of a judgment in favor of the plaintiffs entered on September 9, 1947. The judgment is now final and is referred to you for report to Congress for appropriation to effect payment.

The suit was based upon damages caused to the plaintiffs as the result of negligence by Navy personnel in the operation of a motor vehicle.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Steve and Helen Soos and J. E. Chestnut—Civil 1135-J.

Date: September 9, 1947.

Amount: \$12,975.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: Indefinite.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover damages for personal injuries resulting from collision (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered and adjudged that plaintiffs recover an aggregate amount of \$12,975, with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 26, 1948.

Re U. S. S. *Samuel Chase*—Longshoreman's injury, April 6, 1946.
Frank Stout v. United States. Northern California, Admiralty No. 24568-R.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed for report for appropriation are certified copies of stipulation and final decree entered in the above-entitled case on May 7, 1948, awarding libelant the amount of \$500, without interest or costs. Judgment was entered by consent pursuant to the

acceptance by the Department of an offer in compromise, and accordingly no appeal can be taken from this judgment.

The suit was brought under the jurisdictional provisions of the Public Vessels Act, 1925, to recover damages for personal injuries which occurred April 6, 1946, while libelant was working as a longshoreman.

The Navy Department is the agency in interest.

The judgment by its terms bears no interest.

Herbert Resner, Esq., of Gladstein, Andersen, Resner & Sawyer, 240 Montgomery Street, San Francisco 4, Calif., appears as proctor of record for libelant.

Sincerely yours,

NEWELL A. CLAPP,
Acting Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Frank Stout—24568-R.

Date: May 7, 1948.

Amount: \$500.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act to recover for personal injuries sustained (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that libelant recover \$500, without interest or costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, Southern Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 13, 1948.

Re Texas and New Orleans Railroad Co. v. United States of America.

U. S. S. *Caney*—Collision with bridge, Beaumont, Tex. Civil Action 2441, Houston Division.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: There is enclosed herewith one certified and one uncertified copy of the judgment entered in the above case by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, whereby the Texas & New Orleans Railroad Co. will recover the flat sum of \$7,031.70 against the United States, without interest and without costs.

This carries out a settlement approved by the Department on January 27, 1948, arising out of a collision on February 14, 1946, between the U. S. S. *Caney*, a naval tanker, and a bridge at Neches River crossing at Beaumont, Tex., owned by the Texas & New Orleans Railroad Co. Suit was brought pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921), and the Navy Department is the Department in interest. The settlement represents a payment of 50 percent of the bridge's provable damages, and it is accordingly in order to certify the decree for payment.

Messrs. Baker, Botts, Andrews & Walne, 1600 Esperson Building, Houston, Tex., appear as attorneys for plaintiff.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Texas and New Orleans Railroad Co.—Civil 2441.

Date: March 10, 1948.

Amount: \$7,031.70.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for damages to bridge owned by plaintiff (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed by the court that plaintiff recover \$7,031.70, without interest either before or after judgment.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

April 1, 1948.

Re *J. E. Websier v. United States*. Civil No. 106, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Iowa.

Mr. JOSEPH A. WOODSON,

Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WOODSON: There is enclosed for report to Congress for appropriation a certified copy of a judgment entered in the above-entitled cause on March 18, 1948, awarding \$1,950, without interest or costs, to the plaintiffs.

This action was brought under the Tucker Act for the taking of a drainage easement across lands of the plaintiffs adjoining an airport constructed and owned by the United States. The Department of the Navy is the interested Government agency. The attorney of record for the plaintiffs is Ralph H. Munro, of Des Moines, Iowa. Although the style of the case refers to only J. E. Webster as plaintiff, additional plaintiffs were substituted and added prior to entry of the judgment, and the judgment itself runs in favor of H. Craig Webster, executor of the estate of J. E. Webster, deceased, H. Craig Webster, individually, and Sadie F. Webster.

No further proceedings in the case will be had.

Sincerely,

A. DEVITT VANECH.

Assistant Attorney General.

Name: J. E. Webster—Civil 106.

Date: March 18, 1948.

Amount: \$1,950.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under the Tucker Act for the taking of a drainage easement across plaintiff's lands (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and agreed by the court that plaintiff recover \$1,950.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Iowa, Ottumwa Division.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
May 21, 1948.

Re *Clinton John Wilsam and Gertrude Wilsam v. United States*.
Civil 789.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: With reference to the indicated suit brought in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii under the provisions of the Federal Tort Claims Act, transmitted for report to Congress for appropriation is a certified copy of a final judgment in favor of the plaintiffs in the sum of \$11,460, together with costs of \$39.02.

You will note that the judgment directs that the sum of \$2,292 be paid to Lewis, Kimball, and Buck, attorneys for the plaintiffs.

The suit is based upon damage to plaintiffs by the death of their child through the negligence of Navy personnel at a Navy hospital.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Clinton John Wilsam and Gertrude Wilsam—Civil 789.

Date: April 5, 1948.

Amount: \$11,460.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$39.02.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover on account of wrongful death of minor child in Navy hospital (Navy).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiffs recover \$11,460, with costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Territory of Hawaii.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
April 22, 1948.

Re *Louis Peach v. United States*. Civil Action No. 6303, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SIR: There are enclosed for report for appropriation one certified and one uncertified copy of the order for judgment entered in the above-entitled case on February 18, 1948. This judgment in favor of the plaintiff is in the sum of \$412.65.

This suit was brought under the provisions of section 410 (a) of the Federal Tort Claims Act (931, title 28, U. S. C.) for property damages sustained by the plaintiff as result of a collision between a United States mail truck and a 1942 Chevrolet sedan owned by the plaintiff. The United States Post Office Department is the agency in interest. No appeal will be taken.

Mr. Thomas R. Neely, 1301 Union Trust Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: Louis Peach—Civil 6303.

Date: February 18, 1948.

Amount: \$412.65.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: Indefinite.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act for property damages resulting from collision with mail truck (Post Office) (to be paid from postal revenues).

Final decree: Ordered that judgment for \$412.65, with costs, be entered in favor of plaintiff.

Court: District Court of the United States for Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

May 6, 1948.

Re *William Burrell v. Joseph L. Lynch and the United States*. United States District Court for the District of North Dakota, Civil No. 1531.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Washington 25, D. C.

SIR: There is transmitted herewith for report for appropriation a certified copy of the judgment entered in the above-styled case.

The judgment resulted from an action against the United States under the Federal Tort Claims Act for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff.

The Department involved was the Post Office Department.

No appeal will be taken from the judgment.

The attorneys of record for the plaintiff were Manfred Ohnstad, Esq., Southwest Fargo, N. Dak., and C. J. Serkland, 63½ Broadway, Fargo, N. Dak.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: William Burrell—Civil 1531.

Date: January 27, 1948.

Amount: \$750.

Interest: Indefinite.

Costs: \$25.94.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Federal Tort Claims Act to recover for personal injuries (Post Office) (to be paid from postal revenues).

Final decree: Adjudged that plaintiff recover \$750 and costs.

Court: District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
March 31, 1948.

Re Steamship *Sea Roamer*-Coast Guard Cutter *Raritan*—Collision.
J. R. Lawson, et al. v. United States of America. Admiralty No.
7126, Eastern District of Virginia.

DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS,
Treasury Department, Washington 25, D. C.

DEAR SIR: There are enclosed herewith two certified copies of a final decree entered on consent in the above case pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. By the terms of this decree, the libelants, J. R. Lawson, C. L. Lawson, and W. T. Quinn, owners of the trawler *Sea Roamer*, recover from the United States under the Public Vessels Act (46 U. S. C. 781-790) the total sum of \$11,395.75, without interest and without costs. This settlement, approved by the Attorney General on February 24, 1948, represents the conclusion of litigation arising out of a collision between the Coast Guard buoy tender *Raritan* and the fishing trawler *Sea Roamer* off Hampton Roads on December 10, 1946, which resulted in the total loss of the fishing trawler *Sea Roamer*. The settlement was that the fishing trawler would bear 75 percent of the total provable damages and the Coast Guard Cutter *Raritan* would bear 25 percent of the total provable damages. Because the damages of the fishing trawler were so much greater than those of the Coast Guard vessel, the result was that the United States as owner of the *Raritan* will pay to the owners of the *Sea Roamer* the flat sum of \$11,395.75. Accordingly, it is in order to certify the decree for payment.

The Coast Guard is the agency in interest. The proctors for libelants are Messrs. Vandeventer & Black, Citizens Bank Building, Norfolk, Va.

Sincerely yours,

H. G. MORISON,
Assistant Attorney General
(For the Attorney General).

Name: J. R. Lawson, C. L. Lawson, and W. T. Quinn—Admiralty 7126.

Date: March 24, 1948.

Amount: \$11,395.75.

Interest: None.

Costs: None.

Nature of claim: Suit was brought under Public Vessels Act to recover for damages resulting from a collision at sea (Treasury, Coast Guard).

Final decree: Ordered, adjudged, and decreed that plaintiffs recover \$11,395.75, without interest.

Court: District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia.



SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
DISASTER RELIEF

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1948 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$600,000 FOR DISASTER RELIEF

JUNE 2, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 2, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration
of Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal
year 1948 in the amount of \$600,000 for disaster relief.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reason for
its transmission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director
of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments
and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 2, 1948.

THE PRESIDENT,
The White House

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a
supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1948 in the
amount of \$600,000 for disaster relief as follows:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

Disaster relief: To enable the President, through such agency or agencies as he may designate, and in such manner as he shall determine, to supplement the efforts and available resources of State and local governments or other agencies, whenever he finds that any flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake, or other catastrophe in any part of the United States is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant emergency assistance by the Federal Government in alleviating the damage, hardship, or suffering caused thereby, and whenever the Governor of any State in which such damage shall occur shall certify that such assistance is required, \$600,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949, and to be expended without regard to such provisions regulating the expenditure of Government funds or the employment of persons in the Government service as he shall specify: *Provided*, That within any affected area Federal agencies are authorized to participate in any such emergency assistance to the extent of their available resources.

The purpose of this estimate is to provide a limited amount of Federal money to be drawn upon to supplement the efforts and available resources of State and local governments and other agencies in alleviating the damage, hardship, or suffering caused by flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake, or other catastrophe in any part of the United States when such catastrophe is of sufficient severity and magnitude to justify some assistance from the Federal Government.

During the course of the past year a number of catastrophes of varying proportions have struck different areas in the United States. The recovery from these misfortunes has been beyond the financial ability of local authorities. Some assistance has been possible through a temporary law which permits the Federal Works Agency to channel surplus property available from the War Assets Administration into localities designated by you as distress areas. Within the limits of legal authority some Federal agencies have been able to loan equipment and render minor aid in relieving distress conditions. Such aid, however, has been exceedingly small in comparison with the burden thrown upon the local community.

The devastating flood of the Columbia River and its tributaries has brought fresh emphasis to the necessity for the Federal Government to assume a share of the financial burdens in meeting catastrophes arising out of fire, flood, or storm. This flood, the worst on the Columbia River in the last 50 years, has practically destroyed the war-born town of Vanport, Oreg., built at Government expense to provide homes and related facilities for workers in the shipbuilding and other industries, and has already left thousands homeless in addition to causing other damages running into many millions of dollars. Federal agencies have done, and are doing, everything within their power to relieve the distress caused by the flood.

It would seem to be appropriate to have available Federal funds to be used to assist State, local, and other agencies when disaster strikes.

I recommend that the foregoing estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1949 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$6,000,000 FOR THE DEPARTMENT
OF THE ARMY

JUNE 3, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 3, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of the Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$6,000,000 for the Department of the Army.

The details of the estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 3, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$6,000,000 for the Department of the Army, as follows:

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBORS AND FLOOD CONTROL

Flood control

Flood control, general (emergency fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general (emergency fund)", \$6,000,000, to remain available until expended.

The foregoing estimate is necessary to provide for the urgent repair, restoration, and strengthening of levees and other flood-control work in the Columbia River Basin made necessary by the present disastrous floods.

I recommend that the foregoing supplemental estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

DRAFT OF A PROPOSED PROVISION PERTAINING TO
AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE NATIONAL ADVISORY
COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

DRAFT OF A PROPOSED PROVISION PERTAINING TO AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1949 FOR THE NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

JUNE 3, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 3, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of the Congress a draft of a proposed provision pertaining to an appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.

The details of this provision, the necessity therefor, and the reason for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 2, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a draft of a proposed provision pertaining to an appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, as follows:

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), is increased from "\$10,000" to "\$20,000."

The purpose of the foregoing provision is to increase the limitation in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1949, Public Law 491, on the amount available to the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics for part-time or intermittent services of expert consultants. Since the submission of the 1949 Budget it has become clear that the increasing number of special technical problems in aeronautical research, requiring the services of expert consultants, will require expenditures for this purpose in addition to those previously anticipated. The proposed increase, however, will be absorbed within the funds already appropriated to the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.

I recommend that the proposed provision be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE
NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1949 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$2,900 FOR THE NATIONAL CAPITAL
HOUSING AUTHORITY

JUNE 4, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 3, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$2,900 for the National Capital Housing Authority.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 3, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$2,900 for the National Capital Housing Authority, as follows:

NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

Maintenance and operation of properties: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Maintenance and operation of properties," \$2,900.

During fiscal year 1948 the National Capital Housing Authority has experienced certain increases in operating costs of its low-rent housing properties over the amounts provided for such costs in its 1948 appropriation. The 1948 estimate, prepared during the fall of 1946, was based on materials prices and utilities rates in effect as of August 1, 1946. Because of increases experienced, particularly in the price of coal and rates for water, the Authority has found it necessary to defer beyond the end of the current fiscal year certain repair and maintenance work which was provided for in the 1948 budget and which should be completed before next winter. This supplemental estimate covers this deferred work and other contingencies which have arisen since the submission of the 1949 budget.

I recommend that the foregoing supplemental estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH, HOUSE OF REPRESENTA-
TIVES

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEARS 1947 AND 1948 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$28,500 FOR THE LEGIS-
LATIVE BRANCH, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 4, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 3, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal years 1947 and 1948 in the amount of \$28,500 for the legislative branch, House of Representatives.

The details of these estimates are set forth in the accompanying letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington, D. C., June 3, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal years 1947 and 1948 in the amount of \$28,500 for the legislative branch, House of Representatives, as follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Reporting hearings," \$13,000.

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Reporting hearings," \$15,000.

Stationery (revolving fund): For stationery allowance due a newly elected Member of the House of Representatives, by special election, second session, Eightieth Congress, to remain available until expended, \$500.

These being estimates for the legislative branch, I make no observation concerning their necessity.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.



SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1948 IN THE AMOUNT OF \$40,000,000 FOR THE DEPARTMENT
OF THE ARMY

JUNE 4, 1948.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and ordered to be
printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 3, 1948.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1948 in the amount of \$40,000,000 for the Department of the Army.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reason for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington, D. C., June 3, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the fiscal year 1948 in the amount of \$40,000,000 for the Department of the Army, as follows:

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Engineer Service, Army

Engineer Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Engineer Service," including construction of buildings, utilities, and facilities, \$40,000,000.

This estimate will finance the completion of construction and the provision of utilities for buildings started under the fiscal years 1946 and 1947 oversea construction programs. Substantial increases in cost over the original estimates have forced suspension of work on these very high priority projects due to lack of funds, even though partially completed.

I recommend that the foregoing estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

○

REVISED ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION—FEDERAL
WORKS AGENCY

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

REVISED ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE FEDERAL
WORKS AGENCY, FISCAL YEAR 1949, AN INCREASE OF \$658,000

FEBRUARY 17 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 2), 1948.—Read; referred to the Com-
mittee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, February 13, 1948.

The PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE PRO TEMPORE.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress revised estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 involving an increase of \$658,000 for the Federal Works Agency, in the form of amendments to the budget for said fiscal year.

The details of these amendments, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for their submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., February 13, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration revised estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 involving an increase of \$658,000 for the Federal Works Agency, in the form of amendments to the Budget for said fiscal year, as follows:

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

On page 244 of the Budget, column 2, insert immediately after the schedule of obligations for the item "Geophysical Institute, Alaska, Public Buildings Administration," the following:

Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Massachusetts: For the acquisition of the parcel of land located at 17 Court Street, Boston, Massachusetts, together with all improvements thereon and appertaining thereto, including incidental expenses, \$850,000, to be immediately available..... (increase) -- \$850, 000

The office buildings known as 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass., are occupied by the Veterans' Administration. Continuing need for this space has led to prolonged negotiations by the Public Buildings Administration to secure either a new lease or the acquisition of the fee to this property. As the result of recent developments under these negotiations, it is now concluded that substantial savings will be realized if the property is acquired by the Government.

This estimate was not included in the Budget because the matter had not progressed to the point where a specific recommendation could be made.

On page 242 of the Budget, column 1, decrease the amount of the estimate for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia, Public Buildings Administration," from "\$22,220,000" to "\$22,028,000"..... (decrease) -- \$192, 000

The budget provides for the rental of certain office buildings for occupancy by Federal agencies. Included in the estimate for this purpose are the office buildings at 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass. Since it is now proposed to purchase the buildings at this location, the amount included under this appropriation estimate for rental of the space will not be required and the total estimate is reduced accordingly. This recommended reduction is contingent on the provision of funds to purchase the property, as carried in the foregoing item titled "Acquisition of Land and Buildings, Boston, Massachusetts."

I recommend that the foregoing amendments be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—NAVY
DEPARTMENT

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATION IN THE SUM OF
\$50,000,000 AND CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION IN THE AMOUNT
OF \$66,500,000 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1949 FOR THE NATIONAL
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT, DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY,
FOR THE BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

JUNE 3 (legislative day, JUNE 1), 1948.—Read; referred to the Committee on
Appropriations, and ordered to be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 3, 1948.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE PRO TEMPORE.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress a supplemental estimate of appropriation in the amount of \$50,000,000 and contract authorization in the amount of \$66,500,000 for the fiscal year 1949 for the National Military Establishment—Department of the Navy, in the form of an amendment to the budget for the said fiscal year.

The details of this estimate, the necessity therefor, and the reasons for its submission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington 25, D. C., June 3, 1948.

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a supplemental estimate of appropriation in the amount of \$50,000,000 and contract authorization in the amount of \$66,500,000 for the fiscal year 1949 for the National Military Establishment—Department of the Navy, in the form of an amendment to the budget for the said fiscal year, as follows:

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT
BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Budget page	Heading	Original estimate	Change to—	Increase
763	Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks.....	0	\$50,000,000	\$50,000,000.

Insert under this head new language and an estimate of appropriation as follows:

Public works: For construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, including public utilities and appurtenances, and necessary lands and interest therein, as authorized by the Act of _____, 1948 (Public Law —), including group IV (b) personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks necessary for the purposes of this appropriation, and other personal services; engineering and architectural services as authorized by section 3 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (34 U. S. C. 556); and other necessary expenses; to remain available until expended, \$50,000,000 which shall be consolidated with other existing appropriations heretofore made under this head and disbursed and accounted for with such appropriations as one fund; and in addition, the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contracts for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not exceeding \$66,500,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall not be used for construction of family quarters for personnel of the Navy at a cost per family unit in excess of \$14,040, except that when such units are constructed outside the continental United States the average cost per unit of all such units constructed shall not exceed \$25,850: *Provided further*, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any construction contract entered into under this appropriation shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of the construction contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

The foregoing estimate of appropriation will be necessary to implement the authority expected to be provided under the provisions of H. R. 6341, and is transmitted at this time since it is considered essential for the national defense that the projects for which this appropriation is recommended be undertaken at an early date.

I recommend that the foregoing supplemental estimate be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK PACE, Jr.,
Acting Director of the Bureau of the Budget.



SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION—
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FISCAL YEAR 1949, AMOUNTING TO \$10,792,000

JUNE 14, (legislative day, JUNE 1), 1948.—Read; referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 12, 1948.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE PRO TEMPORE.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith for the consideration of Congress supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in the amount of \$10,792,000 for the Department of Agriculture.

The details of these estimates, the necessity therefore, and the reasons for their transmission at this time are set forth in the letter of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, transmitted herewith, in whose comments and observations thereon I concur.

Respectfully yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET,
Washington, D. C., June 11, 1948. ✓

The PRESIDENT,
The White House.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration supplemental estimates of appropriation for the fiscal year 1949 in

2 SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

the amount of \$10,792,000 for the Department of Agriculture, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

Construction of research facilities: For acquisition of a site, preparation of plans and specifications, construction of laboratory buildings and related facilities and purchase of necessary equipment for scientific investigations of foot-and-mouth and other animal diseases, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 24, 1948 (Public Law 496), including personal services in the District of Columbia, \$5,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the cost of such facilities, including acquisition of site, preparation of plans, purchase of equipment, and all other expenses necessary, shall not exceed \$30,000,000: *Provided further*, That this limitation may be exceeded or shall be reduced by an amount equal to the percentage increase or decrease, if any, in construction costs generally dating from June 1, 1948, as determined by the Federal Works Administrator: *Provided further*, That the appropriation herein made (except such part, not exceeding a total of \$120,000, as may be necessary for acquisition of site and for incidental expenses of the Department of Agriculture) shall be transferred, upon request of the Secretary of Agriculture, to the Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency, for the above purposes.

The purpose of this estimate is to initiate construction of research facilities as authorized in the act of April 24, 1948 (Public Law 496), for research on foot-and-mouth and other diseases of animals. The estimates provides for expenses incident to the establishment of a laboratory in which research facilities will be made available for a full-scale attack on the many problems connected with foot-and-mouth disease, including fundamental research on the virus itself, a study of modes of transmission, a search for more accurate and improved methods of diagnosis than are now available, and the development of improved vaccines and more efficient methods of disinfection.

In order to reach a solution to the many problems involved, it will be necessary to carry on research on a much broader scale than ever before conducted in animal disease research in this country or abroad. Research on a disease so contagious as foot-and-mouth requires that the laboratory contain many unusual safety measures to provide security to the livestock industry and to provide complete control to prevent cross-infections in experimental work. A large number of animals and adequate space are essential to a broad attack on the disease.

The sum recommended, \$5,500,000, will cover the cost of land acquisition, preparation of plans and specifications for the facilities, purchase of necessary equipment, clearing and grading land, construction of roads, erection of a water tower and pumping station, and a service building. In addition, the estimate provides for a reserve for contingencies and necessary administrative expenses pursuant to the over-all construction work. This estimate covers the initial appropriation of a construction program which will total about \$30,000,000. All funds, except those for acquisition of a site, for the purchase of scientific equipment, and for incidental expenses of the Department of Agriculture, will be transferred to the Federal Works Agency.

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

Salaries and Expenses

Insect and plant disease control: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Insect and plant disease control," to carry out the Golden Nematode Act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including not to exceed \$11,970 for personal services in the District of Columbia and the purchase of not to exceed seven passenger motor vehicles, \$492,000.

The purpose of this estimate in the sum of \$492,000 is to provide an additional amount for the fiscal year 1949 to carry out the provisions of the Golden Nematode Act, approved June —, 1948 (Public Law —).

The golden nematode is a soil-infesting organism of foreign origin. It attacks the roots of potatoes and tomatoes, causing severe damage once infestation becomes general. In England it has become recognized as the most damaging of all pests attacking potatoes.

The organism has been found on the North American Continent only in a small area in Nassau County, New York. There are now about 80 properties in the Hicksville area involved, totaling 6,500 acres of potato land; 3,500 acres are known to be infested, and 3,000 acres are operationally or otherwise exposed.

The program proposed for the fiscal year 1949 includes (1) compensation to farmers for keeping out of potato and tomato production any fields or parts of fields known to be infested with golden nematode. The State of New York is to assume entire responsibility for compensating operators of rented land. Compensation for owner-operated lands, involving about 2,300 acres, will be shared jointly by the State, the Federal Government, and the property owner; (2) the Department of Agriculture, with assistance from the State of New York, will conduct an intensive soil-sampling survey of infested fields within the quarantine area in search of this nematode in the soil; and (3) soil-sampling surveys will be made also in other important potato-growing areas, the cost to be assumed jointly by the Federal Government and the affected States.

This organism is so destructive that it is very important that its spread to new areas in this country be prevented. The sum recommended, \$492,000, together with regular funds allocated from the appropriation "Control of Emergency Outbreaks of Insects and Plant Diseases," will enable the Department of Agriculture to carry on an effective control program.

FOREST SERVICE

EMERGENCY RECONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Emergency reconstruction and repair: For the reconstruction or replacement of roads, trails, bridges, telephone lines, and other facilities and improvements in the national forests of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Montana, damaged or destroyed by floods in May and June 1948, \$4,800,000, to remain available until December 31, 1948.

The purpose of this estimate is to provide funds for the reconstruction, replacement, and repair of roads, trails, bridges, telephone lines, sanitation facilities at public camps, and other improvements on the national forests in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Montana.

The recent floods in the Pacific Northwest have caused extensive damage to the national forests of the above-named States. Most of

these forests are located on the main tributaries of the Columbia River where flood crests were of record proportions, resulting in washed-out roads, trails, bridges, telephone lines, dams, culverts, and fills. Water systems were destroyed; roads, trails, and recreation areas were covered with silt and debris; structures were undermined; and the usefulness of national forest improvements which are essential to the protection and use of these Federal properties was otherwise critically impaired. Unless repairs are made promptly, fire suppression costs and losses to valuable timber stands later in the summer are likely to be excessive because of delays in transporting fire fighters and fire-fighting equipment to fires.

To meet this situation, an appropriation of \$4,800,000 is required. Priority will be given to making emergency repairs on the maximum number of improvements which can be made at least partially usable in the early stages of the summer fire season. Rehabilitation work will be continued throughout the summer so that all damaged improvements will be in good condition for the summer season of 1949.

I recommend that these estimates of appropriation be transmitted to the Congress.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. WEBB,
Director of the Bureau of the Budget.



[COMMITTEE PRINT]

NOTICE.—This report is given out subject to release when consideration of the bill which it accompanies has been completed by the whole committee. Please check on such action before release in order to be advised of any changes.

80TH CONGRESS } HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES { REPORT
2d Session } No. 2827

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

JUNE 15, 1948.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. TABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 6735]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

The estimates upon which the bill is based are contained in House Documents Nos. 588, 653, 674, 675, 678, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 693, 695, 696, 697, 698 and Senate Documents Nos. 119 and 165 and that part of the 1949 Budget (p. 883) dealing with strategic and critical materials. Also Senate Document 174.

The bill makes total appropriations of \$485,065,551.34 against budget estimates of \$598,332,095.34, or a reduction below the budget estimates of \$113,266,544. Of the foregoing amounts, \$12,838,409.60, included in the estimates, was approved in full for the payment of judgments by the courts, and claims certified according to law. Of the total estimates for general purposes, \$585,493,685.74, \$360,000,000 was out of the original budget for 1949 for strategic and critical materials against which the committee has approved \$300,000,000. Aside from this item, therefore, the estimates for general purposes were \$225,493,685.74, for which the committee recommends appropriations totaling \$172,227,141.74, a reduction of \$53,266,544.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN ECONOMIC COOPERATION

The bill includes \$262,000 for salaries and expense of the staff to service the Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation established in pursuance of section 124 (a) of the Economic Cooperation Act, 1948. This amount is intended to provide for the salaries of 22 employees and to cover other expenses incident to the functions of this committee. The administrative needs of this committee cannot be definitely stated at this stage for the reason that final action has not been taken on the appropriation bill and the entire program is in the inception stage. While it is possible that additional duties from those presently in view for the staff may be imposed either by final action on the appropriation bill or by other demands which may be made on the staff by the joint committee on the basis of its rather broad authority in following through the activities of the Economic Cooperation Administration, the committee feels that a greater amount was not warranted at this time.

CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY ABROAD

The bill contains the amount of \$18,300,000 for this purpose to be allocated as follows: Department of State, \$1,000,000; Department of the Army, \$1,000,000; Department of the Navy, \$700,000; sales to foreign governments, \$15,600,000.

Previous testimony on the disposition of surplus property abroad had given the committee reason to hope that all of the surpluses would be disposed of by the end of the current fiscal year and, while appreciating the difficulties under which dispositions must be made, including the negotiations for sales on credit and the dollar shortages in the other countries, the committee nonetheless feels that greater progress could have been made. With respect to the item, \$15,600,000, it should be stated that this amount is provided in the accompanying bill for the supplying of certain military equipment in pursuance of contracts heretofore entered into by the Department of State. This equipment is to be used solely for strengthening the internal security forces of these countries.

DISASTER RELIEF

The committee has approved an appropriation of \$500,000 against an estimate of \$600,000 for disaster relief. The fund was requested primarily for the purpose of relieving distress in the recent disastrous flood in the Columbia River Valley, but is written in such terms as to permit its use for any similar catastrophe occurring elsewhere.

The committee, of course, listens sympathetically to any plea for funds to relieve human distress but looks upon such catastrophes as being primarily a local responsibility. Local and State resources should be drawn upon to whatever extent available before the Federal Government is expected to step in and render assistance. Therefore, the committee has included in the bill a provision requiring agreements with the Governor of any State where expenditures are proposed giving assurance that local and State resources are being utilized insofar as possible.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

RECONVERSION UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For the fiscal year 1949, \$750,000, the amount of the original budget estimate, was appropriated for this purpose. The act was relatively new at the time the estimate was prepared and it was not possible to forecast accurately what sum would eventually be required. After several months' experience, the Agency has recommended an additional appropriation of \$1,530,000, but the committee, after exploring the matter, does not believe that the full sum is required and recommends \$1,170,000. In the event this amount proves inadequate, it will be necessary to provide an additional appropriation inasmuch as these claims must be paid as adjudicated.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

In addition to approving items recommended in the deficiency estimates for the acquisition of sites and construction of buildings, the committee has reconsidered an estimate submitted in Senate Document No. 119 in the amount of \$850,000 for the purchase of a building located at 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass., now occupied by the Government under lease. The original estimate was rejected as it was deemed too high, but further negotiations have secured an offer to sell for \$750,000, which amount is included in the bill. The rental on the building would cost the Government more than this amount in 5 years' time and the cost of restoration to former condition—removal of partitions, etc.—in the event the Government moved out, would be \$325,000. Under these circumstances, the committee believes that it is in the interest of the Government to purchase the building.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

The committee recommends the amount of \$175,000, a reduction of \$15,000 in the budget estimate, for the liquidation of war agencies transferred to the Department of Commerce. The committee is not satisfied with the progress that has been made to date in this activity, and feels that the remaining great volume of liquidation activity, after over 1 year of operation, cannot be satisfactorily explained. The committee is recommending substantially the amount of the budget estimate on condition that the Secretary of Commerce exert every effort to complete this liquidation by the end of fiscal year 1949.

With respect to the budget estimate of \$900,000 for carrying out voluntary agreements under provisions of the act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), the committee is recommending \$600,000. Justifications in support of this item seem to indicate that the major portion of the substantive work in connection with this activity will be performed by private industry, with the Department of Commerce coordinating the activities of the various industry committees and finally passing upon the industry agreements from the standpoint of

their effect on the general economy of this country. In addition, much preparatory work has already been performed in connection with the requirements of our preparedness program and in the allocation of materials in short supply, and while the law imposes specific responsibilities on the President, and through him on the Secretary of Commerce, the committee feels that the change and increase in the responsibilities in the Department of Commerce has not been of such magnitude as to call for additional appropriations in excess of the amount provided in the accompanying bill.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

The bill carries \$2,600,000 in contract authority, a reduction of \$4,213,000 in the budget estimate submitted for the establishment of air-navigation facilities. Of the amount recommended, the amount of \$977,000 is for the installation of instrument-landing systems which it is anticipated will be declared surplus in the near future by the Department of the Air Force, and \$323,000 for repairs necessary to Civil Aeronautics Administration structures and equipment caused by recent floods and hurricanes in Florida and Louisiana. The balance of the approved amount, \$1,300,000, is intended to cover additional costs of certain equipment for the Federal airway system and for which previous amounts were appropriated both during fiscal year 1948 and fiscal year 1949. The committee cannot fully understand why the Civil Aeronautics Administration should make supplemental requests to meet the increased cost of equipment appropriated for 10 months previously. It would seem evident that the entire air-navigation-facilities program is lagging. Accordingly, the committee is of the belief that the additional funds provided will be adequate for the procurement of perhaps a lesser number of units than originally contemplated but which can be installed within the foreseeable future. Such additional amounts as may be required to supplement increased costs of equipment will be considered by the committee at the time the Department appears in support of its estimates for the fiscal year 1950.

The bill includes \$8,000,000 for the construction of an airport at Anchorage, Alaska. Of this sum, \$3,000,000 is in direct appropriations and \$5,000,000 in contract authority. Testimony before the committee indicated that the present volume of traffic at Fairbanks could not justify the request for \$5,000,000 for a civilian airport at that point. While it was stated that the total civilian operations at the Army airport at Fairbanks averaged 120 per day, the total number of take-offs and landings by principal certificated carriers, for which a field of the size contemplated is required, averaged 115 per month, or an average of 3.8 per day. The committee fully appreciates the importance of civilian air travel in Alaska, and should conditions with respect to air travel in the Fairbanks area alter to an extent that an additional airport can be more definitely justified, the committee will be glad to consider a request for this purpose after the Congress convenes in January.

For air navigation development, the bill includes \$50,000, a reduction of \$50,000 in the budget estimate. While both the President's Air Policy Board and the Joint Congressional Aviation Policy Committee

recommended the planning and development of a national system of aids to air navigation and air control common to military and civil air navigation, it is felt that this has been or should have been one of the continuing functions of the Air Coordinating Committee and that the expenses of such additional responsibilities as may be imposed on the Civil Aeronautics Administration as a result of an apparent need for intensification of this program can be adequately defrayed by the funds recommended for this purpose.

The committee is recommending the full amount of the budget estimate, \$4,000,000, for export control. This activity is carried on by six organizational units of the Department of Commerce, but principally by the Office of International Trade, for which the amount of \$3,625,000 is allocated. The presentation of this item again illustrated to the committee the difficulties which constantly present themselves in connection with the integration of new or expanding programs into the present organizational structure of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. It points out the fact that primary commercial interests are founded on commodities rather than on areas of trade and while there has been some evidence that the Bureau is beginning to lean toward a commodity form of organization, as previously existed, it is hoped that further progress can be made along this line.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

The committee is recommending \$1,000,000 for the Immigration and Naturalization Service to supplement the fiscal year 1949 appropriation of \$27,150,000. Of the amount recommended, approximately \$500,000 is to defray additional overtime salary costs of immigration inspectors provided for under the act of March 2, 1931. The remaining \$500,000 is to be utilized for the strengthening of field investigations in order to secure better control of persons admitted for temporary stay, reducing the arrearage of pending investigations and otherwise enforcing the departure of aliens illegally in the United States. The committee is not impressed with the justification for an additional 230 employees for this Service. Statistical data contained in the printed hearings indicates that the net result of the increased activity would result in total deportations of approximately 22,400 aliens, or only 800 more than was estimated under the original budget request which was approved in the full amount. The total amount appropriated for this service for the fiscal year 1948 is \$27,000,000. Deductions of nonrecurring items not required in fiscal year 1949 total \$840,000, establishing a comparative appropriation of about \$26,160,000. The net amount available for this activity for 1949, excluding the \$500,000 provided for overtime, is \$27,650,000, or nearly \$1,500,000 more than is available during the current year. The committee is also of the belief that the Immigration Service may be going somewhat far afield in its investigations of subversive classes of aliens and feels that greater cooperation between this Service and other law-enforcement agencies, both Federal and local, would result in considerable reductions in operational costs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Estimates totaling \$11,721,000 for the Post Office Department and postal service have been approved. The amount is composed of a number of items, the largest of which is \$5,000,000 for balances due foreign countries, and all of which are related to uncontrollable items of expense related directly to mail volume. As explained by the committee in the report on the supplemental Post Office appropriations for 1949, the mail volume and general business of the postal service has been increasing at so rapid a rate that it has not been possible to forecast accurately in advance the amount of funds required.

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Engineer service, 1948.—The estimate of \$40,000,000 under this head has been reduced to \$32,700,000. The committee believes that the amount allowed will be sufficient to carry this program through the remainder of the fiscal year 1948. The major portion of this is for the continuation of projects already undertaken in the Territory of Alaska. The committee deplores the high unit cost of construction of quarters for military personnel. It realizes, of course, that a higher rate must be paid for construction in the Territory, but nevertheless, feels that the Army can reduce the cost of this program by certain economies, particularly in the method of handling its shipping.

Flood control, general (emergency fund).—The committee recommends approval in full of the budget estimate of \$6,000,000 for the purpose of providing emergency repair work in the area recently flooded by the Columbia River. The exact program for alleviation of this damage, of course, cannot be accurately determined at this time inasmuch as most of the flooded area is still under water. However, the committee realizes that there will be considerable work of an emergency nature in connection with the repairing of levees and otherwise rehabilitating destruction, and desires to make adequate provision so this work can proceed immediately.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1947.—The committee has approved the budget estimate providing for transfers to this appropriation in the amount of \$59,500,000 for the purposes of making up the deficiency incurred during the fiscal year 1947.

Transportation of things, 1948.—The committee has declined to allow at this time the budget estimate of \$20,000,000. Testimony indicated that the exact amount of the deficiency on this item is still a matter of considerable uncertainty. The Navy is authorized by law to incur a deficiency on this appropriation. Since the submission of the original 1948 budget estimates, several freight-rate increases have

been approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission, certain postage rates have increased and there has been an increase in the amount of freight shipped, which could not be avoided.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Public works (continuing).—The committee considered a budget estimate calling for an appropriation of \$50,000,000 cash, plus contract authorization in the amount of \$66,500,000. The justifications in support of this estimate proposed projects within the continental limits of the United States in the sum of \$59,913,718, and outside the continental limits of \$56,586,282, a total of \$116,500,000. The committee is approving a total availability of \$97,983,200, of which \$59,000,000 is in the form of contract authorization, and recommends projects in the continental limits of the United States totaling \$47,983,200 and outside the continental limits totaling \$50,000,000.

The Navy has authority to use the cash provided in the bill for starting either continental projects or those outside. It is felt that the amount of cash allowed will be ample to provide for the expenditure needs through the fiscal year 1949. The contract authority provided will enable the Navy to make contracts and get work under way where the actual cash will not be required until later.

The committee has denied the request of \$60,000 to purchase land at the Naval Air Station, Key West, Fla., which the Navy now leases from Monroe County, Fla. Testimony indicated that it was the intention of the Navy to pay the county for the land and at the same time give back to the county certain aviation rights. The committee feels that this project should be restudied and if the Navy really needs the land, should arrange for purchase on an outright basis rather than to handle the matter in the manner proposed.

The hearings developed that the proposed hospital and medical center for Guam was on a much more elaborate scale than would actually be necessary and testimony was given indicating that instead of a 1,000-bed hospital being required for the Navy, a 500-bed hospital would be sufficient to care for the requirements of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. The committee has accordingly allowed \$5,000,000 toward the start of this project but does so with the recommendation that the over-all planned cost be considerably reduced. The committee does recognize the desirability of building the hospital upon a chassis suitable for handling 750 beds so that an addition of 250 beds could be made at a later date if necessary without having to install additional basic plant facilities to handle such an increase. It is believed that certain proposed items could be eliminated from the medical center without in any way lessening the quality of medical service that should be provided the patient.

The committee has deleted proposed language which would have consolidated the money appropriated in this bill with the balances of public works' funds appropriated in lump sums during the war years. It is the desire to the committee, agreed to by the Navy in the hearings, that it would be desirable to start a new accounting of this program similar to the policy which was adopted for the fiscal

year 1948 in connection with the shipbuilding program. The bill provides two sums of \$1,500,000 each for miscellaneous items that might be needed, one in the continental United States and one outside, with language so worded as to restrict its use to existing facilities.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FOREIGN SERVICE

The committee is including in the bill an additional amount of \$1,000,000 for salaries and expenses, Foreign Service, and \$250,000 for living and quarters allowances, both items being for the purpose of supplying additional protection and security-control measures in our posts abroad. While the security program of the Foreign Service has proved itself indispensable and one which perhaps should have been initiated much sooner, the committee feels that the amount recommended should enable the Foreign Service adequately to strengthen its organization in this respect in the most vital areas.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLIES

STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS

The original budget for 1949 included an estimate of \$360,000,000 for the purchase and stock piling of strategic and critical materials related to national defense. Upon learning that a supplemental estimate probably would be made, the committee suspended consideration of the matter and, subsequently, a supplemental budget estimate was received recommending, in addition to the direct appropriation, a contract authorization of \$375,000,000. In full recognition of the vital importance of maintaining an adequate supply of materials not readily obtainable, but urgently needed upon beginning of major defense expansion, the committee has carefully explored the situation and must confess to some apprehension that the program is lacking the degree of planning, forethought, and coordination which should be an integral part of any such large-scale expenditure. The committee has, therefore, approved an appropriation of \$300,000,000 and a contract authorization of \$300,000,000 and admonishes the officials of the various agencies participating in the planning of the program and expenditure of the funds to make such plans and contracts as will insure the provident use of the appropriation.

PENALTY MAIL

The committee has incorporated in title III of the bill language to provide for the repeal of penalty mail payments by the various departments and agencies of the Government. The language carried is the same as that contained in the bill H. R. 6406 which was reported by the House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service on June 2, 1948 (H. Rept. 2151), and passed by the House on June 8, 1948.

Throughout the hearings by the various subcommittees of the Committee on Appropriations during both sessions of this Congress it has become evident that the desired economies which were sought by the enactment of this act have not been attained.

Beginning with the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill for 1949, the committee has deleted from that and subsequent bills all appropriations for penalty mail under the current law, anticipating action on its recommendation that the law requiring such appropriations be repealed. The bills reported earlier included funds for this purpose. If the legislation proposed is enacted, the funds included in the earlier bills for payment to the Treasury of penalty-mail costs will not be required and the Bureau of the Budget will, therefore, be requested to impound the amounts thereof.

This action has practically universal approval among members of the Appropriations Committee who have observed the operations of the law closely and have studied the appropriations justification for this purpose.

CONTRACT RENEGOTIATION

The Supplemental National Defense Act for 1948 which provided funds for the aircraft procurement program, included as section III thereof legislation requiring renegotiation of contracts with respect to aircraft procurement. This section entitled "The Renegotiation Act of 1948," while applicable only to aircraft procurement, is in such terms as readily to lend itself to general application to Government procurement. Inasmuch as the national defense agencies of the Government are embarking on large-scale construction and procurement programs, the committee deems it of highest importance that the statute generally apply to such programs. Therefore, to accomplish this purpose, the committee has included section 401 which reads as follows:

Except as otherwise provided therein, the Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547, 80th Cong.) shall apply to all contracts entered into by the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This section shall also apply in like manner to contracts or subcontracts entered into by any other department, agency, or independent establishment of the government pursuant to authority or direction of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations.

COMPLIANCE WITH CLAUSE 2A OF RULE XIII

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE BILL	EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE REPEALED
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TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

SECTION 321B OF TITLE 39, UNITED STATES CODE

SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of each such department, agency, establishment, or other organization, or each such person, shall submit to the Postmaster General within sixty days after the close of each fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety days after the close of each fiscal year the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during such fiscal year by each executive department and agency, by each independent establishment, and by each organization and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or number of articles or packages of official matter constituting in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege, except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the postal service; and (2) books and documents published or circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Superintendent of Public Documents or under the franking privilege.

SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if otherwise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class rates.

(b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the most economical means of transportation practicable, and the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such matter for shipment by mail when

(Sec. 6 of the Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1940, as amended)

【SEC. 6. On and after July 1, 1939, no executive department or independent establishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail, free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pamphlet, list, or other article or document (except official letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are reasonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence; informational releases in connection with the decennial census of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes, rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders and interpretations necessary in the administration of such departments and establishments), unless a request therefor has been previously received by such department or independent establishment; or such transmission is required by law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. For each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing July 1, 1939, the head of each independent establishment and executive department (other than the Post Office Department) shall submit to the Postmaster General, within thirty days after the close of the quarter, a statement of the weight of the mail matter by classes of mail that the independent establishment or department has transmitted free of postage during such quarter, and he shall also certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each such quarter that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage by the independent establishment or department in violation of the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases, statistical, and other

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE BILL	EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE REPEALED
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in his judgment it is in the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at less expense.

SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as practicable, all necessary information requested by the Post Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 306. No executive department or independent establishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail, free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pamphlet, list, or other article or document (except official letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are reasonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence; informational releases in connection with the decennial census of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes, rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders and interpretations necessary in the administration of such departments and establishments), unless a request therefor has been previously received by such department or independent establishment; or such transmission is required by law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The head of each independent establishment and executive department (other than the Post Office Department) shall certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage by the independent establishment or department in violation of the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Documents, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases, statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16 U. S. C.: *Provided further*, That this prohibition shall not apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals, bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educational institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or other public authorities.

SEC. 307. Section 321b of title 39 United States Code and Public Law 364 approved June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

reports offered for sale by the Federal Power Commission as authorized by section 312 of the Federal Power Act: *Provided further*, That this prohibition shall not apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals, bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educational institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or other public authorities.】

PUBLIC LAW 364, SEVENTY-EIGHTH
CONGRESS, APPROVED JUNE 28, 1944

【AN ACT Relating to the use of the penalty mail privilege

【Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of each such department, agency, establishment, or other organization, or each such person, shall submit to the Postmaster General within sixty days after the close of each fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

【SEC. 2. (a) The Postmaster General shall report to the Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget as soon as practicable after the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1944, and within ninety days after the close of each subsequent fiscal year, the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia used during such fiscal year by each executive department and agency, by each independent establishment, and by each organization and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

【(b) The Postmaster General shall, beginning with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1944, report quarterly to the Congress and the Bureau of the Budget the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia procured or accounted for, through him, by each such department, agency, establishment, and other organization and person, together with the estimated number of pieces and weight of matter mailed free

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE BILL	EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE REPEALED
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Sec. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

of postage under the penalty privilege and the estimated cost of handling such matter as determined by the cost-ascertainment procedure of the Post Office Department.

[(c) Based on the estimated cost determined in accordance with subsection (b), each such department, agency, and independent establishment, except the Post Office Department, shall include in its annual estimates of appropriations an amount representing the anticipated costs to the Post Office Department of handling the penalty mail of such department, agency, or independent establishment.

[(d) Within thirty days following determination and advice by the Postmaster General of the estimated cost of handling the penalty mail, each such department, agency, and independent establishment shall deposit in the general funds of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts from its appropriations an amount equivalent to such costs.

[SEC. 3. On and after August 1, 1944, no article or package of official matter, or number of articles or packages of official matter constituting in fact a single shipment exceeding four pounds in weight shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege, except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the postal service; and (2) books and documents published or circulated by order of Congress, when mailed by the Superintendent of Public Documents or under the franking privilege.

[SEC. 4. (a) Official matter not within the provisions of section 3 which is over four pounds in weight, if otherwise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class rates.

[(b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the most economical means of transportation practicable, and the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at less expense.

[SEC. 5. Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this Act shall not apply to the Department of War and the Department of the Navy, and their activities outside of the city of Washington, for the duration of the present war and six months thereafter.

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE
BILL REPEALED

[SEC. 6. All executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as practicable, all necessary information requested by the Post Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

[SEC. 7. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

[SEC. 8. This Act shall take effect July 1, 1944.]

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill

[The year indicated after each item denotes the fiscal year]

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS				
	LEGISLATIVE BRANCH			
	SENATE			
	Beneficiary of deceased Senator-----	-----	\$12, 500. 00	+ \$12, 500. 00
	Contingent expenses: Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation-----	-----	262, 000. 00	+ 262, 000. 00
	Total, Senate-----	-----	274, 500. 00	+ 274, 500. 00
	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES			
	Beneficiary of deceased Representative-----	-----	12, 500. 00	+ 12, 500. 00
	Mileage-----	-----	906. 00	+ 906. 00
	Contingent expenses of the House:			
697	Reporting hearings, 1947-----	\$13, 000. 00	11, 000. 00	- 2, 000. 00
697	Reporting hearings, 1948-----	15, 000. 00	15, 000. 00	-----

697	Stationery (revolving fund)-----	500.00	500.00	-----
	Total, contingent expenses of the House-----	28,500.00	26,500.00	-2,000.00
	Total, House of Representatives-----	28,500.00	20,906.00	+11,406.00
	Total, legislative branch-----	28,500.00	314,406.00	+285,906.00
	THE JUDICIARY			
653	Miscellaneous items of expense: Printing and binding, 1948-----	23,000.00	23,000.00	-----
	FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT			
685	Defense aid, liquidation lend-lease program: Administrative expenses, 1949-----	292,000.00	250,000.00	-42,000.00
678	Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad, 1949-----	19,155,000.00	18,300,000.00	-855,000.00
691	Disaster relief, 1949-----	600,000.00	500,000.00	-100,000.00
	Total funds appropriated to the President-----	20,047,000.00	19,050,000.00	-997,000.00
	INDEPENDENT OFFICES			
	FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY			
	<i>Social Security Administration</i>			
689	Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen, 1949-----	1,530,000.00	1,170,000.00	-360,000.00
689	Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security 1949-----	57,750.00	50,000.00	-7,750.00
	Total, Federal Security Agency-----	1,587,750.00	1,220,000.00	-367,750.00

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
INDEPENDENT OFFICES—Continued				
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY				
<i>Public Buildings Administration</i>				
653	Acquisition of property, 1948-----	\$79, 000. 00	\$79, 000. 00	-----
653	Sites and planning, 1948-----	675, 000. 00	675, 000. 00	-----
675	General Accounting Office Building, District of Columbia, 1948--	(22, 850, 000. 00)	(22, 850, 000. 00)	-----
675	Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia, 1948-----	1 1, 000, 000. 00	1 1, 000, 000. 00	-----
S. 119	Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Mass-----	850, 000. 00	750, 000. 00	—\$100, 000. 00
	Total, Federal Works Agency-----	2, 604, 000. 00	2, 504, 000. 00	— 100, 000. 00
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE				
653	Salaries, 1949-----	680, 000. 00	450, 000. 00	—230, 000. 00
NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY				
696	Maintenance and operation of properties, 1949-----	2, 900. 00	-----	—2, 900. 00
	Total, Independent Offices-----	4, 874, 650. 00	4, 174, 000. 00	—700, 650. 00

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

653	Judgments-----	132. 00	132. 00	-----
653	Audited claims-----	28, 167. 50	28, 167. 50	-----
	Total, District of Columbia-----	28, 299. 50	28, 299. 50	-----
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION			
	<i>Bureau of Animal Industry</i>			
653	Salaries and expenses: Agriculture remount service, 1949-----	510, 000. 00	400, 000. 00	-----110, 000. 00
653	Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals, 1948-----	25, 400, 000. 00	25, 400, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Agricultural Research Administration-----	25, 910, 000. 00	25, 800, 000. 00	-----110, 000. 00
	FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS			
653	Forest roads and trails, 1949-----	² 10, 000, 000. 00	³ 7, 500, 000. 00	-----2, 500, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Agriculture-----	35, 910, 000. 00	33, 300, 000. 00	-----2, 610, 000. 00
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY			
653	Liquidation of war agencies, 1949-----	190, 000. 00	175, 000. 00	-----15, 000. 00
653	Voluntary agreements, 1949-----	900, 000. 00	600, 000. 00	-----300, 000. 00
	Total, Office of the Secretary-----	1, 090, 000. 00	775, 000. 00	-----315, 000. 00

¹ In addition, contract authorization, \$14,875,000.
² In addition, contract authorization, \$10,000,000.
³ In addition, contract authorization, \$7,500,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—Continued				
CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION				
653	Establishment of air-navigation facilities, 1949-----	(\$6, 813, 000. 00)	(\$2, 600, 000. 00)	(—\$4, 213, 000. 00)
653	Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska, 1948-----	⁴ 4, 000, 000. 00	⁵ 3, 000, 000. 00	—1, 000, 000. 00
674	Air navigation development, 1949-----	100, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	—50, 000. 00
	Total, Civil Aeronautics Administration-----	4, 100, 000. 00	3, 050, 000. 00	—1, 050, 000. 00
BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE				
653	Departmental salaries and expenses, 1949-----	164, 500. 00	164, 500. 00	-----
653	Export control, 1949-----	4, 000, 000. 00	4, 000, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce-----	4, 164, 500. 00	4, 164, 500. 00	-----
WEATHER BUREAU				
653	Salaries and expenses, 1949-----	370, 000. 00	370, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Department of Commerce-----	9, 724, 500. 00	8, 559, 500. 00	—1, 365, 000. 00

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR		17,000.00	17,000.00	
653	Office of the Secretary: Contingent expenses, 1948-----			
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Legal activities and general administration:				
653	Traveling expenses, 1942-----	5.03	5.03	
653	Salaries and expenses, Lands Division, 1942-----	609.50	609.50	
653	Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, 1945-----	35.00	35.00	
653	Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, 1948-----	38,000.00	38,000.00	
653	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., 1946-----	154.71	154.71	
653	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., 1948-----	80,000.00	65,000.00	-15,000.00
653	Fees of witnesses, 1948-----	50,000.00	50,000.00	
	Total, legal activities and general administration-----	168,804.24	153,804.24	-15,000.00
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE				
653	Salaries and expenses-----	2,390,000.00	1,000,000.00	-1,390,000.00
	Total, Department of Justice-----	2,558,804.24	1,153,804.24	-1,405,000.00
NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT				
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS				
<i>Corps of Engineers</i>				
698	Engineer service, 1948-----	40,000,000.00	32,700,000.00	-7,300,000.00

⁴ Contract authorization, \$9,000,000.⁵ Contract authorization, \$5,000,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued				
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS				
<i>Corps of Engineers</i>				
693	Flood control, general (emergency fund), 1949-----	\$6, 000, 000. 00	\$6, 000, 000. 00	-----
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT				
<i>Bureau of Supplies and Accounts</i>				
653	Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1947-----	(⁶)	(⁶)	-----
653	Transportation of things, 1948-----	20, 000, 000. 00	-----	—\$20, 000, 000. 00
<i>Bureau of Yards and Docks</i>				
S. 165	Public works (no year) -----	⁷ 50, 000, 000. 00	⁸ 47, 983, 200. 00	—2, 016, 800. 00
	Total, Department of Navy—Naval Establishment -----	70, 000, 000. 00	47, 983, 200. 00	—22, 016, 800. 00
	Total, National Military Establishment-----	116, 000, 000. 00	86, 683, 200. 00	—29, 316, 800. 00

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT (Out of the postal revenues)			
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
653	Contingent expenses, Post Office Department: Printing and binding, 1948-----	25, 000. 00	25, 000. 00
FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
653	Office of the Postmaster General: Damage claims, 1948-----	40, 000. 00	40, 000. 00
653	Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General: Rural delivery service, 1948-----	1, 125, 000. 00	1, 125, 000. 00
Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General:			
687	Electric-car service, 1948-----	(⁹)	(⁹)
653	Foreign mail transportation, 1948-----	2, 000, 000. 00	2, 000, 000. 00
653	Balances due foreign countries, 1948-----	5, 000, 000. 00	5, 000, 000. 00
653	Indemnities, international mail, 1948-----	15, 000. 00	15, 000. 00
Total, Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General-----		7, 015, 000. 00	7, 015, 000. 00
Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General:			
653	Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, 1947-----	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
653	Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, 1948-----	758, 000. 00	758, 000. 00

⁶ Derived by transfer \$59,500,000.⁹ Derived by transfer, \$5,000.⁷ In addition, contract authorization \$66,500,000.¹⁰ Derived by transfer \$54,000.⁸ In addition, contract authorization \$50,000,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	Post Office Department—Continued			
	(Out of the postal revenues—Continued)			
	FIELD SERVICE, POST DEPARTMENT—continued			
	Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:			
653	Post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies, 1948-----	\$194, 000. 00	\$194, 000. 00	-----
653	Vehicle service, 1948-----	2, 564, 000. 00	2, 564, 000. 00	-----
	Public buildings, maintenance and operation:			
653	Operating supplies, public buildings, 1947-----	(11)	(11)	-----
653	Operating supplies, public buildings, 1948-----	(12)	(12)	-----
	Total, Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General-----	2, 758, 000. 00	2, 758, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Field Service, Post Office Department-----	11, 696, 000. 00	11, 696, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Post Office Department-----	11, 721, 000. 00	11, 721, 000. 00	-----

DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
FOREIGN SERVICE			
688	Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service, 1949-----	1, 941, 000. 00	1, 941, 000. 00
688	Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service, 1949-----	510, 000. 00	250, 000. 00
	Total, Foreign Service-----	2, 451, 000. 00	1, 250, 000. 00
INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES			
653	United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus, 1948-----	47, 932. 00	47, 932. 00
653	United States participation in international organizations:		
	International Civil Aviation Organization, 1949-----	4, 100, 000. 00	3, 750, 000. 00
	World Health Organization, 1949-----	1, 915, 000. 00	1, 915, 000. 00
653	Salaries and expenses, American sections, international commissions, 1949-----	75, 000. 00	75, 000. 00
653	International information and educational activities, 1949-----	5, 000, 000. 00	5, 000, 000. 00
653	Swiss war-damage claims, 1948-----	10, 607, 000. 00	10, 607, 000. 00
	Total, international activities-----	21, 744, 932. 00	5, 787, 932. 00
	Total, Department of State-----	24, 195, 932. 00	7, 037, 932. 00

¹¹ Derived by transfer \$20,150.

¹² Derived by transfer \$230,500.

—\$941, 000. 00

—260, 000. 00

—1, 201, 000. 00

—350, 000. 00

—5, 000, 000. 00

—10, 607, 000. 00

—15, 957, 000. 00

—17, 158, 000. 00

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
TREASURY DEPARTMENT				
653	Bureau of Engraving and Printing: Salaries and expenses, 1949--	\$365, 000. 00	\$365, 000. 00	-----
588	Bureau of Federal Supply: Strategic and critical materials, 1949--	¹³ 360, 000, 000. 00	¹⁴ 300, 000, 000. 00	—\$60, 000, 000. 00
	Total, Treasury Department-----	360, 365, 000. 00	300, 365, 000. 00	—60, 000, 000. 00
	Total, Title I, General appropriations-----	585, 493, 685. 74	472, 227, 141. 74	—113, 266, 544. 00
TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS				
690	Claims for damages, judgments rendered against United States, and audited claims-----	12, 838, 409. 60	12, 838, 409. 60	-----
	Grand total-----	598, 332, 095. 34	485, 065, 551. 34	—113, 266, 544. 00

¹³ In addition Contract Authorization, \$375,000,000.

¹⁴ In addition Contract Authorization, \$300,000,000.

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NOTICE: This bill is given out subject to release when consideration of it has been completed by the Whole Committee. Please check on such action before release in order to be advised of any changes.

[FULL COMMITTEE PRINT]

Union Calendar No.

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 6935

[Report No. 2348]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 15, 1948

Mr. TABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the following bill; which was committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply sup-
5 plemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June
6 30, 1948, and for other purposes, namely:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

For payment to Ruth D. Overton, widow of John H. Overton, late a Senator from the State of Louisiana, \$12,500.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation:

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation, as authorized by Public Law 472, Eightieth Congress, including per diem allowance in lieu of subsistence expenses for consultants and staff, at the rate of \$10 within the continental limits of the United States and \$12 abroad, without regard to the Subsistence Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended, \$262,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to Emma E. Owens, widow of Thomas L. Owens, late a Representative from the State of Illinois, \$12,500.

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For mileage due and unpaid to Members of the House of Representatives, Seventy-ninth and prior Congresses, \$906.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Reporting hearings", \$11,000.

1 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal
2 year 1948, for "Reporting hearings", \$15,000.

3 Stationery (revolving fund) : For stationery allowance
4 due a newly elected Member of the House of Representa-
5 tives, by special election, second session, Eightieth Congress,
6 to remain available until expended, \$500.

7 GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

8 OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

9 General expenses: Surplus funds accumulated during the
10 fiscal year 1948 through the operation of the working capital
11 of the Government Printing Office (Public printing and
12 binding, Government Printing Office, 1948) are hereby
13 made available for the additional transfer of \$77,000 to the
14 appropriation "General expenses, Office of Superintendent
15 of Documents, 1948", including the objects and subject to
16 the conditions set forth under this heading in the Legislative
17 Branch Appropriation Act, 1948.

18 THE JUDICIARY

19 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

20 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1948, for "Printing and binding" for advance opinions,
22 preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Supreme Court,
23 \$23,000.

1 funds herein appropriated shall be available for reimburse-
2 ment for pay and allowanees or subsistence of military or
3 naval personnel except cost-of-living allowances for military
4 or naval personnel assigned or detailed to the Department of
5 State: *Provided further*, That \$13,850,000 of this appropria-
6 tion shall be available exclusively for the care and handling
7 of surplus property located in the United States but disposed
8 of to foreign governments.

9 DISASTER RELIEF

10 Disaster relief: To enable the President, through such
11 agency or agencies as he may designate, and in such manner
12 as he shall determine, to supplement the efforts and available
13 resources of State and local governments or other agencies,
14 whenever he finds that any flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake,
15 or other catastrophe in any part of the United States is of suf-
16 ficient severity and magnitude to warrant emergency assist-
17 ance by the Federal Government in alleviating hardship, or
18 suffering caused thereby, and if the governor of any State
19 in which such catastrophe shall occur shall certify that such
20 assistance is required, \$500,000, to remain available until
21 June 30, 1949, and to be expended without regard to such
22 provisions regulating the expenditure of Government funds
23 or the employment of persons in the Government service
24 as he shall specify: *Provided*, That no expenditures shall be
25 made with respect to any such catastrophe in any State until

1 the governor of such State shall have entered into an agree-
 2 ment with such agency of the Government as the President
 3 may designate giving assurance of expenditure of a reason-
 4 able amount of the funds of the government of such State,
 5 local governments therein, or other agencies, for the same
 6 or similar purposes with respect to such catastrophe: *Pro-*
 7 *vided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be
 8 expended for departmental personal services: *Provided fur-*
 9 *ther*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for
 10 permanent construction: *Provided further*, That within any
 11 affected area Federal agencies are authorized to participate
 12 in any such emergency assistance.

13 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

14 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

15 SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

16 Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen: For
 17 an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Reconversion
 18 unemployment benefits for seamen", \$1,170,000.

19 Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security:
 20 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries
 21 and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security", \$50,000.

22 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

23 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

24 Acquisition of property: For an additional amount for
 25 the acquisition of the site of the Baltimore parcel-post station

1 and an extension to said site, as authorized in the Second
2 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, \$79,000, to remain
3 available until June 30, 1949.

4 Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the
5 District of Columbia: For the acquisition of sites for public
6 buildings, as authorized by the Acts of March 25, 1948
7 (Public Laws 455 and 456), and for acquisition of site and
8 preparation of drawings and specifications for a public build-
9 ing project as authorized by the Act of March 25, 1948
10 (Public Law 457), \$675,000, to remain available until
11 June 30, 1950.

12 General Accounting Office Building, District of Colum-
13 bia: To carry out the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1948
14 (Public Law 533), for the construction of a building for
15 the use of the General Accounting Office on square 518, in
16 the District of Columbia, the Federal Works Administrator
17 is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the project
18 in an amount not exceeding \$22,850,000, and the unobli-
19 gated balance on May 18, 1948, of funds heretofore appro-
20 priated for the construction of a building for the General
21 Accounting Office shall be charged against this contract
22 authorization.

23 Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia: For the
24 construction of a building for the use of the United States
25 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District

1 Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as
 2 authorized by the Act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527),
 3 \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in
 4 addition to this appropriation the Federal Works Admin-
 5 istrator is authorized to enter into contracts for such purpose
 6 in an amount not exceeding \$14,875,000.

7 Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Massachusetts:
 8 For the acquisition of the parcel of land located at 17 Court
 9 Street, Boston, Massachusetts, together with all improve-
 10 ments thereon and appertaining thereto, including incidental
 11 expenses, \$750,000.

12 GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

13 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
 14 "Salaries", \$450,000.

15 INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

16 General expenses: The appropriation under this head in
 17 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, shall be
 18 available for the payment of claims pursuant to section 403
 19 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921).

20 NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

21 Salaries and expenses: The limitations under this head
 22 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1947, and in
 23 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, on the
 24 amounts available for deposit in the Treasury for penalty

1 mail, are increased from “\$6,000” to “\$10,100” and from
2 “\$6,500” to “\$12,000”, respectively.

3 The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices
4 Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for serv-
5 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
6 (5 U. S. C. 55a), is increased from “\$10,000” to “\$20,000”.

7 The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the
8 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics from the ap-
9 propriation for “Aviation, Navy”, in the Naval Appropria-
10 tion Act, 1945, for construction and equipment of a wind
11 tunnel at Moffett Field, California, shall remain available
12 during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations
13 incurred prior to July 1, 1947.

14 The unexpended balances of the appropriation for “Air-
15 craft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio”, in the
16 First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain avail-
17 able during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obliga-
18 tions incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

19 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

20 JUDGMENTS

21 For the payment of final judgments, rendered against
22 the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document
23 Numbered 653, Eightieth Congress, together with such
24 further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not
25 exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as

1 provided by law, from the date the same became due until
2 the date of payment, \$132.

3 AUDITED CLAIMS

4 For the payment of claims, certified to be due by the
5 accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the
6 appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been
7 exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions
8 of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713),
9 being for the service of the fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal
10 years, as follows:

11 Salaries and expenses, Executive Office, District of
12 Columbia, 1945, \$11.10;

13 General supervision and instruction, public schools,
14 District of Columbia, 1945, \$13.02;

15 Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds,
16 public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$6.20;

17 Salaries and expenses, Fire Department, District of
18 Columbia, 1945, \$12.46;

19 General administration, Health Department, District of
20 Columbia, 1945, \$36;

21 Medical charities, District of Columbia, 1945 (Eastern
22 Dispensary and Casualty Hospital), \$59.50;

23 Operating expenses, Juvenile Correctional Service, pub-
24 lic welfare, District of Columbia, 1945, \$9.12;

1 Operating expenses, District Training School, District of
2 Columbia, 1945, \$8.80;

3 Capital outlay, Office of Superintendent of District
4 Buildings, public works, District of Columbia, 1945,
5 \$14,752.80;

6 Operating expenses, Electrical Division, public works,
7 District of Columbia, 1945, \$50.55;

8 Salaries and expenses, Department of Vehicles and
9 Traffic, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1945, \$826.55;

10 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
11 1944, \$420.46;

12 Public schools, general supervision and instruction, sal-
13 aries and expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$224.28;

14 Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944,
15 \$127.71;

16 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Colum-
17 bia, 1944, \$68.24;

18 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, expenses, District of
19 Columbia, 1944, \$1,221.48;

20 Working-capital fund, Workhouse and Reformatory,
21 District of Columbia, 1944, \$71.77;

22 Water Department, distribution system, expenses, Dis-
23 trict of Columbia, 1944, \$0.69;

24 Refunding water rents, District of Columbia, 1944,
25 \$30.22;

1 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
2 1943, \$176.89;

3 Deportation of nonresident insane, District of Columbia,
4 1943, \$248.62;

5 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
6 1942, \$9,771.08;

7 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
8 1941, \$19.96;

9 In all, \$28,167.50.

10 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

11 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
12 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
13 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
14 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1948.

15 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

16 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

17 BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

18 Salaries and Expenses

19 Agriculture remount service: For carrying out, during
20 the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the Act of April 21,
21 1948 (Public Law 494), including not to exceed \$3,500
22 for departmental personal services in the District of Colum-
23 bia, \$400,000.

1 Eradication of Foot-and-Mouth and Other Contagious
2 Diseases of Animals

3 Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious dis-
4 eases of animals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948,
5 for "Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious
6 diseases of animals", \$25,400,000, to enable the Secretary
7 of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit
8 Corporation for amounts transferred pursuant to authority
9 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropria-
10 tion Act, 1948, as amended by the Supplemental Appro-
11 priation Act, 1948.

12 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

13 Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal
14 year 1949, for "Forest roads and trails", for forest highways,
15 \$7,500,000, to be available immediately and to remain
16 available until expended; and, in addition to this appropria-
17 tion, contracts may be entered into and obligations incurred
18 prior to July 1, 1949, for forest highway work in an amount
19 not to exceed \$7,500,000.

20 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

21 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

22 Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce:
23 For expenses necessary for the liquidation, in the fiscal year
24 1949, of the Foreign Economic Administration, Civilian
25 Production Administration, Office of Price Administration,
26 Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and all other

1 functions of the former Office of Temporary Controls, includ-
2 ing personal services in the District of Columbia and tempo-
3 rary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
4 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$175,000.

5 Voluntary agreements: For expenses necessary for
6 carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of
7 section 2 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law
8 395), relating to voluntary agreements, including personal
9 services in the District of Columbia and temporary services
10 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
11 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for
12 individuals, \$600,000.

13 CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

14 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: In addition
15 to the contract authorization previously granted under this
16 head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act,
17 1949, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to
18 enter into contracts and incur obligations prior to July 1,
19 1949, for the purposes therein specified, in an amount not to
20 exceed \$2,600,000.

21 Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska: For
22 construction of one public airport at Anchorage within the
23 Territory of Alaska, as authorized by the Act of May 28,
24 1948 (Public Law 562), including necessary buildings,
25 structures, and appurtenances, and acquisition of necessary

1 lands and interest in lands; personal services in the District
2 of Columbia; and purchase (not to exceed two) and hire of
3 passenger motor vehicles; \$3,000,000, to remain available
4 until expended; and in addition, the Civil Aeronautics Ad-
5 ministration is authorized to enter into contracts for the
6 purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed
7 \$5,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$175,000 may
8 be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and ex-
9 penses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration, for
10 necessary administrative costs.

11 Air navigation development: For expenses necessary,
12 fiscal year 1949, for planning and developing a national
13 system of aids to air navigation and air traffic control com-
14 mon to military and civil air navigation, including research,
15 experimental investigations, purchase, and development, by
16 contract or otherwise, of new types of air navigation aids
17 (including plans, specifications, and drawings); personal
18 services in the District of Columbia; hire of passenger motor
19 vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
20 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals
21 not in excess of \$50 per diem; \$50,000.

22 BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

23 Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional
24 amount for "Departmental salaries and expenses", fiscal year
25 1949, for carrying out the provisions of sections 3, 4, 18 (c)

1 and 18 (d) of the Rubber Act of 1948 (Public Law 469,
 2 approved March 31, 1948), relating to controls over the pro-
 3 duction, distribution, and use of rubber, \$164,500, of which
 4 not to exceed \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation
 5 for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary.

6 Export control: For expenses necessary for carrying out,
 7 during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 3 of the
 8 Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to
 9 export controls, including personal services in the District
 10 of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section
 11 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates
 12 not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$4,000,000, of
 13 which not to exceed \$1,350,000 may be transferred to the
 14 Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement
 15 of the export control program, and of which not to exceed
 16 \$62,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Print-
 17 ing and binding" in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
 18 tion Act, 1949, and of which not to exceed \$45,000 may be
 19 transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses"
 20 under the Office of the Secretary in said Act.

21 PATENT OFFICE

22 Salaries and expenses: Appropriations under this head
 23 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Acts for the
 24 fiscal years 1948 and 1949, available for services as author-

1 ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.
2 55a), shall be available for management and operational
3 studies, by contract or otherwise, of the Patent Office.

4 WEATHER BUREAU

5 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
6 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$370,000.

7 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

8 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

9 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

10 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
11 year 1948, for contingent expenses of the Department of
12 the Interior, \$17,000; for payment of claims pursuant to
13 section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act of August 2,
14 1946 (28 U. S. C. 921).

15 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

16 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

17 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", \$5.03.

19 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses,
21 Lands Division", \$609.50.

22 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
23 tional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Miscellaneous salaries
24 and expenses, field", \$35.

1 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
 2 tional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Miscellaneous salaries
 3 and expenses, field", \$38,000.

4 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
 5 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
 6 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$154.71.

7 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
 8 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Salaries and ex-
 9 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$65,000.

10 Fees of witnesses: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 11 1948, for "Fees of witnesses", \$50,000.

12 IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

13 Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
 14 Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
 15 "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
 16 Service", \$1,000,000.

17 NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

18 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

19 CORPS OF ENGINEERS

20 Engineer Service, Army

21 Engineer Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 22 1948, for "Engineer Service", including construction of build-
 23 ings, utilites, and facilities, \$32,700,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Flood control, general (emergency fund) : For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general (emergency fund)", \$6,000,000, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay and Subsistence of Naval Personnel

Pay and subsistence of naval personnel: There are hereby transferred to the appropriation for "Pay and subsistence of naval personnel" in the Navy Department Appropriation Act, 1947, sums from appropriations for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year 1947, as follows:

"Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel",
\$25,000,000;

"Pay, Marine Corps", \$17,000,000;

"General expenses, Marine Corps", \$17,500,000.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

PUBLIC WORKS

Public Works: For construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, including public utilities and appurtenances, and necessary lands and interest therein, as authorized by the Act of June —, 1948

1 (Public Law —), (S. 1675), including group IV (b)
2 personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other
3 personal services necessary for the purposes of this appro-
4 priation; engineering and architectural services as authorized
5 by section 3 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (34 U. S. C.
6 556) ; travel, and other necessary expenses; to remain avail-
7 able until expended, \$47,983,200; and in addition, the Sec-
8 retary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contracts for
9 the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not exceed-
10 ing \$50,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall
11 not be used for construction of family quarters for personnel
12 at a cost per family unit in excess of \$14,040, except that
13 when such units are constructed outside the continental
14 United States the average cost per unit of all such units
15 constructed shall not exceed \$25,850: *Provided further*,
16 That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of
17 any construction contract entered into under this appropria-
18 tion shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of
19 the construction contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined
20 by the Secretary of the Navy: *Provided further*, That the
21 Secretary of the Navy is authorized to commence, continue,
22 or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by
23 contract or otherwise, only the following-named public works
24 and public utilities projects, as authorized by law, and the
25 amounts allocated to each such project from the appropria-

tion and contract authorization herein shall not exceed the amount specified for each project enumerated, respectively:

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Test cells for turbine engines, \$230,000;

Marine Training and Replacement Command, Camp Joseph H. Pendleton, Oceanside, California: Acquisition of land, five hundred and seventy-five acres, \$46,500;

David Taylor Model Basin, Carderock, Maryland: Wind tunnels and associated facilities, \$1,410,000;

Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia: Acquisition of land, four thousand acres, on Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Maryland, \$120,000;

Naval Supplementary Radio Station, Dupont, South Carolina: Radio operating building, \$74,000;

Naval Ordnance Test Station, Inyokern, California: Acquisition of land, sixty thousand acres, \$70,000,

Aerodynamics field laboratory (Aerodynamics Range), \$500,000,

Ground range, external ballistics, and electronics experimental installation, \$408,000,

Seventy duplex houses (one hundred and forty family units), \$2,000,000;

1 Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New
2 Jersey: Liquid fuel rocket test laboratory, \$306,000;

3 Naval Reserve Armory, Lawrence, Massachusetts:
4 Acquisition of land, five and seven-tenths acres, \$100;

5 Naval Reserve Armory, Lowell, Massachusetts:
6 Acquisition of land, four acres, \$800;

7 Naval Air Station, Mojave, California: Acquisition
8 of land, twenty-eight acres, \$500;

9 Naval Magazine, Montauk, Long Island, New York:
10 Acquisition of land, forty-four acres, \$53,300;

11 Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Oceana, Virginia:
12 Acquisition of aviation easements over approximately
13 four hundred acres of land, \$46,000;

14 Naval Air Station, Patuxent River, Maryland:
15 Facilities for bombing target, \$309,000;

16 Naval Air Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, Cali-
17 fornia: Sea test range, and test and evaluation facilities,
18 including supporting facilities, services, and accessory
19 construction, \$14,000,000;

20 Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme,
21 California: Acquisition of land and improvements, sixty-
22 two and forty-five one-hundredths acres, \$150,000;

23 Naval Electronics Laboratory, Point Loma, San
24 Diego, California: Laboratory supply and utility build-
25 ings, including services and accessories, \$1,590,000;

1 Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia:
2 Acquisition of land, four and eight hundred and fifty-
3 seven one-thousandths acres, \$4,370;

4 Naval Radio Station, Skaggs Island, Sonoma, Cali-
5 fornia: Addition to radio operating building,
6 \$315,000;

7 Naval Supply Annex, Stockton, California: Ac-
8 quisition of land (small island), three and eighty-eight
9 one-hundredths acres, \$1,800;

10 Aeronautical Turbine Laboratory, Trenton, New
11 Jersey: Laboratory building and facilities, including
12 collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$13,-
13 000,000;

14 Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Mary-
15 land:

16 Completion of the supersonic wind tunnels and
17 aerodynamics range, \$1,580,000;

18 Explosives research facility, \$695,000;

19 Naval Unit, White Sands, Proving Ground, Las
20 Cruces, New Mexico:

21 Additional housing facilities, \$2,000,000,

22 Instrumentation of the one-hundred-mile range
23 and camp facilities, \$2,452,830;

24 Radio Transmitting Station (location to be deter-

1 (unmined) : Radio transmission facilities, including collat-
 2 eral, equipment and accessory construction, \$4,000,000;

3 Naval Research Laboratory, Orlando, Florida:

4 Underwater sound reference laboratory, \$1,120,000;

5 Various Locations—Continental United States:

6 For correction of deficiencies in existing facilities and

7 repairs incident to casualties thereto, \$1,500,000;

8 OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

9 Naval Operating Base, Adak, Alaska:

10 Ship repair facilities, \$306,000,

11 Cold storage building, ice cream plant, and

12 milk facilities, \$340,000,

13 Two storehouses, \$1,300,000,

14 Dispensary, \$340,000,

15 Utility distribution systems, including water,

16 sewer, electric power, heating plant, roads, walks,

17 and drainage, \$2,700,000;

18 Naval Supplementary Radio Activity, Adak,

19 Alaska: Operations building and associated facilities,

20 \$1,000,000;

21 Naval Radio Station, Adak, Alaska: Consolidated

22 communication facilities, including buildings and acces-

23 sories, \$1,400,000;

1 Naval Operating Base, Argentina, Newfoundland:

2 Water treatment plant, \$92,700;

3 Naval Radio Station, Argentina, Newfoundland:

4 Consolidated communication facilities, including build-
5 ings and accessories, \$1,000,000;

6 Naval Radio Station, Greenland: Consolidated com-
7 munication facilities, including buildings and accessories,
8 \$999,323;

9 Naval Operating Base, Guam:

10 Dredging and filling at Apra Harbor, \$4,000,-
11 000;

12 Utility distribution systems, including electrical
13 transmission steam generating plant, island water
14 supply system, water storage and distribution, sew-
15 age and drainage systems and extension of roads,
16 \$6,000,000,

17 Barracks, messhall and galley, \$1,677,777;

18 Naval Medical Center, Guam: Development of hos-
19 pital facilities, including buildings and accessories,
20 \$5,000,000;

21 Naval Ammunition Depot, Guam: High explosive
22 storage facilities and accessories, \$1,000,000;

23 Naval Radio Station, Guam: Permanent communi-
24 cation facilities, including buildings and accessories,
25 \$1,500,000;

1 Naval Supply Center, Guam: Permanent facilities,
2 including storage building, fuel pipe line, and accessories,
3 \$6,000,000;

4 Fleet Marine Force Base, Guam: Development of
5 facilities, including buildings, service depot facilities and
6 accessories, \$4,000,000;

7 Submarine Base, Guam: Marginal bulkhead, includ-
8 ing base site preparation and accessory construction,
9 \$1,670,000;

10 Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii:

11 Acquisition of land, five hundred and twenty
12 acres at Waikele and Kipapa Gulches, \$70,000;

13 Acquisition of land at West Loch for barricaded
14 sidings (one hundred fifty-nine and fourteen one
15 hundredths acres), \$200,000;

16 Naval Radio Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Consolidated
17 communication facilities, including buildings and acces-
18 sories, \$1,390,000;

19 Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii:

20 Fire protection for Dry Dock No. 2, \$92,700;

21 Modernization of waterfront lighting, \$51,000;

22 Naval Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Water pump-
23 ing station at Waiawa Gulch, \$2,500,000;

24 Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico:

25 Acquisition of land—Culebra Island, \$110,000;

1 Naval Operating Base, Saipan: Air intercept train-
2 ing facilities, \$148,500;

3 Naval Radio Station, Summit, Canal Zone: Increase
4 transmitter power output, \$612,000;

5 Supplementary Naval Radio Activity, Wahiawa,
6 Hawaii: Permanent facilities for supplemental radio
7 activity accessories, \$3,000,000;

8 Various locations—outside continental United
9 States: For the correction of deficiencies in existing
10 facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto,
11 \$1,500,000.

12 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

13 (Out of the postal revenues)

14 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF
15 COLUMBIA

16 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

17 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1948, for "Printing and binding", \$25,000.

19 FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

20 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

21 Damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year
22 1948, for "Damage claims", \$40,000.

23 OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

24 Rural Delivery Service: For an additional amount, fiscal
25 year 1948, for "Rural Delivery Service", \$1,125,000.

1 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Electric-car service: For an additional amount, fiscal
3 year 1948, for "Electric-car service", \$5,000, to be derived
4 by transfer from the appropriation "Salaries, Office of the
5 Chief Inspector", for said fiscal year.

6 Foreign mail transportation: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1948, for "Foreign mail transportation",
8 \$2,000,000.

9 Balances due foreign countries: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Balances due foreign coun-
11 tries", \$5,000,000.

12 Indemnities, international mail: For an additional
13 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Indemnities, international
14 mail", \$15,000.

15 OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

16 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
17 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for
18 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
19 \$54,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation
20 "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

21 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
22 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for
23 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
24 \$758,000.

1 OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
3 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Post Office sta-
4 tionery, equipment, and supplies", \$194,000.

5 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
6 1948, for "Vehicle service", \$2,564,000.

7 Public Buildings, Maintenance and Operation

8 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
9 amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Operating supplies, public
10 buildings", \$20,150, to be derived by transfer from the
11 appropriations for "Operating force, public buildings", for
12 said fiscal year.

13 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
14 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating supplies, public
15 buildings", \$230,500, to be derived by transfer from the
16 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
17 said fiscal year.

18 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

19 FOREIGN SERVICE

20 Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service: For an addi-
21 tional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses,
22 Foreign Service", \$1,000,000.

23 Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For
24 an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Living and
25 quarters allowances, Foreign Service", \$250,000.

INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus", for the Pan American Sanitary Bureau, \$47,932; and certain items under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1948, are amended as follows: The amount made available for the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, shall be available for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available for the International Bureau of Weights and Measures is increased from "\$8,314" to "\$9,278" for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available under the International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions for the International Scientific Radio Union, is increased from "\$392" to "\$1,777"; and the amount made available for Inter-American Coffee Board is decreased from "\$8,000" to "\$6,251".

United States participation in international organizations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United States participation in international organizations", for the International Civil Aviation Organization, \$3,750,000.

United States participation in international organiza-

1 tions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
2 "United States participation in international organizations",
3 for the World Health Organization (Act of ————,
4 Public Law ———) (S. J. Res. 98), \$1,915,000.

5 International Boundary and Water Commission, United
6 States and Mexico: The appropriation under this head in the
7 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1949, shall be avail-
8 able for the purchase and exchange of map-reproduction
9 machines and other construction, office, and engineering
10 equipment and parts therefor; payment for official telephone
11 service in the field in case of official telephones installed in
12 private houses when authorized under regulations established
13 by the Commission; and hire, with or without personal
14 services, of aircraft.

15 Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
16 commissions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949,
17 for "Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
18 commissions", for special and technical investigations in con-
19 nection with matters falling within the jurisdiction of the
20 International Joint Commission, United States and Canada,
21 \$75,000.

22 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

23 BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

24 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
25 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000.

BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the Bureau of Federal Supply from the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" of the Office of Scientific Research and Development in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, for furnishing summary technical reports, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1948.

Strategic and critical materials: For necessary expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act of July 23, 1946, including personal services in the District of Columbia; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); and printing and binding; \$300,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, of which \$75,000,000 is for liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority granted under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948; and in addition to the amount herein appropriated, contracts may be entered into for the purposes of the said Act of July 23, 1946, in an amount not in excess of \$300,000,000: *Provided*, That any funds received as proceeds from sale or other disposition of materials on account of the rotation of stocks under said Act shall be deposited to the credit, and be available for expenditure for the purposes, of this appropriation: *Provided further*,

1 That during the fiscal year 1949, in accordance with sub-
2 section 6 (a) of the Act of July 23, 1946 (60 Stat. 598),
3 surplus strategic and critical materials, not to exceed in value
4 the amount of \$175,000,000, may be transferred to stock
5 piles established in accordance with said Act.

6 TITLE II—CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED
7 CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

8 SEC. 201. For payment of claims for damages as settled
9 and determined by departments and agencies in accord with
10 law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Ac-
11 counting Office, and judgments rendered against the United
12 States by United States district courts and the United States
13 Court of Claims, as set forth in House Document Numbered
14 690, Eightieth Congress, \$12,838,409.60, together with such
15 amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when
16 specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of
17 the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such
18 additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may
19 be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided,*
20 That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until
21 it shall have become final and conclusive against the United
22 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Pro-*
23 *vided further,* That, unless otherwise specifically required by
24 law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appro-

1 priated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days
2 after the date of approval of this Act.

3 TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

4 SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and
5 other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter
6 mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all
7 executive departments and agencies, all independent estab-
8 lishments of the Government, and all other organizations and
9 persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall
10 be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General
11 under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of
12 each such department, agency, establishment, or other or-
13 ganization, or each such person, shall submit to the Post-
14 master General within sixty days after the close of each
15 fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes,
16 labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
17 indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

18 SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the
19 Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety
20 days after the close of each fiscal year the number of enve-
21 lopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
22 penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during
23 such fiscal year by each executive department and agency,

1 by each independent establishment, and by each organization
2 and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

3 SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or
4 number of articles or packages of official matter constituting
5 in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight
6 shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege,
7 except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the
8 postal service; and (2) books and documents published or
9 circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Super-
10 intendent of Public Documents or under the franking
11 privilege.

12 SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions
13 of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if other-
14 wise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written
15 matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of
16 weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted
17 for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class
18 rates.

19 (b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the
20 most economical means of transportation practicable, and
21 the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such
22 matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in
23 the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at
24 less expense.

25 SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all

1 independent establishments of the Government, and all other
2 organizations and persons authorized by law to use the
3 penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as prac-
4 ticable, all necessary information requested by the Post
5 Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

6 SEC. 306. No executive department or independent estab-
7 lishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail,
8 free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pam-
9 phlet, list, or other article or document (except official
10 letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are rea-
11 sonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence;
12 informational releases in connection with the decennial census
13 of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government
14 securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes,
15 rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders
16 and interpretations necessary in the administration of such
17 departments and establishments), unless a request therefor
18 has been previously received by such department or inde-
19 pendent establishment; or such transmission is required by
20 law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient
21 thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a
22 statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The
23 head of each independent establishment and executive de-
24 partment (other than the Post Office Department) shall
25 certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter

1 that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage
2 by the independent establishment or department in violation of
3 the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein
4 shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of
5 lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which
6 are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Docu-
7 ments, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases,
8 statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal
9 Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16
10 U. S. C.: *Provided further*, That this prohibition shall not
11 apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals,
12 bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educa-
13 tional institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or
14 other public authorities.

15 SEC. 307. Section 6 of the Act of May 6, 1939 (53
16 Stat. 683), as amended, and Public Law 364 approved
17 June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

18 SEC. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such
19 sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
20 this Act.

21 SEC. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and
22 may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

23 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

24 SEC. 401. Except as otherwise provided therein, the
25 Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547,

1 Eightieth Congress) shall apply to all contracts entered
2 into by the Department of the Army, Department of the
3 Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds
4 from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or
5 in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year
6 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This sec-
7 tion shall also apply in like manner to contracts or sub-
8 contracts entered into by any other department, agency,
9 or independent establishment of the Government pursuant
10 to authority or direction of the Department of the Army,
11 Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air
12 Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations.

13 SEC. 402. No part of any appropriation contained in
14 this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
15 person who engages in a strike against the Government of
16 the United States or who is a member of an organization of
17 Government employees that asserts the right to strike against
18 the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or
19 is a member of an organization that advocates, the over-
20 throw of the Government of the United States by force or
21 violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affi-
22 davit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the per-
23 son making the affidavit has not contrary to the provi-
24 sions of this section engaged in a strike against the Gov-
25 ernment of the United States, is not a member of an

1 organization of Government employees that asserts the
2 right to strike against the Government of the United States,
3 or that such person does not advocate, and is not a mem-
4 ber of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of
5 the Government of the United States by force or violence:
6 *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike
7 against the Government of the United States or who is a
8 member of an organization of Government employees that
9 asserts the right to strike against the Government of the
10 United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of
11 an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Gov-
12 ernment of the United States by force or violence and accepts
13 employment the salary or wages for which are paid from
14 any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a
15 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than
16 \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both:
17 *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be
18 in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other pro-
19 visions of existing law.

20 SEC. 403. This Act may be cited as the "Second Defi-
21 ciency Appropriation Act, 1948."

[FULL COMMITTEE PRINT]

Union Calendar No.

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R.

[Report No.]

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

By Mr. TAYLOR

JUNE 15, 1948

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948.

JUNE 15, 1948.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. TABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 6935]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

The estimates upon which the bill is based are contained in House Documents Nos. 588, 653, 674, 675, 678, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 693, 695, 696, 697, 698 and Senate Documents Nos. 119 and 165, and that part of the 1949 Budget (p. 883) dealing with strategic and critical materials.

The bill makes total appropriations of \$485,196,951.34 against budget estimates of \$598,332,095.34, or a reduction below the budget estimates of \$113,135,144. Of the foregoing amounts, \$12,838,409.60, included in the estimates, was approved in full for the payment of judgments by the courts, and claims certified according to law. Of the total estimates for general purposes, \$585,493,685.74, \$360,000,000 was out of the original budget for 1949 for strategic and critical materials against which the committee has approved \$300,000,000. Aside from this item, therefore, the estimates for general purposes were \$225,493,685.74, for which the committee recommends appropriations totaling \$172,358,541.74, a reduction of \$53,135,144.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN ECONOMIC COOPERATION

The bill includes \$262,000 for salaries and expenses of the staff to service the Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation established in pursuance of section 124 (a) of the Economic Cooperation Act, 1948. This amount is intended to provide for the salaries.

of 22 employees and to cover other expenses incident to the functions of this committee. The administrative needs of this committee cannot be definitely stated at this stage for the reason that final action has not been taken on the appropriation bill and the entire program is in the inception stage. While it is possible that additional duties from those presently in view for the staff may be imposed either by final action on the appropriation bill or by other demands which may be made on the staff by the joint committee on the basis of its rather broad authority in following through the activities of the Economic Cooperation Administration, the committee feels that a greater amount is not warranted at this time.

CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY ABROAD

The bill contains the amount of \$18,300,000 for this purpose to be allocated as follows: Department of State, \$1,000,000; Department of the Army, \$1,000,000; Department of the Navy, \$700,000; sales to foreign governments, \$15,600,000.

Previous testimony on the disposition of surplus property abroad had given the committee reason to hope that all of the surpluses would be disposed of by the end of the current fiscal year and, while appreciating the difficulties under which dispositions must be made, including the negotiations for sales on credit and the dollar shortages in the other countries, the committee nonetheless feels that greater progress could have been made. With respect to the item, \$15,600,000, it should be stated that this amount is provided in the accompanying bill for the supplying of certain military equipment in pursuance of contracts heretofore entered into by the Department of State. This equipment is to be used solely for strengthening the internal security forces of these countries.

DISASTER RELIEF

The committee has approved an appropriation of \$500,000 against an estimate of \$600,000 for disaster relief. The fund was requested primarily for the purpose of relieving distress in the recent disastrous flood in the Columbia River Valley, but is written in such terms as to permit its use for any similar catastrophe occurring elsewhere.

The committee, of course, listens sympathetically to any plea for funds to relieve human distress but looks upon such catastrophes as being primarily a local responsibility. Local and State resources should be drawn upon to whatever extent available before the Federal Government is expected to step in and render assistance. Therefore, the committee has included in the bill a provision requiring agreements with the Governor of any State where expenditures are proposed giving assurance that local and State resources are being utilized insofar as possible.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

RECONVERSION UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For the fiscal year 1949, \$750,000, the amount of the original budget estimate, was appropriated for this purpose. The act was relatively

new at the time the estimate was prepared and it was not possible to forecast accurately what sum would eventually be required. After several months' experience, the Agency has recommended an additional appropriation of \$1,530,000, but the committee, after exploring the matter, does not believe that the full sum is required and recommends \$1,170,000. In the event this amount proves inadequate, it will be necessary to provide an additional appropriation inasmuch as these claims must be paid as adjudicated.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

In addition to approving items recommended in the deficiency estimates for the acquisition of sites and construction of buildings, the committee has reconsidered an estimate submitted in Senate Document No. 119 in the amount of \$850,000 for the purchase of a building located at 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass., now occupied by the Government under lease. The original estimate was rejected as it was deemed too high, but further negotiations have secured an offer to sell for \$750,000, which amount is included in the bill. The rental on the building would cost the Government more than this amount in 5 years' time and the cost of restoration to former condition—removal of partitions, etc.—in the event the Government moved out, would be \$325,000. Under these circumstances, the committee believes that it is in the interest of the Government to purchase the building.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

The committee recommends the amount of \$175,000, a reduction of \$15,000 in the budget estimate, for the liquidation of war agencies transferred to the Department of Commerce. The committee is not satisfied with the progress that has been made to date in this activity, and feels that the remaining great volume of liquidation activity, after over 1 year of operation, cannot be satisfactorily explained. The committee is recommending substantially the amount of the budget estimate on condition that the Secretary of Commerce exert every effort to complete this liquidation by the end of fiscal year 1949.

With respect to the budget estimate of \$900,000 for carrying out voluntary agreements under provisions of the act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), the committee is recommending \$600,000. Justifications in support of this item seem to indicate that the major portion of the substantive work in connection with this activity will be performed by private industry, with the Department of Commerce coordinating the activities of the various industry committees and finally passing upon the industry agreements from the standpoint of their effect on the general economy of this country. In addition, much preparatory work has already been performed in connection with the requirements of our preparedness program and in the allocation of materials in short supply, and while the law imposes specific responsibilities on the President, and through him on the Secretary of Commerce, the committee feels that the change and increase in the

responsibilities in the Department of Commerce has not been of such magnitude as to call for additional appropriations in excess of the amount provided in the accompanying bill.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

The bill carries \$2,600,000 in contract authority, a reduction of \$4,213,000 in the budget estimate submitted for the establishment of air-navigation facilities. Of the amount recommended, the amount of \$977,000 is for the installation of instrument-landing systems which it is anticipated will be declared surplus in the near future by the Department of the Air Force, and \$323,000 for repairs necessary to Civil Aeronautics Administration structures and equipment caused by recent floods and hurricanes in Florida and Louisiana. The balance of the approved amount, \$1,300,000, is intended to cover additional costs of certain equipment for the Federal airway system and for which previous amounts were appropriated both during fiscal year 1948 and for fiscal year 1949. The committee cannot fully understand why the Civil Aeronautics Administration should make supplemental requests to meet the increased cost of equipment appropriated for 10 months previously. It would seem evident that the entire air-navigation-facilities program is lagging. Accordingly, the committee is of the belief that the additional funds provided will be adequate for the procurement of perhaps a lesser number of units than originally contemplated, but which can be installed within the foreseeable future. Such additional amounts as may be required to supplement increased costs of equipment will be considered by the committee at the time the Department appears in support of its estimates for the fiscal year 1950.

The bill includes \$8,000,000 for the construction of an airport at Anchorage, Alaska. Of this sum, \$3,000,000 is in direct appropriations and \$5,000,000 in contract authority. Testimony before the committee indicated that the present volume of traffic at Fairbanks could not justify the request for \$5,000,000 for a civilian airport at that point. While it was stated that the total civilian operations at the Army airport at Fairbanks averaged 120 per day, the total number of take-offs and landings by principal certificated carriers, for which a field of the size contemplated is required, averaged 115 per month, or an average of 3.8 per day. The committee fully appreciates the importance of civilian air travel in Alaska, and should conditions with respect to air travel in the Fairbanks area alter to an extent that an additional airport can be more definitely justified, the committee will be glad to consider a request for this purpose after the Congress convenes in January.

For air navigation development, the bill includes \$50,000, a reduction of \$50,000 in the budget estimate. While both the President's Air Policy Board and the Joint Congressional Aviation Policy Committee recommended the planning and development of a national system of aids to air navigation and air control common to military and civil air navigation, it is felt that this has been or should have been one of the continuing functions of the Air Coordinating Committee and that the expenses of such additional responsibilities as may be imposed on the Civil Aeronautics Administration as a result of an apparent need

for intensification of this program can be adequately defrayed by the funds recommended for this purpose.

The committee is recommending the full amount of the budget estimate, \$4,000,000, for export control. This activity is carried on by six organizational units of the Department of Commerce, but principally by the Office of International Trade, for which the amount of \$3,625,000 is allocated. The presentation of this item again illustrated to the committee the difficulties which constantly present themselves in connection with the integration of new or expanding programs into the present organizational structure of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. It points out the fact that primary commercial interests are founded on commodities rather than on areas of trade and while there has been some evidence that the Bureau is beginning to lean toward a commodity form of organization, as previously existed, it is hoped that further progress can be made along this line.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

The committee is recommending \$1,000,000 for the Immigration and Naturalization Service to supplement the fiscal year 1949 appropriation of \$27,150,000. Of the amount recommended, approximately \$500,000 is to defray additional overtime salary costs of immigration inspectors provided for under the act of March 2, 1931. The remaining \$500,000 is to be utilized for the strengthening of field investigations in order to secure better control of persons admitted for temporary stay, reducing the arrearage of pending investigations and otherwise enforcing the departure of aliens illegally in the United States. The committee is not impressed with the justification for an additional 230 employees for this Service. Statistical data contained in the printed hearings indicates that the net result of the increased activity would result in total deportations of approximately 22,400 aliens, or only 800 more than was estimated under the original budget request which was approved in the full amount. The total amount appropriated for this service for the fiscal year 1948 is \$27,000,000. Deductions of nonrecurring items not required in fiscal year 1949 total \$840,000, establishing a comparative appropriation of about \$26,160,000. The net amount available for this activity for 1949, excluding the \$500,000 provided for overtime, is \$27,650,000, or nearly \$1,500,000 more than is available during the current year. The committee is also of the belief that the Immigration Service may be going somewhat far afield in its investigations of subversive classes of aliens and feels that greater cooperation between this Service and other law-enforcement agencies, both Federal and local, would result in considerable reductions in operational costs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Estimates totaling \$11,721,000 for the Post Office Department and postal service have been approved. The amount is composed of a number of items, the largest of which is \$5,000,000 for balances due foreign countries, and all of which are related to uncontrollable items of expense related directly to mail volume. As explained by the

committee in the report on the supplemental Post Office appropriations for 1949, the mail volume and general business of the postal service has been increasing at so rapid a rate that it has not been possible to forecast accurately in advance the amount of funds required.

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Engineer service, 1948.—The estimate of \$40,000,000 under this head has been reduced to \$32,700,000. The committee believes that the amount allowed will be sufficient to carry this program through the remainder of the fiscal year 1948. The major portion of this is for the continuation of projects already undertaken in the Territory of Alaska. The committee deplores the high unit cost of construction of quarters for military personnel. It realizes, of course, that a higher rate must be paid for construction in the Territory, but nevertheless, feels that the Army can reduce the cost of this program by certain economies, particularly in the method of handling its shipping.

Flood control, general (emergency fund).—The committee recommends approval in full of the budget estimate of \$6,000,000 for the purpose of providing emergency repair work in the area recently flooded by the Columbia River. The exact program for alleviation of this damage, of course, cannot be accurately determined at this time inasmuch as most of the flooded area is still under water. However, the committee realizes that there will be considerable work of an emergency nature in connection with the repairing of levees and otherwise rehabilitating destruction, and desires to make adequate provision so this work can proceed immediately.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1947.—The committee has approved the budget estimate providing for transfers to this appropriation in the amount of \$59,500,000 for the purposes of making up the deficiency incurred during the fiscal year 1947.

Transportation of things, 1948.—The committee has declined to allow at this time the budget estimate of \$20,000,000. Testimony indicated that the exact amount of the deficiency on this item is still a matter of considerable uncertainty. The Navy is authorized by law to incur a deficiency on this appropriation. Since the submission of the original 1948 budget estimates, several freight-rate increases have been approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission, certain postage rates have increased and there has been an increase in the amount of freight shipped, which could not be avoided.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Public works (continuing).—The committee considered a budget estimate calling for an appropriation of \$50,000,000 cash, plus contract authorization in the amount of \$66,500,000. The justifications in

support of this estimate proposed projects within the continental limits of the United States in the sum of \$59,913,718, and outside the continental limits of \$56,586,282, a total of \$116,500,000. The committee is approving a total availability of \$97,983,200, of which \$59,000,000 is in the form of contract authorization, and recommends projects in the continental limits of the United States totaling \$47,983,200 and outside the continental limits totaling \$50,000,000.

The Navy has authority to use the cash provided in the bill for starting either continental projects or those outside. It is felt that the amount of cash allowed will be ample to provide for the expenditure needs through the fiscal year 1949. The contract authority provided will enable the Navy to make contracts and get work under way where the actual cash will not be required until later.

The committee has denied the request of \$60,000 to purchase land at the Naval Air Station, Key West, Fla., which the Navy now leases from Monroe County, Fla. Testimony indicated that it was the intention of the Navy to pay the county for the land and at the same time give back to the county certain aviation rights. The committee feels that this project should be restudied and if the Navy really needs the land, should arrange for purchase on an outright basis rather than to handle the matter in the manner proposed.

The hearings developed that the proposed hospital and medical center for Guam was on a much more elaborate scale than would actually be necessary and testimony was given indicating that instead of a 1,000-bed hospital being required for the Navy, a 500-bed hospital would be sufficient to care for the requirements of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. The committee has accordingly allowed \$5,000,000 toward the start of this project but does so with the recommendation that the over-all planned cost be considerably reduced. The committee does recognize the desirability of building the hospital upon a chassis suitable for handling 750 beds so that an addition of 250 beds could be made at a later date if necessary without having to install additional basic plant facilities to handle such an increase. It is believed that certain proposed items could be eliminated from the medical center without in any way lessening the quality of medical service.

The committee has deleted proposed language which would have consolidated the money appropriated in this bill with the balances of public works' funds appropriated in lump sums during the war years. It is the desire of the committee, agreed to by the Navy in the hearings, that it would be desirable to start a new accounting of this program similar to the policy which was adopted for the fiscal year 1948 in connection with the shipbuilding program. The bill provides two sums of \$1,500,000 each for miscellaneous items that might be needed, one in the continental United States and one outside, with language so worded as to restrict its use to existing facilities.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FOREIGN SERVICE

The committee is including in the bill an additional amount of \$1,000,000 for salaries and expenses, Foreign Service, and \$250,000 for living and quarters allowances, both items being for the purpose

of supplying additional protection and security-control measures in our posts abroad. While the security program of the Foreign Service has proved itself indispensable and one which perhaps should have been initiated much sooner, the committee feels that the amount recommended should enable the Foreign Service adequately to strengthen its organization in this respect in the most vital areas.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS

The original budget for 1949 included an estimate of \$360,000,000 for the purchase and stock piling of strategic and critical materials related to national defense. Upon learning that a supplemental estimate probably would be made, the committee suspended consideration of the matter and, subsequently, a supplemental budget estimate was received recommending, in addition to the direct appropriation, a contract authorization of \$375,000,000. In full recognition of the vital importance of maintaining an adequate supply of materials not readily obtainable, but urgently needed upon beginning of major defense expansion, the committee has carefully explored the situation and is apprehensive that the program is lacking the degree of planning, forethought, and coordination which should be an integral part of any such large-scale expenditure. The committee has, therefore, approved an appropriation of \$300,000,000 and a contract authorization of \$300,000,000 and admonishes the officials of the various agencies participating in the planning of the program and expenditure of the funds to make such plans and contracts as will insure the provident use of the appropriation.

PENALTY MAIL

The committee has incorporated in title III of the bill language to provide for the repeal of penalty mail payments by the various departments and agencies of the Government. The language carried is the same as that contained in the bill H. R. 6406 which was reported by the House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service on June 2, 1948 (H. Rept. 2151), and passed by the House on June 8, 1948.

Throughout the hearings by the various subcommittees of the Committee on Appropriations during both sessions of this Congress it has become evident that the desired economies which were sought by the enactment of this act have not been attained.

Beginning with the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill for 1949, the committee has deleted from that and subsequent bills all appropriations for penalty mail under the current law, anticipating action on its recommendation that the law requiring such appropriations be repealed. The bills reported earlier included funds for this purpose. If the legislation proposed is enacted, the funds included in the earlier bills for payment to the Treasury of penalty-mail costs will not be required and the Bureau of the Budget will, therefore, be requested to impound the amounts thereof.

This action has practically universal approval among members of the Appropriations Committee who have observed the operations of the law closely and have studied the appropriations justification for this purpose.

CONTRACT RENEGOTIATION

The Supplemental National Defense Act for 1948 which provided funds for the aircraft procurement program, included as section III thereof legislation requiring renegotiation of contracts with respect to aircraft procurement. This section entitled "The Renegotiation Act of 1948," while applicable only to aircraft procurement, is in such terms as readily to lend itself to general application to Government procurement. Inasmuch as the national defense agencies of the Government are embarking on large-scale construction and procurement programs, the committee deems it of highest importance that the statute generally apply to such programs. Therefore, to accomplish this purpose, the committee has included section 401 which reads as follows:

Except as otherwise provided therein, the Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547, 80th Cong.) shall apply to all contracts entered into by the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This section shall also apply in like manner to contracts or subcontracts entered into by any other department, agency, or independent establishment of the government pursuant to authority or direction of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations.

COMPLIANCE WITH CLAUSE 2A OF RULE XIII

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE BILL	EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE REPEALED
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TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

SECTION 321B OF TITLE 39, UNITED STATES CODE

SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of each such department, agency, establishment, or other organization, or each such person, shall submit to the Postmaster General within sixty days after the close of each fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety days after the close of each fiscal year the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during such fiscal year by each executive department and agency, by each independent establishment, and by each organization and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or number of articles or packages of official matter constituting in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege, except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the postal service; and (2) books and documents published or circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Superintendent of Public Documents or under the franking privilege.

SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if otherwiseailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class rates.

(b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the most economical means of transportation practicable, and the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such matter for shipment by mail when

(Sec. 6 of the Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1940, as amended)

【SEC. 6. On and after July 1, 1939, no executive department or independent establishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail, free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pamphlet, list, or other article or document (except official letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are reasonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence; informational releases in connection with the decennial census of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes, rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders and interpretations necessary in the administration of such departments and establishments), unless a request therefor has been previously received by such department or independent establishment; or such transmission is required by law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. For each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing July 1, 1939, the head of each independent establishment and executive department (other than the Post Office Department) shall submit to the Postmaster General, within thirty days after the close of the quarter, a statement of the weight of the mail matter by classes of mail that the independent establishment or department has transmitted free of postage during such quarter, and he shall also certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each such quarter that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage by the independent establishment or department in violation of the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases, statistical, and other

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE BILL EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE REPEALED

in his judgment it is in the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at less expense.

SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as practicable, all necessary information requested by the Post Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 306. No executive department or independent establishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail, free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pamphlet, list, or other article or document (except official letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are reasonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence; informational releases in connection with the decennial census of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes, rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders and interpretations necessary in the administration of such departments and establishments), unless a request therefor has been previously received by such department or independent establishment; or such transmission is required by law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The head of each independent establishment and executive department (other than the Post Office Department) shall certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage by the independent establishment or department in violation of the provisions of this section: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Documents, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases, statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16 U. S. C.: Provided further, That this prohibition shall not apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals, bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educational institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or other public authorities.

SEC. 307. Section 6 of the Act of May 6, 1939 (53 Stat. 683), as amended and Public Law 364 approved June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

reports offered for sale by the Federal Power Commission as authorized by section 312 of the Federal Power Act: Provided further, That this prohibition shall not apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals, bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educational institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or other public authorities.】

PUBLIC LAW 364, SEVENTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, APPROVED JUNE 28, 1944

【AN ACT Relating to the use of the penalty mail privilege

【Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of each such department, agency, establishment, or other organization, or each such person, shall submit to the Postmaster General within sixty days after the close of each fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

【SEC. 2. (a) The Postmaster General shall report to the Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget as soon as practicable after the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1944, and within ninety days after the close of each subsequent fiscal year, the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia used during such fiscal year by each executive department and agency, by each independent establishment, and by each organization and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

【(b) The Postmaster General shall, beginning with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1944, report quarterly to the Congress and the Bureau of the Budget the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia procured or accounted for, through him, by each such department, agency, establishment, and other organization and person, together with the estimated number of pieces and weight of matter mailed free

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE BILL	EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE REPEALED
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SEC. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

of postage under the penalty privilege and the estimated cost of handling such matter as determined by the cost-ascertainment procedure of the Post Office Department.

[(c) Based on the estimated cost determined in accordance with subsection (b), each such department, agency, and independent establishment, except the Post Office Department, shall include in its annual estimates of appropriations an amount representing the anticipated costs to the Post Office Department of handling the penalty mail of such department, agency, or independent establishment.

[(d) Within thirty days following determination and advice by the Postmaster General of the estimated cost of handling the penalty mail, each such department, agency, and independent establishment shall deposit in the general funds of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts from its appropriations an amount equivalent to such costs.

[SEC. 3. On and after August 1, 1944, no article or package of official matter, or number of articles or packages of official matter constituting in fact a single shipment exceeding four pounds in weight shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege, except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the postal service; and (2) books and documents published or circulated by order of Congress, when mailed by the Superintendent of Public Documents or under the franking privilege.

[SEC. 4. (a) Official matter not within the provisions of section 3 which is over four pounds in weight, if otherwise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class rates.

[(b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the most economical means of transportation practicable, and the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at less expense.

[SEC. 5. Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this Act shall not apply to the Department of War and the Department of the Navy, and their activities outside of the city of Washington, for the duration of the present war and six months thereafter.

NEW LAW AS PROPOSED IN THE EXISTING LAW PROPOSED TO BE
BILL REPEALED

【SEC. 6. All executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as practicable, all necessary information requested by the Post Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

【SEC. 7. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

【SEC. 8. This Act shall take effect July 1, 1944.】

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill

[The year indicated after each item denotes the fiscal year]

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS			
	LEGISLATIVE BRANCH			
	SENATE			
	Beneficiary of deceased Senator.....	-----	\$12, 500. 00	+ \$12, 500. 00
	Contingent expenses: Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation.....	-----	262, 000. 00	+ 262, 000. 00
	Total, Senate.....	-----	274, 500. 00	+ 274, 500. 00
	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES			
	Beneficiary of deceased Representative.....	-----	12, 500. 00	+ 12, 500. 00
	Mileage.....	-----	906. 00	+ 906. 00
	Contingent expenses of the House:			
697	Reporting hearings, 1947.....	\$13, 000. 00	11, 000. 00	- 2, 000. 00
697	Reporting hearings, 1948.....	15, 000. 00	15, 000. 00	-----

697	Stationery (revolving fund)-----	500.00	131,900.00	+131,400.00
	Total, contingent expenses of the House-----	28,500.00	157,900.00	+129,400.00
	Total, House of Representatives-----	28,500.00	171,306.00	+142,806.00
	Total, legislative branch-----	28,500.00	445,806.00	+417,306.00
	THE JUDICIARY			
653	Miscellaneous items of expense: Printing and binding, 1948-----	23,000.00	23,000.00	-----
	FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT			
685	Defense aid, liquidation lend-lease program: Administrative expenses, 1949-----	292,000.00	250,000.00	--42,000.00
678	Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad, 1949----	19,155,000.00	18,300,000.00	--855,000.00
691	Disaster relief, 1949-----	600,000.00	500,000.00	--100,000.00
	Total funds appropriated to the President-----	20,047,000.00	19,050,000.00	--997,000.00
	INDEPENDENT OFFICES			
	FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY			
	<i>Social Security Administration</i>			
689	Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen, 1949-----	1,530,000.00	1,170,000.00	--360,000.00
689	Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security 1949----	57,750.00	50,000.00	--7,750.00
	Total, Federal Security Agency-----	1,587,750.00	1,220,000.00	--367,750.00

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
INDEPENDENT OFFICES—Continued				
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY				
<i>Public Buildings Administration</i>				
653	Acquisition of property, 1948-----	\$79, 000. 00	\$79, 000. 00	-----
653	Sites and planning, 1948-----	675, 000. 00	675, 000. 00	-----
675	General Accounting Office Building, District of Columbia, 1948--	(22, 850, 000. 00)	(22, 850, 000. 00)	-----
675	Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia, 1948-----	1 1, 000, 000. 00	1 1, 000, 000. 00	-----
S. 119	Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Mass-----	850, 000. 00	750, 000. 00	—\$100, 000. 00
	Total, Federal Works Agency-----	2, 604, 000. 00	2, 504, 000. 00	— 100, 000. 00
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE				
653	Salaries, 1949-----	680, 000. 00	450, 000. 00	— 230, 000. 00
NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY				
696	Maintenance and operation of properties, 1949-----	2, 900. 00	-----	— 2, 900. 00
	Total, Independent Offices-----	4, 874, 650. 00	4, 174, 000. 00	— 700, 650. 00

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
653	Judgments-----	132.00	132.00
653	Audited claims-----	28, 167.50	28, 167.50
	Total, District of Columbia-----	28, 299.50	28, 299.50
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION			
<i>Bureau of Animal Industry</i>			
653	Salaries and expenses: Agriculture remount service, 1949-----	510, 000.00	400, 000.00
653	Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals, 1948-----	25, 400, 000.00	25, 400, 000.00
	Total, Agricultural Research Administration-----	25, 910, 000.00	25, 800, 000.00
FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS			
653	Forest roads and trails, 1949-----	² 10, 000, 000.00	³ 7, 500, 000.00
	Total, Department of Agriculture-----	35, 910, 000.00	33, 300, 000.00
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY			
653	Liquidation of war agencies, 1949-----	190, 000.00	175, 000.00
653	Voluntary agreements, 1949-----	900, 000.00	600, 000.00
	Total, Office of the Secretary-----	1, 090, 000.00	775, 000.00

¹ In addition, contract authorization, \$14,875,000.² In addition, contract authorization, \$10,000,000.³ In addition, contract authorization, \$7,500,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—Continued				
CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION				
653	Establishment of air-navigation facilities, 1949-----	(\$6, 813, 000. 00)	(\$2, 600, 000. 00)	(—\$4, 213, 000. 00)
653	Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska, 1948-----	4 4, 000, 000. 00	5 3, 000, 000. 00	—1, 000, 000. 00
674	Air navigation development, 1949-----	100, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	—50, 000. 00
	Total, Civil Aeronautics Administration-----	4, 100, 000. 00	3, 050, 000. 00	—1, 050, 000. 00
BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE				
653	Departmental salaries and expenses, 1949-----	164, 500. 00	164, 500. 00	-----
653	Export control, 1949-----	4, 000, 000. 00	4, 000, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce-----	4, 164, 500. 00	4, 164, 500. 00	-----
WEATHER BUREAU				
653	Salaries and expenses, 1949-----	370, 000. 00	370, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Department of Commerce-----	9, 724, 500. 00	8, 359, 500. 00	—1, 365, 000. 00

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
653	Office of the Secretary: Contingent expenses, 1948.....	17, 000. 00	17, 000. 00	-----
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
	Legal activities and general administration:			
653	Traveling expenses, 1942.....	5. 03	5. 03	-----
653	Salaries and expenses, Lands Division, 1942.....	609. 50	609. 50	-----
653	Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, 1945.....	35. 00	35. 00	-----
653	Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, 1948.....	38, 000. 00	38, 000. 00	-----
653	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., 1946.....	154. 71	154. 71	-----
653	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., 1948.....	80, 000. 00	65, 000. 00	—15, 000. 00
653	Fees of witnesses, 1948.....	50, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	-----
	Total, legal activities and general administration.....	168, 804. 24	153, 804. 24	—15, 000. 00
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE				
653	Salaries and expenses.....	2, 390, 000. 00	1, 000, 000. 00	—1, 390, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Justice.....	2, 558, 804. 24	1, 153, 804. 24	—1, 405, 000. 00
NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT				
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS				
<i>Corps of Engineers</i>				
698	Engineer service, 1948.....	40, 000, 000. 00	32, 700, 000. 00	—7, 300, 000. 00

⁴ Contract authorization, \$9,000,000.⁵ Contract authorization, \$5,000,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued				
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS				
<i>Corps of Engineers</i>				
693	Flood control, general (emergency fund), 1949-----	\$6, 000, 000. 00	\$6, 000, 000. 00	-----
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT				
<i>Bureau of Supplies and Accounts</i>				
653	Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1947-----	(⁶)	(⁶)	-----
653	Transportation of things, 1948-----	20, 000, 000. 00	-----	---\$20, 000, 000. 00
<i>Bureau of Yards and Docks</i>				
S. 165	Public works (no year) -----	⁷ 50, 000, 000. 00	⁸ 47, 983, 200. 00	---2, 016, 800. 00
Total, Department of Navy—Naval Establishment -----				
		70, 000, 000. 00	47, 983, 200. 00	---22, 016, 800. 00
Total, National Military Establishment-----				
		116, 000, 000. 00	86, 683, 200. 00	---29, 316, 800. 00

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT (Out of the postal revenues)			
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
653	Contingent expenses, Post Office Department: Printing and binding, 1948-----	25, 000. 00	25, 000. 00
FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
653	Office of the Postmaster General: Damage claims, 1948-----	40, 000. 00	40, 000. 00
653	Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General: Rural delivery service, 1948-----	1, 125, 000. 00	1, 125, 000. 00
Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General:			
687	Electric-car service, 1948-----	(⁹)	(⁹)
653	Foreign mail transportation, 1948-----	2, 000, 000. 00	2, 000, 000. 00
653	Balances due foreign countries, 1948-----	5, 000, 000. 00	5, 000, 000. 00
653	Indemnities, international mail, 1948-----	15, 000. 00	15, 000. 00
Total, Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General-----		7, 015, 000. 00	7, 015, 000. 00
Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General:			
653	Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, 1947-----	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
653	Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, 1948-----	758, 000. 00	758, 000. 00

⁶ Derived by transfer \$59,500,000.⁷ In addition, contract authorization \$66,500,000.⁸ In addition, contract authorization \$50,000,000.⁹ Derived by transfer, \$5,000.¹⁰ Derived by transfer \$54,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—Continued			
	(Out of the postal revenues)—Continued			
	FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—continued			
	Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:			
653	Post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies, 1948-----	\$194, 000. 00	\$194, 000. 00	-----
653	Vehicle service, 1948-----	2, 564, 000. 00	2, 564, 000. 00	-----
	Public buildings, maintenance and operation:			
653	Operating supplies, public buildings, 1947-----	(11)	(11)	-----
653	Operating supplies, public buildings, 1948-----	(12)	(12)	-----
	Total, Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General-----	2, 758, 000. 00	2, 758, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Field Service, Post Office Department-----	11, 696, 000. 00	11, 696, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Post Office Department-----	11, 721, 000. 00	11, 721, 000. 00	-----

DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
FOREIGN SERVICE			
688	Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service, 1949-----	1, 941, 000. 00	1, 000, 000. 00
688	Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service, 1949-----	510, 000. 00	250, 000. 00
	Total, Foreign Service-----	2, 451, 000. 00	1, 250, 000. 00
INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES			
653	United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus, 1948-----	47, 932. 00	47, 932. 00
653	United States participation in international organizations:		
	International Civil Aviation Organization, 1949-----	4, 100, 000. 00	3, 750, 000. 00
	World Health Organization, 1949-----	1, 915, 000. 00	1, 915, 000. 00
653	Salaries and expenses, American sections, international com- missions, 1949-----	75, 000. 00	75, 000. 00
653	International information and educational activities, 1949-----	5, 000, 000. 00	-----
653	Swiss war-damage claims, 1948-----	10, 607, 000. 00	-----
	Total, international activities-----	21, 744, 932. 00	5, 787, 932. 00
	Total, Department of State-----	24, 195, 932. 00	7, 037, 932. 00

¹¹ Derived by transfer \$20,150.¹² Derived by transfer \$230,500.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Doc. No.	Department or agency	Amount of budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
TREASURY DEPARTMENT				
653	Bureau of Engraving and Printing: Salaries and expenses, 1949--	\$365, 000. 00	\$365, 000. 00	-----
588	Bureau of Federal Supply: Strategic and critical materials, 1949--	¹³ 360, 000, 000. 00	¹⁴ 300, 000, 000. 00	—\$60, 000, 000. 00
	Total, Treasury Department-----	360, 365, 000. 00	300, 365, 000. 00	—60, 000, 000. 00
	Total, Title I, General appropriations-----	585, 493, 685. 74	472, 358, 541. 74	—113, 135, 144. 00
TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS				
690	Claims for damages, judgments rendered against United States, and audited claims-----	12, 838, 409. 60	12, 838, 409. 60	-----
	Grand total-----	598, 332, 095. 34	485, 196, 951. 34	—113, 135, 144. 00

¹³ In addition Contract Authorization, \$375,000,000.

¹⁴ In addition Contract Authorization, \$300,000,000.

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Union Calendar No. 1161

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 6935

[Report No. 2348]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 15, 1948

Mr. TABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the following bill; which was committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply
5 deficiency appropriations for the fiscal year ending June
6 30, 1948, and for other purposes, namely:

7 LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

8 SENATE

9 For payment to Ruth D. Overton, widow of John H.
10 Overton, late a Senator from the State of Louisiana, \$12,500.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation:

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation, as authorized by Public Law 472, Eightieth Congress, including per diem allowance in lieu of subsistence expenses for consultants and staff, at the rate of \$10 within the continental limits of the United States and \$12 abroad, without regard to the Subsistence Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended, \$262,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to Emma E. Owens, widow of Thomas L. Owens, late a Representative from the State of Illinois, \$12,500.

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For mileage due and unpaid to Members of the House of Representatives, Seventy-ninth and prior Congresses, \$906.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Reporting hearings", \$11,000.

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Reporting hearings", \$15,000.

Stationery (revolving fund): For an additional stationery allowance of \$300 for each Representative, Dele-

1 gate, and the Resident Commissioner of Puerto Rico, for the
2 second session of the Eightieth Congress, \$131,400, to
3 remain available until expended.

4 Stationery (revolving fund) : For stationery allowance
5 due a newly elected Member of the House of Representa-
6 tives, by special election, second session, Eightieth Congress,
7 to remain available until expended, \$500.

8 GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

9 OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

10 General expenses: Surplus funds accumulated during the
11 fiscal year 1948 through the operation of the working capital
12 of the Government Printing Office (Public printing and
13 binding, Government Printing Office, 1948) are hereby
14 made available for the additional transfer of \$77,000 to the
15 appropriation "General expenses, Office of Superintendent
16 of Documents, 1948", including the objects and subject to
17 the conditions set forth under this heading in the Legislative
18 Branch Appropriation Act, 1948.

19 THE JUDICIARY

20 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

21 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
22 year 1948, for "Printing and binding" for advance opinions,
23 preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Supreme Court,
24 \$23,000.

1 FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

2 ARMED FORCES LEAVE PAYMENTS

3 Payments under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946:

4 Not to exceed \$700,000 of the amount appropriated under
5 this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1947,
6 shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for transfer,
7 in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget
8 may determine, to the Bureau of the Public Debt, Treasury
9 Department, for administrative expenses necessary to carry
10 out the provisions of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946,
11 as amended, including personal services in the District of
12 Columbia and elsewhere, including printing and binding.

13 DEFENSE AID, LIQUIDATION LEND-LEASE PROGRAM

14 Administrative expenses: For the liquidation by the
15 Treasury Department in the fiscal year 1949 of activities
16 under an Act to promote the defense of the United States
17 (55 Stat. 31), as amended, \$250,000.

18 Obligations: Not to exceed \$25,000,000 of the funds
19 appropriated or continued available by title II of the Second
20 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, for carrying out the
21 provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United
22 States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, shall remain available for
23 expenditure until June 30, 1949, for liquidation of obligations
24 incurred under said Act prior to June 30, 1946, and for
25 payment of claims, approved prior to June 30, 1949, under

1 a patent interchange agreement executed pursuant to said
2 Act.

3 CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY
4 ABROAD

5 Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad:
6 To enable the President, by allocation during the fiscal year
7 1949 to any department, agency, corporation, or independ-
8 ent establishment in the executive branch of the Government,
9 to provide for expenses necessary for the care, handling, and
10 disposal, pursuant to law, of surplus property located outside
11 the continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico,
12 and the Virgin Islands, and for the care and handling of
13 surplus property located in the United States but disposed of
14 to foreign governments, including personal services in the
15 District of Columbia; employment of persons outside the con-
16 tinental limits of the United States without regard to civil-
17 service and classification laws; attendance at meetings of
18 organizations concerned with the activities for which this ap-
19 propriation is made; services as authorized by section 15 of
20 the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; payment of
21 rent in foreign countries in advance; printing and binding, in-
22 cluding printing and binding outside the continental limits of
23 the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of
24 March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111) ; and hire of passenger
25 motor vehicles; \$18,300,000: *Provided*, That none of the

1 funds herein appropriated shall be available for reimburse-
2 ment for pay and allowances or subsistence of military or
3 naval personnel except cost-of-living allowances for military
4 or naval personnel assigned or detailed to the Department of
5 State: *Provided further*, That \$13,850,000 of this appropria-
6 tion shall be available exclusively for the care and handling
7 of surplus property located in the United States but disposed
8 of to foreign governments.

9 DISASTER RELIEF

10 Disaster relief: To enable the President, through such
11 agency or agencies as he may designate, and in such manner
12 as he shall determine, to supplement the efforts and available
13 resources of State and local governments or other agencies,
14 whenever he finds that any flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake,
15 or other catastrophe in any part of the United States is of suf-
16 ficient severity and magnitude to warrant emergency assist-
17 ance by the Federal Government in alleviating hardship, or
18 suffering caused thereby, and if the governor of any State
19 in which such catastrophe shall occur shall certify that such
20 assistance is required, \$500,000, to remain available until
21 June 30, 1949, and to be expended without regard to such
22 provisions regulating the expenditure of Government funds
23 or the employment of persons in the Government service
24 as he shall specify: *Provided*, That no expenditures shall be
25 made with respect to any such catastrophe in any State until

1 the governor of such State shall have entered into an agree-
 2 ment with such agency of the Government as the President
 3 may designate giving assurance of expenditure of a reason-
 4 able amount of the funds of the government of such State,
 5 local governments therein, or other agencies, for the same
 6 or similar purposes with respect to such catastrophe: *Pro-*
 7 *vided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be
 8 expended for departmental personal services: *Provided fur-*
 9 *ther*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for
 10 permanent construction: *Provided further*, That within any
 11 affected area Federal agencies are authorized to participate
 12 in any such emergency assistance.

13 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

14 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

15 SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

16 Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen: For
 17 an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Reconversion
 18 unemployment benefits for seamen", \$1,170,000.

19 Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security:
 20 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries
 21 and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security", \$50,000.

22 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

23 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

24 Acquisition of property: For an additional amount for
 25 the acquisition of the site of the Baltimore parcel-post station

1 and an extension to said site, as authorized in the Second
2 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, \$79,000, to remain
3 available until June 30, 1949.

4 Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the
5 District of Columbia: For the acquisition of sites for public
6 buildings, as authorized by the Acts of March 25, 1948
7 (Public Laws 455 and 456), and for acquisition of site and
8 preparation of drawings and specifications for a public build-
9 ing project as authorized by the Act of March 25, 1948
10 (Public Law 457), \$675,000, to remain available until
11 June 30, 1950.

12 General Accounting Office Building, District of Colum-
13 bia: To carry out the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1948
14 (Public Law 533), for the construction of a building for
15 the use of the General Accounting Office on square 518, in
16 the District of Columbia, the Federal Works Administrator
17 is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the project
18 in an amount not exceeding \$22,850,000, and the unobli-
19 gated balance on May 18, 1948, of funds heretofore appro-
20 priated for the construction of a building for the General
21 Accounting Office shall be charged against this contract
22 authorization.

23 Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia: For the
24 construction of a building for the use of the United States
25 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District

1 Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as
2 authorized by the Act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527),
3 \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in
4 addition to this appropriation the Federal Works Admin-
5 istrator is authorized to enter into contracts for such purpose
6 in an amount not exceeding \$14,875,000.

7 Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Massachusetts:
8 For the acquisition of the parcel of land located at 17 Court
9 Street, Boston, Massachusetts, together with all improve-
10 ments thereon and appertaining thereto, including incidental
11 expenses, \$750,000.

12 GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

13 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
14 "Salaries", \$450,000.

15 INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

16 General expenses: The appropriation under this head in
17 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, shall be
18 available for the payment of claims pursuant to section 403
19 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921).

20 NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

21 Salaries and expenses: The limitations under this head
22 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1947, and in
23 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, on the
24 amounts available for deposit in the Treasury for penalty

1 mail, are increased from “\$6,000” to “\$10,100” and from
2 “\$6,500” to “\$12,000”, respectively.

3 The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices
4 Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for serv-
5 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
6 (5 U. S. C. 55a), is increased from “\$10,000” to “\$20,000”.

7 The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the
8 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics from the ap-
9 propriation for “Aviation, Navy”, in the Naval Appropria-
10 tion Act, 1945, for construction and equipment of a wind
11 tunnel at Moffett Field, California, shall remain available
12 during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations
13 incurred prior to July 1, 1947.

14 The unexpended balances of the appropriation for “Air-
15 craft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio”, in the
16 First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain avail-
17 able during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obliga-
18 tions incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

19 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

20 JUDGMENTS

21 For the payment of final judgments, rendered against
22 the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document
23 Numbered 653, Eightieth Congress, together with such
24 further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not
25 exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as

1 provided by law, from the date the same became due until
2 the date of payment, \$132.

3 AUDITED CLAIMS

4 For the payment of claims, certified to be due by the
5 accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the
6 appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been
7 exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions
8 of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713),
9 being for the service of the fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal
10 years, as follows:

11 Salaries and expenses, Executive Office, District of
12 Columbia, 1945, \$11.10;

13 General supervision and instruction, public schools,
14 District of Columbia, 1945, \$13.02;

15 Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds,
16 public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$6.20;

17 Salaries and expenses, Fire Department, District of
18 Columbia, 1945, \$12.46;

19 General administration, Health Department, District of
20 Columbia, 1945, \$36;

21 Medical charities, District of Columbia, 1945 (Eastern
22 Dispensary and Casualty Hospital), \$59.50;

23 Operating expenses, Juvenile Correctional Service, pub
24 lic welfare, District of Columbia, 1945, \$9.12;

1 Operating expenses, District Training School, District of
2 Columbia, 1945, \$8.80;

3 Capital outlay, Office of Superintendent of District
4 Buildings, public works, District of Columbia, 1945,
5 \$14,752.80;

6 Operating expenses, Electrical Division, public works,
7 District of Columbia, 1945, \$50.55;

8 Salaries and expenses, Department of Vehicles and
9 Traffic, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1945, \$826.55;

10 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
11 1944, \$420.46;

12 Public schools, general supervision and instruction, sal-
13 aries and expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$224.28;

14 Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944,
15 \$127.71;

16 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Colum-
17 bia, 1944, \$68.24;

18 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, expenses, District of
19 Columbia, 1944, \$1,221.48;

20 Working-capital fund, Workhouse and Reformatory,
21 District of Columbia, 1944, \$71.77;

22 Water Department, distribution system, expenses, Dis-
23 trict of Columbia, 1944, \$0.69;

24 Refunding water rents, District of Columbia, 1944,
25 \$30.22;

1 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
2 1943, \$176.89;

3 Deportation of nonresident insane, District of Columbia,
4 1943, \$248.62;

5 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
6 1942, \$9,771.08;

7 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
8 1941, \$19.96;

9 In all, \$28,167.50.

10 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

11 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
12 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
13 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
14 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1948.

15 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

16 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

17 BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

18 Salaries and Expenses

19 Agriculture remount service: For carrying out, during
20 the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the Act of April 21,
21 1948 (Public Law 494), including not to exceed \$3,500
22 for departmental personal services in the District of Colum-
23 bia, \$400,000.

1 Eradication of Foot-and-Mouth and Other Contagious
2 Diseases of Animals

3 Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious dis-
4 eases of animals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948,
5 for "Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious
6 diseases of animals", \$25,400,000, to enable the Secretary
7 of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit
8 Corporation for amounts transferred pursuant to authority
9 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropria-
10 tion Act, 1948, as amended by the Supplemental Appro-
11 priation Act, 1948.

12 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

13 Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal
14 year 1949, for "Forest roads and trails", for forest highways,
15 \$7,500,000, to be available immediately and to remain
16 available until expended; and, in addition to this appropria-
17 tion, contracts may be entered into and obligations incurred
18 prior to July 1, 1949, for forest highway work in an amount
19 not to exceed \$7,500,000.

20 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

21 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

22 Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce:
23 For expenses necessary for the liquidation, in the fiscal year
24 1949, of the Foreign Economic Administration, Civilian
25 Production Administration, Office of Price Administration,
26 Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and all other

1 functions of the former Office of Temporary Controls, includ-
2 ing personal services in the District of Columbia and tempo-
3 rary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
4 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$175,000.

5 Voluntary agreements: For expenses necessary for
6 carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of
7 section 2 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law
8 395), relating to voluntary agreements, including personal
9 services in the District of Columbia and temporary services
10 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
11 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for
12 individuals, \$600,000.

13 CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

14 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: In addition
15 to the contract authorization previously granted under this
16 head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act,
17 1949, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to
18 enter into contracts and incur obligations prior to July 1,
19 1949, for the purposes therein specified, in an amount not to
20 exceed \$2,600,000.

21 Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska: For
22 construction of one public airport at Anchorage within the
23 Territory of Alaska, as authorized by the Act of May 28,
24 1948 (Public Law 562), including necessary buildings,
25 structures, and appurtenances, and acquisition of necessary

1 lands and interest in lands; personal services in the District
2 of Columbia; and purchase (not to exceed two) and hire of
3 passenger motor vehicles; \$3,000,000, to remain available
4 until expended; and in addition, the Civil Aeronautics Ad-
5 ministration is authorized to enter into contracts for the
6 purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed
7 \$5,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$175,000 may
8 be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and ex-
9 penses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration, for
10 necessary administrative costs.

11 Air navigation development: For expenses necessary,
12 fiscal year 1949, for planning and developing a national
13 system of aids to air navigation and air traffic control com-
14 mon to military and civil air navigation, including research,
15 experimental investigations, purchase, and development, by
16 contract or otherwise, of new types of air navigation aids
17 (including plans, specifications, and drawings); personal
18 services in the District of Columbia; hire of passenger motor
19 vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
20 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals
21 not in excess of \$50 per diem; \$50,000.

22 BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

23 Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional
24 amount for "Departmental salaries and expenses", fiscal year
25 1949, for carrying out the provisions of sections 3, 4, 18 (c)

1 and 18 (d) of the Rubber Act of 1948 (Public Law 469,
2 approved March 31, 1948), relating to controls over the pro-
3 duction, distribution, and use of rubber, \$164,500, of which
4 not to exceed \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation
5 for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary.

6 Export control: For expenses necessary for carrying out,
7 during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 3 of the
8 Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to
9 export controls, including personal services in the District
10 of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section
11 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates
12 not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$4,000,000, of
13 which not to exceed \$1,350,000 may be transferred to the
14 Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement
15 of the export control program, and of which not to exceed
16 \$62,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Print-
17 ing and binding" in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
18 tion Act, 1949, and of which not to exceed \$45,000 may be
19 transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses"
20 under the Office of the Secretary in said Act.

21 PATENT OFFICE

22 Salaries and expenses: Appropriations under this head
23 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Acts for the
24 fiscal years 1948 and 1949, available for services as author-

1 ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.
2 55a), shall be available for management and operational
3 studies, by contract or otherwise, of the Patent Office.

4 WEATHER BUREAU

5 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
6 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$370,000.

7 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

8 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

9 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

10 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
11 year 1948, for contingent expenses of the Department of
12 the Interior, \$17,000, for payment of claims pursuant to
13 section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act of August 2,
14 1946 (28 U. S. C. 921).

15 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

16 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

17 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", \$5.03.

19 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses,
21 Lands Division", \$609.50.

22 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
23 tional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Miscellaneous salaries
24 and expenses, field", \$35.

1 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
2 tional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Miscellaneous salaries
3 and expenses, field", \$38,000.

4 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
5 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
6 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$154.71.

7 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
8 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Salaries and ex-
9 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$65,000.

10 Fees of witnesses: For an additional amount, fiscal year
11 1948, for "Fees of witnesses", \$50,000.

12 IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

13 Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
14 Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
15 "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
16 Service", \$1,000,000.

17 NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

18 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

19 CORPS OF ENGINEERS

20 Engineer Service, Army

21 Engineer Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
22 1948, for "Engineer Service", including construction of build-
23 ings, utilities, and facilities, \$32,700,000.

1 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

2 CORPS OF ENGINEERS

3 Flood control, general (emergency fund) : For an addi-
4 tional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general
5 (emergency fund)", \$6,000,000, to remain available until
6 expended.

7 DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

8 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

9 Pay and Subsistence of Naval Personnel

10 Pay and subsistence of naval personnel: There are
11 hereby transferred to the appropriation for "Pay and sub-
12 sistence of naval personnel" in the Navy Department Appro-
13 priation Act, 1947, sums from appropriations for the Navy
14 Department and the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year
15 1947, as follows:

16 "Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel",

17 \$25,000,000;

18 "Pay, Marine Corps", \$17,000,000;

19 "General expenses, Marine Corps", \$17,500,000.

20 BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

21 PUBLIC WORKS

22 Public Works: For construction, installation, and equip-
23 ment of temporary or permanent public works, including
24 public utilities and appurtenances, and necessary lands and
25 interest therein, as authorized by the Act of June —, 1948

1 (Public Law —), (S. 1675), including group IV (b)
2 personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other
3 personal services necessary for the purposes of this appro-
4 priation; engineering and architectural services as authorized
5 by section 3 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (34 U. S. C.
6 556) ; travel, and other necessary expenses; to remain avail-
7 able until expended, \$47,983,200; and in addition, the Sec-
8 retary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contracts for
9 the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not exceed-
10 ing \$50,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall
11 not be used for construction of family quarters for personnel
12 at a cost per family unit in excess of \$14,040, except that
13 when such units are constructed outside the continental
14 United States the average cost per unit of all such units
15 constructed shall not exceed \$25,850: *Provided further*,
16 That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of
17 any construction contract entered into under this appropria-
18 tion shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of
19 the construction contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined
20 by the Secretary of the Navy: *Provided further*, That the
21 Secretary of the Navy is authorized to commence, continue,
22 or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by
23 contract or otherwise, only the following-named public works
24 and public utilities projects, as authorized by law, and the
25 amounts allocated to each such project from the appropria-

tion and contract authorization herein shall not exceed the amount specified for each project enumerated, respectively:

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Test cells for turbine engines, \$230,000;

Marine Training and Replacement Command, Camp Joseph H. Pendleton, Oceanside, California: Acquisition of land, five hundred and seventy-five acres, \$46,500;

David Taylor Model Basin, Carderock, Maryland: Wind tunnels and associated facilities, \$1,410,000;

Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia: Acquisition of land, four thousand acres, on Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Maryland, \$120,000;

Naval Supplementary Radio Station, Dupont, South Carolina: Radio operating building, \$74,000;

Naval Ordnance Test Station, Inyokern, California: Acquisition of land, sixty thousand acres, \$70,000,

Aerodynamics field laboratory (Aerodynamics Range), \$500,000,

Ground range, external ballistics, and electronics experimental installation, \$408,000,

Seventy duplex houses (one hundred and forty family units), \$2,000,000;

1 Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New
2 Jersey: Liquid fuel rocket test laboratory, \$306,000;

3 Naval Reserve Armory, Lawrence, Massachusetts:
4 Acquisition of land, five and seven-tenths acres, \$100;

5 Naval Reserve Armory, Lowell, Massachusetts:
6 Acquisition of land, four acres, \$800;

7 Naval Air Station, Mojave, California: Acquisition
8 of land, twenty-eight acres, \$500;

9 Naval Magazine, Montauk, Long Island, New York:
10 Acquisition of land, forty-four acres, \$53,300;

11 Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Oceana, Virginia:
12 Acquisition of aviation easements over approximately
13 four hundred acres of land, \$46,000;

14 Naval Air Station, Patuxent River, Maryland:
15 Facilities for bombing target, \$309,000;

16 Naval Air Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, Cali-
17 fornia: Sea test range, and test and evaluation facilities,
18 including supporting facilities, services, and accessory
19 construction, \$14,000,000;

20 Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme,
21 California: Acquisition of land and improvements, sixty-
22 two and forty-five one-hundredths acres, \$150,000;

23 Naval Electronics Laboratory, Point Loma, San
24 Diego, California: Laboratory supply and utility build-
25 ings, including services and accessories, \$1,590,000;

1 Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia:
2 Acquisition of land, four and eight hundred and fifty-
3 seven one-thousandths acres, \$4,370;

4 Naval Radio Station, Skaggs Island, Sonoma, Cali-
5 fornia: Addition to radio operating building,
6 \$315,000;

7 Naval Supply Annex, Stockton, California: Ac-
8 quisition of land (small island), three and eighty-eight
9 one-hundredths acres, \$1,800;

10 Aeronautical Turbine Laboratory, Trenton, New
11 Jersey: Laboratory building and facilities, including
12 collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$13,-
13 000,000;

14 Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Mary-
15 land:

16 Completion of the supersonic wind tunnels and
17 aerodynamics range, \$1,580,000;

18 Explosives research facility, \$695,000;

19 Naval Unit, White Sands, Proving Ground, Las
20 Cruces, New Mexico:

21 Additional housing facilities, \$2,000,000,

22 Instrumentation of the one-hundred-mile range
23 and camp facilities, \$2,452,830;

24 Radio Transmitting Station (location to be deter-

mined) : Radio transmission facilities, including collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$4,000,000;

Naval Research Laboratory, Orlando, Florida:
Underwater sound reference laboratory, \$1,120,000;

Various Locations—Continental United States:
For correction of deficiencies in existing facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto, \$1,500,000;

OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Operating Base, Adak, Alaska:

Ship repair facilities, \$306,000,

Cold storage building, ice cream plant, and milk facilities, \$340,000,

Two storehouses, \$1,300,000,

Dispensary, \$340,000,

Utility distribution systems, including water, sewer, electric power, heating plant, roads, walks, and drainage, \$2,700,000;

Naval Supplementary Radio Activity, Adak, Alaska: Operations building and associated facilities, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Adak, Alaska: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,400,000;

1 Naval Operating Base, Argentina, Newfoundland:

2 Water treatment plant, \$92,700;

3 Naval Radio Station, Argentina, Newfoundland:

4 Consolidated communication facilities, including build-
5 ings and accessories, \$1,000,000;

6 Naval Radio Station, Greenland: Consolidated com-
7 munication facilities, including buildings and accessories,
8 \$999,323;

9 Naval Operating Base, Guam:

10 Dredging and filling at Apra Harbor, \$4,000,-
11 000,

12 Utility distribution systems, including electrical
13 transmission steam generating plant, island water
14 supply system, water storage and distribution, sew-
15 age and drainage systems and extension of roads,
16 \$6,000,000,

17 Barracks, messhall and galley, \$1,677,777;

18 Naval Medical Center, Guam: Development of hos-
19 pital facilities, including buildings and accessories,
20 \$5,000,000;

21 Naval Ammunition Depot, Guam: High explosive
22 storage facilities and accessories, \$1,000,000;

23 Naval Radio Station, Guam: Permanent communi-
24 cation facilities, including buildings and accessories,
25 \$1,500,000;

1 Naval Supply Center, Guam: Permanent facilities,
2 including storage building, fuel pipe line, and accessories,
3 \$6,000,000;

4 Fleet Marine Force Base, Guam: Development of
5 facilities, including buildings, service depot facilities and
6 accessories, \$4,000,000;

7 Submarine Base, Guam: Marginal bulkhead, includ-
8 ing base site preparation and accessory construction,
9 \$1,670,000;

10 Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii:

11 Acquisition of land, five hundred and twenty
12 acres at Waikele and Kipapa Gulches, \$70,000;

13 Acquisition of land at West Loch for barricaded
14 sidings (one hundred fifty-nine and fourteen one
15 hundredths acres), \$200,000;

16 Naval Radio Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Consolidated
17 communication facilities, including buildings and acces-
18 sories, \$1,390,000;

19 Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii:

20 Fire protection for Dry Dock No. 2, \$92,700;

21 Modernization of waterfront lighting, \$51,000;

22 Naval Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Water pump-
23 ing station at Wahiawa Gulch, \$2,500,000;

24 Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico:
25 Acquisition of land—Culebra Island, \$110,000;

1 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Electric-car service: For an additional amount, fiscal
3 year 1948, for "Electric-car service", \$5,000, to be derived
4 by transfer from the appropriation "Salaries, Office of the
5 Chief Inspector", for said fiscal year.

6 Foreign mail transportation: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1948, for "Foreign mail transportation",
8 \$2,000,000.

9 Balances due foreign countries: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Balances due foreign coun-
11 tries", \$5,000,000.

12 Indemnities, international mail: For an additional
13 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Indemnities, international
14 mail", \$15,000.

15 OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

16 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
17 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for
18 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
19 \$54,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation
20 "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

21 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
22 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for
23 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
24 \$758,000.

1 OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
3 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Post Office sta-
4 tionery, equipment, and supplies", \$194,000.

5 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
6 1948, for "Vehicle service", \$2,564,000.

7 Public Buildings, Maintenance and Operation

8 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
9 amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Operating supplies, public
10 buildings", \$20,150, to be derived by transfer from the
11 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
12 said fiscal year.

13 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
14 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating supplies, public
15 buildings", \$230,500, to be derived by transfer from the
16 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
17 said fiscal year.

18 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

19 FOREIGN SERVICE

20 Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service: For an addi-
21 tional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses,
22 Foreign Service", \$1,000,000.

23 Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For
24 an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Living and
25 quarters allowances, Foreign Service", \$250,000.

INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus", for the Pan American Sanitary Bureau, \$47,932; and certain items under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1948, are amended as follows: The amount made available for the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, shall be available for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available for the International Bureau of Weights and Measures is increased from "\$8,314" to "\$9,278" for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available under the International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions for the International Scientific Radio Union, is increased from "\$392" to "\$1,777"; and the amount made available for Inter-American Coffee Board is decreased from "\$8,000" to "\$6,251".

United States participation in international organizations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United States participation in international organizations", for the International Civil Aviation Organization, \$3,750,000.

United States participation in international organiza-

1 tions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
 2 "United States participation in international organizations",
 3 for the World Health Organization (Act of ————,
 4 Public Law ———) (S. J. Res. 98), \$1,915,000.

5 International Boundary and Water Commission, United
 6 States and Mexico: The appropriation under this head in the
 7 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1949, shall be avail-
 8 able for the purchase and exchange of map-reproduction
 9 machines and other construction, office, and engineering
 10 equipment and parts therefor; payment for official telephone
 11 service in the field in case of official telephones installed in
 12 private houses when authorized under regulations established
 13 by the Commission; and hire, with or without personal
 14 services, of aircraft.

15 Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
 16 commissions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949,
 17 for "Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
 18 commissions", for special and technical investigations in con-
 19 nection with matters falling within the jurisdiction of the
 20 International Joint Commission, United States and Canada,
 21 \$75,000.

22 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

23 BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

24 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 25 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000.

BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the Bureau of Federal Supply from the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" of the Office of Scientific Research and Development in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, for furnishing summary technical reports, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1948.

Strategic and critical materials: For necessary expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act of July 23, 1946, including personal services in the District of Columbia; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); and printing and binding; \$300,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, of which \$75,000,000 is for liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority granted under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948; and in addition to the amount herein appropriated, contracts may be entered into for the purposes of the said Act of July 23, 1946, in an amount not in excess of \$300,000,000: *Provided*, That any funds received as proceeds from sale or other disposition of materials on account of the rotation of stocks under said Act shall be deposited to the credit, and be available for expenditure for the purposes, of this appropriation: *Provided further*,

1 That during the fiscal year 1949, in accordance with sub-
2 section 6 (a) of the Act of July 23, 1946 (60 Stat. 598),
3 surplus strategic and critical materials, not to exceed in value
4 the amount of \$175,000,000, may be transferred to stock
5 piles established in accordance with said Act.

6 TITLE II—CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED
7 CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

8 SEC. 201. For payment of claims for damages as settled
9 and determined by departments and agencies in accord with
10 law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Ac-
11 counting Office, and judgments rendered against the United
12 States by United States district courts and the United States
13 Court of Claims, as set forth in House Document Numbered
14 690, Eightieth Congress, \$12,838,409.60, together with such
15 amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when
16 specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of
17 the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such
18 additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may
19 be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*,
20 That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until
21 it shall have become final and conclusive against the United
22 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Pro-*
23 *vided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by
24 law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appro-

1 priated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days
2 after the date of approval of this Act.

3 TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

4 SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and
5 other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter
6 mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all
7 executive departments and agencies, all independent estab-
8 lishments of the Government, and all other organizations and
9 persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall
10 be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General
11 under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of
12 each such department, agency, establishment, or other or-
13 ganization, or each such person, shall submit to the Post-
14 master General within sixty days after the close of each
15 fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes,
16 labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
17 indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

18 SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the
19 Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety
20 days after the close of each fiscal year the number of enve-
21 lopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
22 penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during
23 such fiscal year by each executive department and agency,

1 by each independent establishment, and by each organization
2 and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

3 SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or
4 number of articles or packages of official matter constituting
5 in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight
6 shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege,
7 except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the
8 postal service; and (2) books and documents published or
9 circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Super-
10 intendent of Public Documents or under the franking
11 privilege.

12 SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions
13 of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if other-
14 wise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written
15 matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of
16 weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted
17 for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class
18 rates.

19 (b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the
20 most economical means of transportation practicable, and
21 the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such
22 matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in
23 the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at
24 less expense.

25 SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all

1 independent establishments of the Government, and all other
2 organizations and persons authorized by law to use the
3 penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as prac-
4 ticable, all necessary information requested by the Post
5 Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

6 SEC. 306. No executive department or independent estab-
7 lishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail,
8 free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pam-
9 phlet, list, or other article or document (except official
10 letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are rea-
11 sonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence;
12 informational releases in connection with the decennial census
13 of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government
14 securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes,
15 rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders
16 and interpretations necessary in the administration of such
17 departments and establishments), unless a request therefor
18 has been previously received by such department or inde-
19 pendent establishment; or such transmission is required by
20 law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient
21 thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a
22 statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The
23 head of each independent establishment and executive de-
24 partment (other than the Post Office Department) shall
25 certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter

1 that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage
2 by the independent establishment or department in violation of
3 the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein
4 shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of
5 lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which
6 are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Docu-
7 ments, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases,
8 statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal
9 Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16
10 U. S. C.: *Provided further*, That this prohibition shall not
11 apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals,
12 bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educa-
13 tional institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or
14 other public authorities.

15 SEC. 307. Section 6 of the Act of May 6, 1939 (53
16 Stat. 683), as amended, and Public Law 364 approved
17 June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

18 SEC. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such
19 sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
20 this Act.

21 SEC. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and
22 may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

23 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

24 SEC. 401. Except as otherwise provided therein, the
25 Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547,

1 Eightieth Congress) shall apply to all contracts entered
2 into by the Department of the Army, Department of the
3 Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds
4 from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or
5 in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year
6 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This sec-
7 tion shall also apply in like manner to contracts or sub-
8 contracts entered into by any other department, agency,
9 or independent establishment of the Government pursuant
10 to authority or direction of the Department of the Army,
11 Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air
12 Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations.

13 SEC. 402. No part of any appropriation contained in
14 this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
15 person who engages in a strike against the Government of
16 the United States or who is a member of an organization of
17 Government employees that asserts the right to strike against
18 the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or
19 is a member of an organization that advocates, the over-
20 throw of the Government of the United States by force or
21 violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affi-
22 davit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the per-
23 son making the affidavit has not contrary to the provi-
24 sions of this section engaged in a strike against the Gov-
25 ernment of the United States, is not a member of an

1 organization of Government employees that asserts the
2 right to strike against the Government of the United States,
3 or that such person does not advocate, and is not a mem-
4 ber of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of
5 the Government of the United States by force or violence:
6 *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike
7 against the Government of the United States or who is a
8 member of an organization of Government employees that
9 asserts the right to strike against the Government of the
10 United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of
11 an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Gov-
12 ernment of the United States by force or violence and accepts
13 employment the salary or wages for which are paid from
14 any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a
15 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than
16 \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both:
17 *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be
18 in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other pro-
19 visions of existing law.

20 SEC. 403. This Act may be cited as the "Second Defi-
21 ciency Appropriation Act, 1948."

80TH CONGRESS
2D Session

H. R. 6935

[Report No. 2348]

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

By Mr. TABER

JUNE 15, 1948

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

DIGEST OF
CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS
OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Division of Legislative Reports
(For Department staff only)

Issued June 17, 1948
For actions of June 16, 1948
30th-2nd, No. 110

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HIGHLIGHTS: House passed 2nd deficiency appropriation bill; same as reported so far as USDA items are concerned; rejected Mahon amendment to increase REA. Senate debated long-range farm program bill; adopted several amendments to committee substitute, including one continuing CCC. Senate passed bill authorizing certain carrier rate agreements, over President's veto. Senate agreed to conference report on omnibus flood-control bill. Senate committee reported bill authorizing Secretary of Defense to coordinate Federal activities in disaster areas. House passed Forest Service fiscal omnibus bill.

HOUSE

1. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. Passed with amendments this bill, H. R. 6935 (pp. 8637-49). Rejected, 93-137, an amendment by Rep. Mahon, Tex., to provide \$450,000 additional for 1949 administrative expenses of REA (pp. 8645-7). Rejected, 199-204, a motion by Rep. Mahon to recommit the bill with instructions for the Appropriations Committee to report it with this amendment (pp. 8648-9). Earlier an amendment by Rep. Mahon to appropriate this \$450,000, with a provision that it would be available until expended, was ruled out of order (p. 8645).
2. WATER POLLUTION. House conferees were appointed on S. 418, the water-pollution bill (p. 8634).
3. PAY RAISE. Rep. Harris, Ark., spoke in favor of a pay raise for Federal employees (pp. 8635-6).
4. NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL. House conferees were appointed on this bill, H. R. 6772 (p. 8636).
5. GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS APPROPRIATION BILL. Reps. Ploeser, Jensen, Coudert, Clevenger, Mahon, Whitten, and Gore were appointed conferees on this bill, H. R. 6481 (p. 8636).
6. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION. House conferees were appointed on H. R. 4071, to

increase the authority of this agency to condemn foods, etc. (pp. 8636-7).

7. SUPPLEMENTAL FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. Passed this bill, H. R. 6355, over the President's veto by a 238-161 vote (pp. 8649-50). The Senate passed the bill over the veto, 72-17 (pp. 8610-12). The bill thus becomes law. It includes a provision which transfers the U. S. Employment Service from the Labor Department to the Federal Security Agency.
8. DISPLACED PERSONS. Received the conference report on H. R. 3566, to permit entry of displaced persons into the U. S., part of whom would be for agricultural work (p. 8653).
9. FOREIGN AID APPROPRIATION BILL. Reps. Taber, Wigglesworth, Engel of Mich., Stefan, Case of S. Dak., Keefe, Cannon, Kerr, and Mahon were appointed conferees on this bill, H. R. 6801 (pp. 8653-4).
10. FUR LABELING. H. R. 3734, to require fur labeling, was stricken from the consent calendar on objections of Reps. Van Zandt, Larcade, and Boggs of Del. (p. 8655).
11. TOBACCO PARITY. H. R. 5111, to change the base period for Md. tobacco, was discussed but objected to by Reps. Murray of Wis., Andersen, and Miller of Nebr., and thus was stricken from the consent calendar (p. 8655).
12. TRAVEL SERVICE. Passed with amendment H. R. 6136, to create a United States Travel Bureau in the Interior Department to encourage travel in the U. S. (p. 8662).
13. HOMESTEADS. Passed as reported H. R. 5555, which makes various amendments to the Small Tract Act of 1938, providing for purchase of public lands for home and other sites (p. 8662).
14. FOREST SERVICE FISCAL OMNIBUS BILL. Passed with amendments this bill, H. R. 2028, to facilitate and simplify the work of the Forest Service (pp. 8663-5).
15. ASSISTANT SECRETARIES. Passed without amendment H. R. 6822, to continue the authorization for two additional Assistant Secretaries of State (p. 8665).
16. FOREST LAND. Passed without amendment H. R. 5861, to transfer 480 acres of land in the Ouachita National Forest to Okla. (p. 8669).
17. RURAL ELECTRIFICATION. Passed without amendment S. 1087, to permit 3 cities, in Ala. and Tenn., to refinance indebtedness to TVA through REA loans (p. 8669). This bill will now be sent to the President.
18. OLEOMARGARINE. H. R. 6334, to authorize use of oleo in the armed forces, was stricken from the consent calendar on objections of Reps. Andersen, Hull, Smith of Wis., Murray of Wis., and Clevenger (p. 8670).
19. CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT. Passed without amendment H. R. 6641, to provide annuities for certain surviving spouses of annuitants retired prior to Apr. 1, 1948 (p. 8671).
Passed as reported H. R. 5715, to extend retirement benefits to employees who were involuntarily separated during the period from July 1, 1945, to July 1, 1947, after having rendered 25 years of service but prior to attainment of age 55 (p. 8673).

conferees: Messrs. LEONARD W. HALL, HALE, MILLER of Connecticut, CHAPMAN, and PRIEST.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION
BILL, 1948

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes; and pending that motion, Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that general debate be limited to 40 minutes, to be equally divided and controlled by the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON] and myself.

Mr. CANNON. Reserving the right to object, Mr. Speaker, this is the last major appropriation bill of the session. Twenty minutes on a side is rather restrictive. Might I suggest that general debate be confined to the bill, and time saved in that way?

Mr. TABER. How would an hour do?

Mr. CANNON. That would be satisfactory.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent, then, that general debate be confined to the bill and consume not to exceed 1 hour, to be equally divided and controlled by the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON] and myself.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill H. R. 6935, with Mr. HOPE in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

By unanimous consent, the first reading of the bill was dispensed with.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself 10 minutes.

Mr. Chairman, this bill represents a total appropriation of \$485,200,000 approximately. It carries contract authorizations of a little over \$300,000,000. These contract authorizations are for the purpose of construction work in various places where the amounts called for payments cannot be made this coming fiscal year. That is, they will extend over. There are a few items of minor importance, including some deficiencies of an ordinary character. There is \$25,000,000 for the Department of Agriculture to pay the bill for the foot-and-mouth disease in Mexico. There is an item for forests, roads, and trails.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. TABER. I yield.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. Chairman, I deeply appreciate the sympathetic consideration that the chairman and the committee gave this request for additional appropriations for forest highways. We are pleased to see that the committee has allowed a total amount of \$15,000,000 for that item. Let me say here as I indicated at the commit-

tee hearing that these roads are in a deplorable condition. We know that this appropriation is needed badly. We want to tell the chairman we are very pleased with the splendid cooperation we have received at the hands of the committee.

Mr. TABER. There is an item of \$32,000,000 for construction for the Army, mostly outside the continental limits of the United States. There are \$6,000,000 for emergency flood control in the Oregon-Washington territory to fix up a group of dikes that were destroyed by the unprecedented floods up there. There is an item in the Navy for \$47,000,000 for public works, most of which are of an emergency character, and all of which are required for the proper development of our defenses. There is also contract authorization for \$50,000,000.

There are some deficiency items for the Post Office Department. In the State Department, we have provided for the continuation of the surplus property operation abroad and have provided reasonable amounts for the operations of the State Department, War Department, Navy Department, and transportation of that surplus property.

There was little controversy in the committee on the bill.

Unless there are some questions at this point, I will reserve the balance of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON] is recognized.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Chairman, it was a privilege to be present this morning at a meeting in honor of the American and foreign representatives attending the 1943 session of the World Assembly of the Moral Rearmament Association, sponsored by our colleague the gentleman from California [Mr. HINSHAW]. I am certain that all who had the opportunity to meet representatives of practically every nation on the globe and hear their timely addresses were profoundly impressed. Neither money nor power of arms alone can rehabilitate the world or achieve complete and lasting peace. The speakers emphasized convincingly the indispensable necessity of moral rearmament in the equation and I venture to express the hope that our host on this occasion, the gentleman from California [Mr. HINSHAW] will give us the benefit of at least a part of the program by including in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD some of the notable addresses by the distinguished speakers in attendance this morning.

Mr. Chairman, the bill before us is the last appropriation bill of the session and the Congress. It is the inevitable catch-all bill into which are thrown last-minute deficiency appropriations which must suffice until another Congress—or at least another session—convenes.

Such bills are made up of routine items the need for which could not have been foreseen and for which emergency provision must be made before adjournment. But a feature of this particular bill, as in the last deficiency bill, is the number of replacement items providing funds which should have been included in the annual supply bills. They are to make up de-

ficiencies occasioned by the failure to appropriate sufficient funds on the original estimates. Throughout this Congress arbitrary cuts have been made in estimates and the amounts thus sequestered advertised as savings and retrenchments when it was evident that the activities involved could not be effectively operated without them.

The refusal to appropriate the \$800,000,000 required for tax refunds is a classic example. The saving of the \$800,000,000 was widely publicized as a retrenchment and it was claimed that the burden of the taxpayers of the United States would be correspondingly lightened. Of course, as everyone knows, we not only had to put the \$800,000,000 back, but we have had to appropriate a good deal more and the Government has been put to inconvenience, and the time of the committee and the Congress has been taken up with the additional hearings and other complications involved in processing these additional estimates and appropriations.

Likewise, in the drafting of the pending bill we have been compelled to consider estimates and hold hearings on items which should have been carried in the annual supply bills.

For example, in this bill we are including amounts which have been cut from former bills and which are replacements of amounts requested in previous estimates, as follows:

In the Department of Justice, salaries and expenses in the field, \$38,000.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, \$80,000.

Fees of witnesses, \$50,000.

Immigration and Nationalization Service, \$2,390,000.

Eradication of foot-and-mouth disease, \$25,400,000.

In the Post Office Department: Printing and binding, \$25,000.

Damage claims, \$40,000.

Rural delivery service, out of the \$1,125,000 provided in this bill \$500,000 were cut from the estimate last year, and the \$500,000 is a restoration.

Foreign mail transportation, \$2,000,000.

Balances due foreign countries out of an estimate of \$5,000,000, \$250,000 is restoration.

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, \$570,000 restoration in an estimate of \$758,000.

Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies, \$194,000.

Vehicle service: Out of an appropriation of \$2,564,000; \$732,000 is restoration.

Public buildings: Out of an appropriation of \$230,500,000; \$88,200 is a restoration.

As a matter of fact, one bill, the Post Office bill, was so heavily cut on estimates undoubtedly necessary for its reasonable operation, that the Department will close the fiscal year 1948 with a deficit of \$310,000,000 or more.

During the hearings on the deficiency bill an estimate was reached for reconversion of unemployment benefits for seamen, for an addition in the fiscal year 1949, reconversion employment benefits, \$1,530,000. The original estimate was

for only \$5,000,000; so I asked if the item was another restoration of an amount previously requested, and when told that it was not, that the amount previously requested had been appropriated in full, I withdrew the question.

Thereupon the chairman, contrary to the practice and procedure of both the committee and the House, insisted that it be included in the record. The correct practice is indicated by the unbroken precedents of the committee and by the law of the House as indicated in *Hinds Precedents*, volume V, sections 6971 and 7024; *Cannon's Precedents*, volume VIII, section 3468, and in the *Procedure of the House of Representatives*, page 316. I refer to the incident in detail in view of the fact that a transcript of the proceedings has been circulated on the floor of the House.

Whether or not the question was included is immaterial. It merely indicated at least one item which was not a restoration. At the same time it served to emphasize the other items which were restorations and the consistent policy of the committee in arbitrarily cutting estimates and representing the reductions as savings and then subsequently restoring them in deficiency appropriations.

There are two provisions in this bill, Mr. Chairman, in which I trust the House will concur. I am constitutionally opposed to legislative riders on appropriation bills. If there has ever been instances in which a contravention of this rule is justified, in which the end justifies the means, it is in these two provisions, the paragraph repealing the Penalty Mail Act of 1944, and the paragraph reenacting the contract-renegotiation provisions of the National Defense Act of 1942.

Under misguided zeal, some 4 years ago, largely sparked by the contention that the departments were sending out an undue amount of printed matter and otherwise abusing the privilege of free distribution of Government publications, we passed a law providing that they should expend for such purposes only the amount appropriated each year for postage.

From the beginning it was evident that the intended reform was a costly mistake, and I have repeatedly urged the legislative committee to consider the evidence adduced by the Committee on Appropriations with a view to repealing the law. The legislative committee has taken no action. But the inconvenience and expense involved in the administration of the law, without compensating advantage, is now so patent that in the pending bill we include a provision repealing the law.

Experience has demonstrated increasingly that the departments were not sending out an undue amount of printed matter, but, on the contrary, that their distribution of public publications has been well and adequately administered. On the other hand, evidence presented before the committee showed it was costing a large amount of money—a quarter of a million dollars a year in one department alone—to enforce this law, with no corresponding benefits whatever. I trust the recommendation of the committee will meet with the approval of the House.

We are also including in this bill, under title IV, section 401, another provision under which we propose to reenact a provision originally enacted in the sixth supplemental national defense bill for the renegotiation of contracts, with special view to regulating contracts for the manufacture of war material or material contracted for in connection with national defense. In every war and in times of other national calamities there have been those who sought to capitalize national disaster and to coin the blood of our soldiers into personal profit, and, although a majority of contractors have patriotically endeavored to serve the Nation by producing such materials at a fair and reasonable profit, conditions have been so unsettled in time of war that it was impossible to estimate in advance the ultimate cost of production. To regulate the few who seek to profiteer and to assist the many who seek to produce at a reasonable cost, we recommend the reenactment of the negotiation provision.

This law in its original form was passed in a bill which I reported to the House on April 21, 1942—the Sixth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act of 1942, section 403—which became Public Law 528 of the Seventy-seventh Congress. Conditions now warrant its reenactment.

Mr. MURDOCK. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CANNON. I yield to the gentleman from Arizona.

Mr. MURDOCK. We have often talked about taking the profits out of war. I doubt whether we can ever do that although I certainly favor minimizing them as much as possible. However, does the gentleman believe the reenactment of this renegotiation plan will tend to do that so that we can get 100 cents on the dollar for what we spend in our national defense effort?

Mr. CANNON. What the gentleman says is eminently true. There is a possibility that we cannot eliminate all of the unwarranted profits in time of war. But, certainly, as the gentleman indicates, in the enactment of this legislation we are taking the most direct and immediate step that can be taken with that in view.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Missouri has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from South Dakota [Mr. CASE].

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. Chairman, I wish to speak for just a few minutes on the two legislative provisions in the bill.

PENALTY MAIL

First, with respect to penalty mail. As the gentleman from Missouri has said, we include a paragraph which provides for the repeal of the penalty-mail payments by the various departments and agencies of the Government. I think, however, I should clear the RECORD on what has happened.

The legislative committee has acted on this matter, for it reported to the House the repealer in bill H. R. 6406 on the 2d of June 1948, accompanied by House Report 2151. That bill was passed by the House of Representatives on June 8, 1948.

So the matter has had the consideration of the legislative committee and the House. The only reason for incorporating it in this appropriation bill is that it was thought that H. R. 6406 might not receive consideration in the other body due to the shortness of time. But the action of including penalty mail provisions here is consonant with and supports the action of the legislative committee of the House and the House itself.

DEVELOPMENT OF RENEGOTIATION

With respect to the renegotiation paragraph, as the Members of the House who were here during the war know, I have followed this renegotiation matter from the time when I initiated it by an amendment to the sixth supplemental defense bill back in the spring of 1942, which introduced the word "renegotiation" into the Federal statutes.

I am happy to say that only 2 or 3 days ago, this week, the Supreme Court, by a unanimous decision, as I understand, upheld the constitutionality of the wartime Renegotiations Act. Under that act something over \$10,000,000,000 was recovered for the United States Treasury besides other large saving in forward pricing and the advantages to national morale by avoiding some of the profiteering that marked World War I. Our wartime renegotiation statute expired with the end of 1945.

A few weeks ago, when we had before us the supplemental appropriation bill, H. R. 6226, which established the 70-group air force and provided money for activating it, I felt that we should again call upon the process of the renegotiations statute in order to protect the Government against undue profits in the rapid expansion of aircraft procurement, and particularly, perhaps, in the procurement of new types for which there was not sufficient cost experience.

So in the consideration of that bill I prepared and proposed an amendment for the reactivation and incorporation of the renegotiation statute in that bill. The amendment was adopted by the House.

When the bill went over to the other body the paragraph which we had adopted in the House was expanded into a section which became section 3 of Public Law 547 of the Eightieth Congress, which carries with it a statement that it shall be cited as the Renegotiation Act of 1948. That section made the Renegotiation Act of 1948 applicable to the money in that bill and to moneys merged with the funds in that bill. In order that the terms of the new statute may be available for convenient reference in connection with section 401 of the pending bill, with permission of the House I shall include its text in my remarks at this point:

[From Public Law 547, 80th Cong., approved May 21, 1948]

SEC. 3. (a) All contracts in excess of \$1,000 entered into under the authority of this act, obligating funds appropriated hereby, obligating funds consolidated by this act with funds appropriated hereby, or entered into through contract authorizations herein granted, and all subcontracts thereunder in excess of \$1,000 shall contain the following article:

"Renegotiation article: This contract is subject to the Renegotiation Act of 1948 and

the contractor hereby agrees to insert a like article in all contracts or purchase orders to make or furnish any article or to perform all or any part of the work required for the performance of this contract."

(b) Whenever in the opinion of the Secretary of Defense excessive profits are reflected under any contract or contracts or subcontract or subcontracts required to contain the renegotiation article prescribed in subsection (a), the Secretary is authorized and directed to renegotiate such contracts and subcontracts for the purpose of eliminating excessive profits. He shall endeavor to make an agreement with the contractor or subcontractor with respect to the amount, if any, of such excessive profits and to their elimination. If no such agreement is reached, the Secretary shall issue an order determining the amount, if any, of such excessive profits and shall eliminate them by any of the methods set forth in subsection (c) (2) of the Renegotiation Act of February 25, 1944, as amended. In eliminating excessive profits the Secretary shall allow the contractor or subcontractor credit for Federal income and excess profits taxes as provided in section 3806 of the Internal Revenue Code. The powers hereby conferred upon the Secretary shall be exercised with respect to the aggregate of the amounts received or accrued under all such contracts and subcontracts by the contractor or subcontractor during his fiscal year or upon such other basis as may be mutually agreed upon; except that this section shall not be applicable in the event that the aggregate of the amounts so received or accrued is less than \$100,000 during any fiscal year.

(c) For the purpose of administering this section the Secretary of Defense shall have the right to audit the books and records of any contractor or subcontractor subject to this section. In the interest of economy and the avoidance of duplication of inspection and audit, the services of the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall, upon request of the Secretary of Defense and with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, be made available to the extent determined by the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of making examinations and audits under this section.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the contracts or subcontracts specified in subsection (i) (1) of the Renegotiation Act of February 25, 1944, as amended, and the Secretary of Defense in his discretion may exempt from the provisions of this section any other contract or subcontract both individually and by general classes or types.

(e) Agreements or orders determining excessive profits shall be final and conclusive in accordance with their terms and except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or willful misrepresentation of a material fact shall not be annulled, modified, reopened, or disregarded, except that in the case of orders determining excessive profits the amount of the excessive profits, if any, may be redetermined by the Tax Court of the United States in the manner prescribed in subsection (e) (1) of the Renegotiation Act of February 25, 1944, as amended, except that such redetermination shall be subject to review to the extent and in the manner provided by subchapter B of chapter 5 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(f) The Secretary of Defense shall promulgate and publish in the Federal Register regulations interpreting and applying this section and prescribing standards and procedures for determining and eliminating excessive profits hereunder using so far as he deems practicable the principles and procedures of the Renegotiation Act of February 25, 1944, as amended, having regard for the different economic conditions existing on or after the effective date of this act from those prevailing during the period 1942 to 1945.

In any case in which the contract price of any such contract or subcontract was based upon estimated costs, then the Secretary of Defense shall determine the difference between such estimated costs and actual costs and shall, in eliminating excessive profits, take into consideration as an element the extent to which such difference is the result of the efficiency of the contractor or subcontractor.

(g) The powers and duties hereby conferred upon the Secretary of Defense may be delegated by him to any officer (military or civilian) or agency of the National Military Establishment.

(h) Any person who willfully fails or refuses to furnish any information, records, or data required of him under this section, or who knowingly furnishes any such information, records, or data containing information which is false or misleading in any material respect, shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both.

(i) This section may be cited as the Renegotiation Act of 1948.

Since passage of that bill, H. R. 6226, we have considered and passed in the House two appropriation bills which go into the field of large procurement. Both the Army and the Navy appropriation bill this year carry vast sums of money for the procurement of heavy ordnance, for the development of new types of equipment.

So, here again we have the same problem as during the war, the rapid expansion in procurement, and the development of new types of equipment for which there is no cost experience. Members of the committee have agreed that these should be brought under the provisions of the Renegotiation Act of 1948.

Obviously it would be neither practicable nor desirable for a contractor to be working at the same time on two contracts for identical planes, one subject to negotiation and the other not. Nor should development projects in new types be on a cost-plus basis without adequate opportunity for the Government to pass upon properly allowable costs.

Again, in the pending bill, we have some large funds for procurement of material and equipment and also for off-shore construction. There are funds in this bill for the construction of large facilities in Alaska and in Guam. Everyone knows that where you are dealing with construction in Alaska and in Guam any bid must be something in the nature of a guess. Either you have to have cost-plus contracts, which open the door to vast waste and huge expenditures, or you must have some procedure such as the Renegotiation Act so that the final payment can be based upon audited and determined proper costs.

So, for this bill, again, I prepared and the committee has included a paragraph, which is section 401 of the bill, which applies the Renegotiation Act of 1948 to the funds in this bill and to contracts entered into hereafter. When we come to the consideration of that section of the bill I shall offer a minor amendment which defines subcontracts, on the suggestion of counsel, which we think is wholly in keeping with the spirit of the act.

Mr. MURDOCK. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I yield to the gentleman from Arizona.

Mr. MURDOCK. I congratulate the gentleman and the committee on reincorporating this provision in the law. I favored it during the war. In October 1939 I was naive enough to believe that we might take the illegitimate profits out of war, which at that time seemed approaching, and I introduced a bill to that effect, but without avail. I hope this will accomplish what the gentleman hopes for during our national defense efforts or any future emergency.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. We certainly hope so. It must be remembered that the excess profits tax which followed the Renegotiation Act during the war has been modified, so that we do not have the protection of that now. Hence, it is doubly important now to have this renegotiation section in this bill.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK].

(Mr. McCORMACK asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Chairman, I call the attention of my friend, the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER] and the other members of the subcommittee to the item for the General Accounting Office on page 9.

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries," \$450,000.

May I point out that the reduction of \$230,000 in the budget estimate is a matter of more far-reaching importance than the dollars concerned would indicate. The subcommittee of the Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments of which the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. BENDER] is chairman, and of which I happen to be a member has been conducting executive session investigations for several weeks into the overpayment by the Government during the war of transportation charges by the railroads, since the passage of the 1940 Transportation Act. The evidence has been amazing as to the amount of overpayments as a result of the elimination of the preaudit that existed prior to 1940. Already, as a result of an accelerated audit, the General Accounting Office has recovered \$250,000,000, and discovered \$104,000,000 more that the railroads owe, and this was not the result of a complete reaudit, as a complete reaudit is now underway. It is safe to say that with a thorough reaudit, and this amount of \$680,000 is very important in that respect, tens of millions of dollars more will be discovered to be recoverable from the railroads or other persons who were paid transportation charges by the Government.

It is in connection with that that I want to call the attention of my friend from New York that we of the subcommittee feel very strongly, and I think express the views of all Members on both sides that this is an item of extreme importance which cannot be stressed too strongly.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McCORMACK. I yield.

Mr. TABER. I think that what the gentleman has said is true. It is a matter of great importance, and we regard it in that way. We had our hearings with the general counsel. They already have some funds with which they are operating on this. It is extremely difficult for them to get the type of help they need to do the job. After our hearings we felt that this was all the money that they would be able to expend effectively on this job. We have always been very liberal with the General Accounting Office. Last year they had an unexpended balance at the end of the year of \$2,300,000. They have had an unexpended balance of over \$400,000 every year. Frankly, I believe that if we carried no money for this, they would have enough in their appropriation to take care of their job. But even so I do not believe they could spend on this job more than \$450,000 which we have carried here. That was the basis on which we proceeded. I think they will have plenty of money to proceed with. If I had any idea that they would not, I would be in favor of the full amount. It is not with any idea of slowing it down, but it is with the idea of what it is possible for them to do.

Mr. McCORMACK. May I say to the gentleman from New York that his observation that it is hard to get trained employees is correct. There is no question about that. The evidence has disclosed how difficult it is to get trained rate experts and specialists. It is amazing to me that some of our universities and colleges have not surveyed that field with a view to affording their students an opportunity to be educated in that field, because there is a demand for them, not only in Government, but in private industry. It takes years to make a trained rate expert. It was a revelation to me; in fact I was amazed when I heard the evidence as to how difficult it is to get trained men. What the gentleman from New York said in that respect is absolutely correct.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McCORMACK. I yield.

Mr. TABER. It seems to be that the only source of trained help, really good trained help, is that group that formerly were employed by the railroads on railroad freight rates.

Mr. McCORMACK. Yes; that is true.

Mr. TABER. That is the situation we are up against.

Mr. McCORMACK. And the Government is up against the situation where their good men are being taken away from them by the railroads by paying them higher salaries. There is that difficulty. However, I did not rise with the intention of offering any amendment but to get the views of the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER], representing the views of his subcommittee. Am I safe in saying that the subcommittee recognizes the importance of this reaudit?

Mr. TABER. Absolutely.

Mr. McCORMACK. And would I be correct in stating that the fact that

\$230,000 has been deducted from the estimate is not due to any lack of appreciation on the part of the committee as to this reaudit being made as quickly as possible, and when they come before the subcommittee or satisfy the Committee on Appropriations in the future that they can get the trained help, the necessary and justifiable appropriations will be made?

Mr. TABER. Anything that is needed to carry on this work effectively will be supported by this committee, I am sure.

Mr. MURDOCK. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McCORMACK. I yield.

Mr. MURDOCK. Do I understand that the reaudit to which the gentleman refers is to save the Treasury from the result of overcharges?

Mr. McCORMACK. The reaudit is in connection with money paid from 1940 on by the Government, and to collect back overpayments made for transportation charges. Already there has been \$250,000,000 recovered, and \$104,000,000 more discovered that was overpaid, because by the Transportation Act of 1940 we wiped out the preaudit by any agency, and all the railroads had to do was to present their vouchers or their bills of lading and they were paid. Naturally, they sought and received the higher amount.

Mr. MURDOCK. In that case, this reaudit of wartime transportation charges is as important as the renegotiation of wartime contracts, for the protection of the Treasury from overcharges.

Mr. McCORMACK. It is very important, and the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER] has clearly indicated that he and the members of his subcommittee appreciate that fact. We members of the Committee on Expenditures, who realize what the picture is, are very glad to hear that, because we feel that for every dollar spent in connection with this matter, the Government will receive back at least a hundred dollars in overpayments that have been made.

My purpose, Mr. Chairman, in addressing the committee is to call attention to the item on page 9 of the bill under the heading "General Accounting Office" providing an additional amount of \$450,000 for salaries for the fiscal year 1949. The report of the Appropriations Committee shows that this represents a decrease of \$230,000 below the amount of \$680,000 requested by the General Accounting Office. Hearings before the committee show that the amount requested is for the purpose of conducting during the fiscal year 1949 a reaudit of certain transportation accounts which were audited during the period October 1, 1945, to June 30, 1947. On the basis of a test reaudit conducted by the General Accounting Office, it is estimated that \$100,000,000 will be found in overpayments to carriers as a result of the complete reaudit, in addition to the \$250,000,000 already collected and placed in the Treasury and over \$100,000,000 further already stated as overpayments but not yet collected. This reaudit activity is now being carried on by the General Accounting Office with existing funds, but in order to continue it during the fiscal

year 1949, the Office will need a supplemental appropriation. It was explained to the Appropriations Committee that the amount of \$680,000 would provide for 110 examiners and 54 lower-grade people in the Transportation Division, as well as 50 employees in the Reconciliation and Clearance Division engaged in handling accounts.

The Expenditures Committee Subcommittee on Procurement and Buildings has conducted extensive inquiries into the audit by the General Accounting Office of wartime transportation payments, and I am satisfied that the Comptroller General by the reaudit is doing all in his power to provide the greatest possible protection to the Government. However, the number of people available to carry on this activity is limited. The Comptroller General has estimated that the minimum amount he will need to conduct the activity effectively during 1949 is \$680,000. The result of the cut which has been made will be to postpone to a later year the work which could be accomplished during the fiscal year 1949 on this reaudit. The Comptroller General has not been able to make an estimate of how long it will take to do the reaudit job with the employees whom he can obtain if the money is provided. However, if the money requested is not granted in full, the time required to complete the job will necessarily be lengthened. I feel that the House should be on notice of that fact, since the effectiveness of the job will depend partly upon the timeliness of determining and attempting to collect these additional overpayments to carriers which will be found in the reaudit.

The General Accounting Office has been one of the very few agencies which have turned back to the Treasury substantial amounts not needed for current requirements, and even for the fiscal year 1948 it is estimated that \$2,000,000 will be so turned back. I, therefore, regret to see a reduction in this item below the amount which the Comptroller General has estimated is needed to carry on an activity which should result in collections of many times the entire amount requested.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK] has again expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Washington [Mr. HORAN].

(Mr. HORAN asked and was granted permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HORAN. Mr. Chairman, I take this time to point out a provision in this bill which I think is important, when you consider the floods in the Columbia River Valley.

I doubt very much if there are any Members of Congress who have not at least had one or two constituents who have said, "You are able to give billions to Europe. Why not a few million to the folks back home?"

I am taking this time to point out the work of the subcommittee on deficiency appropriations, as recorded in this bill. I think it is fundamental, and I think we ought to face it up. I have to. The

greatest flood in 54 years has occurred in the Columbia River Valley. More water flows down that single river than any other river, with the exception of the lower Mississippi, and today it is a flood tide, it is receding. At least 44 persons have lost their lives. The damage, of course, is in the millions. The folks out there reading about the Congress appropriating billions to Europe on almost a blank-check basis are wondering where they come out in this matter of Federal responsibility in relief of the Columbia River Valley. I think quite properly they are asking me: "You are giving billions to Europe, where do we come out in this matter?" And I should like to take this time to point out that I think a rather constructive and businesslike approach to the Columbia River relief problem has been at least attempted on the part of Congress.

I want to read from the bill at this time the following language, to which I subscribe, language which I think is sound. It appears on page 6, line 24:

Provided, That no expenditure shall be made with respect to any such catastrophe in any State until the Governor of such State shall have entered into an agreement with such agency of the Government as the President might designate under assurance of expenditure of a reasonable amount of funds of the government of such State, local governments therein, or other agencies for the same or similar purposes with respect to such catastrophe.

Mr. Chairman, this is a Union of sovereign States, this Nation of ours. There are certain designated responsibilities which apply to the Federal Government, which apply to State governments, which apply to county governments. If we would have a bright and brilliant future for our own Nation, we must keep those responsibilities always clear and not confuse them. In the moments of catastrophe there is danger of confusing them. I want to say in behalf of my colleagues from the catastrophe area and for the Appropriations Committee that we have attempted at all times during this catastrophe to keep these responsibilities clear. We knew when this damage occurred that there were already funds which existed and could be drawn upon. Certain public-housing agencies had \$25,000,000 available under certain statutes and certain rules of expenditure. We knew that the Public Roads Administration had \$6,000,000 which could be applied out in this catastrophe area, and that damage to roads was tremendous. We knew that the RFC had \$22,000,000 which could be made available in the form of loans to certain individuals and under certain circumstances. We knew that the Red Cross, not a Federal or governmental agency, had funds and there were other funds which were available.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Washington has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield the gentleman two additional minutes.

Mr. HORAN. We knew that the President's fund for emergency relief had \$38,000 in it. This bill carries an additional half million. I am not sure that that amount is adequate, but if it is not it can yet be made adequate in

conference and it should be expended under strict rules.

This bill carries \$6,000,000 to be directly applied to the Columbia River damage area by the Army engineers.

Also in this bill are appropriations and contract authorization totaling \$15,000,000 for rebuilding of forest roads and trails all over the country. Much of this amount is badly needed right now in the Pacific Northwest for replacing roads and bridges washed out in the national forests by flash floods. Often these roads are the only connection between many communities and the outside world.

The civil-functions bill carries \$3,300,000, which can be applied, I understand, at the discretion of the Army Engineers on an emergency basis throughout the Nation. When this bill goes to conference after action on it by the other body, there probably will be about three and a half million dollars made available to the catastrophe area for emergency crop and seed loans. There may be other items made necessary after due examination and proper treatment by the departments and proper request for funds.

Mr. Chairman, I mention this at the present time because the people in our districts are saying, "You are giving billions to Europe; why not a few millions for the folks at home?"

Mr. Chairman, we are doing this thing right with regard to the Columbia River drainage area where a catastrophe has occurred. We are trying to determine what the damages are and what the responsibilities are, what the responsibilities of the Federal Government and the Congress are with regard to that damaged area. It is proper that we should do this. But with regard to the billions for Europe, I submit that we have had some rather reluctant votes in favor of those billions for Europe.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Washington has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield the gentleman two additional minutes.

Mr. HORAN. Mr. Chairman, those billions were not properly justified. I submit that it was under a good deal of international pressure that this Congress acted, and I submit that before we appropriate any more money for work outside the United States we should attempt to justify those appropriations in the same way that we justify the work of relieving a catastrophe at home, specifically and item by item.

Mr. GOFF. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HORAN. I yield to the gentleman from Idaho.

Mr. GOFF. Out in the upper reaches of the Columbia River we also suffered as you did in the lower reaches. As one whose district embraces some of the tributaries of the Columbia River, I want to express the appreciation of our section for the amounts that were put in for flood relief and which are available for us up there.

Mr. HOLMES. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HORAN. I yield to the gentleman from Washington.

Mr. HOLMES. By the inclusion of this \$6,000,000 in the deficiency appropriation bill for current use in the Columbia River Basin for emergency purposes, we have made a start toward helping out a very serious situation in that area. I thank the Deficiency Appropriations Subcommittee for granting these appropriations.

Mr. HORAN. I think we all appreciate the action of that committee.

DIGEST OF REPORT FROM L. R. DURKEE, FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY, PORTLAND, JUNE 16, 1948

Columbia and Willamette are dropping faster than estimated with prospects of 2-foot recession by Saturday. Portland level down to 29.35 and Vancouver stage at 29.6 Tuesday noon. River forecaster Elmer Fisher expects river at Portland to be 28.4 Thursday, 27.9 Friday, and 27.5 Saturday.

Downriver dikes, seriously saturated, described as still critical, but no new breaks reported. Levee repairs on upper Puget Island about completed which will permit faster drainage of flooded acreage below, and the Columbia slough, filling the Multnomah drainage district northeast of Portland since Friday morning, has been plugged at both ends. Army engineers expressed hope their battle was nearing end.

Flood levels started dropping on the upper Columbia four days ago and in British Columbia the flood control commission announced recessions in the Frazer River Valley.

Known dead attributable to the flood placed at 42, missing at 28.

Red Cross case load in Oregon and Washington numbered 8,523 families Tuesday, homeless families 43,440. It is sheltering 3,533 individuals and feeding 19,354. Peak case load registration expected to reach 12,000 families.

Red Cross emergency relief expenditures so far approximate \$600,000 for food, clothing, some shelter, and hay for cattle.

Housing—Dr. J. Bion Philipson, representing Foley, arrived Monday, visited Vancouver Tuesday with Epstein and Portland Vancouver Housing Authority. Floyd S. Rathford, Vancouver, said 22 apartment wings at Ogden Meadows would be renovated, work starting today and first families moving in July 1. Rearrangement will provide 43 three-room units, 88 two-room, and 12 one-room units. The buildings were up for sale three days before the Vanport disaster. Bldgs were returned and the sale cancelled. Cost estimate for work is \$400,000 to come out of \$10,000,000 flood relief fund.

Ten buildings being renovated at Vancouver barracks include four barracks type buildings to be made into 128 three- and four-bedroom apartments, three apartments to house 26 families, and two nurses homes to be developed into 16 apartments. Believe War Assets would make more buildings available at the deactivated army post. About 1,300 evacuees already housed at Swan Island.

Unable yet to get working figure on estimated number of housing units needed. Two hundred eighty-three trailers expected by Thursday at Gulls Lake housing site, under FWA assignment. Been coming in since Saturday from Stockton and 100 due Wednesday afternoon on 50 flatcars from San Antonio. A trailer city is growing on the housing site. Water and sewers ready to be hooked up.

Philipson unwilling to guess number of houses needed, everybody else reluctant to hazard opinion at this time, among the Federal men.

FWA—Large amounts of materials, expendable and unexpendable are converging on Portland by trains, trucks, and vans. Beds, mattresses, and bedding for more than 1,500 families, other furniture, mobile unex-

pendable equipment out of WAA surplus, are being assigned to various areas of the disaster district. Formal applications for such assistance are being received from towns, counties, and diking districts. The big impact of the movement has not yet arrived but eight carloads of additional furniture including 560 beds, mattresses, chests, chairs, and tables would reach the FWA warehouses on Swan Island by tonight. Twenty-five van loads of furniture and expendable equipment from housing projects and military installations in Texas, Arkansas, New Mexico, and Kansas were expected in Portland by Sunday. An additional 25 van loads of materials and equipment, including furniture, have been loaded at Willow Run, Mich., Ottawa, Ill., and Manitowoc, Wis., for shipment here.

Movement of nonexpendable equipment into the flood disaster areas about Bonners Ferry, Orofino and St. Maries, Idaho, includes 32 Quonset huts in transit from Cincinnati to replace city and county buildings lost in the flood at Orofino. Equipment also includes dump trucks, draglines, a bulldozer, and lumber for rebuilding bridges. Materials were moving into the Kootenai River flood areas from the Ogden Army Depot and WAA warehouses in Spokane and San Francisco, and included 43,000 feet of cable, power shovels and trucks, a suction dredge, pile driver, and steam cleaning unit. Also included were DDT spray and portable sprayers. A water purification system for Bonners Ferry was located at the University of Idaho.

Have assigned a fire pumper truck located by WAA in Portland to the mayor of Clatskanie.

Public Health: Dr. H. M. Erickson, Oregon State health director, and Porter Stephens, in charge of the Portland-Vancouver area for the State sanitary service, report excellent cooperation with USPHS, Department of the Interior, FWA, and other Federal agencies. The present need is for prompt immunization and typhoid vaccine has been received in sufficient quantities. Sanitary engineers have been sent to the flood area from Atlanta, New Orleans, and San Francisco, with Federal entomologists. The environmental sanitation problem will grow as the water recedes, and work of mosquito and fly eradication is already proceeding. In the Oregon-Washington area 10,000 pounds of 40 percent DDT, 400 pounds of 100 percent DDT, and 3,000 gallons of oil are now available.

Interior expects more funds by July 1 for its work on rat control. Col. Roy Bessey, executive director for the Pacific Northwest region, says that mobile and electrical equipment and transportation services have been supplied to flooded areas.

Public Roads, FWA—the Union Avenue cut-off is now serving for emergency travel—busses, milk, vegetables, and other perishables. FRA engineers in Washington, Montana, and Idaho are reporting on the condition of roads, and the State highway departments in Washington and Oregon are taking care of emergency traffic with detours and temporary work, such as sandbagging between Portland and Longview, Wash.

Department of Agriculture: Reports engineering assistance and the assignment of equipment, bulldozers, drag lines, etc., in rehabilitation of irrigation work in Okanogan County, and the Methow and Kittitas Valleys, in Washington, and in northern Idaho. (Don't know about the reported \$1,400,000 residue from 1942 act.)

Reconstruction Finance Corporation: Receiving some applications for loans for repair or rebuilding of barns and other farm buildings, William Kennedy, Portland manager, said. RFC has opened offices in Woodland, Rainier, and Vancouver. Two examiners from Cleveland and two from San Francisco, experienced in disaster work, have been assigned to Portland. An anticipated situation of considerable gravity is expected as the flood waters recede.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield such time as he may desire to the gentleman from Montana [Mr. D'Ewart].

Mr. D'Ewart. Mr. Chairman, during this session of Congress the Subcommittee on Mines and Mining of the House Committee on Public Lands has held extensive hearings on manganese, chromite, and copper, on stockpiling, and on a preliminary review of the conditions and problems of the tungsten and mercury mining industries. Information has been obtained on a number of other minerals and metals.

It has been administration policy to encourage and stimulate development and production of minerals and metals in foreign countries to the exclusion and detriment of the mining industry of the United States. The policies and practices of the State, Commerce, Interior, Treasury, and War Departments, as well as those of the Munitions Board and Bureau of the Budget have been to aid and stimulate foreign production and allow thousands of domestic mines to be abandoned at great loss to this Nation of its strategic and critical minerals and metals resources. President Truman has gone on record in this respect. In one instance, in his message on signing the Stockpiling Act of the Seventy-ninth Congress, he directed that the buy-American clause be ignored. Again, in his veto message on the Allen bill last year, which would have extended the life of hundreds of copper, lead, and zinc mines, he showed a complete lack of concern in American minerals production.

As a result of administration policy, harmful tariff reductions have been made; foreign cartels have been permitted to dump materials on the domestic market forcing the closing of American mines. American occupation commands have permitted or encouraged currency manipulation in occupied countries to enable the export of materials to the United States at artificially low prices. The American occupation authorities have acted as agents in the sale of foreign materials in the United States at below market prices. Government purchases of strategic minerals and metals for the national stock pile have been almost entirely from foreign sources.

The United States has substantial resources of manganese, copper, lead, zinc, vanadium, tungsten, and a number of other strategic and critical minerals and metals. Montana offers substantial deposits of manganese and copper, and 75 percent of the domestic chromite resources. The last 2 years of the war found thousands of new mines producing minerals and metals throughout the United States. In order to keep them open and develop our resources, we must pay a price that will permit the payment of American wages and cover the cost of equipment and materials.

In framing and passing the Stock Piling Act Congress recognized the need of encouraging the exploration and development of these domestic resources and of stimulating domestic production from mining operations which then were active. Congress wrote that policy into the Stock Piling Act, and implemented it

with a "buy American" provision designed to provide domestic producers with adequate prices. However, the intention of Congress has been ignored completely. Approximately 95 percent of the strategic and critical minerals and metals procured by the Munitions Board through the Bureau of Federal Supply has been obtained from foreign sources. The Munitions Board has not procured any domestic copper, lead, zinc, manganese, tungsten, or mercury from domestic mines since the close of the war. This is only a partial list. Only one would-be producer is known to have received a contract for domestic chromite. Some vanadium oxide has been procured from the two substantial companies who monopolize the manufacture of vanadium oxide and ferrovandium, but the many ore-producers have been bypassed.

Although it is acknowledged that mines in active operation serve as the best stock pile, so to speak, we find that only one small chromite producer remains in operation. Two or three of the larger mercury producers and four or five of the more substantial tungsten producers have continued to operate by mining their high-grade ore at reduced capacity and wasting the low-grade ore. These few mines are expected to close within the next few months. Only one producer of manganese ore, a large mining company, is in operation today. Several hundred copper, lead, and zinc producers have continued in operations since the termination of the premium-price plan last year by robbing their mines of richer ore or by suffering losses in anticipation of the passage of the Russell bill at this session of Congress. These mines also will close within the next few months unless measures are taken to provide them with going prices for their products. This is the present condition of the various mineral and metal mining industries which are so vital to the security and future welfare of this Nation.

It is to be regretted that so few people have the opportunity to gain an insight into the mining situation and that so few are aware of the importance of the minerals and metals. However, should we be forced into a war emergency, public attention would quickly be focused upon the fact that Government indifference and lack of foresight has permitted us to become wholly unprepared and dependent upon foreign nations for the most vital minerals and metals. We will not have time in an emergency to build up our stock piles and make our mines resume production. Mines which close often lose forever the rich resources which they might have uncovered. In any preparation for national defense, an active mining industry should be one of the first requirements. Unfortunately, the administration has done nothing to preserve or stimulate such an industry.

It is the sense of the Committee on Public Lands that the security of the United States can best be provided by using the stock-piling funds for the purchase of materials which are available in the United States. In this manner we will gain not only the immediate in-

crease of our stock piles, but we will also preserve an active mining operation which will be ready to produce immediately and continuously throughout any emergency.

(Mr. D'EWART asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. HESELTON].

(Mr. HESELTON asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HESELTON. Mr. Chairman, I take this time to inquire as to the use of the funds that are appropriated for construction and improvement of buildings. All through this present session the chairman and the members of the committee have expressed their intention that the committee did not wish to have any funds used for the installation of new oil-burning equipment or for diversions from coal to oil, in view of the situation which confronts us, unless it can be clearly shown that it is economically necessary to undertake such construction. I assume that is true in connection with this bill.

Mr. TABER. We want that followed, as far as it can be. There are some emergency items in the nature of experimental developments on the part of the Navy where that rule cannot apply. That is true especially across the sea, in Guam and in Alaska.

Mr. HESELTON. I thank the gentleman and want now to express my sincere appreciation for his cooperation and that of the chairmen and members of the subcommittees. As I recall it, this guide to spending funds in the bills passed at this session was adopted with but two exceptions. Certainly the members of the committee who have helped develop this administrative guide can never be criticized if we are unfortunate enough to have further shortages in petroleum products. By this action we have clearly provided a standard which must be used by those administering the expenditure of funds appropriated this year. I have no question but that this will be done. But I also want to assure my colleagues that the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce will follow this closely in connection with its discharge of its responsibilities in formulating and recommending a national fuel policy to meet the needs of this country in connection with its expanding domestic economy and its security. The gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. WOLVERTON] announced this morning that the Committee had scheduled continued hearings on the export phase of this problem beginning June 29. Beyond that, the Committee on Rules reported late yesterday House Resolution 595, and I have no doubt but that it will be unanimously voted to enable the Committee to act continuously and effectively throughout the recess to prevent, if humanly possible, any repetition of the difficulties of last winter. That resolution is as follows:

Whereas it appears that current and anticipated shortages of petroleum products threaten the present and future economy and security of the people of the United States; and

Whereas such shortages must be considered in the light of the availability of other fuels and energy resources; and

Whereas, in order to deal effectively with the problem of making petroleum and other fuels available in quantities adequate for an expanding economy and for the security of the United States, it is necessary to formulate sound national policies: Therefore be it

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce to formulate and recommend a national fuel policy adequate to meet the needs of the United States in times of peace and war, including recommendations for a national petroleum policy and the integration of such policy with policies relating to other fuels and energy resources except atomic energy; and for such purposes the committee shall study the current and future fuel supply and demand of the United States and shall study methods of encouraging needed developments to assure the availability of fuels adequate for an expanding economy and the security of the United States.

SEC. 2. The committee shall make a report not later than the close of the present Congress. Such report may be made to the Clerk of the House if the House is not in session.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this resolution, the committee or any subcommittee thereof—

(1) is authorized to sit and act during the present Congress at such times and places within or outside the United States, whether or not the House is in session, has adjourned, or has recessed, to hold such hearings, to require by subpoena or otherwise the attendance of such witnesses and the production of such books, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents, and to take such testimony, as it deems necessary; and subpoenas shall be issued over the signature of the chairman of the committee or by any member designated by him, and may be served by any person designated by such chairman or member;

(2) may utilize the services, information, facilities, and personnel of the various departments and agencies of the Government to the extent that such services, information, facilities, and personnel, in the opinion of such departments and agencies, can be furnished without undue interference with the performance of the work and duties of such departments and agencies;

(3) may seek information from such sources and conduct its studies and investigations in such manner as it deems advisable in the interest of a full and correct ascertainment of the facts.

(Mr. ANGELL asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ANGELL. Mr. Chairman, I want to commend the chairman and members of the committee who have worked so long and laboriously on this bill. It is a good bill and covers a number of most essential projects. I am particularly interested in the bill by reason of the inclusion in it of \$6,000,000 for disaster flood control and \$500,000 for the President's disaster relief fund and also an item of \$300,000 to acquire a site and prepare plans and specifications for a new post office building in Portland and the remodeling of the old building on the Hoyt Street site. The post office facilities in Portland are woefully inadequate and for a number of years have resulted in much difficulty in handling the large volume of mail in the Portland area. These funds will permit carrying out the mandate of the bill I recently introduced

which was approved and became Public Law No. 457. With these funds immediate action may be taken to secure the site and prepare the plans so that construction work may be authorized at the next Congress.

The tragic flood in the Columbia River area has wrought immense damage not only in my congressional district but for 120 miles up and down the Columbia River and as a result many miles of roads, dikes and public facilities, both of the Federal Government and local communities, have been destroyed. There has been immense loss of private property and thousands of acres of fertile agricultural land have been submerged, whole cities and villages have been wiped out and thousands of farm homes and buildings destroyed any many lives lost. Between 60,000 and 100,000 people have been rendered homeless and over \$100,000,000 in property destroyed.

Certainly the Federal Government after spending billions around the world for the relief of peoples in distress can, in good grace, afford relief and protection to our own people who have met with disaster. As I have said before, we are deeply grateful to the Congress in passing the relief measure for temporary housing. There yet remains to be passed legislation providing for loans for low cost housing for those who have been rendered homeless and for repairing and replacing public property and facilities which have been destroyed. I have today introduced a bill to amend the RFC law.

The purpose of this bill is to alleviate the situation that has recently developed as a result of floods, especially in the Portland-Vancouver, the Spokane, Wash., and the Helena, Mont., areas.

The amount presently available for disaster loans by the RFC is limited to \$25,000,000 outstanding at any one time, \$21,000,000 of which is now unused. The bill would increase the amount permitted to be outstanding at any one time to \$45,000,000 and at the same time would permit the RFC to make disaster loans without regard to the present 10-year limitation on maturities.

The necessity for the enactment of this legislation arises primarily because of the acute housing situation, requiring repair and restoration in the devastated areas.

While it is not specifically provided in the bill for a dollar limitation for loans made for dwelling accommodations, it is urged that the RFC, in the administration of this law, should not exceed \$7,500 for any dwelling designed for a single family residence, \$12,500 for a 2-family residence, \$16,000 for a 3-family residence, or \$18,500 for a 4-family residence.

Under the present law maturities for all loans made by the RFC, including disaster loans, are limited to 10 years. This bill would remove this limitation as to maturities, but only with respect to disaster loans. However, it is contemplated that in no situation will a maturity in excess of 25 years be permitted. It is believed the maximum assistance in the devastated areas can be achieved, particularly with respect to the repair and restoration of dwellings, only by the removal of the existing maturity limitation.

I urge early consideration and passage of this bill.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Colorado [Mr. CHENOWETH].

Mr. CHENOWETH. Mr. Chairman, I request this time to inquire of the distinguished chairman of the committee what action was taken on the request I submitted for funds for the establishment of an air traffic control tower at Peterson Field, Colorado Springs, Colo., by the CAA.

Mr. TABER. We have contacted the Department on that matter, and we intended to say in the report that we expected them to do that job with the funds that we have provided here. We feel that they will do it. It was our intention to include that in the report, but through some inadvertence it was left out.

Mr. CHENOWETH. I thank the gentleman and I appreciate the action taken by his committee.

(Mr. CHENOWETH asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. BATES].

Mr. BATES of Massachusetts. Mr. Chairman, I want to say at the outset, as chairman of the subcommittee of the Committee on Armed Services having to do with the authorization of projects for the Army, the Navy, the Air Forces, and the public-works projects throughout the world, that I am happy, and I know the committee is, at the fine treatment that these services received from the Committee on Appropriations. We realize full well, as the result of the debate on the floor of the House yesterday in regard to the selective-service bill, and the debate that will continue today on the same subject matter, how perilous the situation is throughout the world and how important it is for us to utilize every means we possibly can to safeguard the security of the United States of America.

This appropriation bill, as I am given to understand by the naval authorities, with one exception, embraces about all that they could desire. We all realize how important it is to develop these facilities, especially in those most strategic parts of the world where our security would become more imperiled than in any other place, especially in the northern latitudes. There is one item, however, that is not in this bill that we all were very much interested in. We are not blaming the Committee on Appropriations, because we fully realize that the authorization bill has not yet been signed by the President.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, if the gentleman will yield, it has not yet been signed.

Mr. BATES of Massachusetts. We understand that the request for this one appropriation was not submitted to the Committee on Appropriations by the Bureau of the Budget, and I have in mind, of course, the development of the naval air training station at Annapolis. The Committee on Armed Services, especially

its subcommittee, has given weeks and months of study to the importance of the development of the aviators' indoctrinational training of the naval cadets at Annapolis in order that they may be better fitted to carry their responsibilities if we are at any future time thrown into an emergency. Everybody fully realizes the important part that naval aviation played in the most recent war, and the important part that it played in the advances that we made from island to island in the Pacific. We understand thoroughly the tremendous losses that we suffered, but we know also the tremendous losses the Japanese air force, the kamikazes, suffered as the result of the brilliance of our naval aviators.

Naval aviation has now become part of the curriculum of the Naval Academy. It is considered to be of the highest priority, almost at the top of those things that the Navy Department believes ought to be inaugurated and carried out in order that we may fully and adequately train those midshipmen not only as to the operations on the surface of the water and under the sea, but the operations in aviation, and in the air.

I hope, Mr. Chairman, that although time does not permit it today, if the Senate Committee on Appropriations, includes this item in the Senate appropriation bill, that we shall have an opportunity here in the House to vote for sufficient money so that we may acquire the land and start the preliminary engineering work. We do not feel that it is necessary to do the construction this year, but we do feel very strongly that we ought to acquire the land and carry out the preliminary investigations and engineering surveys, so that when the new Congress comes in the first of the year we shall be able to go ahead and build these facilities which are so important to the proper training of the midshipmen at the Naval Academy.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield the balance of my time to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mrs. ROGERS].

Mrs. ROGERS of Massachusetts. Mr. Chairman, I do not believe anyone would want to go back and face the mothers and fathers of the naval cadets without starting the purchase of land at Annapolis and making plans for the training of the cadets.

Mr. Chairman, I rise also to ask this Deficiency Appropriations Committee if they will go along with the Senate if the Senate appropriates money in order that dividends on insurance may be made out to the veterans who carry insurance. The Veterans' Administration, as I understand it, has approximately \$2,000,000,000 that could be used in the payment of dividends to those who are carrying insurance. They told me and our Committee on Veterans' Affairs they have been holding up the payment of the insurance dividends until the famous Zazov case was settled. The Supreme Court upheld the Veterans' Administration in the Zazov case. So that money may now be paid in dividends to these veterans. They have earned these dividends. I have already demanded they

be paid. Any private insurance company would pay them. Certainly the Government should pay them dividends. The accumulated money belongs to the veterans. Our Committee on Veterans' Affairs made an exhaustive study on insurance administration in the Veterans' Administration. Some of the committee's recommendations have been carried out; others should be.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read the bill for amendment.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the bill may be considered as read and open to points of order and amendment at any point.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. Are there any points of order to the bill? The Chair will not receive points of order after amendments are considered. The Chair hears none.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. TABER: On page 3, after line 7, insert the following:

"For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of *Lowe v. Davis* as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$1,289.08, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

"For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of *Mankin v. Davis* as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

"For payment to Helen Douglas Mankin, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of *Mankin v. Davis* as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

"For payment to David J. Wilson, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of *Wilson v. Granger* as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House."

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Chairman, this is a routine amendment. The amounts carried in the proposal are undoubtedly due and we accept it.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment, which is at the Clerk's desk.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. CASE of South Dakota: On page 39, lines 7 and 8, strike out the words "or subcontract" and at the end of the paragraph strike out the period, insert a comma and the following: "and all subcontracts under such contract. For the purposes of the Renegotiation Act of 1948 the term 'subcontract' means any purchase order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish any article, required for the performance of any other contract or subcontract."

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Chairman, the proposed amendment merely restores language carried originally in the act of 1944 which was inadvertently omitted in drafting the bill. We accept the amendment.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. Chairman, the amendment merely

moves subcontracts down to the end of the paragraph and defines the term as it is defined in the former act. The amendment is for the purpose of clarity and was suggested by those who are acquainted with administrative problems.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment, which is at the Clerk's desk.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. MAHON: On page 14, line 19, after the period, add a new section as follows:

"Rural Electrification Administration, salaries and expenses, for an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for administrative expenses to be available immediately and to remain available until expended, \$450,000."

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I make a point of order against the amendment, that it carries legislation in the words "which will be available until expended."

The CHAIRMAN. Does the gentleman from Texas desire to be heard on the point of order?

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, the amendment provides additional funds for the administrative expenses for the Rural Electrification Administration. It carries the same wording as was carried in the original act providing the funds. It is in accordance with the budget estimate, and it seems to me it is not subject to a point of order. It is not legislation because it is authorized by law.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, the words "to be available until expended" make it legislation, and therefore the amendment is subject to a point of order.

The CHAIRMAN (Mr. HOPE in the chair). The Chair is ready to rule. The amendment in its present form with the language "to be available until expended" is clearly legislation. The Chair sustains the point of order.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. MAHON: On page 14, line 19, after the period add a new section to read as follows:

"Rural Electrification Administration: Salaries and expenses, for an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for administrative expenses, \$450,000."

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield.

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. The gentleman is aware of the fact that we put \$450,000 in conference in the regular bill. I am not inferring that the entire budget request was agreed to. We agreed to the Senate proposal for an additional \$450,000, and that is \$450,000 under the budget estimate.

Mr. MAHON. If the gentleman will hear me a moment he will be aware of the situation and of the fact that I am not duplicating anything that will appear in the regular Department of Agriculture appropriation bill.

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. The gentleman is correct in saying that. You are not duplicating, except that it happens that the House first agreed to

\$5,000,000, the Senate added \$450,000, which in conference the House agreed to. This \$5,450,000 is however \$450,000 under the original budget estimate of \$5,900,000. Hence the confusion as to the \$450,000 figure.

Mr. MAHON. That is right.

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. But our appropriations subcommittee did agree with the Senate on its raise of \$450,000. Moreover, the Senators and we agreed that this would replace any request for a deficiency upon this particular item.

Mr. MAHON. Of course, the House of Representatives can work its will in a matter of this kind.

Briefly, here is the situation: I frankly admit that perhaps the Members of the House generally are not familiar with all the facts, but one thing can be marked down as a certainty, all the REA co-ops in our districts are aware of the situation. We are in this situation: We have appropriated in recent months for Rural Electrification loans \$175,000,000, plus \$400,000,000, or a total of \$575,000,000. The Congress deserves much credit for this tremendous advancement in the REA program. While we have more than doubled the REA program, we are not going to get the results which we anticipated and hoped for, because while we increased the loan funds by more than double, we did not sufficiently increase the administrative funds, and applications from the local co-ops have to go through the mill here at the Washington office of the REA before action can be secured. The budget estimate was sent up here for \$900,000 to take care of the additional administrative expense incident to the huge increase in REA loan funds. This would have increased the amount for administrative expenses from \$5,000,000 to \$5,900,000. After all, if it requires \$5,000,000 to administer a program of \$225,000,000, certainly an additional \$900,000 is not too much for the tremendous increase of \$275,000,000 in REA loans which we have provided for.

I would in the normal procedure have offered this amendment in the Committee on Appropriations, except that in our rush to bring the House to adjournment it did not seem best to follow that procedure. But in collaboration with others interested, particularly the gentleman from Texas [Mr. POAGE], who helped draft the amendment, I have offered it now. The sum requested, relatively speaking, is not a large sum. It is only \$450,000 for additional administrative expenses so that a half-billion dollars in loans can be processed, so that the REA co-ops can get the money, and so that the people living in rural areas can get the lines and the electricity. With a \$225,000,000 program costing \$5,000,000 to administer, certainly \$5,900,000 will not be too much for a program more than twice the size of the program which had been planned.

If we go home and say, "We appropriated the money for REA loans but not the administrative funds to make the loans effective to the farmers," we will be in an unhappy situation. It is true that in the Department of Agriculture conference report on the regular bill,

\$450,000 is provided. This provides an additional \$450,000, the full amount requested by the President.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Texas has expired.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman have five additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. MAHON. I hope that this matter is perfectly clear, and if it is not clear I would be glad to yield to anybody who desires to make an inquiry about it.

Mr. EVINS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield.

Mr. MAHON. I yield.

Mr. EVINS. The objection that has been raised heretofore in the processing of these applications is that the backlog in the office is too great. The place where funds can be used to greatest advantage in expediting the REA program is in the administrative office of the REA.

Mr. MAHON. That is true. The situation is this. Opponents of REA have said: "No, let us not increase the authorization of loans for REA; they have not expended the money we have let them have." The trouble too often has been that REA officials have not had sufficient funds for administrative expenses. In this amendment we provide the additional sum of \$450,000 requested by the Budget for administrative expenses. It is a good amendment and ought to be passed.

Mr. POAGE. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield.

Mr. POAGE. The REA at the present time has probably the best loss record of any one agency, less than one-half of 1 percent.

Mr. MAHON. That is right, an excellent record.

Mr. POAGE. How can we expect them to maintain that loss record if we do not give them sufficient money to service these loans?

Mr. MAHON. The gentleman is right. It certainly seems to me that for the supervision of loans to the extent of \$575,000,000 a cost of \$5,900,000 is not too much administrative expenses and I sincerely trust that the House will take action to provide the funds. We have made a good record in this session in trying to take care of the needs of REA. This amendment will get power lines and electric light to the rural homes faster than they otherwise would get there. That is the reason I am asking your support.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I would like to see if we can arrive at a limitation of time for further debate on this amendment. I see four Members standing. I suggest 3 minutes apiece.

Mr. RANKIN. Will not the gentleman make it 5?

Mr. TABER. I think 3 minutes apiece ought to be enough.

Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that all debate on this amendment and all amendments thereto close in 12 minutes, the last 3 to be reserved to the committee.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Texas [Mr. POAGE] is recognized for 3 minutes.

Mr. POAGE. Mr. Chairman, I believe the gentleman from Texas [Mr. MAHON] has very well explained the situation. No agency of Government has a better lending record than the REA. No private lending agency with which I have any familiarity has a better lending record. When it comes to losses, the REA has had a minimum of losses. It has made sound, safe loans. It could not do this if it did not have an opportunity to study the loans it makes to local cooperatives. It is necessary for REA to study the needs of every cooperative if it is to maintain the fine record in which we take so much pride.

The truth is that the cost of proper study is greater today than it was in the early days of REA. Then it was possible to build lines almost anywhere with the assurance that they would have customers. Now with a little over half the rural homes served, it takes more study to put the lines where they will serve the people who still need service with a minimum of useless line.

Then it was possible to get all the power that the cooperatives needed from the private power companies, although the companies did charge outrageous prices. Now in many sections, the private power companies simply do not have the power to supply their own needs, much less to supply the power the cooperatives need. REA is having to spend money trying to find adequate and dependable sources of power.

When their work began, there was no problem of equipment and supplies. If you could get the money, there would be a salesman anxious to sell them to you. Now REA has to help the cooperatives locate conductor poles, transformers, and so forth.

And, finally, as these cooperatives become larger and their business more complex, it becomes more difficult and expensive to analyze their income and their business. There is no reduction in REA's duties.

REA has handled your money safely and successfully, without loss to the public. It has rendered a great service with small overhead charges. Why should we break that record and cause the taxpayers the loss of untold millions because of lack of sufficient administrative funds to supervise the loans? It seems to me that anyone who would suggest that it was economy at this time to reduce the relative amount of money and to deny the REA a reasonable amount of money to administer these loans wants it to lose money and wants it to have a bad record here next year. I want to see the REA continue the splendid record it has made in the past. I want it to come up here next year with the same fine record so

that we can justify continuation of this fine work.

You cannot expect a continuation of this record if you give this agency less than 1 percent for administrative purposes. You have got to give the REA some more money if you are to expect them to properly handle the great sums you have told them to loan. You gave them \$5,000,000 to handle \$225,000,000 worth of funds last year. Now you add an additional \$350,000,000 in loans and give them an increase of only 9 percent over what they had last year for administrative purposes. That means they must do two and a half times the work they did last year; handle 250 percent of the amount of money they handled last year on only a 9-percent increase in funds for administrative purposes. It is fantastic; it cannot be done by any agency.

Surely we must apply the law of common sense to the administration of these loans. The REA is no different from any other lending agency, your local bank, or other local business institutions. When your local institutions more than double the volume of their business, you expect that their administrative expenses are going to increase at least a great deal more than 9 percent; yet, that is all the increase you are giving REA. We simply ask you by this amendment to give the REA a little less than a million dollars to administer \$350,000,000 worth of additional loans. That is less than one-third of a cent for each dollar's worth of business you ask REA to handle. That, my friends, is all we ask. If that is not as low as the administrative costs of any agency you have ever dealt with, then I call on you to name it. I submit you cannot point to another agency in this Government that can handle money at a rate so low and handle it with the efficiency that the REA has handled it. Many of the appropriation bills you have passed have provided 10 to 20 times this percentage for administration.

The budget has asked for this amount. The REA has pointed out that this is necessary if they are to carry out the program we have prescribed for them. If we deny REA these funds, we must expect delay in the processing of the loan applications of your local cooperatives. We must expect such delay that your farm people will not actually get the great benefits we held out to them when we approved the greatest loaning program in history. If you do not give REA the needed funds, then you can expect it to show up with losses next year and in the years to come, and if it does come in here next year with substantial losses, do not charge it up to the REA; charge it up to the refusal of this House to give its agency the straw it needed to make sound bricks.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Texas has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN].

(Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. Mr. Chairman, I was responsible perhaps more than any man in Congress for placing

the additional \$100,000,000 in loan authorizations in the regular agricultural appropriation bill for 1949. This will demonstrate, Mr. Chairman, that certainly I am among the many in this House who are very friendly to the REA. Most of us want that agency to have all the money it legitimately needs.

Let me call attention to the fact that I mentioned previously when the gentleman from Texas [Mr. MAHON] was speaking. We agreed with the Senate in conference on this point and it was understood by our conferees, in advancing the amount for administrative expenses from \$5,000,000 to \$5,450,000, that this would be ample and no deficiency would be requested. In adding another \$450,000 here, Mr. Chairman, under a deficiency bill we would be breaking faith with the agreement that we of the Appropriations Subcommittee had in conference with the Senate. If I for 1 minute thought REA would suffer because of not enough administrative funds, I would gladly urge the acceptance of Mr. MAHON's amendment. But such is not the case.

There is one more point. The Senate advanced the additional loan authorizations as a reason for giving to the legal department of the Department of Agriculture an additional \$50,000, which we in conference, agreed to. REA has a right to be proud of this fine job it is doing and what the other gentlemen have had to say about the splendid record of repayment by the near 1,000 associations has often been called to the attention of the Congress by me when previous bills were on the floor.

Mr. Chairman, there is no question here as to loan authorizations. The question is how much shall we permit REA to expend directly for its expenses of administration. My associates have now had much experience and do not need the same degree of guidance from national headquarters as they did at the beginning of the program. Our REA Boards of Directors have occasionally complained of too much unnecessary interference and too many visits from field men and such. Surely, \$5,450,000 will pay for a lot of top administrative work. Remember that REA has also available a good portion of the legal talent of the Solicitor's Office of the Department of Agriculture, for which latter office we are appropriating this year \$2,000,000.

Mr. Chairman, I repeat that we are being very generous with REA, and much as I would like to give these additional funds Mr. MAHON requests, there is always present our responsibilities of providing billions of dollars for our veterans and national defense. We must draw the line somewhere, so that other very essential activities of government can properly be taken care of. I hope that Mr. MAHON's amendment will be defeated.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Minnesota has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. RANKIN].

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Chairman, by all means this amendment should be adopted. It would merely provide the Rural Electrification Administration with the

funds they need to administer the \$400,000,000 we provided for next year and \$175,000,000 that we added for the balance of this fiscal year.

The gentleman from Minnesota evidently does not understand that all these projects have to be submitted to the REA in Washington, they have to be scanned and investigated carefully, and ought to be.

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. I personally understand the situation very well.

Mr. RANKIN. They cannot do this with the amount of funds they have. This battle has been going on for 15 years, and yet with all the progress we have made the United States is not as well electrified today as Japan. Japan has a larger percentage of her farms electrified than we have in the United States.

Germany has a larger percentage of her farms electrified than they do in Minnesota or than we have throughout the whole United States.

Italy, France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Holland have a larger percentage of their farms electrified than we have in the United States.

We have provided \$400,000,000 for rural electrification during this fiscal year and \$400,000,000 for the next fiscal year, and I submit that it is nothing but good economics to supply the Rural Electrification Administration with sufficient funds to adequately and properly administer these funds, and in order to do so it is necessary that we have this additional \$450,000 which the gentleman from Texas [Mr. MAHON] has asked for in this amendment, and which the Rural Electrification Administration says is absolutely necessary in order to enable them to do this work.

You are not wasting money here. This is not like all those billions you are pouring into the sink holes of Europe, Asia, and Africa. This is not like this \$300,000,000 you voted to waste in China a few days ago. This is not like the \$900,000,000 you are going to spend to send tobacco to Europe. This is money to help electrify the farm houses of your own country. Every dollar of it will come back with interest, and it will add immeasurably to the wealth of the Nation.

Mr. Chairman, I submit that the amendment ought to be carried by an overwhelming majority; by unanimous consent, if you please.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER].

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I hope that the House will pass on this item on the basis of fairness and need. The Senate committee, after all the funds that are involved in rural electrification construction had been voted by the House, and after they had the whole picture before them, held hearings on this item. Mr. Wickard, head of this organization, appeared before them, and on page 932 of the hearings he said that about \$479,000 out of the \$900,000 would be devoted to helping in the engineering and construction work. And that is all they have to do. Now, why should we add to the amount that the Senate commit-

tee recommended? On that Senate committee are some who have a record of being amongst the most liberal with REA. So, why should we come out here and raise a figure that the Senate Committee on Agricultural Appropriations put in and which the House, after a conference, agreed to as the amount needed? That does not make sense. It is simply turning over \$450,000 more to the bureaucrats to waste. I am willing to let them have what they need, but I do not believe that we should stretch ourselves so as to give them money to waste. You destroy the efficiency of governmental organization when you do that. The interest of REA and its successful administration requires that we refuse to give them more money than they need; more than the Senate Committee on Appropriations determined they should have.

Mr. Chairman, I hope the amendment will be defeated.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas [Mr. MAHON].

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. MAHON) there were—ayes 60, noes 92.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Chairman, I demand tellers.

Tellers were ordered, and the Chairman appointed as tellers Mr. MAHON and Mr. TABER.

The Committee again divided; and the tellers reported that there were—ayes 93, noes 137.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. HENDRICKS. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. HENDRICKS: On page 20 line 6 after the word "expended", insert a new paragraph as follows:

"DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

"The Secretary of the Air Force is hereby authorized in his discretion to accept in the name of the United States the tract of land comprising the Valparaiso gold course at Valparaiso, Eglin Field, Fla.: *Provided*, That no appropriated funds shall be used for the acquiring or maintenance or upkeep of the golf course now on the said lands or for the maintenance of any recreational activities placed thereon."

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HENDRICKS. I am glad to yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. TABER. The idea of this is simply that it allows funds that have been made out of the profits of an officers' mess at this place to be used for maintaining their golf course. It does not take any money for that purpose out of the Federal Treasury, is that correct?

Mr. HENDRICKS. That is correct.

Mr. TABER. It prohibits the use of any appropriated funds to be used for that purpose, either for the acquiring of the property or its maintenance or operation for recreational facilities. That would all have to be done out of the profits of this officers' mess, is that correct?

Mr. HENDRICKS. That is correct.

Mr. TABER. With that in mind, Mr. Chairman, I do not object to it. The amendment is drawn in such language that it is perfectly plain.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HENDRICKS. I yield.

Mr. McCORMACK. The gentleman from Florida [Mr. HENDRICKS] in offering this amendment is again demonstrating the great service that he has rendered as a Member of this body, carrying on right to the end representing the people of his State in his able and effectual manner. All of us who have ever had the honor of serving with him have a most profound respect for our friend from Florida [Mr. HENDRICKS].

His service has been outstanding, constructive, and courageous. We will all respect the reasons which prompted him to voluntarily retire. We regret very much his retirement from the Congress. He retires with the knowledge that his record while a Member will occupy a prominent place in the pages of congressional history.

The very fact that he is offering this amendment in the closing days of the Congress is typical of the type of service that my dear friend has rendered during the years that he has been a Member of this House.

Mr. HENDRICKS. I thank my chairman and other members of the committee for accepting this amendment, and I say "thank you" to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK] with whom I have had a very pleasant association.

Unless there are some further questions I yield back the remainder of my time, Mr. Chairman.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Florida [Mr. HENDRICKS].

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment, which I send to the Clerk's desk.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. RANKIN: On page 20, after the Hendricks amendment, at the end of line 6, insert a new paragraph to read as follows:

"For construction of the Tennessee-Tombigbee inland waterway, \$1,500,000."

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Chairman, this Tennessee-Tombigbee project has been approved by the Army engineers, and by the present Chief of Army Engineers, as well as by his predecessor.

It has been pointed out time and time again that it is the most important project of its kind that has yet been proposed. It is the only place on earth where you can transfer traffic from one major watershed to another with so much ease, so little expense, and such a tremendous saving in transportation costs and distances.

The Army engineers have made their plans. They have drawn their blueprints. They have everything ready to proceed. They are now asking that we provide the money to begin.

The Bureau of the Budget recommended this \$1,500,000. That is what I am asking for in this amendment.

I pointed out the other day that this project will cut the water distance from the Gulf of Mexico to our Oak Ridge plant on the Tennessee River where our atomic

bombs are made by 786 miles. A barge load of 14,000 tons going from Mobile to that project would save \$30,380 on its fuel bill alone. If it were going into Michigan or into the Great Lakes or upper Mississippi River or upper Missouri, it would save \$20,160 on its fuel bill alone.

When I say the upper Mississippi, I mean St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn. This means more to the people who pay transportation costs in the great Mississippi Valley, extending from Pittsburgh, Pa., all the way across, than any other project that has ever been proposed.

If this barge load went up the Ohio River it would save \$22,160 on its fuel bill alone.

At the same time it would have the swift current of the Mississippi for the downstream traffic.

Oh, I know there are some men behind the iron curtain of discriminatory freight rates who do not want the people west of the Mississippi River or south of the Ohio to get any relief from these penalties they have paid throughout all the years that have passed and gone. They are willing to paralyze our entire water-transportation system; they are willing to jeopardize, if you please, to that extent, the safety of the Nation. If we were to become involved in a war in the years to come, in which the atomic bomb would be the principal weapon, this would give us not only a short water route but it would give us two outlets from Oak Ridge to the sea. So it would add to the defense of the Nation more than any other expenditure that could be made at this time of anything like the amount proposed.

It seems to me that while you are spending all these hundreds of millions of dollars of lend-lease American money to rebuild the Dnieperstroi Dam in Russia, while you are spending these millions, or should I say billions? to build hydroelectric plants over Europe, while you are spending the hundreds of millions of dollars to be wasted in China, it seems to me that the Congress of the United States might do what we are going to have to do sooner or later, and that is to provide the small amount necessary to begin construction of this waterway, the most important, the most necessary project of its kind that has yet been proposed. Ask any member of the Corps of Army Engineers. Go to General Wheeler, go to General Reibold who has just retired, go to any of those men who know. They will tell you that this is the most important project of its kind they have ever had to pass upon.

You might as well approve this amendment, for I am going to keep this proposition before you until this great project is constructed.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Mississippi has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that all debate on this bill and all amendments thereto close in 3 minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from South Dakota [Mr. CASE] is recognized for 3 minutes.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. Chairman, the Tombigbee Canal may be a desirable project to construct at some time. The House voted on three different occasions against the authorization of the Tombigbee Canal. Finally it was authorized.

The House Committee did not include it in the civil functions appropriation bill this year. It was suggested in the other body but in conference it was pointed out that the two waterways, the Overton Canal and the Tombigbee Waterway, would together cost \$189,000,000.

The Tombigbee Canal cannot be built this week, this year, or next year. It is a long-range proposition.

The Committee on Civil Functions believed that it was much better to put our money on flood control projects now where immediate results could be obtained, where there was an urgency, where life and property were in danger. The waterway canal which duplicates existing facilities for transportation does not have the urgency that is evident in flood-control projects or is evident in the expenditures we have been called upon to make for increased numbers of aircraft.

When the gentleman says that it means more for national defense than any other money that can be appropriated he is flying in the face of what he himself has said with regard to the importance of a 70-group air force and of doing some of these other things which are done directly in the name of national defense.

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. No.

I think the Tombigbee Canal has some merit; and some day when we need a public-works program it will be a good time to put some labor on some of these things that do not have immediate urgency, but it ought not to be in this final deficiency bill that the House will vote on this session.

The amendment should be defeated.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Mississippi.

The amendment was rejected.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise and report the bill back to the House with sundry amendments, with the recommendation that the amendments be agreed to and that the bill as amended do pass.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the Committee rose; and the Speaker having resumed the chair, Mr. HOPK, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, had directed him to report the bill back to the House with sundry amendments, with the recommendation that the amendments be agreed to and that the bill as amended do pass.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the bill and amendments to final passage.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time and was read the third time.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I am in its present form.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. MAHON moves to recommit the bill to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report the same back forthwith with the following amendment: On page 14, line 19, after the period add a new section to read as follows:

"Rural Electrification Administration. Salaries and expenses. For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1949 for administrative expenses, \$450,000."

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the motion to recommit.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. MAHON) there were—ayes 78, noes 148.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 199, nays 204, not voting 27, as follows:

[Roll No. 109]

YEAS—199

Abbitt	Cooper	Gregory
Abernethy	Courtney	Hagen
Albert	Cox	Hardy
Allen, La.	Cravens	Harless, Ariz.
Andrews, Ala.	Crosser	Harris
Arnold	Curtis	Harrison
Banta	Davis, Ga.	Hart
Barden	Davis, Tenn.	Havenner
Bates, Ky.	Dawson, Ill.	Hays
Battle	Deane	Hedrick
Beckworth	Delaney	Heffernan
Bennett, Mich.	D'Ewart	Hendricks
Bennett, Mo.	Dingell	Hill
Bland	Domeneaux	Hobbs
Blatnik	Donohue	Holifield
Bloom	Dorn	Huber
Boggs, La.	Doughton	Hull
Bonner	Douglas	Isacson
Brehm	Durham	Jackson, Wash.
Brooks	Eberhart	Jarman
Brown, Ga.	Elliott	Jones, Ala.
Bryson	Engle, Calif.	Jones, N. C.
Buchanan	Evins	Karsten, Mo.
Buckley	Felghan	Kee
Burleson	Fernandez	Kelley
Byrne, N. Y.	Fisher	Kennedy
Camp	Flannagan	Keogh
Cannon	Fogarty	Kerr
Carroll	Folger	Kilday
Case, S. Dak.	Forand	King
Celler	Garmatz	Kirwan
Chapman	Gary	Klein
Chelf	Gordon	Lanham
Clark	Gore	Larcade
Cole, Mo.	Gorski	Lea
Colmer	Gossett	Lemke
Combs	Granger	Lesinski
Cooley	Grant, Ala.	Lucas

Lusk
Lyle
Lynch
McCormack
McCowan
McCulloch
McMillan, S. C.
MacKinnon
Madden
Mahon
Manasco
Mansfield
Marcantonio
Meade, Ky.
Miller, Calif.
Miller, Nebr.
Mills
Monroney
Morgan
Morris
Morrison
Multer
Murdoch
Murray, Tenn.
Norblad
Norrell
Norton
O'Brien
O'Konski

O'Toole
Pace
Passman
Patman
Peterson
Pfeifer
Philbin
Pickett
Poage
Potter
Powell
Preston
Price, Fla.
Price, Ill.
Priest
Rains
Ramey
Rankin
Rayburn
Redden
Richards
Riley
Rivers
Rogers, Fla.
Rooney
Russell
Sabath
Sadowski
Sasser

NAYS—204

Allen, Calif.
Andersen,
H. Carl
Anderson, Calif.
Andersen,
August H.
Andrews, N. Y.
Angell
Arends
Auchincloss
Bakewell
Barrett
Bates, Mass.
Beall
Bell
Bender
Bishop
Blackney
Boggs, Del.
Bolton
Bradley
Bramblett
Brophy
Buck
Buffett
Busbey
Butler
Byrnes, Wis.
Canfield
Carson
Case, N. J.
Chadwick
Chenoweth
Chiperfield
Church
Clason
Clevenger
Clippinger
Coffin
Cole, Kans.
Cole, N. Y.
Corbett
Cotton
Coudert
Crawford
Crow
Cunningham
Dague
Davis, Wis.
Dawson, Utah
Devitt
Dolliver
Dondero
Eaton
Ellis
Ellsworth
Elsaesser
Elston
Engel, Mich.
Fallon
Fellows
Fenton
Fletcher
Foote
Fuller
Fulton
Gallagher
Gamble
Gavin
Gillette

Gille
Goff
Goodwin
Graham
Grant, Ind.
Griffiths
Gross
Gwinn, N. Y.
Hale
Hall
Edwin Arthur
Hall
Leonard W.
Halleck
Hand
Harness, Ind.
Harvey
Heseltun
Hess
Hinshaw
Hoeven
Hoffman
Holmes
Hope
Horan
Jackson, Calif.
Javits
Jenison
Jenkins, Ohio
Jenkins, Pa.
Jennings
Jensen
Johnson, Calif.
Johnson, Ill.
Johnson, Ind.
Jones, Wash.
Jonkman
Judd
Kearney
Kearns
Keating
Keefe
Kersten, Wis.
Kilburn
Knutson
Kunkel
Landis
Latham
LeCompte
LeFevre
Lewis, Ky.
Lewis, Ohio
Lichtenwalter
Lodge
Love
McConnell
McDonough
McDowell
McGarvey
McGregor
McMahon
McMillen, Ill.
Mack
Macy
Maloney
Martin, Iowa
Mathews

Schwabe, Mo.
Sheppard
Sikes
Simpson, Ill.
Smathers
Smith, Kans.
Smith, Va.
Somers
Spence
Stanley
Stefan
Stevenson
Teague
Thomas, Tex.
Thompson
Trimble
Vinson
Walter
Wheeler
Whitaker
Whitten
Whittington
Williams
Wilson, Tex.
Winstead
Wood
Worley

Meade, Md.
Morrow
Meyer
Michener
Miller, Conn.
Miller, Md.
Mitchell
Morton
Muhlenberg
Murray, Wis.
Nicholson
Nixon
Nodar
O'Hara
Patterson
Phillips, Calif.
Phillips, Tenn.
Ploeser
Plumley
Potts
Poulson
Reed, Ill.
Reed, N. Y.
Rees
Reeves
Rich
Riehlman
Rizley
Rockwell
Rogers, Mass.
Rohrbough
Ross
Sadlak
St. George
Sanborn
Sarbacher
Schwabe, Okla.
Scott, Hardie
Scott,
Hugh D., Jr.
Scrivner
Seely-Brown
Shafer
Short
Smith, Ohio
Smith, Wis.
Snyder
Stockman
Stratton
Sundstrom
Taber
Talle
Taylor
Tibbott
Tollefson
Towe
Twyman
Vail
Van Zandt
Vorys
Wadsworth
Welch
Wigglesworth
Wilson, Ind.
Wolcott
Wolverton
Woodruff
Youngblood

NOT VOTING—27

Allen, Ill.
Boykin
Brown, Ohio
Bulwinkle
Burke
Dirksen
Gathings
Gearhart
Hartley
Hébert
Herter
Johnson, Okla.
Johnson, Tex.
Kefauver
Lane
Ludlow
Mundt
Peden
Regan
Robertson
Scoblick
Simpson, Pa.
Smith, Maine
Stigler
Thomas, N. J.
Vursell
West

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:

Mr. Johnson of Texas for, with Mr. Herter against.

Mr. Stigler for, with Mr. Simpson of Pennsylvania against.

Mr. Kefauver for, with Mr. Thomas of New Jersey against.

Mr. Peden for, with Mr. Hartley against.

Mr. Gathings for, with Mr. Allen of Illinois against.

Mr. Ludlow for, with Mr. Scoblick against.

Mr. Hébert for, with Mrs. Smith of Maine against.

General pairs until further notice:

Mr. Brown of Ohio with Mr. Boykin.

Mr. Dirksen with Mr. Bulwinkle.

Mr. Gearhart with Mr. Lane.

Mr. Mundt with Mr. West.

Mr. ANDREWS of New York changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska and Mr. McCOWEN changed their votes from "no" to "aye."

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The bill was passed and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. CANNON asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.

SUPPLEMENTAL FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1949

The SPEAKER. The unfinished business is consideration of the President's veto of H. R. 6355.

The question is, Will the House, on reconsideration, pass the bill, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. KEEFE. Mr. Speaker, the President vetoed the bill H. R. 6355, which carries nearly \$1,000,000,000 of appropriations for functioning of the Social Security Administration, some portions of the Public Health Service and the United States Employment Service in the Department of Labor. That is the question before the House.

Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Speaker, a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Speaker, under the rules is not the majority granted the privilege of discussing this message?

The SPEAKER. If the gentleman from Wisconsin withdraws his moving of the previous question it would be in order. Otherwise it is not in order.

The question is on the previous question.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 238, nays 161, not voting 31, as follows:

[Roll No. 110]

YEAS—238

Allen, Calif.
Andersen,
H. Carl
Anderson, Calif.
Andersen,
August H.
Andrews, N. Y.
Angell
Arends
Arnold
Auchincloss
Bakewell
Banta
Barrett
Bates, Mass.
Beall
Bender
Bennett, Mich.
Bennett, Mo.
Bishop
Blackney
Boggs, Del.
Bolton
Bradley
Bramblett
Brehm
Brophy
Buck
Buffett
Burke
Busbey
Butler
Byrnes, Wis.
Canfield
Carson
Case, N. J.
Case, S. Dak.
Chadwick
Chenoweth
Chiperfield
Church
Clason
Clevenger
Clippinger
Coffin
Cole, Kans.
Cole, Mo.
Cole, N. Y.
Corbett
Cotton
Coudert
Crawford
Crow
Cunningham
Curtis
Dague
Davis, Wis.
Dawson, Utah
Devitt
D'Ewart
Dirksen
Dolliver
Domeneaux
Dondero
Doughton
Eaton
Elliott
Ellis
Ellsworth
Elsaesser
Elston
Engel, Mich.
Fellows
Fenton
Fisher
Fletcher
Foote
Fuller
Fulton
Gallagher
Gamble
Gavin
Gearhart
Gillette
Gille
Goff
Goodwin
Graham
Grant, Ind.
Griffiths
Gross
Gwinn, N. Y.
Gwynne, Iowa
Hagen
Hale
Hall
Edwin Arthur
Hall
Leonard W.
Halleck
Hand
Harness, Ind.
Harvey
Heseltun
Hess
Hill
Hinshaw
Hoeven
Hoffman
Holmes
Hope
Horan
Hull
Jackson, Calif.
Javits
Jenison
Jenkins, Ohio
Jenkins, Pa.
Jennings
Jensen
Johnson, Calif.
Johnson, Ill.
Johnson, Ind.
Jones, Wash.
Jonkman
Judd
Kearney
Kearns
Keating
Keefe
Kilburn
Kilday
Knutson
Kunkel
Landis
Latham
LeCompte
LeFevre
Lewis, Ohio
Lichtenwalter
Lodge
Love
Lucas
McConnell
McCowan
McCulloch
McDonough
McDowell
McGarvey
McGregor
McMahon
McMillen, Ill.
Mack
MacKinnon
Macy
Mahon
Maloney
Martin, Iowa
Mason
Mathews
Meade, Ky.
Morrow
Meyer
Michener
Miller, Conn.
Miller, Md.
Miller, Nebr.
Mitchell
Morton
Muhlenberg
Murray, Wis.
Nicholson
Nixon
Nodar
Norblad
O'Hara
O'Konski
Patterson
Phillips, Calif.
Phillips, Tenn.
Ploeser
Plumley
Poage
Potter
Potts
Poulson
Ramey
Reed, Ill.
Reed, N. Y.
Rees
Reeves
Rich
Riehlman
Rivers
Rizley
Rockwell
Rogers, Mass.
Rohrbough
Ross
Russell
Sadlak
St. George
Sanborn
Sanborn
Sarbacher
Schwabe, Mo.
Schwabe, Okla.
Scott, Hardie
Scott,
Hugh D., Jr.
Scrivner
Seely-Brown
Shafer
Short
Simpson, Ill.
Smith, Kans.
Smith, Ohio
Smith, Wis.
Snyder
Stefan
Stevenson
Stockman
Stratton
Sundstrom
Taber
Talle
Taylor
Tibbott
Tollefson
Towe
Twyman
Vail
Van Zandt
Vorys
Wadsworth
Welch
Wigglesworth
Wilson, Ind.
Wilson, Tex.
Wolcott
Wolverton
Woodruff

NAYS—161

Abbott
Abernethy
Albert
Allen, La.
Andrews, Ala.
Barden
Bates, Ky.
Battle
Beckworth
Bell
Bland
Blatnik

Bloom	Gossett	Multer
Boggs, La.	Granger	Murdock
Bonner	Grant, Ala.	Murray, Tenn.
Brooks	Gregory	Norrell
Brown, Ga.	Hardy	Norton
Bryson	Harless, Ariz.	O'Brien
Buchanan	Harris	O'Toole
Buckley	Harrison	Pace
Bulwinkle	Hart	Passman
Burleson	Havener	Patman
Byrne, N. Y.	Hays	Peterson
Camp	Hedrick	Pfeifer
Cannon	Heffernan	Philbin
Carroll	Hendricks	Pickett
Celler	Hobbs	Powell
Chapman	Holifield	Preston
Chelf	Huber	Price, Fla.
Colmer	Isacson	Price, Ill.
Combs	Jackson, Wash.	Priest
Cooley	Jarman	Rains
Cooper	Jones, Ala.	Rankin
Courtney	Jones, N. C.	Redden
Cox	Karsten, Mo.	Richards
Cravens	Kee	Riley
Crosser	Kelley	Rogers, Fla.
Davis, Ga.	Kennedy	Rooney
Davis, Tenn.	Keogh	Sabath
Dawson, Ill.	Kerr	Sasser
Dean	King	Sheppard
Delaney	Kirwan	Sikes
Dingell	Klein	Smathers
Donohue	Lanham	Smith, Va.
Dorn	Larcade	Somers
Douglas	Lesinski	Spence
Durham	Lusk	Stanley
Eberharter	Lyle	Teague
Engle, Calif.	Lynch	Thomas, Tex.
Evins	McCormack	Thompson
Fallon	McMillan, S. C.	Trimble
Feighan	Madden	Walter
Fernandez	Manasco	Welch
Flannagan	Mansfield	Wheeler
Fogarty	Marcantonio	Whitaker
Folger	Meade, Md.	Whitten
Forand	Miller, Calif.	Whittington
Garmatz	Mills	Williams
Gary	Monroney	Winstead
Gordon	Morgan	Wood
Gore	Morris	Worley
Gorski	Morrison	

NOT VOTING—31

Allen, Ill.	Kersten, Wis.	Sadowski
Boykin	Lane	Scoblick
Brown, Ohio	Lea	Simpson, Pa.
Clark	Lemke	Smith, Maine
Gathings	Lewis, Ky.	Stigler
Hartley	Ludlow	Thomas, N. J.
Hébert	Mundt	Vinson
Herter	Peden	West
Johnson, Okla.	Rayburn	Youngblood
Johnson, Tex.	Regan	
Kefauver	Robertson	

So the previous question was ordered. The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:

Mr. Herter for, with Mr. West against.
 Mr. Simpson of Pennsylvania for, with Mr. Peden against.
 Mr. Thomas of New Jersey for, with Mr. Kefauver against.
 Mr. Hartley for, with Mr. Johnson of Texas against.
 Mr. Allen of Illinois for, with Mr. Hébert against.
 Mr. Scoblick for, with Mr. Stigler against.
 Mrs. Smith of Maine for, with Mr. Sadowski against.
 Mr. Youngblood for, with Mr. Vinson, against.
 Mr. Mundt for, with Mr. Boykin against.

Additional general pair:

Mr. Brown of Ohio with Mr. Lane.

Mr. RAYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I cannot qualify on this vote but I want the RECORD to show that if I had been here I would have voted "no."

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER. The question is, Will the House on reconsideration agree to

pass the bill, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding? Under the Constitution this must be a record vote. The Clerk will call the roll.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 288, nays 113, not voting 29, as follows:

[Roll No. 111]

YEAS—288

Abbitt	Fellows	McDowell
Allen, Calif.	Fenton	McGarvey
Allen, Ill.	Fernandez	McGregor
Allen, La.	Fisher	McMahon
Andersen,	Fletcher	McMillan, S. C.
H. Carl	Foot	McMillen, Ill.
Anderson, Calif.	Fuller	Mack
Andresen,	Fulton	MacKinnon
August H.	Gallagher	Macy
Andrews, N. Y.	Gamble	Mahon
Angell	Gary	Maloney
Arends	Gavin	Martin, Iowa
Arnold	Gearhart	Mason
Auchincloss	Gillette	Mathews
Bakewell	Gillie	Meade, Ky.
Banta	Goff	Meade, Md.
Barrett	Goodwin	Merrrow
Bates, Mass.	Gore	Meyer
Beall	Gossett	Michener
Bender	Graham	Miller, Conn.
Bennett, Mich.	Grant, Ind.	Miller, Md.
Bennett, Mo.	Griffiths	Miller, Nebr.
Bishop	Gross	Mitchell
Blackney	Gwynn, N. Y.	Morrison
Bland	Gwynne, Iowa	Morton
Boggs, Del.	Hagen	Muhlenberg
Bolton	Hale	Murray, Tenn.
Bradley	Hall	Murray, Wis.
Bramblett	Edwin Arthur	Nicholson
Brehm	Hall	Nixon
Brooks	Leonard W.	Nodar
Brophy	Halleck	Norblad
Brown, Ga.	Hand	Norrell
Bryson	Hardy	O'Hara
Buck	Harless, Ariz.	O'Konski
Buffett	Harness, Ind.	Passman
Bulwinkle	Harris	Patterson
Burke	Harrison	Peterson
Burleson	Harvey	Phillips, Calif.
Busbey	Hays	Phillips, Tenn.
Butler	Hendricks	Pickett
Byrnes, Wis.	Heslton	Ploeser
Camp	Hess	Plumley
Canfield	Hill	Poage
Carson	Hinshaw	Potter
Case, N. J.	Hoeven	Potts
Case, S. Dak.	Hoffman	Poulson
Chadwick	Holmes	Preston
Chenoweth	Hope	Price, Fla.
Chiperfield	Horan	Ramey
Church	Hull	Reed, Ill.
Clark	Jackson, Calif.	Reed, N. Y.
Clason	Javits	Rees
Clevenger	Jonison	Reeves
Clippinger	Jenkins, Ohio	Rich
Coffin	Jenkins, Pa.	Richards
Cole, Kans.	Jennings	Riehlman
Cole, Mo.	Jensen	Riley
Cole, N. Y.	Johnson, Calif.	Rivers
Cooper	Johnson, Ill.	Rizley
Corbett	Johnson, Ind.	Rockwell
Cotton	Jones, Wash.	Rogers, Mass.
Coudert	Jonkman	Rohrbough
Cox	Judd	Ross
Cravens	Kean	Russell
Crawford	Kearney	Sadlak
Crow	Kearns	St. George
Cunningham	Keating	Sanborn
Curtis	Keefe	Sarbacher
Dague	Kerr	Schwabe, Mo.
Davis, Ga.	Kilburn	Schwabe, Okla.
Davis, Tenn.	Kilday	Scott, Hardie
Davis, Wis.	Knutson	Scott,
Dawson, Utah	Kunkel	Hugh D., Jr.
Devitt	Landis	Scrivner
D'Ewart	Larcade	Seely-Brown
Dirksen	Latham	Shafer
Dolliver	LeCompte	Short
Dondero	LeFevre	Sikes
Dorn	Lewis, Ohio	Simpson, Ill.
Durham	Lichtenwaite	Smith, Kans.
Eaton	Lodge	Smith, Ohio
Elliott	Love	Smith, Va.
Ellis	Lucas	Smith, Wis.
Ellsworth	McConnell	Snyder
Elsaesser	McCowan	Stanley
Elston	McCulloch	Stefan
Engel, Mich.	McDonough	Stevenson

Stockman	Vail	Wigglesworth
Stratton	Van Zandt	Wilson, Ind.
Sundstrom	Vinson	Wilson, Tex.
Taber	Vorss	Wolcott
Talle	Vursell	Wolverton
Taylor	Wadsworth	Wood
Thompson	Weichel	Woodruff
Tibbott	Wheeler	Worley
Towe	Whitten	Youngblood
Twyman	Whittington	

NAYS—113

Abernethy	Forand	Mills
Albert	Garmatz	Monroney
Andrews, Ala.	Gordon	Morgan
Barden	Gorski	Morris
Bates, Ky.	Granger	Multer
Battle	Grant, Ala.	Murdock
Beckworth	Gregory	Norton
Bell	Hart	O'Brien
Bloom	Havener	O'Toole
Boggs, La.	Hedrick	Pace
Bonner	Heffernan	Patman
Buchanan	Hobbs	Pfeifer
Buckley	Holifield	Philbin
Byrne, N. Y.	Huber	Powell
Cannon	Isacson	Price, Ill.
Carroll	Jackson, Wash.	Priest
Celler	Jarman	Rains
Chapman	Jones, Ala.	Rankin
Chelf	Jones, N. C.	Rayburn
Colmer	Karsten, Mo.	Redden
Combs	Kee	Rogers, Fla.
Cooley	Kelley	Rooney
Courtney	Kennedy	Sabath
Crosser	Keogh	Sadowski
Dawson, Ill.	King	Sasser
Deane	Kirwan	Sheppard
Delaney	Klein	Smathers
Dingell	Lanham	Somers
Donohue	Lesinski	Spence
Doughton	Lusk	Teague
Douglas	Lyle	Thomas, Tex.
Eberharter	Lynch	Trimble
Engle, Calif.	McCormack	Walter
Evins	Madden	Welch
Feighan	Manasco	Whitaker
Flannagan	Mansfield	Williams
Fogarty	Marcantonio	Winstead
Folger	Miller, Calif.	

NOT VOTING—29

Blatnik	Johnson, Tex.	Regan
Boykin	Kefauver	Robertson
Brown, Ohio	Kersten, Wis.	Scoblick
Domengeaux	Lane	Simpson, Pa.
Fallon	Lea	Smith, Maine
Gathings	Lemke	Stigler
Hartley	Lewis, Ky.	Thomas, N. J.
Hébert	Ludlow	Tollifson
Herter	Mundt	West
Johnson, Okla.	Peden	

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the bill was passed, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

Additional general pairs:

Mr. Brown of Ohio with Mr. Lane.
 Mr. Simpson of Pennsylvania with Mr. Peden.
 Mr. Hartley with Mr. Stigler.
 Mrs. Smith of Maine with Mr. Kefauver.
 Mr. Mundt with Mr. Gathings.
 Mr. Thomas of New Jersey with Mr. Hébert.
 Mr. Scoblick with Mr. Johnson of Texas.
 Mr. Herter with Mr. Boykin.

Mr. CHELF changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. ABERNETHY changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. WINSTEAD changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. CRAWFORD changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

H. R. 6935

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 16 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. BUTLER to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, viz: On page 18, between lines 14 and 15 insert the following:

- 1 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
- 2 Education of Indians: For an additional amount for
- 3 education of Indian pupils in the Winnebago public schools,
- 4 District Numbered 17, Winnebago, Nebraska, fiscal year
- 5 1948, \$9,055.90.

H. R. 6935

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. BUTLER to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

JUNE 16 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and
ordered to be printed

H. R. 6935

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 16 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. HAYDEN to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, viz: On page 18, after line 14, insert the following:

1 For payment to the following-named contractors in the
2 following designated amounts in full settlement of their
3 claims, legal or equitable, of any nature whatsoever arising
4 out of or connected with the notice by the United States
5 Reclamation Service of the exhaustion of funds for payment
6 of contractors earnings in connection with the construction
7 of the Friant-Kern Canal, California, Peter Kiewit Son's
8 Company, \$186,195.33; Arizona-Nevada Constructors,
9 \$348,867.62; Morrison-Knudson, Incorporated, and M. H.
10 Hassler, \$217,618.47; Bechtel Brothers-McCone Company,
11 \$32,018.51; in all \$784,699.93.

80TH CONGRESS
2^D Session

H. R. 6935

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. HAYDEN to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

JUNE 16 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948
Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and
ordered to be printed

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 6935

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 17 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply
5 deficiency appropriations for the fiscal year ending June
6 30, 1948, and for other purposes, namely:

7 LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

8 SENATE

9 For payment to Ruth D. Overton, widow of John H
10 Overton, late a Senator from the State of Louisiana, \$12,500

1 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

2 Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation:
3 For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Foreign
4 Economic Cooperation, as authorized by Public Law 472,
5 Eightieth Congress, including per diem allowance in lieu
6 of subsistence expenses for consultants and staff, at the rate
7 of \$10 within the continental limits of the United States
8 and \$12 abroad, without regard to the Subsistence Act
9 of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended, \$262,000.

10 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

11 For payment to Emma E. Owens, widow of Thomas
12 L. Owens, late a Representative from the State of Illinois,
13 \$12,500.

14 MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

15 For mileage due and unpaid to Members of the House
16 of Representatives, Seventy-ninth and prior Congresses,
17 \$906.

18 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

19 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal
20 year 1947, for "Reporting hearings", \$11,000.

21 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal
22 year 1948, for "Reporting hearings", \$15,000.

23 Stationery (revolving fund): For an additional sta-
24 tionery allowance of \$300 for each Representative, Dele-

1 gate, and the Resident Commissioner of Puerto Rico, for the
2 second session of the Eightieth Congress, \$131,400, to
3 remain available until expended.

4 Stationery (revolving fund) : For stationery allowance
5 due a newly elected Member of the House of Representa-
6 tives, by special election, second session, Eightieth Congress,
7 to remain available until expended, \$500.

8 For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses
9 incurred in the contested election case of Lowe versus Davis
10 as audited and recommended by the Committee on House
11 Administration, \$1,289.08, to be disbursed by the Clerk
12 of the House.

13 For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses
14 incurred in the contested election case of Mankin versus Davis
15 as audited and recommended by the Committee on House
16 Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the
17 House.

18 For payment to Helen Douglas Mankin, contestant, for
19 expenses incurred in the contested election case of Mankin
20 versus Davis as audited and recommended by the Committee
21 on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the
22 Clerk of the House.

23 For payment to David J. Wilson, contestant, for
24 expenses incurred in the contested election case of Wilson

1 versus Granger as audited and recommended by the Com-
 2 mittee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by
 3 the Clerk of the House.

4 GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

5 OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

6 General expenses: Surplus funds accumulated during the
 7 fiscal year 1948 through the operation of the working capital
 8 of the Government Printing Office (Public printing and
 9 binding, Government Printing Office, 1948) are hereby
 10 made available for the additional transfer of \$77,000 to the
 11 appropriation "General expenses, Office of Superintendent
 12 of Documents, 1948", including the objects and subject to
 13 the conditions set forth under this heading in the Legislative
 14 Branch Appropriation Act, 1948.

15 THE JUDICIARY

16 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

17 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 18 year 1948, for "Printing and binding" for advance opinions,
 19 preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Supreme Court,
 20 \$23,000.

21 FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

22 ARMED FORCES LEAVE PAYMENTS

23 Payments under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946:
 24 Not to exceed \$700,000 of the amount appropriated under
 25 this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1947,

1 shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for transfer,
2 in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget
3 may determine, to the Bureau of the Public Debt, Treasury
4 Department, for administrative expenses necessary to carry
5 out the provisions of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946,
6 as amended, including personal services in the District of
7 Columbia and elsewhere, including printing and binding.

8 DEFENSE AID, LIQUIDATION LEND-LEASE PROGRAM

9 Administrative expenses: For the liquidation by the
10 Treasury Department in the fiscal year 1949 of activities
11 under an Act to promote the defense of the United States
12 (55 Stat. 31), as amended, \$250,000.

13 Obligations: Not to exceed \$25,000,000 of the funds
14 appropriated or continued available by title II of the Second
15 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, for carrying out the
16 provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United
17 States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, shall remain available for
18 expenditure until June 30, 1949, for liquidation of obligations
19 incurred under said Act prior to June 30, 1946, and for
20 payment of claims, approved prior to June 30, 1949, under
21 a patent interchange agreement executed pursuant to said
22 Act.

23 CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY

24 ABROAD

25 Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad:

1 To enable the President, by allocation during the fiscal year
2 1949 to any department, agency, corporation, or independ-
3 ent establishment in the executive branch of the Government,
4 to provide for expenses necessary for the care, handling, and
5 disposal, pursuant to law, of surplus property located outside
6 the continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico,
7 and the Virgin Islands, and for the care and handling of
8 surplus property located in the United States but disposed of
9 to foreign governments, including personal services in the
10 District of Columbia; employment of persons outside the con-
11 tinental limits of the United States without regard to civil-
12 service and classification laws; attendance at meetings of
13 organizations concerned with the activities for which this ap-
14 propriation is made; services as authorized by section 15 of
15 the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of
16 rent in foreign countries in advance; printing and binding, in-
17 cluding printing and binding outside the continental limits of
18 the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of
19 March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); and hire of passenger
20 motor vehicles; \$18,300,000: *Provided*, That none of the
21 funds herein appropriated shall be available for reimburse-
22 ment for pay and allowances or subsistence of military or
23 naval personnel except cost-of-living allowances for military
24 or naval personnel assigned or detailed to the Department of
25 State: *Provided further*, That \$13,850,000 of this appropria-

1 tion shall be available exclusively for the care and handling
2 of surplus property located in the United States but disposed
3 of to foreign governments.

4 DISASTER RELIEF

5 Disaster relief: To enable the President, through such
6 agency or agencies as he may designate, and in such manner
7 as he shall determine, to supplement the efforts and available
8 resources of State and local governments or other agencies,
9 whenever he finds that any flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake,
10 or other catastrophe in any part of the United States is of suf-
11 ficient severity and magnitude to warrant emergency assist-
12 ance by the Federal Government in alleviating hardship, or
13 suffering caused thereby, and if the governor of any State
14 in which such catastrophe shall occur shall certify that such
15 assistance is required, \$500,000, to remain available until
16 June 30, 1949, and to be expended without regard to such
17 provisions regulating the expenditure of Government funds
18 or the employment of persons in the Government service
19 as he shall specify: *Provided*, That no expenditures shall be
20 made with respect to any such catastrophe in any State until
21 the governor of such State shall have entered into an agree-
22 ment with such agency of the Government as the President
23 may designate giving assurance of expenditure of a reason-
24 able amount of the funds of the government of such State,
25 local governments therein, or other agencies, for the same

1 or similar purposes with respect to such catastrophe: *Pro-*
 2 *vided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be
 3 expended for departmental personal services: *Provided fur-*
 4 *ther*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for
 5 permanent construction: *Provided further*, That within any
 6 affected area Federal agencies are authorized to participate
 7 in any such emergency assistance.

8 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

9 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

10 SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

11 Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen: For
 12 an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Reconversion
 13 unemployment benefits for seamen", \$1,170,000.

14 Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security:
 15 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries
 16 and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security", \$50,000.

17 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

18 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

19 Acquisition of property: For an additional amount for
 20 the acquisition of the site of the Baltimore parcel-post station
 21 and an extension to said site, as authorized in the Second
 22 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, \$79,000, to remain
 23 available until June 30, 1949.

24 Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the
 25 District of Columbia: For the acquisition of sites for public

1 buildings, as authorized by the Acts of March 25, 1948
2 (Public Laws 455 and 456), and for acquisition of site and
3 preparation of drawings and specifications for a public build-
4 ing project as authorized by the Act of March 25, 1948
5 (Public Law 457), \$675,000, to remain available until
6 June 30, 1950.

7 General Accounting Office Building, District of Colum-
8 bia: To carry out the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1948
9 (Public Law 533), for the construction of a building for
10 the use of the General Accounting Office on square 518, in
11 the District of Columbia, the Federal Works Administrator
12 is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the project
13 in an amount not exceeding \$22,850,000, and the unobli-
14 gated balance on May 18, 1948, of funds heretofore appro-
15 priated for the construction of a building for the General
16 Accounting Office shall be charged against this contract
17 authorization.

18 Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia: For the
19 construction of a building for the use of the United States
20 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District
21 Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as
22 authorized by the Act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527),
23 \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in
24 addition to this appropriation the Federal Works Admin-

1 istrator is authorized to enter into contracts for such purpose
2 in an amount not exceeding \$14,875,000.

3 Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Massachusetts:
4 For the acquisition of the parcel of land located at 17 Court
5 Street, Boston, Massachusetts, together with all improve-
6 ments thereon and appertaining thereto, including incidental
7 expenses, \$750,000.

8 GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

9 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
10 "Salaries", \$450,000.

11 INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

12 General expenses: The appropriation under this head in
13 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, shall be
14 available for the payment of claims pursuant to section 403
15 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921).

16 NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

17 Salaries and expenses: The limitations under this head
18 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1947, and in
19 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, on the
20 amounts available for deposit in the Treasury for penalty
21 mail, are increased from "\$6,000" to "\$10,100" and from
22 "\$6,500" to "\$12,000", respectively.

23 The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices
24 Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for serv-
25 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946

1 (5 U. S. C. 55a) , is increased from "\$10,000" to "\$20,000".

2 The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the
3 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics from the ap-
4 propriation for "Aviation, Navy", in the Naval Appropria-
5 tion Act, 1945, for construction and equipment of a wind
6 tunnel at Moffett Field, California, shall remain available
7 during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations
8 incurred prior to July 1, 1947.

9 The unexpended balances of the appropriation for "Air-
10 craft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio", in the
11 First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain avail-
12 able during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obliga-
13 tions incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

14 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

15 JUDGMENTS

16 For the payment of final judgments, rendered against
17 the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document
18 Numbered 653, Eightieth Congress, together with such
19 further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not
20 exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as
21 provided by law, from the date the same became due until
22 the date of payment, \$132.

23 AUDITED CLAIMS

24 For the payment of claims, certified to be due by the
25 accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the

1 appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been
2 exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions
3 of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713),
4 being for the service of the fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal
5 years, as follows:

6 Salaries and expenses, Executive Office, District of
7 Columbia, 1945, \$11.10;

8 General supervision and instruction, public schools,
9 District of Columbia, 1945, \$13.02;

10 Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds,
11 public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$6.20;

12 Salaries and expenses, Fire Department, District of
13 Columbia, 1945, \$12.46;

14 General administration, Health Department, District of
15 Columbia, 1945, \$36;

16 Medical charities, District of Columbia, 1945 (Eastern
17 Dispensary and Casualty Hospital), \$59.50;

18 Operating expenses, Juvenile Correctional Service, pub-
19 lic welfare, District of Columbia, 1945, \$9.12;

20 Operating expenses, District Training School, District of
21 Columbia, 1945, \$8.80;

22 Capital outlay, Office of Superintendent of District
23 Buildings, public works, District of Columbia, 1945,
24 \$14,752.80;

1 Operating expenses, Electrical Division, public works,
2 District of Columbia, 1945, \$50.55;

3 Salaries and expenses, Department of Vehicles and
4 Traffic, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1945, \$826.55;

5 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
6 1944, \$420.46;

7 Public schools, general supervision and instruction, sal-
8 aries and expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$224.28;

9 Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944,
10 \$127.71;

11 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Colum-
12 bia, 1944, \$68.24;

13 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, expenses, District of
14 Columbia, 1944, \$1,221.48;

15 Working-capital fund, Workhouse and Reformatory,
16 District of Columbia, 1944, \$71.77;

17 Water Department, distribution system, expenses, Dis-
18 trict of Columbia, 1944, \$0.69;

19 Refunding water rents, District of Columbia, 1944,
20 \$30.22;

21 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
22 1943, \$176.89;

23 Deportation of nonresident insane, District of Columbia,
24 1943, \$248.62;

1 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
2 1942, \$9,771.08;

3 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
4 1941, \$19.96;

5 In all, \$28,167.50.

6 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

7 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
8 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
9 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
10 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1948.

11 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

12 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

13 BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

14 Salaries and Expenses

15 Agriculture remount service: For carrying out, during
16 the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the Act of April 21,
17 1948 (Public Law 494), including not to exceed \$3,500
18 for departmental personal services in the District of Colum-
19 bia, \$400,000.

20 Eradication of Foot-and-Mouth and Other Contagious

21 Diseases of Animals

22 Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious dis-
23 eases of animals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948,
24 for "Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious
25 diseases of animals", \$25,400,000, to enable the Secretary

1 of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit
2 Corporation for amounts transferred pursuant to authority
3 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropria-
4 tion Act, 1948, as amended by the Supplemental Appro-
5 priation Act, 1948.

6 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

7 Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal
8 year 1949, for "Forest roads and trails", for forest highways,
9 \$7,500,000, to be available immediately and to remain
10 available until expended; and, in addition to this appropria-
11 tion, contracts may be entered into and obligations incurred
12 prior to July 1, 1949, for forest highway work in an amount
13 not to exceed \$7,500,000.

14 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

15 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

16 Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce:
17 For expenses necessary for the liquidation, in the fiscal year
18 1949, of the Foreign Economic Administration, Civilian
19 Production Administration, Office of Price Administration,
20 Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and all other
21 functions of the former Office of Temporary Controls, includ-
22 ing personal services in the District of Columbia and tempo-
23 rary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
24 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$175,000.
25 Voluntary agreements: For expenses necessary for

1 carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of
2 section 2 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law
3 395), relating to voluntary agreements, including personal
4 services in the District of Columbia and temporary services
5 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
6 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for
7 individuals, \$600,000.

8 CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

9 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: In addition
10 to the contract authorization previously granted under this
11 head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act,
12 1949, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to
13 enter into contracts and incur obligations prior to July 1,
14 1949, for the purposes therein specified, in an amount not to
15 exceed \$2,600,000.

16 Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska: For
17 construction of one public airport at Anchorage within the
18 Territory of Alaska, as authorized by the Act of May 28,
19 1948 (Public Law 562), including necessary buildings,
20 structures, and appurtenances, and acquisition of necessary
21 lands and interest in lands; personal services in the District
22 of Columbia; and purchase (not to exceed two) and hire of
23 passenger motor vehicles; \$3,000,000, to remain available
24 until expended; and in addition, the Civil Aeronautics Ad-
25 ministration is authorized to enter into contracts for the

1 purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed
2 \$5,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$175,000 may
3 be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and ex-
4 penses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration, for
5 necessary administrative costs.

6 Air navigation development: For expenses necessary,
7 fiscal year 1949, for planning and developing a national
8 system of aids to air navigation and air traffic control com-
9 mon to military and civil air navigation, including research,
10 experimental investigations, purchase, and development, by
11 contract or otherwise, of new types of air navigation aids
12 (including plans, specifications, and drawings); personal
13 services in the District of Columbia; hire of passenger motor
14 vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
15 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals
16 not in excess of \$50 per diem; \$50,000.

17 BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

18 Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional
19 amount for "Departmental salaries and expenses", fiscal year
20 1949, for carrying out the provisions of sections 3, 4, 18 (c)
21 and 18 (d) of the Rubber Act of 1948 (Public Law 469,
22 approved March 31, 1948), relating to controls over the pro-
23 duction, distribution, and use of rubber, \$164,500, of which

1 not to exceed \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation
2 for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary.

3 Export control: For expenses necessary for carrying out,
4 during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 3 of the
5 Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to
6 export controls, including personal services in the District
7 of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section
8 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates
9 not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$4,000,000, of
10 which not to exceed \$1,350,000 may be transferred to the
11 Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement
12 of the export control program, and of which not to exceed
13 \$62,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Print-
14 ing and binding" in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
15 tion Act, 1949, and of which not to exceed \$45,000 may be
16 transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses"
17 under the Office of the Secretary in said Act.

18 PATENT OFFICE

19 Salaries and expenses: Appropriations under this head
20 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Acts for the
21 fiscal years 1948 and 1949, available for services as author-
22 ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.
23 55a), shall be available for management and operational
24 studies, by contract or otherwise, of the Patent Office.

1 WEATHER BUREAU

2 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
3 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$370,000.

4 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

5 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

6 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

7 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
8 year 1948, for contingent expenses of the Department of
9 the Interior, \$17,000, for payment of claims pursuant to
10 section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act of August 2,
11 1946 (28 U. S. C. 921).

12 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

13 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

14 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
15 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", \$5.03.

16 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an addi-
17 tional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses,
18 Lands Division", \$609.50.

19 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Miscellaneous salaries
21 and expenses, field", \$35.

22 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
23 tional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Miscellaneous salaries
24 and expenses, field", \$38,000.

1 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
 2 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
 3 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$154.71.

4 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
 5 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Salaries and ex-
 6 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$65,000.

7 Fees of witnesses: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 8 1948, for "Fees of witnesses", \$50,000.

9 IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

10 Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
 11 Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
 12 "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
 13 Service", \$1,000,000.

14 NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

15 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

16 CORPS OF ENGINEERS

17 Engineer Service, Army

18 Engineer Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 19 1948, for "Engineer Service", including construction of build-
 20 ings, utilities, and facilities, \$32,700,000.

21 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

22 CORPS OF ENGINEERS

23 Flood control, general (emergency fund) : For an addi-
 24 tional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general

1 (emergency fund)", \$6,000,000, to remain available until
2 expended.

3 DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

4 The Secretary of the Air Force is hereby authorized in
5 his discretion to accept in the name of the United States
6 the tract of land comprising the Valparaiso golf course at
7 Valparaiso near Eglin Field, Florida: *Provided*, That no ap-
8 propriated funds shall be used for the acquiring, maintenance,
9 or upkeep of the golf course now on said lands or for the
10 maintenance of any recreational activities placed thereon.

11 DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

12 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

13 Pay and Subsistence of Naval Personnel

14 Pay and subsistence of naval personnel: There are
15 hereby transferred to the appropriation for "Pay and sub-
16 sistence of naval personnel" in the Navy Department Appro-
17 priation Act, 1947, sums from appropriations for the Navy
18 Department and the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year
19 1947, as follows:

20 "Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel",

21 \$25,000,000;

22 "Pay, Marine Corps", \$17,000,000;

23 "General expenses, Marine Corps", \$17,500,000.

1 BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

2 PUBLIC WORKS

3 Public Works: For construction, installation, and equip-
4 ment of temporary or permanent public works, including
5 public utilities and appurtenances, and necessary lands and
6 interest therein, as authorized by the Act of June —, 1948
7 (Public Law —), (S. 1675), including group IV (b)
8 personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other
9 personal services necessary for the purposes of this appro-
10 priation; engineering and architectural services as authorized
11 by section 3 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (34 U. S. C.
12 556) ; travel, and other necessary expenses; to remain avail-
13 able until expended, \$47,983,200; and in addition, the Sec-
14 retary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contracts for
15 the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not exceed-
16 ing \$50,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall
17 not be used for construction of family quarters for personnel
18 at a cost per family unit in excess of \$14,040, except that
19 when such units are constructed outside the continental
20 United States the average cost per unit of all such units
21 constructed shall not exceed \$25,850: *Provided further*,
22 That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of
23 any construction contract entered into under this appropria-
24 tion shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of
25 the construction contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined

1 by the Secretary of the Navy: *Provided further*, That the
2 Secretary of the Navy is authorized to commence, continue,
3 or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by
4 contract or otherwise, only the following-named public works
5 and public utilities projects, as authorized by law, and the
6 amounts allocated to each such project from the appropria-
7 tion and contract authorization herein shall not exceed the
8 amount specified for each project enumerated, respectively:

9 CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

10 Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Test cells
11 for turbine engines, \$230,000;

12 Marine Training and Replacement Command, Camp
13 Joseph H. Pendleton, Oceanside, California: Acquisi-
14 tion of land, five hundred and seventy-five acres,
15 \$46,500;

16 David Taylor Model Basin, Carderock, Maryland:
17 Wind tunnels and associated facilities, \$1,410,000;

18 Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia:
19 Acquisition of land, four thousand acres, on Bloods-
20 worth Island, Dorchester County, Maryland, \$120,000;

21 Naval Supplementary Radio Station, Dupont, South
22 Carolina: Radio operating building, \$74,000;

23 Naval Ordnance Test Station, Inyokern, California:
24 Acquisition of land, sixty thousand acres,
25 \$70,000,

- 1 Aerodynamics field laboratory (Aerodynamics
- 2 Range), \$500,000,
- 3 Ground range, external ballistics, and elec-
- 4 tronics experimental installation, \$408,000,
- 5 Seventy duplex houses (one hundred and forty
- 6 family units), \$2,000,000;
- 7 Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New
- 8 Jersey: Liquid fuel rocket test laboratory, \$306,000;
- 9 Naval Reserve Armory, Lawrence, Massachusetts:
- 10 Acquisition of land, five and seven-tenths acres, \$100;
- 11 Naval Reserve Armory, Lowell, Massachusetts:
- 12 Acquisition of land, four acres, \$800;
- 13 Naval Air Station, Mojave, California: Acquisition
- 14 of land, twenty-eight acres, \$500;
- 15 Naval Magazine, Montauk, Long Island, New York:
- 16 Acquisition of land, forty-four acres, \$53,300;
- 17 Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Oceana, Virginia:
- 18 Acquisition of avigation easements over approximately
- 19 four hundred acres of land, \$46,000;
- 20 Naval Air Station, Patuxent River, Maryland:
- 21 Facilities for bombing target, \$309,000;
- 22 Naval Air Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, Cali-
- 23 fornia: Sea test range, and test and evaluation facilities,
- 24 including supporting facilities, services, and accessory
- 25 construction, \$14,000,000;

1 Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme,
2 California: Acquisition of land and improvements, sixty-
3 two and forty-five one-hundredths acres, \$150,000;

4 Naval Electronics Laboratory, Point Loma, San
5 Diego, California: Laboratory supply and utility build-
6 ings, including services and accessories, \$1,590,000;

7 Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia:
8 Acquisition of land, four and eight hundred and fifty-
9 seven one-thousandths acres, \$4,370;

10 Naval Radio Station, Skaggs Island, Sonoma, Cali-
11 fornia: Addition to radio operating building,
12 \$315,000;

13 Naval Supply Annex, Stockton, California: Ac-
14 quisition of land (small island), three and eighty-eight
15 one-hundredths acres, \$1,800;

16 Aeronautical Turbine Laboratory, Trenton, New
17 Jersey: Laboratory building and facilities, including
18 collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$13,-
19 000,000;

20 Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Mary-
21 land:

22 Completion of the supersonic wind tunnels and
23 aerodynamics range, \$1,580,000;

24 Explosives research facility, \$695,000;

1 Naval Unit, White Sands, Proving Ground, Las
2 Cruces, New Mexico:

3 Additional housing facilities, \$2,000,000,

4 Instrumentation of the one-hundred-mile range
5 and camp facilities, \$2,452,830;

6 Radio Transmitting Station (location to be deter-
7 mined): Radio transmission facilities, including collat-
8 eral equipment and accessory construction, \$4,000,000;

9 Naval Research Laboratory, Orlando, Florida:
10 Underwater sound reference laboratory, \$1,120,000;

11 Various Locations—Continental United States:
12 For correction of deficiencies in existing facilities and
13 repairs incident to casualties thereto, \$1,500,000;

14 OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

15 Naval Operating Base, Adak, Alaska:

16 Ship repair facilities, \$306,000,

17 Cold storage building, ice cream plant, and
18 milk facilities, \$340,000,

19 Two storehouses, \$1,300,000,

20 Dispensary, \$340,000,

21 Utility distribution systems, including water,
22 sewer, electric power, heating plant, roads, walks,
23 and drainage, \$2,700,000;

24 Naval Supplementary Radio Activity, Adak,

Alaska: Operations building and associated facilities,
\$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Adak, Alaska: Consolidated
communication facilities, including buildings and acces-
sories, \$1,400,000;

Naval Operating Base, Argentia, Newfoundland:
Water treatment plant, \$92,700;

Naval Radio Station, Argentia, Newfoundland:
Consolidated communication facilities, including build-
ings and accessories, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Greenland: Consolidated com-
munication facilities, including buildings and accessories,
\$999,323;

Naval Operating Base, Guam:

Dredging and filling at Apra Harbor, \$4,000,-
000,

Utility distribution systems, including electrical
transmission steam generating plant, island water
supply system, water storage and distribution, sew-
age and drainage systems and extension of roads,
\$6,000,000,

Barracks, messhall and galley, \$1,677,777;

Naval Medical Center, Guam: Development of hos-

1 pital facilities, including buildings and accessories,
2 \$5,000,000;

3 Naval Ammunition Depot, Guam: High explosive
4 storage facilities and accessories, \$1,000,000;

5 Naval Radio Station, Guam: Permanent communi-
6 cation facilities, including buildings and accessories,
7 \$1,500,000;

8 Naval Supply Center, Guam: Permanent facilities,
9 including storage building, fuel pipe line, and accessories,
10 \$6,000,000;

11 Fleet Marine Force Base, Guam: Development of
12 facilities, including buildings, service depot facilities and
13 accessories, \$4,000,000;

14 Submarine Base, Guam: Marginal bulkhead, includ-
15 ing base site preparation and accessory construction,
16 \$1,670,000;

17 Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii:

18 Acquisition of land, five hundred and twenty
19 acres at Waikele and Kipapa Gulches, \$70,000;

20 Acquisition of land at West Loch for barricaded
21 sidings (one hundred fifty-nine and fourteen one
22 hundredths acres), \$200,000;

23 Naval Radio Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Consolidated
24 communication facilities, including buildings and acces-
25 sories, \$1,390,000;

1 Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii:

2 Fire protection for Dry Dock No. 2, \$92,700;

3 Modernization of waterfront lighting, \$51,000;

4 Naval Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Water pump-
5 ing station at Wahiawa Gulch, \$2,500,000;

6 Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico:

7 Acquisition of land—Culebra Island, \$110,000;

8 Naval Operating Base, Saipan: Air intercept train-
9 ing facilities, \$148,500;

10 Naval Radio Station, Summit, Canal Zone: Increase
11 transmitter power output, \$612,000;

12 Supplementary Naval Radio Activity, Wahiawa,
13 Hawaii: Permanent facilities for supplemental radio
14 activity accessories, \$3,000,000;

15 Various locations—outside continental United
16 States: For the correction of deficiencies in existing
17 facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto,
18 \$1,500,000.

19 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

20 (Out of the postal revenues)

21 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF
22 COLUMBIA

23 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

24 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
25 year 1948, for "Printing and binding", \$25,000.

1 FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

2 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

3 Damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year
4 1948, for "Damage claims", \$40,000.

5 OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

6 Rural Delivery Service: For an additional amount, fiscal
7 year 1948, for "Rural Delivery Service", \$1,125,000.

8 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

9 Electric-car service: For an additional amount, fiscal
10 year 1948, for "Electric-car service", \$5,000, to be derived
11 by transfer from the appropriation "Salaries, Office of the
12 Chief Inspector", for said fiscal year.

13 Foreign mail transportation: For an additional amount,
14 fiscal year 1948, for "Foreign mail transportation",
15 \$2,000,000.

16 Balances due foreign countries: For an additional
17 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Balances due foreign coun-
18 tries", \$5,000,000.

19 Indemnities, international mail: For an additional
20 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Indemnities, international
21 mail", \$15,000.

22 OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

23 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
24 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for

1 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
2 \$54,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation
3 "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

4 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
5 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for
6 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
7 \$758,000.

8 OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

9 Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
10 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Post Office sta-
11 tionery, equipment, and supplies", \$194,000.

12 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
13 1948, for "Vehicle service", \$2,564,000.

14 Public Buildings, Maintenance and Operation

15 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
16 amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Operating supplies, public
17 buildings", \$20,150, to be derived by transfer from the
18 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
19 said fiscal year.

20 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
21 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating supplies, public
22 buildings", \$230,500, to be derived by transfer from the
23 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
24 said fiscal year.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FOREIGN SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service", \$1,000,000.

Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service", \$250,000.

INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus", for the Pan American Sanitary Bureau, \$47,932; and certain items under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1948, are amended as follows: The amount made available for the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, shall be available for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available for the International Bureau of Weights and Measures is increased from "\$8,314" to "\$9,278" for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available under the International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions for the International Scientific Radio

1 Union, is increased from “\$392” to “\$1,777”; and the
2 amount made available for Inter-American Coffee Board is
3 decreased from “\$8,000” to “\$6,251”.

4 United States participation in international organiza-
5 tions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for “United
6 States participation in international organizations”, for the
7 International Civil Aviation Organization, \$3,750,000.

8 United States participation in international organiza-
9 tions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
10 “United States participation in international organizations”,
11 for the World Health Organization (Act of ————,
12 Public Law —) (S. J. Res. 98), \$1,915,000.

13 International Boundary and Water Commission, United
14 States and Mexico: The appropriation under this head in the
15 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1949, shall be avail-
16 able for the purchase and exchange of map-reproduction
17 machines and other construction, office, and engineering
18 equipment and parts therefor; payment for official telephone
19 service in the field in case of official telephones installed in
20 private houses when authorized under regulations established
21 by the Commission; and hire, with or without personal
22 services, of aircraft.

23 Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
24 commissions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949,
25 for “Salaries and expenses, American sections, international

1 commissions", for special and technical investigations in con-
2 nection with matters falling within the jurisdiction of the
3 International Joint Commission, United States and Canada,
4 \$75,000.

5 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

6 BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

7 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
8 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000.

9 BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

10 The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the
11 Bureau of Federal Supply from the appropriation for
12 "Salaries and expenses" of the Office of Scientific Research
13 and Development in the National War Agencies Appro-
14 priation Act, 1946, for furnishing summary technical reports,
15 shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the
16 liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1948.

17 Strategic and critical materials: For necessary expenses
18 in carrying out the provisions of the Strategic and Critical
19 Materials Stock Piling Act of July 23, 1946, including per-
20 sonal services in the District of Columbia; services as author-
21 ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.
22 55a); and printing and binding; \$300,000,000, to be im-
23 mediately available and to remain available until expended,
24 of which \$75,000,000 is for liquidation of obligations in-
25 curred pursuant to authority granted under this head in the

1 Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948; and in addition to
2 the amount herein appropriated, contracts may be entered
3 into for the purposes of the said Act of July 23, 1946, in an
4 amount not in excess of \$300,000,000: *Provided*, That any
5 funds received as proceeds from sale or other disposition of
6 materials on account of the rotation of stocks under said Act
7 shall be deposited to the credit, and be available for expendi-
8 ture for the purposes, of this appropriation: *Provided further*,
9 That during the fiscal year 1949, in accordance with sub-
10 section 6 (a) of the Act of July 23, 1946 (60 Stat. 598),
11 surplus strategic and critical materials, not to exceed in value
12 the amount of \$175,000,000, may be transferred to stock
13 piles established in accordance with said Act.

14 TITLE II—CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED

15 CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

16 SEC. 201. For payment of claims for damages as settled
17 and determined by departments and agencies in accord with
18 law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Ac-
19 counting Office, and judgments rendered against the United
20 States by United States district courts and the United States
21 Court of Claims, as set forth in House Document Numbered
22 690, Eightieth Congress, \$12,838,409.60, together with such
23 amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when
24 specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of
25 the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such

1 additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may
2 be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*,
3 That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until
4 it shall have become final and conclusive against the United
5 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Pro-*
6 *vided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by
7 law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appro-
8 priated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days
9 after the date of approval of this Act.

10 TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

11 SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and
12 other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter
13 mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all
14 executive departments and agencies, all independent estab-
15 lishments of the Government, and all other organizations and
16 persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall
17 be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General
18 under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of
19 each such department, agency, establishment, or other or-
20 ganization, or each such person, shall submit to the Post-
21 master General within sixty days after the close of each
22 fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes,
23 labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
24 indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

25 SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the

1 Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety
2 days after the close of each fiscal year the number of enve-
3 lopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
4 penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during
5 such fiscal year by each executive department and agency,
6 by each independent establishment, and by each organization
7 and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

8 SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or
9 number of articles or packages of official matter constituting
10 in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight
11 shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege,
12 except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the
13 postal service; and (2) books and documents published or
14 circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Super-
15 intendent of Public Documents or under the franking
16 privilege.

17 SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions
18 of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if other-
19 wise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written
20 matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of
21 weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted
22 for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class
23 rates.

24 (b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the
25 most economical means of transportation practicable, and

1 the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such
2 matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in
3 the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at
4 less expense.

5 SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all
6 independent establishments of the Government, and all other
7 organizations and persons authorized by law to use the
8 penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as prac-
9 ticable, all necessary information requested by the Post
10 Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

11 SEC. 306. No executive department or independent estab-
12 lishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail,
13 free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pam-
14 phlet, list, or other article or document (except official
15 letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are rea-
16 sonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence;
17 informational releases in connection with the decennial census
18 of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government
19 securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes,
20 rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders
21 and interpretations necessary in the administration of such
22 departments and establishments), unless a request therefor
23 has been previously received by such department or inde-
24 pendent establishment; or such transmission is required by
25 law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient

1 thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a
2 statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The
3 head of each independent establishment and executive de-
4 partment (other than the Post Office Department) shall
5 certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter
6 that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage
7 by the independent establishment or department in violation of
8 the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein
9 shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of
10 lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which
11 are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Docu-
12 ments, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases,
13 statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal
14 Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16
15 U. S. C.: *Provided further*, That this prohibition shall not
16 apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals,
17 bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educa-
18 tional institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or
19 other public authorities.

20 SEC. 307. Section 6 of the Act of May 6, 1939 (53
21 Stat. 683), as amended, and Public Law 364 approved
22 June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

23 SEC. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such
24 sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
25 this Act.

1 SEC. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and
2 may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

3 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

4 SEC. 401. Except as otherwise provided therein, the
5 Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547,
6 Eightieth Congress) shall apply to all contracts entered
7 into by the Department of the Army, Department of the
8 Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds
9 from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or
10 in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year
11 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This sec-
12 tion shall also apply in like manner to contracts entered into
13 by any other department, agency, or independent establish-
14 ment of the Government pursuant to authority or direction
15 of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy,
16 or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against
17 any such appropriations, and all subcontracts under such
18 contracts. For the purposes of the Renegotiation Act of
19 1948 the term "subcontract" means any purchase order or
20 agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make
21 or furnish any article, required for the performance of any
22 other contract or subcontract.

23 SEC. 402. No part of any appropriation contained in
24 this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
25 person who engages in a strike against the Government of

1 the United States or who is a member of an organization of
2 Government employees that asserts the right to strike against
3 the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or
4 is a member of an organization that advocates, the over-
5 throw of the Government of the United States by force or
6 violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affi-
7 davit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the per-
8 son making the affidavit has not contrary to the provi-
9 sions of this section engaged in a strike against the Gov-
10 ernment of the United States, is not a member of an
11 organization of Government employees that asserts the
12 right to strike against the Government of the United States,
13 or that such person does not advocate, and is not a mem-
14 ber of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of
15 the Government of the United States by force or violence:
16 *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike
17 against the Government of the United States or who is a
18 member of an organization of Government employees that
19 asserts the right to strike against the Government of the
20 United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of
21 an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Gov-
22 ernment of the United States by force or violence and accepts
23 employment the salary or wages for which are paid from
24 any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a
25 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than

1 \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both:
2 *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be
3 in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other pro-
4 visions of existing law.

5 SEC. 403. This Act may be cited as the "Second Defi-
6 ciency Appropriation Act, 1948."

Passed the House of Representatives June 16, 1948.

Attest:

JOHN ANDREWS,

Clerk.

80TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 6935

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

JUNE 17 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Appropriations

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 6935

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 17 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. RUSSELL to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, viz: At the proper place in the bill insert the following:

1 To provide emergency aid for the repair, restoration,
2 or reconstruction of public facilities owned by Federal or
3 local public agencies damaged or destroyed by any flood,
4 tornado, fire, or other catastrophe respecting which the
5 President has heretofore made a determination under Public
6 Law 233, approved July 25, 1947, including administrative
7 expenses therefor, \$75,000,000, to remain available until
8 expended: *Provided*, That the Federal Works Administrator
9 is authorized to repair, restore, or reconstruct facilities owned
10 by Federal agencies and make grants to local public agencies,

1 including counties, cities, towns, districts, and other local
2 public entities, to assist them in defraying the cost of repair-
3 ing, restoring, or reconstructing such public facilities: *Pro-*
4 *vided further*, That no grant shall be made to any local
5 public agency unless the Administrator determines that such
6 agency needs the grant and cannot otherwise defray such
7 cost without creating an excessive tax or debt burden:
8 *Provided further*, That nothing herein shall be construed
9 to limit or in any way affect the existing authority of any
10 Federal department or agency.

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 6935

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. RUSSELL to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

JUNE 17 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and
ordered to be printed

DIGEST OF CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Division of Legislative Reports
(For Department staff only)

Issued June 21, 1948
For actions of June 18 & 19, 1948
80th-2nd, Nos. 112 & 113

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	Personnel.....6,8,15,35,47, 48,59,66	

HIGHLIGHTS: Took final congressional action on road-authorizations bill, Interior ap- propriation bill, selective-service, bill for purchase of agricultural commodities to be processed in occupied areas and sold, supplemental independent offices appro- priation bill which contains surplus-property provisions, Government corporations appropriation bill, and bill to transfer alcohol plants to USDA. House passed CCC charter bill, housing bill without rural-housing provisions. Both Houses passed a pay-raid bill. Senate passed 2nd deficiency appropriation bill and bill authorizing coordination of disaster relief. House committee reported bill to transfer certain D&C lands to Interior.

NOTE: CONGRESSIONAL RECORD OF JUNE 19 IS NOT COMPLETE. SEE NOTE AT END OF THIS DIGEST.

SENATE - June 18

1. ROAD AUTHORIZATIONS. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 5888, authorizing appropriations for roads (p. 9132). The House received the report (pp. 9034-5). The conferees changed the authorization for forest highways to \$20,000,000 and the authorization for forest development roads and trails to \$17,500,000. They eliminated the provision whereby any State in which forest highways are located, and where it is not feasible to expend all the funds apportioned under Sec. 1 for the purposes for which the funds were apportioned, the Public Roads Commissioner could agree to pay, from funds apportioned under Sec. 1 to the State, funds which are not covered by formal agreements with PRA for improvement of specific projects, for payment up to the full cost of construction of forest highways across national-forest lands within the State. Retained the cancella- tion of the forest-highways authorization in the Act of 1944 for the fiscal year

1948, and the authorization for construction of forest development roads and trails by force account up to \$10,000 a mile.

2. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. The Appropriations Committee reported with amendments this bill, H. R. 6935 (p. 8948). The Senate Committee inserted the following items:

Emergency reconstruction and repair, Forest Service, \$4,000,000.

Loans to farmers, 1948 flood damage, \$6,000,000.

Golden-nematode control, \$492,000.

Disaster relief, public facilities, FWA, \$35,000,000.

Housing technical services and research under the proposed Housing Act of 1948, which is to be for allocation by the Secretary to the several agencies of USDA, to local public agencies, and to State agencies through Extension Service, \$150,000.

The Committee increased the Remount Service item by \$100,000. (For other provisions relating to the Department, see Digest 109.) The Senate Committee also inserted a provision, under export control (Commerce Department) "That no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one hundred pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any types."

Regarding foot-and-mouth disease, the committee report states: "The committee thoroughly discussed the establishment of the authorized research facilities for the study of methods of preventing foot-and-mouth disease in animals, and it came to the conclusion that the subject is so fraught with danger to the animal herds of this country that further scrutiny of it is essential. In particular, the committee has concluded it is necessary to study the proper methods of procedure and exactly the proper location of the research facilities. The committee recommends, therefore, that the Department of Agriculture conduct the necessary survey and report to the Senate Committee on Appropriations when the next Congress convenes on the best possible means to be utilized in preventing within the United States the occurrence of this animal disease. In the meantime, it is the intention of the committee, through an appropriate subcommittee, to study the pernicious effect of the illness as it exists in Mexico and elsewhere, and endeavor to determine the most effective methods of combating the disease."

3. SUPPLEMENTAL INDEPENDENT OFFICES APPROPRIATION BILL. Passed with amendments: this bill, H. R. 6829 (pp. 3952-63).

Regarding surplus property, the committee report states:

"The committee heard several Members of Congress and witnesses from many Government agencies affected by the surplus property program as proposed in the House bill. The testimony was unanimous against the splitting up of the surplus property problem into several segments, each presenting further disposal problems to the agencies involved.

"It was the opinion of the committee that before a major reorganization was undertaken, as proposed by the House bill, full and complete hearings should be held before the appropriate legislative committees.

"The committee recommends that the agency be continued for the fiscal year 1949 and has included appropriate language to accomplish this end. Provision has been made for relieving the agency of most of its problems in relation to priorities which will result in savings in fiscal 1949 in excess of \$5,000,000. The committee has directed that the Administrator establish and maintain a priority for the benefit of small business.

"The committee recommends \$90,000,000 for salaries and expenses for the Administration. This amount represents an increase of \$40,000,000 over the House allowance and \$16,912,000 under the budget estimate of \$106,912,000.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

JUNE 18 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. BRIDGES, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 6935]

The Committee on Appropriations, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, report the same to the Senate with various amendments and present herewith information relative to the changes made.

Amount of bill as passed House..... \$485, 204, 240. 42

Amount added by Senate..... 120, 004, 889. 94

Amount of bill as reported to Senate..... 605, 209, 130. 36

Total estimates considered..... 761, 135, 650. 28

The bill is under the estimates..... 155, 926, 519. 92

The changes recommended by the committee in the amounts of the House bill are as follows:

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS

Senate:

Office of the Sergeant at Arms, salaries..... \$8, 020. 00

The committee has approved an additional appropriation for the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper for the fiscal year 1949 of \$8,020.

Compilation of Index Digest of Temporary
National Economic Committee..... 3, 600. 00

The committee has approved an appropriation of \$3,600 to be paid to Mrs. Adelaide R. Hasse, formerly an employee of the Temporary National Economic Committee. Senator Joseph C. O'Ma-

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Senate—Continued

honey, who was chairman of this committee, advised the committee that these services of Mrs. Hasse were performed in the preparation of an Index Digest of the 84 volumes of hearings and monographs published by the committee, the sales of which by the Superintendent of Documents have produced revenue amounting to approximately \$80,000. The TNEC expired by operation of law before the work had been completed. Mrs. Hasse received compensation in the amount of \$1,015 on the salary rolls of Senator O'Mahoney from May 13, 1945, to August 31, 1945. The unexpended funds of the TNEC reverted to the Treasury after the expiration of the law and there has been no fund from which the additional compensation could be paid.

Stationery for Senators-----	\$200. 00
Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies, 1949-----	75, 000. 00
Total, Senate-----	<u>86, 820. 00</u>

Architect of the Capitol:

Capitol Buildings-----	35, 000. 00
Capitol Building, improvements affecting the Senate wing-----	600, 000. 00
Additional office building for the United States Senate:	
Acquisition of site-----	1, 100, 000. 00
Construction and equipment of building---	850, 000. 00
Senate restaurants-----	15, 000. 00
Total, Architect of the Capitol-----	<u>2, 600, 000. 00</u>

Funds appropriated to the President:

Displaced Persons Commission-----	<u>3, 500, 000. 00</u>
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Federal Security Agency:

Public Health Service:	
National Institute of Health-----	1, 000, 000. 00

The amount is distributed as follows:

States, grants-----	\$350, 000
Institutions, grants-----	150, 000
Administrative expenses-----	150, 000
Traineeships (cardiovascular)-----	150, 000
Teaching grants to medical schools-----	200, 000

Total-----	1, 000, 000
Bureau of Employment Security:	
Working capital fund-----	2, 000, 000. 00
Total, Federal Security Agency-----	<u>3, 000, 000. 00</u>

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Federal Works Agency:

Administrative expenses, water pollution control.....	\$75, 000. 00
Public Buildings Administration:	
Building and facilities, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	200, 000. 00
Improvement of post office facilities, Los Angeles, Calif.....	1, 000, 000. 00
Bureau of Community Facilities:	
Disaster relief, public facilities.....	35, 000, 000. 00
Maintenance and operation of schools.....	5, 000, 000. 00
National industrial reserve.....	10, 000, 000. 00
Total, Federal Works Agency.....	51, 275, 000. 00

General Accounting Office, salaries.....	230, 000. 00
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Housing and Home Finance Agency:

The committee recommends that the following language be added to the bill:

Contingent upon the enactment of the Federal Housing Act of 1948, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget is hereby authorized to increase in the aggregate not to exceed \$2,000,000 the allocation for administrative expenses of the Office of the Administrator, Federal Housing Administration, National Home Mortgage Corporation, and the Public Housing Administration for carrying out the provisions of said Act.

National Capital Housing Authority:

Maintenance and operation of property.....	2, 900. 00
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National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission.....	15, 000. 00
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Selective Service System.....	31, 800, 000. 00
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Veterans' Administration:

Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief.....	245, 000. 00
Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans.....	

The committee recommends that the following language be added to the bill:

Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans: For an additional amount for "Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans", \$1,500,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services" and to be available for the purposes specified under this head in the act of August 8, 1946 (Public Law 663), as extended by the Emergency Appropriation Act, 1948.

Total, Veterans' Administration.....	245, 000. 00
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Total, independent offices.....	86, 567, 900. 00
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

District of Columbia:

Public welfare:

Day-care centers-----	\$150,000.00
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In allowing \$150,000 the committee does not desire that any new day-care centers be established; it has provided, however, that any presently established day-care centers may be transferred to a new location if such a move is considered desirable to effectuate this program.

Public works:

Office of Superintendent of District Buildings, operating expenses-----	12,000.00
Settlement of claims and suits-----	8,400.00
Audited claims-----	1,557.39

Total, District of Columbia-----	171,957.39
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Department of Agriculture:

Office of the Secretary:

Salaries and expenses-----	150,000.00
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It is recommended by the committee that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

Salaries and expenses: For administrative expenses for carrying into effect those provisions of the Housing Act of 1948, imposing duties upon the Secretary of Agriculture, including printing and binding and personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, technical services and research, \$150,000, which shall be available for allocation by the Secretary of Agriculture to the several agencies of the Department, to local public agencies, and to State agencies through the Agricultural Extension Service: Provided, That this appropriation is made contingent upon the enactment of the Housing Act of 1948.

Bureau of Animal Industry:

Agriculture Remount Service-----	100,000.00
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Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine:

Salaries and expenses-----	492,000.00
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Forest Service:

Emergency Reconstruction and Repair----	4,000,000.00
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Loans to farmers, 1948 flood damage-----	6,000,000.00
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Total, Department of Agriculture-----	10,742,000.00
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Department of Commerce:

Bureau of the Census:

Census of business.....	\$2, 480, 000. 00
Census of transportation.....	220, 000. 00
Census of mineral industries.....	80, 000. 00

The committee has allowed, in each instance, 20 percent of the budget estimate for preparatory work in connection with each of the three censuses enumerated above.

Civil Aeronautics Administration:

Office of the Administrator:

The committee recommends that the following language be added to the bill:

Hereafter the salary of the Administrator of the Civil Aeronautics Administration shall (unless increased to a higher amount by other law enacted either prior or subsequent to this Act) be at the rate of \$12,000 per annum.

Construction of public airport, Fairbanks, Alaska.....	1, 000, 000
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The committee allowed \$1,000,000 cash appropriation and \$4,000,000 contract authorization for this item.

Air-navigation development.....	50, 000
Federal-aid airport program.....	500, 000

For this program, the committee has included the following language in the bill:

Federal-aid airport program, Federal Airport Act: For carrying out the provisions of the Federal Airport Act of May 13, 1946, \$500,000: Provided, That such \$500,000 shall be included in, and available for grants as part of, the discretionary fund established by section 6 (b) of said Act: Provided further, That if and when an appropriation is made under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1950, and apportioned pursuant to section 6 (a) of said Act, any portion of the sum appropriated herein which shall therefore have been obligated for a project shall be assessed against the apportionment for the State in which such project is located and the amount of the State apportionment so assessed shall be transferred to the said discretionary fund.

The purpose of this proviso is to permit the completion of the Baltimore, Md., Friendship Airport which the air traffic volume of the area urgently requires. It is to be noted that this is, in effect, an advance against anticipated appropriations in subsequent years.

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Department of Commerce—Continued

Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

Field office service, salaries-----	\$15, 000. 00
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The increase of \$15,000 is to continue the field office in the Virgin Islands.

Departmental salaries and expenses-----	150, 000. 00
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Total, Department of Commerce-----	4, 495, 000. 00
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Department of the Interior:

Office of the Secretary:

Columbia Basin flood repair-----	2, 000, 000. 00
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Bureau of Reclamation:

Fort Sumner irrigation district, New Mexico-----	60, 000. 00
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Advances to Colorado River Dam fund, Boulder Canyon project-----	600, 000. 00
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Construction, Preston Bench project, Idaho-----	453, 000. 00
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Total, Department of Interior-----	3, 113, 000. 00
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Department of the Army—civil functions:

Corps of Engineers:

Flood control, general-----	2, 000, 000
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The increase recommended by the committee under the head "Flood control, general," is for the initial phase of the Red River of the North project as authorized in the bill recently passed by Congress, H. R. 6419.

Department of the Navy:

Public Works:

Naval radio station; Sabana Seca, Puerto Rico-----	3, 294, 000
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The amount recommended by the committee is for radio operating facilities, accessory construction and transfer of land.

Naval air station, Key West (Boca Chica), Fla-----	60, 000
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The committee recommends \$60,000 for acquisition of land.

Total, Department of the Navy-----	3, 354, 000
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

State Department:

Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service-----	\$430, 754
Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service_	100, 000
The additional funds recommended are to be applied to the alien replacement program.	
Gorgas Memorial Laboratory-----	50, 000
Total, State Department-----	580, 754

Treasury Department:

Contingent expenses, public moneys:

The committee recommends an appropriation of \$12,000 to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Refunds under Renegotiation Act, 1948."

Coast Guard:

Acquisition, construction and improvements-----	400, 000. 00
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The amount proposed is for the replacement or rebuilding of aids to navigation and shore facilities.

Total, Treasury Department-----	400, 000. 00
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Claims for damages, audited claims and judgments_	2, 393, 458. 55
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Total increase-----	120, 004, 889. 94
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DECREASES AND LIMITATIONS

Department of Agriculture:

Bureau of Animal Industry:

Research facilities:

The committee thoroughly discussed the establishment of the authorized research facilities for the study of methods of preventing foot-and-mouth disease in animals, and it came to the conclusion that the subject is so fraught with danger to the animal herds of this country that further scrutiny of it is essential. In particular, the committee has concluded it is necessary to study the proper methods of procedure and exactly the proper location of the research facilities.

The committee recommends, therefore, that the Department of Agriculture conduct the necessary survey and report to the Senate Committee on Appropriations when the next Congress convenes on the best possible means to be utilized in preventing within the United States the occurrence of this animal disease. In the meantime, it is the intention of the committee, through an appropriate subcommittee, to study the pernicious effect of the illness as it exists in Mexico and elsewhere, and endeavor to determine the most effective methods of combating the disease.

DECREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Department of Commerce:**Export control:**

It is recommended by the committee that the following proviso be added to the bill:

: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one hundred pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any types

The foregoing provision has been inserted in the bill in view of the action of the Department set forth in a bulletin of May 6, 1948. This regulation prohibits the export of gift bags of flour in excess of 25 pounds. This restriction has worked a hardship on many Americans attempting to relieve suffering abroad.

Civil Aeronautics Administration:**Establishment of air navigation facilities.....**

It is the opinion of the committee that the request for additional contract authorization for establishment of air-navigation facilities is not urgent in view of the liberal provision made for this item in the regular 1949 appropriation. Only the request for funds for repair of hurricane, fire, and flood damage appear to be of the proper nature to be submitted at this time.

Consequently, it is recommended that the \$2,600,000 granted by the House be reduced \$2,258,501, to provide an appropriation allowance of \$341,499, the estimate for the particular portion of the budget request covering damages.

Renegotiation of contracts:

It is recommended by the Committee that the following section be stricken from the bill:

SEC. 401. Except as otherwise provided therein, the Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547, Eightieth Congress) shall apply to all contracts entered into by the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This section shall also apply in like manner to contracts entered into by any other department, agency, or independent establishment of the Government pursuant to authority or direction of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations, and all subcontracts under such contracts. For the purposes of the Renegotiation Act of 1948 the term "subcontract" means any purchase order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish any article, required for the performance of any other contract or subcontract.

Total increase.....	\$120,004,889.94
Amount of bill as reported to the Senate.....	605,209,130.36

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

JUNE 18 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. BRIDGES, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 6935]

The Committee on Appropriations, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, report the same to the Senate with various amendments and present herewith information relative to the changes made.

Amount of bill as passed House.....	\$485, 204, 240. 42
Amount added by Senate.....	120, 004, 889. 94
Amount of bill as reported to Senate.....	605, 209, 130. 36
Total estimates considered.....	761, 135, 650. 28
The bill is under the estimates.....	155, 926, 519. 92

The changes recommended by the committee in the amounts of the House bill are as follows:

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS

Senate:

Office of the Sergeant at Arms, salaries.....	\$8, 020. 00
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The committee has approved an additional appropriation for the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper for the fiscal year 1949 of \$8,020.

Compilation of Index Digest of Temporary National Economic Committee.....	3, 600. 00
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The committee has approved an appropriation of \$3,600 to be paid to Mrs. Adelaide R. Hasse, formerly an employee of the Temporary National Economic Committee. Senator Joseph C. O'Ma-

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Senate—Continued

honey, who was chairman of this committee, advised the committee that these services of Mrs. Hasse were performed in the preparation of an Index Digest of the 84 volumes of hearings and monographs published by the committee, the sales of which by the Superintendent of Documents have produced revenue amounting to approximately \$80,000. The TNEC expired by operation of law before the work had been completed. Mrs. Hasse received compensation in the amount of \$1,015 on the salary rolls of Senator O'Mahoney from May 13, 1945, to August 31, 1945. The unexpended funds of the TNEC reverted to the Treasury after the expiration of the law and there has been no fund from which the additional compensation could be paid.

Stationery for Senators-----	\$200. 00
Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies, 1949-----	75, 000. 00
Total, Senate-----	86, 820. 00

Architect of the Capitol:

Capitol Buildings-----	35, 000. 00
Capitol Building, improvements affecting the Senate wing-----	600, 000. 00
Additional office building for the United States Senate: Acquisition of site-----	1, 100, 000. 00
Construction and equipment of building---	850, 000. 00
Senate restaurants-----	15, 000. 00
Total, Architect of the Capitol-----	2, 600, 000. 00

Funds appropriated to the President:

Displaced Persons Commission-----	3, 500, 000. 00
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Federal Security Agency:

Public Health Service:

National Institute of Health-----	1, 000, 000. 00
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The amount is distributed as follows:

States, grants-----	\$350, 000
Institutions, grants-----	150, 000
Administrative expenses-----	150, 000
Traineeships (cardiovascular)-----	150, 000
Teaching grants to medical schools-----	200, 000

Total----- 1, 000, 000

Bureau of Employment Security:

Working capital fund-----	2, 000, 000. 00
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Total, Federal Security Agency-----	3, 000, 000. 00
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Federal Works Agency:

Administrative expenses, water pollution control.....	\$75, 000. 00
Public Buildings Administration:	
Building and facilities, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	200, 000. 00
Improvement of post office facilities, Los Angeles, Calif.....	1, 000, 000. 00
Bureau of Community Facilities:	
Disaster relief, public facilities.....	35, 000, 000. 00
Maintenance and operation of schools.....	5, 000, 000. 00
National industrial reserve.....	10, 000, 000. 00
Total, Federal Works Agency.....	51, 275, 000. 00

General Accounting Office, salaries.....	230, 000. 00
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Housing and Home Finance Agency:

The committee recommends that the following language be added to the bill:

Contingent upon the enactment of the Federal Housing Act of 1948, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget is hereby authorized to increase in the aggregate not to exceed \$2,000,000 the allocation for administrative expenses of the Office of the Administrator, Federal Housing Administration, National Home Mortgage Corporation, and the Public Housing Administration for carrying out the provisions of said Act.

National Capital Housing Authority:

Maintenance and operation of property.....	2, 900. 00
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National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission.....	15, 000. 00
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Selective Service System.....	31, 800, 000. 00
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Veterans' Administration:

Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief.....	245, 000. 00
Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans.....	

The committee recommends that the following language be added to the bill:

Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans: For an additional amount for "Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans", \$1,500,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services" and to be available for the purposes specified under this head in the act of August 8, 1946 (Public Law 663), as extended by the Emergency Appropriation Act, 1948.

Total, Veterans' Administration.....	245, 000. 00
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Total, independent offices.....	86, 567, 900. 00
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

District of Columbia:

Public welfare:

Day-care centers-----	\$150,000. 00
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In allowing \$150,000 the committee does not desire that any new day-care centers be established; it has provided, however, that any presently established day-care centers may be transferred to a new location if such a move is considered desirable to effectuate this program.

Public works:

Office of Superintendent of District Buildings, operating expenses-----	12,000. 00
Settlement of claims and suits-----	8,400. 00
Audited claims-----	1,557. 39
Total, District of Columbia-----	<u>171,957. 39</u>

Department of Agriculture:

Office of the Secretary:

Salaries and expenses-----	150,000. 00
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It is recommended by the committee that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

Salaries and expenses: For administrative expenses for carrying into effect those provisions of the Housing Act of 1948, imposing duties upon the Secretary of Agriculture, including printing and binding and personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, technical services and research, \$150,000, which shall be available for allocation by the Secretary of Agriculture to the several agencies of the Department, to local public agencies, and to State agencies through the Agricultural Extension Service: Provided, That this appropriation is made contingent upon the enactment of the Housing Act of 1948.

Bureau of Animal Industry:

Agriculture Remount Service-----	100,000. 00
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Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine:

Salaries and expenses-----	492,000. 00
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Forest Service:

Emergency Reconstruction and Repair----	4,000,000. 00
Loans to farmers, 1948 flood damage-----	6,000,000. 00

Total, Department of Agriculture-----	<u>10,742,000. 00</u>
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Department of Commerce:

Bureau of the Census:

Census of business-----	\$2, 480, 000. 00
Census of transportation-----	220, 000. 00
Census of mineral industries-----	80, 000. 00

The committee has allowed, in each instance, 20 percent of the budget estimate for preparatory work in connection with each of the three censuses enumerated above.

Civil Aeronautics Administration:

Office of the Administrator:

The committee recommends that the following language be added to the bill:

Hereafter the salary of the Administrator of the Civil Aeronautics Administration shall (unless increased to a higher amount by other law enacted either prior or subsequent to this Act) be at the rate of \$12,000 per annum.

Construction of public airport, Fairbanks, Alaska-----

1, 000, 000

The committee allowed \$1,000,000 cash appropriation and \$4,000,000 contract authorization for this item.

Air-navigation development-----

50, 000

Federal-aid airport program-----

500, 000

For this program, the committee has included the following language in the bill:

Federal-aid airport program, Federal Airport Act: For carrying out the provisions of the Federal Airport Act of May 13, 1946, \$500,000: Provided, That such \$500,000 shall be included in, and available for grants as part of, the discretionary fund established by section 6 (b) of said Act: Provided further, That if and when an appropriation is made under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1950, and apportioned pursuant to section 6 (a) of said Act, any portion of the sum appropriated herein which shall therefore have been obligated for a project shall be assessed against the apportionment for the State in which such project is located and the amount of the State apportionment so assessed shall be transferred to the said discretionary fund.

The purpose of this proviso is to permit the completion of the Baltimore, Md., Friendship Airport which the air traffic volume of the area urgently requires. It is to be noted that this is, in effect, an advance against anticipated appropriations in subsequent years.

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Department of Commerce—Continued

Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

Field office service, salaries-----	\$15, 000. 00
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The increase of \$15,000 is to continue the field office in the Virgin Islands.

Departmental salaries and expenses-----	150, 000. 00
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Total, Department of Commerce-----	4, 495, 000. 00
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Department of the Interior:

Office of the Secretary:

Columbia Basin flood repair-----	2, 000, 000. 00
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Bureau of Reclamation:

Fort Sumner irrigation district, New Mexico-----	60, 000. 00
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Advances to Colorado River Dam fund, Boulder Canyon project-----	600, 000. 00
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Construction, Preston Bench project, Idaho-----	453, 000. 00
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Total, Department of Interior-----	3, 113, 000. 00
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Department of the Army—civil functions:

Corps of Engineers:

Flood control, general-----	2, 000, 000
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The increase recommended by the committee under the head "Flood control, general," is for the initial phase of the Red River of the North project as authorized in the bill recently passed by Congress, H. R. 6419.

Department of the Navy:

Public Works:

Naval radio station; Sabana Seca, Puerto Rico-----	3, 294, 000
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The amount recommended by the committee is for radio operating facilities, accessory construction and transfer of land.

Naval air station, Key West (Boca Chica), Fla-----	60, 000
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The committee recommends \$60,000 for acquisition of land.

Total, Department of the Navy----	3, 354, 000
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INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

State Department:

Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service-----	\$430, 754
Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service-----	100, 000
The additional funds recommended are to be applied to the alien replacement program.	
Gorgas Memorial Laboratory-----	50, 000
Total, State Department-----	580, 754

Treasury Department:

Contingent expenses, public moneys:

The committee recommends an appropriation of \$12,000 to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Refunds under Renegotiation Act, 1948."

Coast Guard:

Acquisition, construction and improvements-----	400, 000. 00
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The amount proposed is for the replacement or rebuilding of aids to navigation and shore facilities.

Total, Treasury Department-----	400, 000. 00
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Claims for damages, audited claims and judgments-----	2, 393, 458. 55
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Total increase-----	120, 004, 889. 94
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DECREASES AND LIMITATIONS

Department of Agriculture:

Bureau of Animal Industry:

Research facilities:

The committee thoroughly discussed the establishment of the authorized research facilities for the study of methods of preventing foot-and-mouth disease in animals, and it came to the conclusion that the subject is so fraught with danger to the animal herds of this country that further scrutiny of it is essential. In particular, the committee has concluded it is necessary to study the proper methods of procedure and exactly the proper location of the research facilities.

The committee recommends, therefore, that the Department of Agriculture conduct the necessary survey and report to the Senate Committee on Appropriations when the next Congress convenes on the best possible means to be utilized in preventing within the United States the occurrence of this animal disease. In the meantime, it is the intention of the committee, through an appropriate subcommittee, to study the pernicious effect of the illness as it exists in Mexico and elsewhere, and endeavor to determine the most effective methods of combating the disease.

DECREASES AND LIMITATIONS—continued

Department of Commerce:**Export control:**

It is recommended by the committee that the following proviso be added to the bill:

: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one hundred pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any types

The foregoing provision has been inserted in the bill in view of the action of the Department set forth in a bulletin of May 6, 1948. This regulation prohibits the export of gift bags of flour in excess of 25 pounds. This restriction has worked a hardship on many Americans attempting to relieve suffering abroad.

Civil Aeronautics Administration:**Establishment of air navigation facilities-----**

It is the opinion of the committee that the request for additional contract authorization for establishment of air-navigation facilities is not urgent in view of the liberal provision made for this item in the regular 1949 appropriation. Only the request for funds for repair of hurricane, fire, and flood damage appear to be of the proper nature to be submitted at this time.

Consequently, it is recommended that the \$2,600,000 granted by the House be reduced \$2,258,501, to provide an appropriation allowance of \$341,499, the estimate for the particular portion of the budget request covering damages.

Renegotiation of contracts:

It is recommended by the Committee that the following section be stricken from the bill:

SEC. 401. Except as otherwise provided therein, the Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547, Eightieth Congress) shall apply to all contracts entered into by the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This section shall also apply in like manner to contracts entered into by any other department, agency, or independent establishment of the Government pursuant to authority or direction of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations, and all subcontracts under such contracts. For the purposes of the Renegotiation Act of 1948 the term "subcontract" means any purchase order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish any article, required for the performance of any other contract or subcontract.

Total increase-----	\$120, 004, 889. 94
Amount of bill as reported to the Senate_	605, 209, 130. 36

Mr. Tallh. L. H. Smith
of L. Report 1769 on H. R. 6935

Calendar No. 1832

80TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 6935

[Report No. 1769]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 17 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

JUNE 18 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948

Reported by Mr. BRIDGES, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply
5 deficiency appropriations for the fiscal year ending June
6 30, 1948, and for other purposes, namely:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

9 For payment to Ruth D. Overton, widow of John H.
10 Overton, late a Senator from the State of Louisiana, \$12,500.

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for the
2 Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, \$8,020:
3 Provided, That the rates of basic annual compensation for
4 the following positions shall be: Four laborers at \$1,320
5 each.

6 For payment to Mrs. Adelaide R. Hasse for compen-
7 sation for the compilation of the index digest of the Tempo-
8 rary National Economic Committee, \$3,600.

9 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

10 *Stationery: For an additional allowance for stationery*
11 *for the second session of the Eightieth Congress, to remain*
12 *available until December 31, 1948, \$200.*

Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation:
For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Foreign
Economic Cooperation, as authorized by Public Law 472,
Eightieth Congress, including per diem allowance in lieu
of subsistence expenses for consultants and staff, at the rate
of \$10 within the continental limits of the United States
and \$12 abroad and subsistence expenses, without regard to
the Subsistence Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as
amended, \$262,000.

22 *Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies of 1949:*
23 *To enable the Secretary of the Senate to pay the necessary*
24 *expenses of the inaugural ceremonies of the President of the*
25 *United States, January 20, 1949, in accordance with such*

1 *program as may be adopted by the joint committee of the*
 2 *Senate and House of Representatives, appointed under a*
 3 *concurrent resolution of the two Houses, including the pay*
 4 *for extra police, \$75,000.*

5 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

6 For payment to Emma E. Owens, widow of Thomas
 7 L. Owens, late a Representative from the State of Illinois,
 8 \$12,500.

9 MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

10 For mileage due and unpaid to Members of the House
 11 of Representatives, Seventy-ninth and prior Congresses,
 12 \$906.

13 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

14 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal
 15 year 1947, for "Reporting hearings", \$11,000.

16 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal
 17 year 1948, for "Reporting hearings", \$15,000.

18 Stationery (revolving fund): For an additional sta-
 19 tionery allowance of \$300 for each Representative, Dele-
 20 gate, and the Resident Commissioner of Puerto Rico, for the
 21 second session of the Eightieth Congress, \$131,400, to
 22 remain available until expended.

23 Stationery (revolving fund): For stationery allowance
 24 due a newly elected Member of the House of Representa-

1 tives, by special election, second session, Eightieth Congress,
2 to remain available until expended, \$500.

3 For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses
4 incurred in the contested election case of Lowe versus Davis
5 as audited and recommended by the Committee on House
6 Administration, \$1,289.08, to be disbursed by the Clerk
7 of the House.

8 For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses
9 incurred in the contested election case of Mankin versus Davis
10 as audited and recommended by the Committee on House
11 Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the
12 House.

13 For payment to Helen Douglas Mankin, contestant, for
14 expenses incurred in the contested election case of Mankin
15 versus Davis as audited and recommended by the Committee
16 on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the
17 Clerk of the House.

18 For payment to David J. Wilson, contestant, for
19 expenses incurred in the contested election case of Wilson
20 versus Granger as audited and recommended by the Com-
21 mittee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed
22 by the Clerk of the House.

1 ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

2 CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

3 *Capitol Buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal*
4 *year 1949, for the "Capitol Buildings", including the objects*
5 *specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appro-*
6 *priation Act, 1949, \$35,000.*

7 *Capitol Building: For an additional amount to enable*
8 *the Architect of the Capitol to carry forward the improve-*
9 *ments affecting the Senate Wing of the Capitol authorized*
10 *by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act of June 27,*
11 *1940 (54 Stat. 629), as amended by the Acts of June 8,*
12 *1942 (56 Stat. 342), and July 17, 1945 (59 Stat. 472),*
13 *\$600,000. The Architect of the Capitol is authorized to*
14 *enter into contracts, including cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contracts*
15 *as approved by the Special Committee on Reconstruction of*
16 *Senate Roof and Skylights and Remodeling of Senate Cham-*
17 *ber, and to make such other expenditures as may be necessary*
18 *for the improvements affecting the Senate Wing of the*
19 *Capitol authorized by such Acts, in such amounts as may be*
20 *approved by the Senate committee appointed under section*
21 *1 of the Act of July 17, 1945, notwithstanding the provisions*
22 *of section 2 of that Act: Provided, That the amounts so*

1 approved by such committee may be obligated in full prior
2 to the actual appropriation thereof.

3 *ADDITIONAL OFFICE BUILDING FOR THE UNITED STATES*

4 *SENATE*

5 *Acquisition of site: To enable the Architect of the Capitol,*
6 *under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission,*
7 *to acquire on behalf of the United States, by purchase, con-*
8 *demnation, or otherwise (any condemnation proceedings to*
9 *be in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 1,*
10 *1929 (45 Stat. 1415)), as a site for an additional office*
11 *building for the United States Senate, all of the land, build-*
12 *ings, and other structures and alleys and parts of alleys*
13 *(whether private or public) contained in that part of square*
14 *725 in the District of Columbia, bounded on the west by*
15 *First Street Northeast, on the north by C Street Northeast,*
16 *on the south by B Street Northeast, and on the east by the*
17 *west boundaries of lots numbered 104, 105, 840, 805, and*
18 *80 and by a line running from the northwest corner of lot*
19 *numbered 805 across the thirty-foot alley to a point on the*
20 *southern boundary of lot numbered 840 due north of such*
21 *corner and from such point to the southwest corner of lot*
22 *numbered 840, and also to acquire in similar manner lot*
23 *numbered 852 in said square 725, as such square appears*
24 *on the records in the office of the surveyor of the District*
25 *of Columbia as of the date of the approval of this land; and,*

1 upon acquisition of such property or any part thereof to
2 provide for the demolition and removal as expeditiously as
3 possible of any buildings or other structures on any such
4 land acquired and, pending such demolition, to lease any
5 or all of such property for such periods and under such
6 terms and conditions as he may deem most advantageous to
7 the United States and to provide for the maintenance and
8 protection of such property; \$1,100,000.

9 Construction and equipment of building: To enable the
10 Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate
11 Office Building Commission, at a total cost (exclusive of
12 site and other expenses authorized under the preceding para-
13 graph) not to exceed \$20,600,000, and in substantial accord-
14 ance with the preliminary plans prepared under the authority
15 of the Act of July 11, 1947 (Public Law 169, Eightieth
16 Congress), and approved by the Senate Office Building Com-
17 mission, with such modification as may be necessary or
18 advantageous, to provide for the construction and equipment
19 of a fireproof office building for the use of the United States
20 Senate on the site hereinbefore designated, containing com-
21 mittee and office rooms and such other rooms and accommo-
22 dations as may be approved by the Senate Office Building
23 Commission, including connections with the present Senate
24 Office Building and subway transportation system by suitable
25 tunnels and transportation system under First Street and

1 *B Street Northeast and structural and other changes in the*
2 *present building and subway system necessitated thereby, and*
3 *also including approaches, connections with the Capitol*
4 *Power Plant and public utilities, and architectural landscape*
5 *treatment of the grounds, \$850,000: Provided, That the*
6 *Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate*
7 *Office Building Commission, is authorized to enter into con-*
8 *tracts and to make such other expenditures as may be*
9 *necessary for materials, supplies, equipment, accessories,*
10 *advertising, travel, personal and other services, and any other*
11 *items required for the proper completion of the project, and*
12 *to obligate in full the total amount of \$20,600,000 herein*
13 *authorized, prior to the actual appropriation thereof, not-*
14 *withstanding that an initial amount of only \$850,000 thereof*
15 *is herein appropriated, and notwithstanding any other partial*
16 *appropriations that may hereafter be made: Provided further,*
17 *That upon completion of the project, the building and the*
18 *grounds and sidewalks surrounding the same shall be subject*
19 *to the provisions of the Act of June 8, 1942 (U. S. C.,*
20 *title 40, sec. 174 (c) and (d)) and the Act of July 31,*
21 *1946 (60 Stat. 718), in the same manner and to the same*
22 *extent as the present Senate Office Building and the grounds*
23 *and sidewalks surrounding the same.*

24 *Senate Restaurants: For repairs, improvements, fur-*

1 *nishings and equipment for the Senate Restaurant, Capitol*
 2 *Building, including personal and other services, fiscal year*
 3 *1949 \$15,000, to be expended by the Architect of the Capitol*
 4 *under the supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules and*
 5 *Administration, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised*
 6 *Statutes, as amended.*

7 GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

8 OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

9 General expenses: Surplus funds accumulated during the
 10 fiscal year 1948 through the operation of the working capital
 11 of the Government Printing Office (Public printing and
 12 binding, Government Printing Office, 1948) are hereby
 13 made available for the additional transfer of \$77,000 to the
 14 appropriation "General expenses, Office of Superintendent
 15 of Documents, 1948", including the objects and subject to
 16 the conditions set forth under this heading in the Legislative
 17 Branch Appropriation Act, 1948.

18 THE JUDICIARY

19 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

20 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 21 year 1948, for "Printing and binding" for advance opinions,
 22 preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Supreme Court,
 23 \$23,000.

1 FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

2 ARMED FORCES LEAVE PAYMENTS

3 Payments under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946:
4 Not to exceed \$700,000 of the amount appropriated under
5 this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1947,
6 shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for transfer,
7 in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget
8 may determine, to the Bureau of the Public Debt, Treasury
9 Department, for administrative expenses necessary to carry
10 out the provisions of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946,
11 as amended, including personal services in the District of
12 Columbia and elsewhere, including printing and binding.

13 DEFENSE AID, LIQUIDATION LEND-LEASE PROGRAM

14 Administrative expenses: For the liquidation by the
15 Treasury Department in the fiscal year 1949 of activities
16 under an Act to promote the defense of the United States
17 (55 Stat. 31), as amended, \$250,000.

18 Obligations: Not to exceed \$25,000,000 of the funds
19 appropriated or continued available by title II of the Second
20 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, for carrying out the
21 provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United
22 States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, shall remain available for
23 expenditure until June 30, 1949, for liquidation of obligations
24 incurred under said Act prior to June 30, 1946, and for
25 payment of claims, approved prior to June 30, 1949, under

1 a patent interchange agreement executed pursuant to said
2 Act.

3 CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY
4 ABROAD

5 Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad:
6 To enable the President, by allocation during the fiscal year
7 1949 to any department, agency, corporation, or independ-
8 ent establishment in the executive branch of the Government,
9 to provide for expenses necessary for the care, handling, and
10 disposal, pursuant to law, of surplus property located outside
11 the continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico,
12 and the Virgin Islands, and for the care and handling of
13 surplus property located in the United States but disposed of
14 to foreign governments, including personal services in the
15 District of Columbia; employment of persons outside the con-
16 tinental limits of the United States without regard to civil-
17 service and classification laws; attendance at meetings of
18 organizations concerned with the activities for which this ap-
19 propriation is made; services as authorized by section 15 of
20 the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; payment of
21 rent in foreign countries in advance; printing and binding, in-
22 cluding printing and binding outside the continental limits of
23 the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of
24 March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111) ; and hire of passenger
25 motor vehicles; \$18,300,000: *Provided*, That none of the

1 funds herein appropriated shall be available for reimburse-
2 ment for pay and allowances or subsistence of military or
3 naval personnel except cost-of-living allowances for military
4 or naval personnel assigned or detailed to the Department of
5 State: *Provided further*, That \$13,850,000 of this appropria-
6 tion shall be available exclusively for the care and handling
7 of surplus property located in the United States but disposed
8 of to foreign governments.

9 DISASTER RELIEF

10 Disaster relief: To enable the President, through such
11 agency or agencies as he may designate, and in such manner
12 as he shall determine, to supplement the efforts and available
13 resources of State and local governments or other agencies,
14 whenever he finds that any flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake,
15 or other catastrophe in any part of the United States is of suf-
16 ficient severity and magnitude to warrant emergency assist-
17 ance by the Federal Government in alleviating hardship, or
18 suffering caused thereby, and if the governor of any State
19 in which such catastrophe shall occur shall certify that such
20 assistance is required, \$500,000, to remain available until
21 June 30, 1949, and to be expended without regard to such
22 provisions regulating the expenditure of Government funds
23 or the employment of persons in the Government service
24 as he shall specify: *Provided*, That no expenditures shall be
25 made with respect to any such catastrophe in any State until

1 the governor of such State shall have entered into an agree-
2 ment with such agency of the Government as the President
3 may designate giving assurance of expenditure of a reason-
4 able amount of the funds of the government of such State,
5 local governments therein, or other agencies, for the same
6 or similar purposes with respect to such catastrophe: *Pro-*
7 *vided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be
8 expended for departmental personal services: *Provided fur-*
9 *ther*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for
10 permanent construction: *Provided further*, That within any
11 affected area Federal agencies are authorized to participate
12 in any such emergency assistance.

13 *DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION*

14 *Displaced Persons Commission: For expenses necessary*
15 *to enable the Commission during the fiscal year 1949 to*
16 *carry out the provisions of S. 2242, Eightieth Congress,*
17 *entitled "A bill to authorize for a limited period of time*
18 *the admission into the United States of certain European*
19 *displaced persons for permanent residence, and for other*
20 *purposes", including personal services in the District of*
21 *Columbia; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized*
22 *Government Travel Regulations, as amended, and the rates*
23 *of per diem allowances under the Subsistence Expense Act*
24 *of 1926, as amended; expenses of attendance at meetings of*
25 *organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropria-*

1 tion; purchase (not to exceed fifteen, including one at not
2 to exceed \$3,000) and hire of passenger motor vehicles;
3 printing and binding, including printing and binding out-
4 side the continental limits of the United States without regard
5 to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C.
6 111); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
7 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); deposits in the Treasury
8 for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d); payment of claims
9 pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act
10 (28 U. S. C. 921); health service program as authorized
11 by law (5 U. S. C. 150); employment of aliens; payment
12 of rent in foreign countries in advance; and purchases and
13 services abroad without regard to section 3709 of the Re-
14 vised Statutes; \$3,500,000: Provided, That allocations may
15 be made from this appropriation by the Commission upon
16 approval by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to
17 any department, agency, corporation, or independent estab-
18 lishment of the Government for direct expenditure for the
19 purposes of this appropriation, and any such expenditures
20 may be made under the specific authority herein contained
21 or under the authority governing the activities of the depart-
22 ment, agency, corporation, or independent establishment to
23 which amounts are allocated: Provided further, That the
24 Commission may enter into agreements with governmental
25 and private agencies and may make payment in advance or

1 *by reimbursement for expenses incurred by such agencies*
 2 *in rendering assistance to the Commission in carrying out*
 3 *the purposes of this Act.*

4 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

5 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

6 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

7 *National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an*
 8 *additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "National In-*
 9 *stitute of Health, operating expenses", \$1,000,000; and the*
 10 *limitation under this head in the Federal Security Agency*
 11 *Appropriation Act, 1949, on the purchase of passenger*
 12 *motor vehicles is increased from ten to sixteen, of which ten*
 13 *shall be for replacement only: Provided, That appropria-*
 14 *tions under said head for the fiscal year 1949 shall be avail-*
 15 *able for carrying out the purposes of the National Heart Act,*
 16 *including erection of temporary structures for storage of*
 17 *equipment and supplies and housing of animals.*

18 SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

19 *Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen: For*
 20 *an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Reconversion*
 21 *unemployment benefits for seamen", \$1,170,000.*

22 *Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security:*
 23 *For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries*
 24 *and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security", \$50,000.*

1 BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

2 *Working capital fund: For establishment of a working*
3 *capital fund in accordance with and for carrying out the*
4 *purposes of S. 2767, Eightieth Congress, \$2,000,000: Pro-*
5 *vided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the*
6 *enactment into law of S. 2767, Eightieth Congress.*

7 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

8 *Administrative expenses, water-pollution control: For*
9 *expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the admin-*
10 *istrative functions of the Federal Works Agency under the*
11 *provisions of S. 418, relating to pollution control activities,*
12 *\$75,000, including personal services in the District of Colum-*
13 *bia; travel, printing and binding; and services as authorized*
14 *by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.*
15 *55a): Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only*
16 *upon the enactment into law of S. 418, Eightieth Congress.*

17 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

18 *Buildings and facilities, Cincinnati, Ohio: For prepara-*
19 *tion of plans for buildings and facilities at Cincinnati, Ohio,*
20 *for the use of the Public Health Service, as provided for by*
21 *S. 418, Eightieth Congress, \$200,000, to remain available*
22 *until expended: Provided, That this paragraph shall be*
23 *effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 418,*
24 *Eightieth Congress.*

25 *Improvement of post-office facilities, Los Angeles, Cali-*

1 *for*nia: For the construction of an additional story and the
2 extension and remodeling of the existing Terminal Annex
3 Station, Los Angeles, California, as provided for by H. R.
4 5750, Eightieth Congress, \$1,000,000 to remain available
5 until expended: Provided, That this paragraph shall be
6 effective only upon the enactment into law of H. R. 5750,
7 Eightieth Congress.

8 Acquisition of property: For an additional amount for
9 the acquisition of the site of the Baltimore parcel-post station
10 and an extension to said site, as authorized in the Second
11 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, \$79,000, to remain
12 available until June 30, 1949.

13 Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the
14 District of Columbia: For the acquisition of sites for public
15 buildings, as authorized by the Acts of March 25, 1948
16 (Public Laws 455 and 456), and for acquisition of site and
17 preparation of drawings and specifications for a public build-
18 ing project as authorized by the Act of March 25, 1948
19 (Public Law 457), \$675,000, to remain available until
20 June 30, 1950.

21 General Accounting Office Building, District of Colum-
22 bia: To carry out the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1948
23 (Public Law 533), for the construction of a building for
24 the use of the General Accounting Office on square 518, in

1 the District of Columbia, the Federal Works Administrator
2 is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the project
3 in an amount not exceeding \$22,850,000, and the unobli-
4 gated balance on May 18, 1948, of funds heretofore appro-
5 priated for the construction of a building for the General
6 Accounting Office shall be charged against this contract
7 authorization.

8 Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia: For the
9 construction of a building for the use of the United States
10 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District
11 Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as
12 authorized by the Act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527),
13 \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in
14 addition to this appropriation the Federal Works Admin-
15 istrator is authorized to enter into contracts for such purpose
16 in an amount not exceeding \$14,875,000.

17 Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Massachusetts:
18 For the acquisition of the parcel of land located at 17 Court
19 Street, Boston, Massachusetts, together with all improve-
20 ments thereon and appertaining thereto, including incidental
21 expenses, \$750,000, *to remain available until June 30, 1949.*

22 *BUREAU OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES*

23 *Disaster relief, public facilities: For expenses necessary*
24 *to alleviate damage or hardship caused by flood, tornado,*
25 *fire, or other catastrophe respecting which the President has*

1 heretofore made a determination under the Act of July 25,
2 1947 (Public Law 233), by grants, under such rules and
3 regulations as may be prescribed by the Federal Works
4 Administrator, to local public agencies to assist them in
5 defraying the cost of (1) the repair, restoration, replace-
6 ment, or reconstruction of local public facilities damaged or
7 destroyed by such catastrophe and (2) the construction, main-
8 tenance, and operation of schools necessary for children of
9 families from Vanport City, Oregon, including personal
10 services in the District of Columbia, \$35,000,000, to remain
11 available until June 30, 1950: Provided, That no grant
12 shall be made to any local public agency unless the Admin-
13 istrator determines that other Federal funds are not avail-
14 able for such facilities and that such agency needs the grant
15 and cannot otherwise defray such cost without creating an
16 excessive tax or debt burden: Provided further, That not to
17 exceed 4 per centum of this appropriation shall be available
18 for administrative expenses required in connection with such
19 grants.

20 Maintenance and operation of schools: For carrying out
21 the provisions of S. 2795 or H. R. 6527, Eightieth Congress,
22 relating to assistance to certain local school agencies, fiscal
23 year 1949, \$5,000,000, of which not to exceed \$200,000
24 shall be available for administrative expenses, including
25 travel, printing and binding, and personal services in the

1 *District of Columbia: Provided, That this paragraph shall*
2 *be effective only upon the enactment into law of either S.*
3 *2795 or H. R. 6527, Eightieth Congress.*

4 *National industrial reserve: For expenses necessary,*
5 *fiscal year 1949, to carry out the duties imposed upon the*
6 *Federal Works Agency by S. 2554 or H. R. 6098, Eightieth*
7 *Congress, relating to the retention and maintenance of a*
8 *national industrial reserve, including personal services in the*
9 *District of Columbia; purchase of not to exceed ten passenger*
10 *motor vehicles; printing and binding; and services as author-*
11 *ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.*
12 *55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$35 per diem,*
13 *and maintenance, protection, repair, restoration, renovation*
14 *and other services by contract or otherwise without regard to*
15 *section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; \$10,000,000; and in*
16 *addition, the Federal Works Administrator is authorized to*
17 *enter into contracts, for the purposes of this appropriation in*
18 *an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000: Provided, That*
19 *appropriations or funds available to the War Assets Admin-*
20 *istration for use in connection with property or functions*
21 *transferred to the Federal Works Agency under the provi-*
22 *sions of S. 2554, or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress, shall*
23 *be transferred, in such amounts as may be approved by the*
24 *Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to the Federal Works*
25 *Agency for the purposes of this appropriation: Provided*

1 *further, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon*
 2 *the enactment into law of either S. 2554 or H. R. 6098,*
 3 *Eightieth Congress.*

4 GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

5 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
 6 "Salaries", ~~\$450,000~~ \$680,000.

7 HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

8 *Contingent upon the enactment of the Federal Housing*
 9 *Act of 1948, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget is*
 10 *hereby authorized to increase in the aggregate not to exceed*
 11 *\$2,000,000 the allocation for administrative expenses of the*
 12 *Office of the Administrator, Federal Housing Administration,*
 13 *National Home Mortgage Corporation, and the Public Hous-*
 14 *ing Administration for carrying out the provisions of said*
 15 *Act.*

16 INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

17 General expenses: The appropriation under this head in
 18 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, shall be
 19 available for the payment of claims pursuant to section 403
 20 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921).

21 NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

22 Salaries and expenses: The limitations under this head
 23 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1947, and in
 24 the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, on the
 25 amounts available for deposit in the Treasury for penalty

1 mail, are increased from “\$6,000” to “\$10,100” and from
2 “\$6,500” to “\$12,000”, respectively.

3 The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices
4 Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for serv-
5 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
6 (5 U. S. C. 55a), is increased from “\$10,000” to “\$20,000”.

7 The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the
8 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics from the ap-
9 propriation for “Aviation, Navy”, in the Naval Appropria-
10 tion Act, 1945, for construction and equipment of a wind
11 tunnel at Moffett Field, California, shall remain available
12 during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations
13 incurred prior to July 1, 1947.

14 The unexpended balances of the appropriation for “Air-
15 craft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio”, in the
16 First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain avail-
17 able during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obliga-
18 tions incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

19 *NATIONAL CAPITAL SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION*

20 *Maintenance and operation of properties: For an addi-*
21 *tional amount, fiscal year 1949, for “Maintenance and*
22 *operation of properties”, \$2,900.*

23 *NATIONAL CAPITOL SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION*

24 *National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission: For*
25 *expenses necessary for the National Capital Sesquicentennial*

1 Commission to prepare and carry out a program for the
2 commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary
3 of the establishment of the seat of the Federal Government
4 in the District of Columbia, as authorized by the Act of
5 July 18, 1947 (Public Law 203), including personal serv-
6 ices in the District of Columbia; travel expenses of employees;
7 travel, hotel, and other necessary expenses of the Com-
8 missioners; printing and binding; services as authorized by
9 section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a),
10 at rates for individuals not in excess of \$35 per diem; de-
11 posits in the Treasury for penalty mail; and rent in the
12 District of Columbia; \$15,000, to remain available during
13 the life of the Commission: Provided, That the Commission
14 may accept and utilize gifts of money or services from private
15 individuals and organizations.

16 SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

17 Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary, fiscal
18 year 1949, to carry out the provisions of H. R. 6401 or
19 S. 2655, Eightieth Congress, establishing the Selective Serv-
20 ice System, including personal services in the District of
21 Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for expenses of attendance
22 at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of
23 this appropriation when specifically authorized by the Direc-
24 tor; purchase (not to exceed 94) of passenger motor vehicles;
25 printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of

1 *the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); deposits in*
 2 *the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d); payment*
 3 *of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims*
 4 *Act (28 U. S. C. 921); a health service program as author-*
 5 *ized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and purchase of typewriters;*
 6 *\$31,800,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effec-*
 7 *tive only upon the enactment into law of either H. R. 6401*
 8 *or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress.*

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

10 *Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief: For an additional*
 11 *amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Soldiers' and sailors' civil*
 12 *relief", \$245,000, to be available until expended.*

13 *Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans:*
 14 *For an additional amount for "Automobiles and other con-*
 15 *veyances for disabled veterans", \$1,500,000, to be derived*
 16 *by transfer from the appropriation "Administration, med-*
 17 *ical, hospital and domiciliary services", and to be available*
 18 *for the purposes specified under this head in the Act of*
 19 *August 8, 1946 (Public Law 663), as extended by the*
 20 *Emergency Appropriation Act, 1948.*

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

PUBLIC WELFARE

23 *Day-care centers: For all expenses necessary for the*
 24 *transfer, maintenance, and operation of a system of nurseries*
 25 *and nursery schools for the day care of children of school*

1 or under school age, including personal services, as author-
2 ized by Public Law 123, approved June 27, 1947, as
3 amended, fiscal year 1949, \$150,000.

4 PUBLIC WORKS

5 Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District
6 Buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948,
7 for "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District
8 Buildings", \$12,000.

9 SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND SUITS

10 For the payment of claims in excess of \$250, approved
11 by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of
12 the Act of February 11, 1929, as amended (46 Stat. 500),
13 \$8,400.

14 JUDGMENTS

15 For the payment of final judgments, rendered against
16 the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document
17 Numbered 653, Eightieth Congress, together with such
18 further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not
19 exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as
20 provided by law, from the date the same became due until
21 the date of payment, \$132.

22 AUDITED CLAIMS

23 For the payment of claims, certified to be due by the
24 accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the

1 appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been
2 exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions
3 of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713),
4 being for the service of the fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal
5 years, as follows:

6 Salaries and expenses, Executive Office, District of
7 Columbia, 1945, \$11.10;

8 General supervision and instruction, public schools,
9 District of Columbia, 1945, \$13.02;

10 Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds,
11 public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$6.20;

12 Salaries and expenses, Fire Department, District of
13 Columbia, 1945, \$12.46;

14 General administration, Health Department, District of
15 Columbia, 1945, \$36;

16 Medical charities, District of Columbia, 1945 (Eastern
17 Dispensary and Casualty Hospital), \$59.50;

18 Operating expenses, Juvenile Correctional Service, pub-
19 lic welfare, District of Columbia, 1945, \$9.12;

20 Operating expenses, District Training School, District of
21 Columbia, 1945, ~~\$8.80~~ \$1,566.19;

22 Capital outlay, Office of Superintendent of District
23 Buildings, public works, District of Columbia, 1945,
24 \$14,752.80;

- 1 Operating expenses, Electrical Division, public works,
2 District of Columbia, 1945, \$50.55;
- 3 Salaries and expenses, Department of Vehicles and
4 Traffic, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1945, \$826.55;
- 5 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
6 1944, \$420.46;
- 7 Public schools, general supervision and instruction, sal-
8 aries and expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$224.28;
- 9 Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944,
10 \$127.71;
- 11 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Colum-
12 bia, 1944, \$68.24;
- 13 Gallinger Municipal Hospital, expenses, District of
14 Columbia, 1944, \$1,221.48;
- 15 Working-capital fund, Workhouse and Reformatory,
16 District of Columbia, 1944, \$71.77;
- 17 Water Department, distribution system, expenses, Dis-
18 trict of Columbia, 1944, \$0.69;
- 19 Refunding water rents, District of Columbia, 1944,
20 \$30.22;
- 21 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
22 1943, \$176.89;
- 23 Deportation of nonresident insane, District of Columbia,
24 1943, \$248.62;

1 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
2 1942, \$9,771.08;

3 Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia,
4 1941, \$19.96;

5 In all, ~~\$28,167.50~~ \$29,724.89.

6 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

7 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
8 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
9 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
10 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1948.

11 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

12 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

13 *Salaries and expenses: For administrative expenses for*
14 *carrying into effect those provisions of the Housing Act of*
15 *1948, imposing duties upon the Secretary of Agriculture,*
16 *including printing and binding and personal services in the*
17 *District of Columbia and elsewhere, technical services and*
18 *research, \$150,000, which shall be available for allocation*
19 *by the Secretary of Agriculture to the several agencies of*
20 *the Department, to local public agencies, and to State agen-*
21 *cies through the Agricultural Extension Service: Provided,*
22 *That this appropriation is made contingent upon the enact-*
23 *ment of the Housing Act of 1948.*

1 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

2 BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

3 Salaries and Expenses

4 Agriculture remount service: For carrying out, during
5 the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the Act of April 21,
6 1948 (Public Law 494), including not to exceed \$3,500
7 \$15,000 for departmental personal services in the District
8 of Columbia, ~~\$400,000~~ \$500,000.

9 Eradication of Foot-and-Mouth and Other Contagious
10 Diseases of Animals

11 Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious dis-
12 eases of animals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948,
13 for "Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious
14 diseases of animals", \$25,400,000, to enable the Secretary
15 of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit
16 Corporation for amounts transferred pursuant to authority
17 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropria-
18 tion Act, 1948, as amended by the Supplemental Approp-
19 riation Act, 1948.

20 *BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE*

21 *SALARIES AND EXPENSES*

22 *Insect and plant disease control: For an additional*
23 *amount fiscal year 1949, for "Insect and plant disease con-*

1 *trol*’, to carry out the Golden Nematode Act of June —,
 2 1948 (Public Law —), including not to exceed \$11,970 for
 3 personal services in the District of Columbia and the pur-
 4 chase of not to exceed seven passenger motor vehicles,
 5 \$492,000.

6 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

7 Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal
 8 year 1949, for “Forest roads and trails”, for forest highways,
 9 \$7,500,000, to be available immediately and to remain
 10 available until expended; and, in addition to this appropria-
 11 tion, contracts may be entered into and obligations incurred
 12 prior to July 1, 1949, for forest highway work in an amount
 13 not to exceed \$7,500,000.

14 FOREST SERVICE

15 EMERGENCY RECONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

16 *Emergency reconstruction and repair: For the recon-*
 17 *struction or replacement of roads, trails, bridges, telephone*
 18 *lines, and other facilities and improvements in the national*
 19 *forests damaged or destroyed by floods in May and June*
 20 *1948, \$4,000,000, to remain available until December 31,*
 21 *1948.*

22 LOANS TO FARMERS, 1948 FLOOD DAMAGE

23 *Loans to farmers, 1948 flood damage: To provide as-*
 24 *sistance to farmers whose property was destroyed or damaged*
 25 *by floods in 1948, \$6,000,000, to remain available until*

1 *June 30, 1949, which the Secretary of Agriculture is author-*
2 *ized to utilize through any existing agency or bureau for*
3 *loans in such manner and upon such terms and conditions*
4 *as he may prescribe for the purpose of aiding such farmers*
5 *to continue farming operations, and for all necessary ad-*
6 *ministrative expenses in connection with making and servicing*
7 *such loans, including printing and binding, and personal*
8 *services in the District of Columbia.*

9 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

10 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

11 Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce:
12 For expenses necessary for the liquidation, in the fiscal year
13 1949, of the Foreign Economic Administration, Civilian
14 Production Administration, Office of Price Administration,
15 Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and all other
16 functions of the former Office of Temporary Controls, includ-
17 ing personal services in the District of Columbia and tempo-
18 rary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
19 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$175,000.

20 Voluntary agreements: For expenses necessary for
21 carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of
22 section 2 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law
23 395), relating to voluntary agreements, including personal
24 services in the District of Columbia and temporary services
25 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946

1 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for
2 individuals, \$600,000.

3 BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

4 *Census of business: For expenses necessary to collect,*
5 *compile, and publish the 1949 census of business in accord-*
6 *ance with the Act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —),*
7 *including personal services at the seat of government; printing*
8 *and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act*
9 *of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); health service program*
10 *as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and personal serv-*
11 *ices by contract or otherwise at rates to be fixed by the*
12 *Director of the Census without regard to the Classification*
13 *Act; \$2,480,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to*
14 *remain available until December 31, 1951: Provided, That*
15 *funds for administrative expenses may be transferred from*
16 *this appropriation to the appropriation "General admin-*
17 *istration, Bureau of the Census".*

18 *Census of transportation: For expenses necessary to col-*
19 *lect, compile, and publish the 1949 census of transportation in*
20 *accordance with the Act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —),*
21 *including personal services at the seat of government; printing*
22 *and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act*
23 *of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); health service program*
24 *as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and personal*
25 *services by contract or otherwise at rates to be fixed by the*

1 *Director of the Census without regard to the Classification*
 2 *Act; \$220,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to remain*
 3 *available until December 31, 1951: Provided, That funds*
 4 *for administrative expenses may be transferred from this*
 5 *appropriation to the appropriation "General administration,*
 6 *Bureau of the Census".*

7 *Census of mineral industries: For expenses necessary to*
 8 *collect, compile, and publish the 1949 census of mineral in-*
 9 *dustries in accordance with the Act of June —, 1948 (Public*
 10 *Law —), including personal services at the seat of govern-*
 11 *ment; printing and binding; services as authorized by section*
 12 *15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); health*
 13 *service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and*
 14 *personal services by contract or otherwise at rates to be fixed*
 15 *by the Director of the Census without regard to the Classifi-*
 16 *cation Act; \$80,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to*
 17 *remain available until December 31, 1951: Provided, That*
 18 *funds for administrative expenses may be transferred from*
 19 *this appropriation to the appropriation "General Admin-*
 20 *istration, Bureau of the Census".*

21 CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

22 *Establishment of air-navigation facilities: In addition*
 23 *to the contract authorization previously granted under this*
 24 *head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act,*

1 1949, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to
2 enter into contracts and incur obligations prior to July 1,
3 1949, for the purposes therein specified, in an amount not to
4 exceed ~~\$2,600,000~~ \$341,499.

5 Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska: For
6 construction of ~~one public airport~~ *two public airports, one at*
7 *Fairbanks and one* at Anchorage within the Territory of
8 Alaska, as authorized by the Act of May 28, 1948 (Public
9 Law 562), including necessary buildings, structures, and
10 appurtenances, and acquisition of necessary lands and inter-
11 est in lands; personal services in the District of Columbia;
12 and purchase (not to exceed two) and hire of passenger
13 motor vehicles; ~~\$3,000,000~~ \$4,000,000, to remain available
14 until expended; and in addition, the Civil Aeronautics Ad-
15 ministration is authorized to enter into contracts for the
16 purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed
17 ~~\$5,000,000~~ \$9,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed
18 ~~\$175,000~~ \$325,000 may be transferred to the appropria-
19 tion for "Salaries and expenses" under the Civil Aeronautics
20 Administration, for necessary administrative costs.

21 Air navigation development: For expenses necessary,
22 fiscal year 1949, for planning and developing a national
23 system of aids to air navigation and air traffic control com-
24 mon to military and civil air navigation, including research,
25 experimental investigations, purchase, and development, by

1 contract or otherwise, of new types of air navigation aids
 2 (including plans, specifications, and drawings); personal
 3 services in the District of Columbia; hire of passenger motor
 4 vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of
 5 August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals
 6 not in excess of \$50 per diem; ~~\$50,000~~ \$100,000.

7 *Federal-aid airport program, Federal Airport Act:*
 8 *For carrying out the provisions of the Federal Airport Act*
 9 *of May 13, 1946, \$500,000: Provided, That such \$500,000*
 10 *shall be included in, and available for grants as part of,*
 11 *the discretionary fund established by section 6 (b) of said*
 12 *Act: Provided further, That if and when an appropriation*
 13 *is made under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30,*
 14 *1950, and apportioned pursuant to section 6 (a) of said*
 15 *Act, any portion of the sum appropriated herein which shall*
 16 *therefore have been obligated for a project shall be assessed*
 17 *against the apportionment for the State in which such project*
 18 *is located and the amount of the State apportionment so*
 19 *assessed shall be transferred to the said discretionary fund.*

20 *Hereafter the salary of the Administrator of the Civil*
 21 *Aeronautics Administration shall (unless increased to a*
 22 *higher amount by other law enacted either prior or sub-*
 23 *sequent to this Act) be at the rate of \$12,000 per annum.*

24 BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

25 Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional

1 amount for "Departmental salaries and expenses", fiscal year
2 1949, for carrying out the provisions of sections 3, 4, 18 (c)
3 and 18 (d) of the Rubber Act of 1948 (Public Law 469,
4 approved March 31, 1948), relating to controls over the pro-
5 duction, distribution, and use of rubber, \$164,500, of which
6 not to exceed \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation
7 for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary.

8 *Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional*
9 *amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Departmental salaries and*
10 *expenses", \$150,000, and the amount made available under*
11 *this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation*
12 *Act, 1949, for transfer to the appropriation for "Salaries*
13 *and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary is increased*
14 *from \$190,000 to \$194,000.*

15 *Field office service: For an additional amount for "Field*
16 *office service", fiscal year 1949, \$15,000.*

17 Export control: For expenses necessary for carrying out,
18 during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 3 of the
19 Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to
20 export controls, including personal services in the District
21 of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section
22 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates
23 not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$4,000,000, of
24 which not to exceed \$1,350,000 may be transferred to the
25 Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement

1 of the export control program, and of which not to exceed
2 \$62,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Print-
3 ing and binding" in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
4 tion Act, 1949, and of which not to exceed \$45,000 may be
5 transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses"
6 under the Office of the Secretary in said Act: *Provided, That*
7 *no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any*
8 *regulation prohibiting the export of one-hundred-pound bags*
9 *of flour as or in gift packages of any type.*

10 PATENT OFFICE

11 Salaries and expenses: Appropriations under this head
12 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Acts for the
13 fiscal years 1948 and 1949, available for services as author-
14 ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.
15 55a), shall be available for management and operational
16 studies, by contract or otherwise, of the Patent Office.

17 WEATHER BUREAU

18 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
19 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$370,000.

20 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

21 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

22 *Columbia Basin flood repair: To enable the Secretary*
23 *of the Interior, through such bureaus of the Department of*
24 *the Interior as he may designate, and in such manner as*
25 *he shall determine, to reimburse applicable appropriations*

1 *for costs of manpower and equipment diverted for flood*
 2 *work and to repair, reconstruct, rehabilitate, and replace*
 3 *structures, buildings, and other facilities (including equip-*
 4 *ment) under the jurisdiction of the Department damaged*
 5 *or destroyed by the flood in the Columbia Basin area,*
 6 *\$2,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949.*

7 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

8 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 9 year 1948, for contingent expenses of the Department of
 10 the Interior, \$17,000, for payment of claims pursuant to
 11 section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act of August 2,
 12 1946 (28 U. S. C. 921).

13 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

14 *Red Lake Band, Chippewa Indians, Minnesota (tribal*
 15 *funds): For a per capita payment of \$50 each to the mem-*
 16 *bers of the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota,*
 17 *\$130,000, payable from the proceeds of the sale of timber*
 18 *and lumber of the Red Lake Reservation: Provided, That*
 19 *this amount is made available contingent upon the enactment*
 20 *of H. R. 5355, Eightieth Congress, second session.*

21 BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

22 *Fort Sumner irrigation district, New Mexico: For the*
 23 *purpose of aiding and assisting the Fort Sumner Irrigation*
 24 *District in New Mexico to protect its diversion dam and*
 25 *the existing works of said irrigation district from flood*

1 damage, in the event the Secretary of the Interior determines
 2 that flood damage is or appears to be imminent, \$60,000,
 3 to remain available until expended.

4 Construction: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 5 1949, for "Construction", \$453,000, to remain available
 6 until expended, for Preston Bench project, Idaho: Provided,
 7 That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enact-
 8 ment into law of S. 1987, Eightieth Congress.

9 ADVANCES TO COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND

10 Boulder Canyon project: For an additional amount,
 11 fiscal year 1949, for "Boulder Canyon project", \$600,000,
 12 to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River
 13 dam fund.

14 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

15 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

16 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 17 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", \$5.03.

18 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an addi-
 19 tional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses,
 20 Lands Division", \$609.50.

21 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-
 22 tional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Miscellaneous salaries
 23 and expenses, field", \$35.

24 Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an addi-

1 tional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Miscellaneous salaries
2 and expenses, field", \$38,000.

3 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
4 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
5 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$154.71.

6 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
7 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Salaries and ex-
8 penses of marshals, and so forth", \$65,000.

9 Fees of witnesses: For an additional amount, fiscal year
10 1948, for "Fees of witnesses", \$50,000.

11 IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

12 Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
13 Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
14 "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization
15 Service", \$1,000,000.

16 NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

17 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

18 CORPS OF ENGINEERS

19 Engineer Service, Army

20 Engineer Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
21 1948, for "Engineer Service", including construction of build-
22 ings, utilities, and facilities, \$32,700,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Flood control, general (emergency fund) : For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general (emergency fund)", \$6,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Flood control, general: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general", including the objects specified under this head in the "Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1949", \$2,000,000, to be available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

The Secretary of the Air Force is hereby authorized in his discretion to accept in the name of the United States the tract of land comprising the Valparaiso golf course at Valparaiso near Eglin Field, Florida: *Provided*, That no appropriated funds shall be used for the acquiring, maintenance, or upkeep of the golf course now on said lands or for the maintenance of any recreational activities placed thereon.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay and Subsistence of Naval Personnel

Pay and subsistence of naval personnel: There are

1 hereby transferred to the appropriation for "Pay and sub-
 2 sistence of naval personnel" in the Navy Department Appro-
 3 priation Act, 1947, sums from appropriations for the Navy
 4 Department and the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year
 5 1947, as follows:

6 "Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel",
 7 \$25,000,000;

8 "Pay, Marine Corps", \$17,000,000;

9 "General expenses, Marine Corps", \$17,500,000.

10 BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

11 PUBLIC WORKS

12 Public Works: For construction, installation, and equip-
 13 ment of temporary or permanent public works, including
 14 public utilities and appurtenances, and necessary lands and
 15 interest therein, as authorized by the Act of June —, 1948
 16 (Public Law —), (S. 1675), including group IV (b)
 17 personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other
 18 personal services necessary for the purposes of this appro-
 19 priation; engineering and architectural services as authorized
 20 by section 3 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (34 U. S. C.
 21 556) ; travel, and other necessary expenses; to remain avail-
 22 able until expended ~~\$47,983,200~~ \$51,337,200; and in
 23 addition, the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to enter into
 24 contracts for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount
 25 not exceeding \$50,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropria-

tion shall not be used for construction of family quarters for personnel at a cost per family unit in excess of \$14,040, except that when such units are constructed outside the continental United States the average cost per unit of all such units constructed shall not exceed \$25,850: *Provided further*, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any construction contract entered into under this appropriation shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of the construction contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to commence, continue, or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by contract or otherwise, only the following-named public works and public utilities projects, as authorized by law, and the amounts allocated to each such project from the appropriation and contract authorization herein shall not exceed the amount specified for each project enumerated, respectively:

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Test cells for turbine engines, \$230,000;

Marine Training and Replacement Command, Camp Joseph H. Pendleton, Oceanside, California: Acquisition of land, five hundred and seventy-five acres, \$46,500;

- 1 David Taylor Model Basin, Carderock, Maryland:
2 Wind tunnels and associated facilities, \$1,410,000;
3 Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia:
4 Acquisition of land, four thousand acres, on Bloods-
5 worth Island, Dorchester County, Maryland, \$120,000;
6 Naval Supplementary Radio Station, Dupont, South
7 Carolina: Radio operating building, \$74,000;
8 Naval Ordnance Test Station, Inyokern, California:
9 Acquisition of land, sixty thousand acres,
10 \$70,000,
11 Aerodynamics field laboratory (Aerodynamics
12 Range), \$500,000,
13 Ground range, external ballistics, and elec-
14 tronics experimental installation, \$408,000,
15 Seventy duplex houses (one hundred and forty
16 family units), \$2,000,000;
17 Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New
18 Jersey: Liquid fuel rocket test laboratory, \$306,000;
19 Naval Reserve Armory, Lawrence, Massachusetts:
20 Acquisition of land, five and seven-tenths acres, \$100;
21 Naval Reserve Armory, Lowell, Massachusetts:
22 Acquisition of land, four acres, \$800;
23 Naval Air Station, Mojave, California: Acquisition
24 of land, twenty-eight acres, \$500;

1 Naval Magazine, Montauk, Long Island, New York:

2 Acquisition of land, forty-four acres, \$53,300;

3 Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Oceana, Virginia:

4 Acquisition of avigation easements over approximately
5 four hundred acres of land, \$46,000;

6 Naval Air Station, Patuxent River, Maryland:

7 Facilities for bombing target, \$309,000;

8 Naval Air Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, Cali-
9 fornia: Sea test range, and test and evaluation facilities,
10 including supporting facilities, services, and accessory
11 construction, \$14,000,000;

12 Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme,
13 California: Acquisition of land and improvements, sixty-
14 two and forty-five one-hundredths acres, \$150,000;

15 Naval Electronics Laboratory, Point Loma, San
16 Diego, California: Laboratory supply and utility build-
17 ings, including services and accessories, \$1,590,000;

18 Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia:
19 Acquisition of land, four and eight hundred and fifty-
20 seven one-thousandths acres, \$4,370;

21 Naval Radio Station, Skaggs Island, Sonoma, Cali-
22 fornia: Addition to radio operating building,
23 \$315,000;

24 Naval Supply Annex, Stockton, California: Ac-

1 quisition of land (small island), three and eighty-eight
2 one-hundredths acres, \$1,800;

3 Aeronautical Turbine Laboratory, Trenton, New
4 Jersey: Laboratory building and facilities, including
5 collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$13,-
6 000,000;

7 Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Mary-
8 land:

9 Completion of the supersonic wind tunnels and
10 aerodynamics range, \$1,580,000;

11 Explosives research facility, \$695,000;

12 Naval Unit, White Sands, Proving Ground, Las
13 Cruces, New Mexico:

14 Additional housing facilities, \$2,000,000,

15 Instrumentation of the one-hundred-mile range
16 and camp facilities, \$2,452,830;

17 Radio Transmitting Station (location to be deter-
18 mined): Radio transmission facilities, including collat-
19 eral equipment and accessory construction, \$4,000,000;

20 Naval Research Laboratory, Orlando, Florida:
21 Underwater sound reference laboratory, \$1,120,000;

22 *Naval Air Station, Key West (Boca Chica),*
23 *Florida: Acquisition of land, approximately one*
24 *thousand acres, \$60,000;*

25 Various Locations—Continental United States:

For correction of deficiencies in existing facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto, \$1,500,000;

OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Operating Base, Adak, Alaska:

Ship repair facilities, \$306,000,

Cold storage building, ice cream plant, and milk facilities, \$340,000,

Two storehouses, \$1,300,000,

Dispensary, \$340,000,

Utility distribution systems, including water, sewer, electric power, heating plant, roads, walks, and drainage, \$2,700,000;

Naval Supplementary Radio Activity, Adak, Alaska: Operations building and associated facilities, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Adak, Alaska: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,400,000;

Naval Operating Base, Argentia, Newfoundland: Water treatment plant, \$92,700;

Naval Radio Station, Argentia, Newfoundland: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Greenland: Consolidated com-

1 munication facilities, including buildings and accessories,
2 \$999,323;

3 Naval Operating Base, Guam:

4 Dredging and filling at Apra Harbor, \$4,000,-
5 000,

6 Utility distribution systems, including electrical
7 transmission steam generating plant, island water
8 supply system, water storage and distribution, sew-
9 age and drainage systems and extension of roads,
10 \$6,000,000,

11 Barracks, messhall and galley, \$1,677,777;

12 Naval Medical Center, Guam: Development of hos-
13 pital facilities, including buildings and accessories,
14 \$5,000,000;

15 Naval Ammunition Depot, Guam: High explosive
16 storage facilities and accessories, \$1,000,000;

17 Naval Radio Station, Guam: Permanent communi-
18 cation facilities, including buildings and accessories,
19 \$1,500,000;

20 Naval Supply Center, Guam: Permanent facilities,
21 including storage building, fuel pipe line, and accessories,
22 \$6,000,000;

23 Fleet Marine Force Base, Guam: Development of
24 facilities, including buildings, service depot facilities and
25 accessories, \$4,000,000;

Submarine Base, Guam: Marginal bulkhead, including base site preparation and accessory construction, \$1,670,000;

Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii:

Acquisition of land, five hundred and twenty acres at Waikele and Kipapa Gulches, \$70,000;

Acquisition of land at West Loch for barricaded sidings (one hundred fifty-nine and fourteen one hundredths acres), \$200,000;

Naval Radio Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,390,000;

Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii:

Fire protection for Dry Dock No. 2, \$92,700;

Modernization of waterfront lighting, \$51,000;

Naval Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Water pumping station at Wahiawa Gulch, \$2,500,000;

Naval Radio Station, Sabana Seca, Puerto Rico: Radio operating facilities, including collateral equipment, accessory construction and transfer of land, \$3,294,000;

Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico: Acquisition of land—Culebra Island, \$110,000;

Naval Operating Base, Saipan: Air intercept training facilities, \$148,500;

1 Naval Radio Station, Summit, Canal Zone: Increase
2 transmitter power output, \$612,000;

3 Supplementary Naval Radio Activity, Wahiawa,
4 Hawaii: Permanent facilities for supplemental radio
5 activity accessories, \$3,000,000;

6 Various locations—outside continental United
7 States: For the correction of deficiencies in existing
8 facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto,
9 \$1,500,000.

10 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

11 (Out of the postal revenues)

12 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF
13 COLUMBIA

14 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

15 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
16 year 1948, for "Printing and binding", \$25,000.

17 FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

18 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

19 Damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year
20 1948, for "Damage claims", \$40,000.

21 OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

22 Rural Delivery Service: For an additional amount, fiscal
23 year 1948, for "Rural Delivery Service", \$1,125,000.

1 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Electric-car service: For an additional amount, fiscal
3 year 1948, for "Electric-car service", \$5,000, to be derived
4 by transfer from the appropriation "Salaries, Office of the
5 Chief Inspector", for said fiscal year.

6 Foreign mail transportation: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1948, for "Foreign mail transportation",
8 \$2,000,000.

9 Balances due foreign countries: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Balances due foreign coun-
11 tries", \$5,000,000.

12 Indemnities, international mail: For an additional
13 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Indemnities, international
14 mail", \$15,000.

15 OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

16 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
17 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for
18 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
19 \$54,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation
20 "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

21 Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped
22 paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for
23 "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper",
24 \$758,000.

1 OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
3 additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Post Office sta-
4 tionery, equipment, and supplies", \$194,000.

5 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
6 1948, for "Vehicle service", \$2,564,000.

7 Public Buildings, Maintenance and Operation

8 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
9 amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Operating supplies, public
10 buildings", \$20,150, to be derived by transfer from the
11 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
12 said fiscal year.

13 Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional
14 amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating supplies, public
15 buildings", \$230,500, to be derived by transfer from the
16 appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for
17 said fiscal year.

18 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

19 FOREIGN SERVICE

20 Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service: For an addi-
21 tional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses,
22 Foreign Service", ~~\$1,000,000~~ \$1,430,754.

23 Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For

1 an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Living and
 2 quarters allowances, Foreign Service", ~~\$250,000~~ \$350,000.

3 INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

4 United States contributions to international commis-
 5 sions, congresses, and bureaus: For an additional amount,
 6 fiscal year 1948, for "United States contributions to inter-
 7 national commissions, congresses, and bureaus", for the Pan
 8 American Sanitary Bureau, \$47,932; and certain items
 9 under this head in the Department of State Appropriation
 10 Act, 1948, are amended as follows: The amount made
 11 available for the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of
 12 Morocco, shall be available for the increased contribution
 13 required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the
 14 amount made available for the International Bureau of
 15 Weights and Measures is increased from "\$8,314" to
 16 "\$9,278" for the increased contribution required of the
 17 United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made
 18 available under the International Council of Scientific Unions
 19 and Associated Unions for the International Scientific Radio
 20 Union, is increased from "\$392" to "\$1,777"; and the
 21 amount made available for Inter-American Coffee Board is
 22 decreased from "\$8,000" to "\$6,251".

23 *United States contributions to international commissions,*

1 congresses, bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 2 1949, for Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, \$50,000: Provided,
 3 That this appropriation is contingent upon the enactment
 4 of S. 2341, Eightieth Congress, second session.

5 United States participation in international organiza-
 6 tions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United
 7 States participation in international organizations", for the
 8 International Civil Aviation Organization, \$3,750,000.

9 United States participation in international organiza-
 10 tions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for
 11 "United States participation in international organizations",
 12 for the World Health Organization (Act of *June 14, 1948*,
 13 Public Law 643) ~~(S. J. Res. 98)~~, \$1,915,000.

14 International Boundary and Water Commission, United
 15 States and Mexico: The appropriation under this head in the
 16 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1949, shall be avail-
 17 able for the purchase and exchange of map-reproduction
 18 machines and other construction, office, and engineering
 19 equipment and parts therefor; payment for official telephone
 20 service in the field in case of official telephones installed in
 21 private houses when authorized under regulations established
 22 by the Commission; and hire, with or without personal
 23 services, of aircraft.

24 Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
 25 commissions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949,

1 for "Salaries and expenses, American sections, international
 2 commissions", for special and technical investigations in con-
 3 nection with matters falling within the jurisdiction of the
 4 International Joint Commission, United States and Canada,
 5 \$75,000.

6 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

7 FISCAL SERVICE

8 BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

9 *Contingent expenses, public moneys: For an additional*
 10 *amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Contingent expenses, public*
 11 *moneys", \$12,000, to be derived by transfer from the appro-*
 12 *priation "Refunds under Renegotiation Act, 1948".*

13 BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

14 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 15 year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000.

16 BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

17 The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the
 18 Bureau of Federal Supply from the appropriation for
 19 "Salaries and expenses" of the Office of Scientific Research
 20 and Development in the National War Agencies Appro-
 21 priation Act, 1946, for furnishing summary technical reports,
 22 shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the
 23 liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1948.

24 Strategic and critical materials: For necessary expenses
 25 in carrying out the provisions of the Strategic and Critical

1 Materials Stock Piling Act of July 23, 1946, including per-
2 sonal services in the District of Columbia; services as author-
3 ized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C.
4 55a); and printing and binding; \$300,000,000, to be im-
5 mediately available and to remain available until expended,
6 of which \$75,000,000 is for liquidation of obligations in-
7 curred pursuant to authority granted under this head in the
8 Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948; and in addition to
9 the amount herein appropriated, contracts may be entered
10 into for the purposes of the said Act of July 23, 1946, in an
11 amount not in excess of \$300,000,000: *Provided*, That any
12 funds received as proceeds from sale or other disposition of
13 materials on account of the rotation of stocks under said Act
14 shall be deposited to the credit, and be available for expendi-
15 ture for the purposes, of this appropriation: *Provided further*,
16 That during the fiscal year 1949, in accordance with sub-
17 section 6 (a) of the Act of July 23, 1946 (60 Stat. 598),
18 surplus strategic and critical materials, not to exceed in value
19 the amount of \$175,000,000, may be transferred to stock
20 piles established in accordance with said Act.

21 *COAST GUARD*

22 *Acquisition, construction, and improvements: For an*
23 *additional amount under the title "Acquisition, construction,*
24 *and improvements, Coast Guard", for replacement or rebuild-*

1 *ing of aids to navigation and shore facilities, \$400,000, to*
2 *remain available until expended.*

3 TITLE II—CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED
4 CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

5 SEC. 201. For payment of claims for damages as settled
6 and determined by departments and agencies in accord with
7 law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Ac-
8 counting Office, and judgments rendered against the United
9 States by United States district courts and the United States
10 Court of Claims, as set forth in *Senate Document Num-*
11 *bered 177 and House Document Numbered 690, Eightieth*
12 *Congress, ~~\$12,838,409.60~~ \$15,231,868.15*, together with such
13 amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when
14 specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of
15 the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such
16 additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may
17 be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided,*
18 *That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until*
19 *it shall have become final and conclusive against the United*
20 *States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: Pro-*
21 *vided further, That, unless otherwise specifically required by*
22 *law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appro-*
23 *priated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days*
24 *after the date of approval of this Act.*

1 TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

2 SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and
3 other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter
4 mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all
5 executive departments and agencies, all independent estab-
6 lishments of the Government, and all other organizations and
7 persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall
8 be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General
9 under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of
10 each such department, agency, establishment, or other or-
11 ganization, or each such person, shall submit to the Post-
12 master General within sixty days after the close of each
13 fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes,
14 labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
15 indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

16 SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the
17 Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety
18 days after the close of each fiscal year the number of enve-
19 lopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such
20 penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during
21 such fiscal year by each executive department and agency,
22 by each independent establishment, and by each organization
23 and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

24 SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or

1 number of articles or packages of official matter constituting
2 in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight
3 shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege,
4 except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the
5 postal service; and (2) books and documents published or
6 circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Super-
7 intendent of Public Documents or under the franking
8 privilege.

9 SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions
10 of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if other-
11 wise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written
12 matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of
13 weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted
14 for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class
15 rates.

16 (b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the
17 most economical means of transportation practicable, and
18 the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such
19 matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in
20 the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at
21 less expense.

22 SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all
23 independent establishments of the Government, and all other
24 organizations and persons authorized by law to use the

1 penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as prac-
2 ticable, all necessary information requested by the Post
3 Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

4 SEC. 306. No executive department or independent estab-
5 lishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail,
6 free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pam-
7 phlet, list, or other article or document (except official
8 letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are rea-
9 sonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence;
10 informational releases in connection with the decennial census
11 of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government
12 securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes,
13 rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders
14 and interpretations necessary in the administration of such
15 departments and establishments), unless a request therefor
16 has been previously received by such department or inde-
17 pendent establishment; or such transmission is required by
18 law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient
19 thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a
20 statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The
21 head of each independent establishment and executive de-
22 partment (other than the Post Office Department) shall
23 certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter
24 that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage
25 by the independent establishment or department in violation of

1 the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein
 2 shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of
 3 lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which
 4 are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Docu-
 5 ments, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases,
 6 statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal
 7 Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16
 8 U. S. C.: *Provided further*, That this prohibition shall not
 9 apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals,
 10 bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educa-
 11 tional institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or
 12 other public authorities.

13 SEC. 307. Section 6 of the Act of May 6, 1939 (53
 14 Stat. 683), as amended, and Public Law 364 approved
 15 June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

16 SEC. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such
 17 sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
 18 this Act.

19 SEC. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and
 20 may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

21 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

22 SEC. 401. ~~Except as otherwise provided therein, the~~
 23 ~~Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547,~~
 24 ~~Eightieth Congress)~~ shall apply to all contracts entered
 25 into by the Department of the Army, Department of the

1 Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds
2 from any appropriation provided herein or hereafter or
3 in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year
4 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This sec-
5 tion shall also apply in like manner to contracts entered into
6 by any other department, agency, or independent establish-
7 ment of the Government pursuant to authority or direction
8 of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy,
9 or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against
10 any such appropriations, and all subcontracts under such
11 contracts. For the purposes of the Renegotiation Act of
12 1948 the term "subcontract" means any purchase order or
13 agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make
14 or furnish any article, required for the performance of any
15 other contract or subcontract.

16 SEC. 402 401. No part of any appropriation contained
17 in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
18 person who engages in a strike against the Government of
19 the United States or who is a member of an organization of
20 Government employees that asserts the right to strike against
21 the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or
22 is a member of an organization that advocates, the over-

1 throw of the Government of the United States by force or
2 violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affi-
3 davit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the per-
4 son making the affidavit has not contrary to the provi-
5 sions of this section engaged in a strike against the Gov-
6 ernment of the United States, is not a member of an
7 organization of Government employees that asserts the
8 right to strike against the Government of the United States,
9 or that such person does not advocate, and is not a mem-
10 ber of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of
11 the Government of the United States by force or violence:
12 *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike
13 against the Government of the United States or who is a
14 member of an organization of Government employees that
15 asserts the right to strike against the Government of the
16 United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of
17 an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Gov-
18 ernment of the United States by force or violence and accepts
19 employment the salary or wages for which are paid from
20 any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a
21 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than
22 \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both:

1 *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be
2 in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other pro-
3 visions of existing law.

4 SEC. ~~403~~ 402. This Act may be cited as the "Second
5 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948."

Passed the House of Representatives June 16, 1948.

Attest:

JOHN ANDREWS,

Clerk.

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

JUNE 17 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948
Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Appropriations

JUNE 18 (legislative day, JUNE 15), 1948
Reported with amendments

report on the relation of new functions of the departments and agencies to increased civilian employment in the executive branch (H. Rept. 2412)(p.9107).

36. **DISASTER RELIEF.** Passed S. 2877, providing \$10,000,000 additional authority for disaster loans by RFC (p. 9092). The Senate version would have provided \$20,000,000 additional.

SENATE - June 19

37. **SELECTIVE SERVICE.** Both Houses agreed to the conference report on S. 2655, the selective-service bill; the House vote was 259-136 (pp. 9137-71, 9357-81). This bill will now be sent to the President.
38. **INTERIOR APPROPRIATION BILL.** Agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 6705 (pp. 9171-3). This bill will now be sent to the President.
39. **CCC CHARTER.** Conferees on this bill, S. 1322, were appointed in both Houses. (pp. 9173-5, 9376-7).
40. **WATER POLLUTION.** Agreed to the conference report on S. 418, to provide for water-pollution control through the Public Health Service (p. 9175). This bill will now be sent to the President.
41. **DISPLACED PERSONS.** Agreed to the conference report on S. 2242, to permit entry of displaced persons into the U. S. (pp. 9176-88, 9190-6). This bill will now be sent to the President.
42. **GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS APPROPRIATION BILL.** Both Houses agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 6461, and acted on disagreement amendments. (pp. 9177, 9188-90, 9263, 9339-53). This bill will now be sent to the President. As finally passed, the bill includes changes as follows: Authorizes payment by the Federal intermediate credit banks to FCA of not over \$330,000 (House, \$373,600; Senate, \$223,600). Authorizes not over \$1,500,000 for administrative expenses of the production credit corporations (Senate figure; House, \$1,350,000). Provides that the production credit corporations shall return Government capital of at least \$30,000,000 (House, \$60,000,000; Senate, \$20,000,000), and that such capital be carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury instead of being returned to the corporations revolving fund, as proposed by the Senate. Authorizes not over \$146,800 for RACC administrative expenses (Senate figure; House, \$46,800). Authorizes payment by RACC to FCA of not over \$21,000 (Senate figure; House, \$12,500). Does not include the Senate provision for a \$12,000 salary for the FCA Governor. Retains the fur-farmer loan provision in modified form. Strikes out TVA steam-plant provision.
43. **VIRGIN ISLANDS.** Conferees were appointed, in both Houses, on H. R. 5904; to incorporate the Virgin Islands Corporation (pp. 9182, 9378).
44. **SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL.** Passed with amendments this bill, H. R. 6935 (pp. 9217-26). Conferees were appointed in both Houses (pp. 9226, 9353). In addition to the committee amendments, agreed to an amendment by Sen. Murray, Mont. (for himself and Sens. Hill and Ball), to provide \$450,000 additional for administrative expenses of REA (pp. 9222-3).
45. **INDEPENDENT OFFICES SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILL.** Both Houses agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 6829 (pp. 9264, 9353-5). This bill will now be sent to the President. The conferees eliminated the Senate amendment

18. HOUSING. Passed, 318-90, as reported H. R. 6959, the housing bill, without the rural-housing title (pp. 9022-47).
19. SELECTIVE SERVICE. Passed, 283-130, with amendments S. 2655, the selective-service bill (pp. 8986-8). Conferees were appointed (p. 8988).
20. ARMY MILITARY APPROPRIATION BILL. House conferees were appointed on this bill, H. R. 6771 (p. 8986).
21. DISPLACED PERSONS. Agreed to the conference report on S. 2242, to permit entry of 200,000 displaced persons into the U. S., of whom at least 30% must be farm workers (pp. 9004-13).
22. INTERIOR APPROPRIATION BILL. Agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 6705 (pp. 8998-9).
23. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 4071, to increase the powers of this agency regarding seizures of foods, etc. (pp. 8996-7). This bill will now be sent to the President.
24. FOREIGN RELIEF. Passed as reported S. 2376, to provide a revolving fund for purchase of agricultural commodities and raw materials to be processed in occupied areas and sold (pp. 9076-81).
25. WATER POLLUTION. Agreed to the conference report on S. 418, to provide for water-pollution control through the Public Health Service (p. 9013).
26. RECLAMATION. Concurred in the Senate amendment to H. R. 3218, authorizing an emergency fund for the Bureau of Reclamation to assure continuous operation of its projects (p. 9015). This bill will now be sent to the President.
27. POSTAL RATES. Passed as reported H. R. 6916, to provide for permanent postal rates and additional compensation for certain P. O. employees (pp. 9052-66).
28. SUPPLEMENTAL INDEPENDENT OFFICES APPROPRIATION BILL. House conferees were appointed on this bill, H. R. 6829 (p. 9073).
29. AGRICULTURE INVESTIGATIONS. Agreed, without amendment, to H. Res. 676, providing \$5,000 for the Agriculture Committee (p. 9086).
30. COMMODITY-EXCHANGE INVESTIGATION. Agreed, without amendment, to H. Res. 674, providing \$10,000 for the Andresen Committee (p. 9086).
31. VIRGIN ISLANDS. Passed, 132-9, as reported H. R. 5904, to incorporate the Virgin Islands Corporation (pp. 9087-91).
32. RECLAMATION. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 5416, to promote the interest of the Fort Hall Indian irrigation project, Idaho (p. 9103).
33. COMMODITY SPECULATION. Rep. Rankin, Miss., discussed the charges against Linder, MacDonald, and Harris (p. 9105).
34. FOREST LANDS. The Public Lands Committee reported without amendment S. 580, to transfer certain O&C lands from the Forest Service to the Interior Department (H. Rept. 2413) (p. 9107).
35. PERSONNEL; ECONOMY. The Post Office and Civil Service Committee submitted a

There being no objection, the statement and letter were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Mr. President, it now appears that the Congress is about to adjourn without fulfilling a pledge made by both political parties. I refer to the pending Senate Joint Resolution 76 guaranteeing equal rights for women, which eight of us in this Chamber introduced.

Apparently no determined effort will be made by the leadership to consider this proposal which merely provides that the people of the several States be given this opportunity to accept or reject the question. It seeks only justice and equity for one-half of our population.

But the ironical aspect of the situation is that the two major political parties are about to meet in Philadelphia. And we can be sure they again will solemnly adopt a plank in their platforms promising women to sanction an equal rights constitutional amendment.

If the two parties really mean what they say they will take favorable action today on our resolution, which has been in the Senate since February 21, a period of 4 months.

No more propitious year could be found in which to set in motion the constitutional processes which eventually would lead to inclusion in our great Constitution of this guaranty of equality for womanhood.

We are within a few weeks of the one-hundredth anniversary of the first meeting on record, in behalf of woman's rights, held at Seneca Falls, N. Y., in July 1848. Women have progressed far within that century in their search for full equality under the law.

In the professions, in public life, in the scientific world and in the economic pursuits of our Nation, they have given incontestable evidence of their capacity for any duties or responsibilities of citizenship that may be assigned them.

The only handicap to their full and complete participation in all civic and national affairs is the discrimination that Senate Joint Resolution 76 would seek to remove.

I sincerely urge that the Senate consider and approve this resolution today, so that it may be put before the legislatures of the several States for their consideration and approval. Under our democratic system, the people have the right of decision on all matters. Let us give opportunity for their voice to be heard, through their elected representatives in the 48 States.

JUNE 15, 1948.

HON. ARTHUR CAPPER,
United States Senate,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR SENATOR CAPPER: You may count upon my earnest support for the submission of the equal-rights amendment, of which I was privileged to be a cosponsor, to the States for their consideration. I sincerely trust that our efforts to secure action on this amendment at this session will be entirely successful.

Increased participation by women in the political, professional and economic life of the Nation is greatly to be desired. The pending amendment fills a long-felt need in its provision that "Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex."

To all intents and purposes this equality is now freely granted, but the United States has been hesitant in giving constitutional guaranty of such equality. The splendid record made by women in public life, in the professions and in all phases of business and in many industries is evidence of their largely untapped capacities for public good in every walk of life.

This year would be an appropriate one in which to proclaim the constitutional equality of rights for men and women, marking as it does the one hundredth anniversary of the first women's rights meeting ever held in the world, at Seneca Falls, N. Y., in July, 1848.

Inasmuch as the amendment must be ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the States, to become effective three years after the date of ratification, the operative date of the proposed legislation is at least 10 years away, which makes it all the more important that no time be lost in passing the amendment at this session.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

HERBERT R. O'CONNOR.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS, 1948

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the unfinished business be temporarily laid aside and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar 1882, House bill 6935, which is the second deficiency appropriation bill, which we must pass and get to conference if we are to finish action on it tonight.

Mr. HICKENLOOPER. Mr. President, I will say to the Senator from Minnesota that I presume I should yield willingly. I have been used to this for the past 3 days. How long does the Senator feel that, within reason, it will take?

Mr. BALL. I do not believe that there are any controversies in the bill. I believe that as fast as we can consider the committee amendments and dispose of them, together with one or two correctional amendments, action on the bill can be completed. We did not finish work on the bill until late last night.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I can assure the Senator that there are no serious controversial matters in the bill.

Mr. BALL. I think we can finish consideration of the bill in 10 or 15 minutes at the most.

Mr. HICKENLOOPER. I have the utmost confidence in the opinion of the Senator from Minnesota and the Senator from Arizona. Therefore I yield, hoping that their judgment is sound.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Minnesota?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Appropriations, with amendments.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, I ask that the formal reading of the bill be dispensed with, that it be read for amendment, and that the amendments of the committee be first considered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will state the first committee amendment.

The first amendment of the Committee on Appropriations was, under the heading "Legislative Branch—Senate," at the top of page 2, to insert:

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, \$8,020: *Provided*, That the rates of basic annual compensation for the following positions shall be: Four laborers at \$1,320 each.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 2, after line 5, to insert:

For payment to Mrs. Adelaide R. Hasse for compensation for the compilation of the index digest of the Temporary National Economic Committee, \$3,600.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Contingent expenses of the Senate," on page 2, after line 9, to insert:

Stationery: For an additional allowance for stationery for the second session of the Eightieth Congress, to remain available until December 31, 1948, \$200.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 2, line 16, after "per diem," to strike out "allowance in lieu of subsistence expenses for consultants and staff, at the rate of \$10 within the continental limits of the United States and \$12 abroad" and insert "and subsistence expenses."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 2, after line 21, to insert:

Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies of 1949: To enable the Secretary of the Senate to pay the necessary expenses of the inaugural ceremonies of the President of the United States, January 20, 1949, in accordance with such program as may be adopted by the joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives, appointed under a concurrent resolution of the two Houses, including the pay for extra police, \$75,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, at the top of page 5, to insert:

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol Buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for the "Capitol Buildings," including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1949, \$35,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 5, after line 6, to insert:

Capitol Building: For an additional amount to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry forward the improvements affecting the Senate wing of the Capitol authorized by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act of June 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 629), as amended by the acts of June 8, 1942 (56 Stat. 342), and July 17, 1945 (59 Stat. 472), \$600,000. The Architect of the Capitol is authorized to enter into contracts, including cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contracts as approved by the Special Committee on Reconstruction of Senate Roof and Skylights and Remodeling of Senate Chamber, and to make such other expenditures as may be necessary for the improvements affecting the Senate wing of the Capitol authorized by such acts, in such amounts as may be approved by the Senate committee appointed under section 1 of the act of July 17, 1945, notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of that act: *Provided*, That the amounts so approved by such committee may be obligated in full prior to the actual appropriation thereof.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 6, after line 2, to insert:

ADDITIONAL OFFICE BUILDING FOR THE UNITED STATES SENATE

Acquisition of site: To enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, to acquire on behalf of the United States, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise (any condemnation proceedings to be in accordance with the provisions of the act of March 1, 1929 (45 Stat. 1415)), as a site for an additional office building for the United States Senate, all of the land, buildings, and other structures and alleys and parts of alleys (whether private or public) contained in that part of square 725 in the District of Columbia, bounded on the west by First Street NE., on the north by C Street NE., on the south by B Street NE., and on the east by the west boundaries of lots Nos. 104, 105, 840, 805, and 80 and by a line running from the northwest corner of lot No. 805 across the 30-foot alley to a point on the southern boundary of lot No. 840 due north of such corner and from such point to the southwest corner of lot No. 840, and also to acquire in similar manner lot No. 852 in said square 725, as such square appears on the records in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia as of the date of the approval of this land; and, upon acquisition of such property or any part thereof to provide for the demolition and removal as expeditiously as possible of any buildings or other structures on any such land acquired and, pending such demolition, to lease any or all of such property for such periods and under such terms and conditions as he may deem most advantageous to the United States and to provide for the maintenance and protection of such property; \$1,100,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 7, after line 8, to insert:

Construction and equipment of building: To enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, at a total cost (exclusive of site and other expenses authorized under the preceding paragraph) not to exceed \$20,600,000, and in substantial accordance with the preliminary plans prepared under the authority of the act of July 11, 1947 (Public Law 169, 80th Cong.), and approved by the Senate Office Building Commission, with such modification as may be necessary or advantageous, to provide for the construction and equipment of a fireproof office building for the use of the United States Senate on the site hereinbefore designated, containing committee and office rooms and such other rooms and accommodations as may be approved by the Senate Office Building Commission, including connections with the present Senate Office Building and subway transportation system by suitable tunnels and transportation system under First Street and B Street NE., and structural and other changes in the present building and subway system necessitated thereby, and also including approaches, connections with the Capitol Power Plant and public utilities, and architectural landscape treatment of the grounds, \$850,000; *Provided*, That the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, is authorized to enter into contracts and to make such other expenditures as may be necessary for materials, supplies, equipment, accessories, advertising, travel, personal and other services, and any other items required for the proper completion of the project, and to obligate in full the total amount of \$20,600,000 herein authorized, prior to the actual appropriation thereof, notwithstanding that an initial amount of only \$850,000 thereof is

herein appropriated, and notwithstanding any other partial appropriations that may hereafter be made: *Provided further*, That upon completion of the project, the building and the grounds and sidewalks surrounding the same shall be subject to the provisions of the act of June 8, 1942 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 174 (c) and (d)) and the act of July 31, 1946 (60 Stat. 718), in the same manner and to the same extent as the present Senate Office Building and the grounds and sidewalks surrounding the same.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 8, after line 23, to insert:

Senate Restaurants: For repairs, improvements, furnishings and equipment for the Senate Restaurant, Capitol Building, including personal and other services, fiscal year 1949, \$15,000, to be expended by the Architect of the Capitol under the supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Funds appropriated to the President," on page 13, after line 12, to insert:

DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION

Displaced Persons Commission: For expenses necessary to enable the Commission during the fiscal year 1949 to carry out the provisions of S. 2242, Eightieth Congress, entitled "A bill to authorize for a limited period of time the admission into the United States of certain European displaced persons for permanent residence, and for other purposes," including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel expenses without regard to the standardized Government travel regulations, as amended, and the rates of per diem allowances under the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; purchase (not to exceed \$5, including 1 at not to exceed \$3,000) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding, including printing and binding outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to section 11 of the act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); health-service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); employment of aliens; payment of rent in foreign countries in advance; and purchases and services abroad without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; \$3,500,000: *Provided*, That allocations may be made from this appropriation by the Commission upon approval by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to any department, agency, corporation, or independent establishment of the Government for direct expenditure for the purposes of this appropriation, and any such expenditures may be made under the specific authority herein contained or under the authority governing the activities of the department, agency, corporation, or independent establishment to which amounts are allocated: *Provided further*, That the Commission may enter into agreements with governmental and private agencies and may make payment in advance or by reimbursement for expenses incurred by such agencies in rendering assistance to the Commission in carrying out the purposes of this act.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Independent offices—Federal Security Agency," on page 15, after line 5, to insert:

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "National Institute of Health, operating expenses," \$1,000,000; and the limitation under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1949, on the purchase of passenger-motor vehicles is increased from 10 to 16, of which 10 shall be for replacement only: *Provided*, That appropriations under said head for the fiscal year 1949 shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the National Heart Act, including erection of temporary structures for storage of equipment and supplies and housing of animals.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, at the top of page 16, to insert:

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

Working capital fund: For establishment of a working capital fund in accordance with and for carrying out the purposes of S. 2767, Eightieth Congress, \$2,000,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 2767, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Federal Works Agency," on page 16, after line 7, to insert:

Administrative expenses, water-pollution control: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the administrative functions of the Federal Works Agency under the provisions of S. 418, relating to pollution-control activities, \$75,000, including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel, printing, and binding; and services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a): *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 418, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Public Buildings Administration," on page 16, after line 17, to insert:

Buildings and facilities, Cincinnati, Ohio: For preparation of plans for buildings and facilities at Cincinnati, Ohio, for the use of the Public Health Service, as provided for by S. 418, Eightieth Congress, \$200,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 418, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 16, after line 24, to insert:

Improvement of post-office facilities, Los Angeles, Calif.: For the construction of an additional story and the extension and remodeling of the existing Terminal Annex Station, Los Angeles, Calif., as provided for by H. R. 5750, Eightieth Congress, \$1,000,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H. R. 5750, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 18, line 21, after the figures "\$750,000", to insert "to remain available until June 30, 1949."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 18, after line 21, to insert:

National industrial reserve: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the duties imposed upon the Federal Works Agency by S. 2554 or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress, relating to the retention and maintenance of a national industrial reserve, including personal services in the District

of Columbia; purchase of not to exceed 10 passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; and services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$35 per diem, and maintenance, protection, repair, restoration, renovation, and other services by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; \$10,000,000; and in addition, the Federal Works Administrator is authorized to enter into contract, for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000: *Provided*, That appropriations or funds available to the War Assets Administration for use in connection with property or functions transferred to the Federal Works Agency under the provisions of S. 2554, or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress, shall be transferred, in such amounts as may be approved by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to the Federal Works Agency for the purposes of this appropriation: *Provided further*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either S. 2554 or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 18, after the amendment just stated, to insert:

BUREAU OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES

Disaster relief, public facilities: For expenses necessary to alleviate damage or hardship caused by flood, tornado, fire, or other catastrophe respecting which the President has heretofore made a determination under the act of July 25, 1947 (Public Law 233), by grants, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Federal Works Administrator, to local public agencies to assist them in defraying the cost of (1) the repair, restoration, replacement, or reconstruction of local public facilities damaged or destroyed by such catastrophe and (2) the construction, maintenance, and operation of schools necessary for children of families from Vanport City, Oreg., including personal services in the District of Columbia, \$35,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1950: *Provided*, That no grant shall be made to any local public agency unless the Administrator determines that other Federal funds are not available for such facilities and that such agency needs the grant and cannot otherwise defray such cost without creating an excessive tax or debt burden: *Provided further*, That not to exceed 4 percent of this appropriation shall be available for administrative expenses required in connection with such grants.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 19, after line 19, to insert:

Maintenance and operation of schools: For carrying out the provisions of S. 2795 or H. R. 6527, Eightieth Congress, relating to assistance to certain local school agencies, fiscal year 1949, \$5,000,000, of which not to exceed \$200,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, including travel, printing and binding, and personal services in the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either S. 2795 or H. R. 6527, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "General Accounting Office," on page 21, line 6, after the word "Salaries", to strike out "450,000" and insert "\$680,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 21, after line 6, to insert:

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Contingent upon the enactment of the Federal Housing Act of 1948, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget is hereby authorized to increase in the aggregate not to exceed \$2,000,000 the allocation for administrative expenses of the Office of the Administrator, Federal Housing Administration, National Home Mortgage Corporation, and the Public Housing Administration for carrying out the provisions of said act.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 22, after line 18, to insert:

NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

Maintenance and operation of properties: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Maintenance and operation of properties," \$2,900.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 22, after line 22, to insert:

NATIONAL CAPITAL SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission: For expenses necessary for the National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission to prepare and carry out a program for the commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the seat of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia, as authorized by the act of July 18, 1947 (Public Law 203), including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel expenses of employees; travel, hotel, and other necessary expenses of the Commissioners; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$35 per diem; deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail; and rent in the District of Columbia; \$15,000, to remain available during the life of the Commission: *Provided*, That the Commission may accept and utilize gifts of money or services from private individuals and organizations.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 23, after line 15, to insert:

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the provisions of H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress, establishing the Selective Service System, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation when specifically authorized by the Director; purchase (not to exceed 94) of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); a health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and purchase of typewriters; \$31,800,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 24, after line 8, to insert:

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief," \$245,000, to be available until expended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 24, after line 12, to insert:

Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans: For an additional amount for "Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans," \$1,500,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services," and to be available for the purposes specified under this head in the act of August 8, 1946 (Public Law 663), as extended by the Emergency Appropriation Act, 1948.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "District of Columbia," on page 24, after line 21, to insert:

PUBLIC WELFARE

Day-care centers: For all expenses necessary for the transfer, maintenance, and operation of a system of nurseries and nursery schools for the day care of children of school or under school age, including personal services, as authorized by Public Law 123, approved June 27, 1947, as amended, fiscal year 1949, \$150,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 25, after line 3, to insert:

PUBLIC WORKS

Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings," \$12,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 25, after line 8, to insert:

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND SUITS

For the payment of claims in excess of \$250, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the act of February 11, 1929, as amended (46 Stat. 500), \$8,400.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Audited claims," on page 26, line 21, after the numerals "1945", to strike out "\$8.80" and insert "\$1,566.19."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 28, line 5, after the words "In all", to strike out "\$28,167.50" and insert "\$29,724.89."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Department of Agriculture," on page 28, after line 11, to insert:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries and expenses: For administrative expenses for carrying into effect those provisions of the Housing Act of 1948, imposing duties upon the Secretary of Agriculture, including printing and binding and personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, technical services and research, \$150,000, which shall be available for allocation by the Secretary of Agriculture to the several agencies of the Department, to local public agencies, and to State agencies through the Agricultural Extension Service: *Provided*, That this appropriation is made contingent upon the enactment of the Housing Act of 1948.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Agricultural Research Administration—Bureau of Animal Industry—Salaries and expenses," on page 29, line 6, after the word "exceed", to strike out "\$3,500" and insert "\$15,000"; and in

line 8, after the name "Columbia", to strike out "\$400,000" and insert "\$500,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 29, after line 19, to insert:

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT
QUARANTINE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Insect and plant disease control: For an additional amount fiscal year 1949, for "Insect and plant disease control," to carry out the Golden Nematode Act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including not to exceed \$11,970 for personal services in the District of Columbia and the purchase of not to exceed seven passenger motor vehicles, \$492,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 30, after line 13, to insert:

FOREST SERVICE

EMERGENCY RECONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Emergency reconstruction and repair: For the reconstruction or replacement of roads, trails, bridges, telephone lines, and other facilities and improvements in the national forests damaged or destroyed by floods in May and June 1948, \$4,000,000, to remain available until December 31, 1948.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 30, after line 21, to insert:

LOANS TO FARMERS, 1948 FLOOD DAMAGE

Loans to farmers, 1948 flood damage: To provide assistance to farmers whose property was destroyed or damaged by floods in 1948, \$6,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949, which the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to utilize through any existing agency or bureau for loans in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe for the purpose of aiding such farmers to continue farming operations, and for all necessary administrative expenses in connection with making and servicing such loans, including printing and binding, and personal services in the District of Columbia.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Department of Commerce," on page 32, after line 2, to insert:

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Census of business: For expenses necessary to collect, compile, and publish the 1949 census of business in accordance with the act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including personal services at the seat of government; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and personal services by contract or otherwise at rates to be fixed by the Director of the Census without regard to the Classification Act; \$2,480,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to remain available until December 31, 1951: *Provided*, That funds for administrative expenses may be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "General administration, Bureau of the Census."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 32, after line 17, to insert:

Census of transportation: For expenses necessary to collect, compile, and publish the 1949 census of transportation in accordance with the act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including personal services at the seat of government; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and personal services by contract or other-

wise at rates to be fixed by the Director of the Census without regard to the Classification Act; \$220,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to remain available until December 31, 1951: *Provided*, That funds for administrative expenses may be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "General administration, Bureau of the Census."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 33, after line 6, to insert:

Census of mineral industries: For expenses necessary to collect, compile, and publish the 1949 census of mineral industries in accordance with the act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including personal services at the seat of government; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); and personal services by contract or otherwise at rates to be fixed by the Director of the Census without regard to the Classification Act; \$80,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to remain available until December 31, 1951: *Provided*, That funds for administrative expenses may be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "General Administration, Bureau of the Census."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Civil Aeronautics Administration," on page 34, line 4, after the word "exceed", to strike out "\$2,600,000" and insert "\$341,499."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 34, line 6, after the word "of", to strike out "one public airport" and insert "two public airports, one at Fairbanks and one"; in line 13, after the word "vehicles", to strike out "\$3,000,000" and insert "\$4,000,000"; in line 17, before the word "Provided", to strike out "\$5,000,000" and insert "\$9,000,000"; and in line 18, after the word "exceed", to strike out "\$175,000" and insert "\$325,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 35, line 6, after "per diem", to strike out "\$50,000" and insert "\$100,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 35, after line 6, to insert:

Federal-aid airport program, Federal Airport Act: For carrying out the provisions of the Federal Airport Act of May 13, 1946, \$500,000: *Provided*, That such \$500,000 shall be included in, and available for grants as part of, the discretionary fund established by section 6 (b) of said act: *Provided further*, That if and when an appropriation is made under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1950, and apportioned pursuant to section 6 (a) of said act, any portion of the sum appropriated herein which shall therefore have been obligated for a project shall be assessed against the apportionment for the State in which such project is located and the amount of the State apportionment so assessed shall be transferred to the said discretionary fund.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 35, after line 19, to insert:

Hereafter the salary of the Administrator of the Civil Aeronautics Administration shall (unless increased to a higher amount by other law enacted either prior or subsequent to this act) be at the rate of \$12,000 per annum.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Bureau of Foreign and Domes-

tic Commerce," on page 36, after line 7, to insert:

Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Departmental salaries and expenses," \$150,000, and the amount made available under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1949, for transfer to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary is increased from \$190,000 to \$194,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 36, after line 14, to insert:

Field office service: For an additional amount for "Field office service," fiscal year 1949, \$15,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 37, line 6, after the word "act", to insert a colon and the following proviso:

Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one-hundred-pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any type.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Department of the Interior—Office of the Secretary," on page 37, after line 21, to insert:

Columbia Basin flood repair: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, through such bureaus of the Department of the Interior as he may designate, and in such manner as he shall determine, to reimburse applicable appropriations for costs of manpower and equipment diverted for flood work and to repair, reconstruct, rehabilitate, and replace structures, buildings, and other facilities (including equipment) under the jurisdiction of the Department damaged or destroyed by the flood in the Columbia Basin area, \$2,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 38, after line 12, to insert:

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Red Lake Band, Chippewa Indians, Minnesota (tribal funds): For a per capita payment of \$50 each to the members of the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota, \$130,000, payable from the proceeds of the sale of timber and lumber of the Red Lake Reservation: *Provided*, That this amount is made available contingent upon the enactment of H. R. 5355, Eightieth Congress, second session.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 38, after line 20, to insert:

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Fort Sumner irrigation district, New Mexico: For the purpose of aiding and assisting the Fort Sumner irrigation district in New Mexico to protect its diversion dam and the existing works of said irrigation district from flood damage, in the event the Secretary of the Interior determines that flood damage is or appears to be imminent, \$60,000, to remain available until expended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 39, after line 3, to insert:

Construction: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Construction," \$453,000, to remain available until expended for Preston Bench project, Idaho: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 1987, Eightieth Congress.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 39, after line 8, to insert:

ADVANCES TO COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND

Boulder Canyon project: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Boulder Canyon project," \$800,000, to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River dam fund.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "National Military Establishment—Department of the Army—Civil functions—Corps of Engineers," on page 41, after line 6, to insert:

Flood control, general: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general," including the objects specified under this head in the "Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1949," \$2,000,000, to be available until expended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Bureau of Yards and Docks—Public works," on page 42, line 22, after the word "expended", to strike out "\$47,983,200" and insert "\$51,337,200."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Continental United States," on page 46, after line 21, to insert:

Naval Air Station, Key West (Boca Chica), Fla.: Acquisition of land, approximately 1,000 acres, \$60,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Outside Continental United States," on page 49, after line 17, to insert:

Naval Radio Station, Sabana Seca, P. R.: Radio operating facilities, including collateral equipment, accessory construction and transfer of land, \$3,294,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Department of State—Foreign Service," on page 52, line 22, after the word "Service", to strike out "\$1,000,000" and insert "\$1,430,754."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 53, line 2, after the word "Service", to strike out "\$250,000" and insert "\$350,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "International activities," on page 53, after line 22, to insert:

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, \$50,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation is contingent upon the enactment of S. 2341, Eightieth Congress, second session.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 54, line 12, after the word "of", to insert "June 14, 1948"; in line 13, after the word "Law", to insert "643"; and in the same line, after the amendment just above stated, to strike out "(S. J. Res. 98)."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Treasury Department," on page 55, after line 6, to insert:

FISCAL SERVICE

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for

"Contingent expenses, public moneys," \$12,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Refunds under Renegotiation Act, 1948."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 56, after line 20, to insert:

COAST GUARD

Acquisition, construction, and improvements: For an additional amount under the title "Acquisition, construction, and improvements, Coast Guard," for replacement or rebuilding of aids to navigation and shore facilities, \$400,000, to remain available until expended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Title II—Claims for damages, audited claims, and judgments," on page 57, line 10, after the word "in", to insert "Senate Document Numbered 177 and"; and in line 12, after the word "Congress", to strike out "\$12,838,409.60" and insert "\$15,231,868.15."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Title IV—General provisions," on page 61, after line 21, to strike out:

Sec. 401. Except as otherwise provided therein, the Renegotiation Act of 1948 (sec. 3 of Public Law 547, 80th Cong.) shall apply to all contracts entered into by the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, obligating funds from any appropriations provided herein or hereafter or in any regular annual appropriation act for the fiscal year 1949, and all subcontracts under such contracts. This section shall also apply in like manner to contracts entered into by any other department, agency, or independent establishment of the Government pursuant to authority or direction of the Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, and chargeable against any such appropriations, and all subcontracts under such contracts. For the purposes of the Renegotiation Act of 1948 the term "subcontract" means any purchase order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish any article, required for the performance of any other contract or subcontract.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 62, line 16, to change the section number from "402" to "401."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 64, line 4, to change the section number from "403" to "402."

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, I have four minor amendments proposed by the committee, which I send to the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the four committee amendments submitted by the Senator from Minnesota [Mr. BALL] on behalf of the committee.

The first amendment was, on page 2, line 5, after the word "each," to insert "Provided, That the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, shall not apply to two positions of special employees under the Office of the Sergeant at Arms, and the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act for 1949 is amended accordingly."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 15, line 17, to insert:

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses," fiscal year 1949, \$100,000: *Provided*, That appropriations under this head for fiscal year 1949 shall be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for the National Institute of Dental Research buildings and facilities provided for in H. R. 6726 which shall be available for transfer to the Federal Works Agency, Public Buildings Administration: *Provided further*, That appropriations made herein shall be available only upon the enactment into law of H. R. 6726, Eightieth Congress, second session."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Minnesota.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 21, after line 20, to insert "National Industrial Reserve". Transfer this appropriation to follow line 21 on page 18.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Minnesota.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 42, lines 15 and 16, strike out "June —, 1948 (Public Law —), S. (1675)" and insert "June 16, 1948 (Public Law 653)."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Minnesota.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Question is on the amendment offered by the Senator from Minnesota.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I offer the amendment which I send to the desk and ask to have stated.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the amendment for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. On page 18, after line 14, it is proposed to insert the following:

For payment to the following-named contractors in the following designated amounts in full settlement of their claims, legal or equitable, of any nature whatsoever arising out of or connected with the notice by the United States Reclamation Service of the exhaustion of funds for payment of contractors' earnings in connection with the construction of the Friant-Kern canal, California, Peter Kiewit Son's Co., \$186,195.38; Arizona-Nevada Constructors, \$348,867.62; Morrison-Knudson, Inc., and M. H. Hassler, \$217,618.47; Bechtel Bros.-McCone Co., \$32,018.51; in all, \$784,699.93.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I should like to make a brief explanation of the amendment. The Senate will remember that last year a serious situation arose in the Central Valley, Calif. Because of lack of funds, as the contractors thought, they shut down their work. I am offering the amendment out of a feeling of conscientiousness. I offer it because I feel I was in part at fault because that situation arose. The only objection that can be made to the amendment is that it might set a precedent for similar claims at some later time; but I assure the Senate

that under no circumstances within the lifetime of any Senator in this body could a similar situation arise. There would be no difficulty about the matter at all if in a half-dozen different places appropriate action had been taken. If the Bureau of the Budget had notified the Bureau of Reclamation that it was possible for them to divert funds to pay the contractors, the situation would not have arisen. If the contractors themselves had made inquiry in Washington, they could have learned that at the very moment they shut down the work Congress was in process of providing the necessary funds. If their attorney had done so, it would have been all right. I am offering this amendment because I feel that as a member of the Committee on Appropriations I did not do my full duty to ascertain the facts when the matter was under consideration by the Senate.

In good conscience, therefore, I offer the amendment. The figures in the amendment are based upon instructions given by a subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Appropriations to the contractors and the Bureau of Reclamation to get together and determine what would be a fair settlement of the damages. The contractors presented a bill for approximately \$2,000,000. These figures were worked over and agreed upon between the Bureau of Reclamation and the contractors as being a fair settlement of the loss.

In my opinion, the bill should be paid.

Mr. FERGUSON. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. HAYDEN. I yield.

Mr. FERGUSON. Why do they not go to the Court of Claims.

Mr. HAYDEN. Because they cannot get into the Court of Claims.

Mr. FERGUSON. Why not?

Mr. HAYDEN. Because, under the law, a contract made with any contractor, whether it be by the Board of Engineers or the Bureau of Reclamation, if the contract is subject to appropriations by Congress, they have notice that if they do any work beyond that, however beneficial it might be to the United States, they have no standing in the Court of Claims.

Mr. FERGUSON. Why did they not file their claim in the regular way so that it would go through the Judiciary Committee?

Mr. HAYDEN. My judgment is that neither the Judiciary Committee nor any other committee would devote the weeks of time that our committee devoted to a study of the problem, and give it any better judgment as to what should be done.

Mr. FERGUSON. I wish to say that I think the amendment should not be agreed to. There is a committee which could proceed to hear the claim in the regular way, and that is the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. BALL. Does the Senator from Arizona move to suspend the rule?

Mr. HAYDEN. No point of order was made. If the point of order is made, I shall move to suspend the rule.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, I make the point of order that the amendment violates rule V.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order raised by the Senator from Minnesota is sustained.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I invite the attention of the Chair to page 8580 of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of last Wednesday, wherein I filed a proper motion for suspension of the rules. I move that the rules be suspended and that my amendment be adopted. I shall not ask for a yea-and-nay vote.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Arizona. [Putting the question.]

Mr. HAYDEN. I ask for a division.

On a division the motion was not agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to further amendment.

Mr. SPARKMAN. Mr. President, I should like to have the attention of the Senator from Michigan with reference to the committee amendment on page 21 of the bill, relating to the Housing and Home Finance Agency. I notice that it reads as follows:

Contingent upon the enactment of the Federal Housing Act of 1948, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget is hereby authorized to increase in the aggregate not to exceed \$2,000,000 the allocation for administrative expenses of the Office of the Administrator, Federal Housing Administration, National Home Mortgage Corporation, and the Public Housing Administration for carrying out the provisions of said act.

Mr. FERGUSON. Mr. President, I will ask the Senator from Minnesota [Mr. BALL] to answer the question.

Mr. SPARKMAN. I will address the question, then, to the Senator from Minnesota.

Mr. BALL. I did not get the point of the Senator's question.

Mr. SPARKMAN. I have not yet stated the question. I was simply referring to the amendment on page 21 and calling attention to the fact that an additional amount of \$2,000,000 is provided upon the passing by this Congress of the Federal Housing Act of 1948. I very much fear that as a result of the attitude expressed by the House of Representatives, or those who are in charge of that legislation, there will not be enacted into law a Federal Housing Act of 1948. But there exists this condition, that as a result of the \$750,000,000 authorization which we gave to FHA in December, and an additional \$400,000,000 authorization that we gave in March—

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. SPARKMAN. I should like to finish my statement, if I may.

Mr. BALL. I think the Senator is laboring under a misapprehension, because this item was put in in pursuance of testimony which came up in that form in connection with the Housing Act of 1948. It has nothing to do with the situation of which the Senator is speaking.

Mr. SPARKMAN. I realize that. It is a figure that certainly ought to go in some other bill, rather than in this deficiency appropriation bill. This is the only place that there is any additional money provided for administrative expenses for the Federal Housing Administration.

Mr. BALL. It was the only budget figure before the committee concerning this subject.

Mr. SPARKMAN. And is this the only place in this bill?

Mr. BALL. That is correct.

Mr. SPARKMAN. Mr. President, there is outstanding throughout the United States today approximately a billion dollars in commitments for buildings to be erected under title 6 of the FHA Act. It is not 1949 money. In fact, we do not put up the money at all. We simply insure the loans. The loans were authorized in December 1947 and in March 1948, but as to the buildings, the money has not yet been spent. The commitments have been made.

There have been no inspection of these buildings because they have not been erected, and there is no money available with which to make the inspections or to process the loans or construction commitments which have been made. It is estimated that they need \$1,650,000. Of course, we discussed this matter a few days ago when the Government corporations appropriation bill was under consideration, and I believe that the Senator from Michigan at that time misunderstood the situation from the statement he made.

Mr. FERGUSON. Mr. President, I thought the Senator was talking about a question that was connected with the pending bill. The matter the Senator is discussing is covered in the Government corporations bill.

Mr. SPARKMAN. Yes; but there was no money carried in that bill, and if it was not carried, and if they need money, it seems to me it should be in this deficiency bill, and the payment should not be made contingent on the happening of something that is not going to happen.

Mr. FERGUSON. I understand what the Senator is requesting.

Mr. SPARKMAN. They are going to come here July 1, or even today in connection with the various buildings for which commitments have been made throughout the country, and there will be no money with which to process those commitments, and no money with which to inspect the buildings when they are erected. This is not money which is appropriated, it is not money that is paid out of the Treasury of the United States. It is simply an authorization for the FHA to use a part of the fees which are paid in for that particular purpose. I believe, Mr. President, that some provision should be made in this bill to take care of these outstanding commitments.

Mr. MURRAY. Mr. President, on behalf of the Senator from Alabama [Mr. HILL], and the Senator from Minnesota [Mr. BALL], and myself, I send to the desk an amendment which I wish to offer.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the amendment.

The CHIEF CLERK. On page 31, after line 8, it is proposed to insert, under a new heading "Rural Electrification Administration," a new paragraph to read as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses Rural Electrification Administration for the fiscal year 1949, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill, 1949, \$450,000, such sum

to be in addition to amounts otherwise appropriated for such fiscal year.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, an amendment increasing the amounts for REA administrative expenses was adopted on the floor of the Senate a few days ago, but was an amendment to the independent offices bill, where it did not belong, and the House conferees rejected it. When the deficiency subcommittee was considering the same amendment, we figured the Senate action of a few days ago would stand, and therefore we did not accept it. I think the committee would have been in favor of the amendment, because since then it has been thrown out of the other bill. So I am going to accept the amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. FULBRIGHT. Mr. President, I should like to ask the Senator from Minnesota if any consideration was given to an appropriation under the authority of the Smith-Mundt Act, Public Law 402, for the cooperative exchange of persons authorized by that act.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, we considered the estimate submitted by the State Department for \$5,000,000. We were working under pressure at the time and did not have time to go into the estimate. What we had before us did not seem adequate, and the committee was unanimous in rejecting the item and in telling the State Department to come back January 1. We did not think a delay of 6 months would do any harm. We simply did not have time to go into the estimates the way they should have been examined.

Mr. FULBRIGHT. Mr. President, this matter was discussed when the first deficiency appropriation bill was under consideration, and the committee withheld the appropriation from that bill on the understanding of the Department that it would be considered in connection with the second deficiency appropriation bill.

It seems to me that this is but another instance of the practice which has become very common in both Houses of Congress, that a legislative act is adopted by a very substantial majority, authorizing certain things, and in a way committing the country, as in the case of the ECA authorization, and then the appropriation committees follow along and completely disregard what the Congress has determined to be a policy.

For that reason, Mr. President, and in order to keep the record straight, I should like to propose an amendment, which I assume, from the attitude of the committee members, will be rejected, but I do think that an amendment carrying at least a million dollars should be offered to carry out the cooperative exchange of persons as authorized by Public Law 402.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Will the Senator submit his amendment?

Mr. FULBRIGHT. I offer such an amendment, to be inserted at the proper place, on page 53, I think it is, but I should like to have the clerk insert it at the proper point. I believe it would be

in proper form if it provided "to carry out the exchange of persons under Public Law 402, \$1,000,000."

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, will the Senator from Arkansas yield?

Mr. FULBRIGHT. For what purpose?

Mr. HOLLAND. I should like to support the amendment.

Mr. FULBRIGHT. I am glad to yield to the Senator.

Mr. HOLLAND. I have a telegram in my hand from the president of the University of Florida calling attention to this omission, and stating in so many words that the commitments already made are going to be seriously affected, and that there will be disappointment and ill will instead of the good will that is intended to be created by the exchange of scholarships.

I certainly hope that the very modest sum requested by the Senator from Arkansas will be approved. He requests only one-fifth of the amount of the estimate of the State Department, and I am not at all certain that even that will be sufficient to carry on the program until, as the Senator from Minnesota has said, the matter can be presented in a subsequent bill.

Mr. FULBRIGHT. I realize the amount is wholly inadequate, but in view of the attitude of the committee, if it does not intend completely to nullify the policy of the act referred to, I thought surely they would accept this amendment calling for this appropriation. In order to get this program going the committee did approve a small appropriation of \$60,000, which was simply to get some organizational work done. That was not intended actually to finance any exchanges. That is hanging up in the air, and there will be no money for the actual exchange of persons under the law.

I reiterate, if we are not going to carry out the program we should not have adopted it, and if we have changed our minds I think those who have undertaken in the Committee on Appropriations to nullify the policy should offer a repealer of that part of the law. It should not be left in force, both our own people and other people expecting something to be done under it.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I agree with the distinguished Senator from Arkansas. It seems to me that with a program under way, and relying upon an announced policy of the Congress, in good faith we should go ahead and finance the program. We are leaving our educational institutions and our educational leaders in the lurch by not backing them up in the efforts which they have already started in pursuance of legislation we have adopted. I hope the amendment will be agreed to.

Mr. FULBRIGHT. I ask for a vote on the amendment.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, I hope the amendment will be defeated. I rather resent the remarks of the Senator from Arkansas that the Committee on Appropriations pays no attention to authorization acts passed by the Congress. We have in the regular bill \$28,000,000 for this informational and educational program. The bill was passed early this year. The State Department had ample

time to bring these estimates to the committee. Instead, they come in on the last day of the session, practically, asking us to approve estimates totaling \$5,000,000 for this program. Just glancing through the items, I think, most Members of Congress are of the opinion that this program is an exchange-of-students program. Out of \$5,000,000 which the State Department requested, \$500,000 went for exchange of students, and the rest of it went largely to employ war personnel here in Washington in about 20 different departments.

There was one item we did not have time to go into, and I do not have the faintest idea of what it means. That was an item of \$250,000-plus for grants to labor unions. I do not have the faintest idea of what it means. But as a responsible Member of the Senate and as a member of the Appropriations Committee, I am not prepared to approve items of a quarter of a million dollars or any other amount, having no idea of what is planned to be done with the money. I have been in favor of exchange of students, but I must say that under the so-called Fulbright Act, which provided for exchange of students with the countries in the Orient, several hundred thousand dollars have been spent, and so far there have been only four students exchanged, which is a pretty expensive per capita proposal. I think the Appropriations Committee is entitled to enough time to go into estimates of this kind before we vote such amounts of funds.

Mr. FULBRIGHT. Mr. President, I believe I understood the Senator from Minnesota to say that the State Department has made no effort to present these estimates. I was informed that the State Department presented them to the House committee and asked for hearings on them, but that the committee refused hearings, and, therefore, they had no opportunity until the measure got to the Senate. They could not, of course, make the House committee consider them.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Ecton in the chair). The question is on agreeing to the amendment of the Senator from Arkansas [Mr. FULBRIGHT] on page 16, after line 6.

The amendment was rejected.

Mr. FULBRIGHT subsequently said: Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that immediately after the remarks I made just a short time ago with regard to the appropriation for the Cooperative Exchange of Persons, the report I hold in my hand from the Committee on International Interchange of Jurists, Section of International and Comparative Law, American Bar Association, be included, together with the remarks of Prof. Claude Horack, former dean of Duke University Law School, at the dinner given in his honor by the Inter-American Bar Association and the Duke University alumni, at the Dodge Hotel, Washington, D. C., June 16, 1948.

I merely wish to say that this report and statement applies directly to the matter which was being discussed with regard to the failure of the Committee on Appropriations to include an appropriation for the Smith-Mundt Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Arkansas?

There being not objection, the matters were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL INTERCHANGE OF JURISTS SECTION OF INTERNATIONAL AND COMPARATIVE LAW, AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

To the Members of the Section of International and Comparative Law:

Since the meeting of the association at Cleveland, Ohio, September 21-23, 1947, there have been a number of important developments in the various activities covered by the work of this committee. The following developments are of particular interest:

1. Fulbright Act: The Fulbright Act, approved August 1, 1946 (Public Law 584, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 754), provided for the education of students from the United States in foreign countries on scholarships financed by the proceeds of surplus war materials sold in those countries. Transportation of foreign students to and from the United States may also be paid from these funds. All grants to American citizens under the act may include tuition or salary, maintenance, and travel expenses, and will be paid to the recipient in the currency of the country to which he goes. Grants will normally be made for the period of one academic year. Selection of candidates in general will be guided by excellence of scholastic or professional achievement, and preference will be given to veterans of World Wars I and II. Applicants will be expected to demonstrate a proficiency in the language of the country to which they go wherever it is essential to the project which they propose to undertake.

As previously reported considerable delay occurred in the negotiation of agreements to give effect to the provisions of this act. It is a pleasure to report now that the following agreements have been completed:

(a) Agreement between the United States and China signed November 10, 1947 (press release No. 890; Department of State Publication No. 3050).

(b) Agreement between the United States and Burma signed December 22, 1947 (press release No. 980; Department of State Publication No. 3051).

(c) Agreement between the United States and the Republic of the Philippines signed March 23, 1948.

(d) Agreement between the United States and Greece signed April 23, 1948.

Many other agreements have been transmitted to eligible governments, the eligibility being established when a foreign government purchases surplus war materials from the United States.

A board of foreign scholarships to select American students for study abroad under the act has been appointed. As of April 1, 1948, the membership of that board was as follows:

Col. John N. Andrews, personal representative of the Administrator, Veterans' Administration, Washington, D. C.

Sarah Gibson Blanding, president, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Laurence Duggan, director, Institute of International Education, New York, N. Y.

Charles S. Johnson, president, Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn.

Walter Johnson, professor of history, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

Ernest O. Lawrence, professor of Physics, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

Martin R. P. McGuire, acting dean, Graduate School of Arts and Sciences, Catholic University of America, Washington, D. C.

Francis Trow Spaulding, chairman, board of foreign scholarships, Commissioner of Education, State of New York, Albany, N. Y.

John W. Studebaker, Commissioner, United States Office of Education, Washington, D. C.

Helen C. White, vice chairman, professor of English, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.

Persons desiring information should write to the Institute of International Education, 2 West Forty-fifth Street, New York 19, N. Y.

2. Latin-American student exchange: Pursuant to the provisions of the Convention for the Promotion of Inter-American Cultural Relations of 1936, the exchange of students with Latin-American countries has been increased during the past year.

There are 35 students from Latin America who are now studying law in the United States as indicated in the following list:

State	Institution	Country of origin	Name
California	Los Angeles City College	Costa Rica	Zuniga, Robert Lionel.
Florida	University of Miami	Cuba	Morgado, Martha.
Louisiana	Louisiana State University	Honduras	Matamoros, Daniel.
Do	do	Panama	Ramirez, Martin.
Do	do	do	Ruiz, José Antonio.
Do	do	Venezuela	Sabagun, Teresa.
Do	Southeastern Louisiana College	Nicaragua	Stadthagen, Salvador A.
Massachusetts	Harvard University	Bolivia	Rivero, E. Guillermo.
Do	do	Mexico	Siguero, José L.
Do	do	Nicaragua	Arguello, S. Adan.
Do	do	Peru	Reissner, Arthur J.
New Mexico	University of New Mexico	Mexico	Baez, Paul H.
New York	Cornell University	Venezuela	Mateu, José Armando.
Do	New York University	Argentina	Bledel, Enrique Einar.
Do	do	do	Bunge, Eduardo Alfredo.
Do	do	do	Gabay, Colombo Alberto.
Do	do	do	Nasletti, Oscar Gmo.
Do	do	Brazil	Amaral, Sylvio Do.
Do	do	do	Beltrao, Helio Marcos P.
Do	do	do	Fraza, Guimaraes, C. A.
Do	do	do	Oliveira, Altamir.
Do	do	do	Paashaus, Gustavo Cintra.
Do	do	Costa Rica	Facio, Segrada Gonzalo.
Do	do	Mexico	Carrillo, Hector.
Do	do	do	Zamora, Morales Jorge.
Do	do	Peru	Cisneros, Maximo.
Do	do	do	Guevara, Alberto Luis.
Do	do	Uruguay	Vallarino, Carlos Rivero.
Ohio	University of Toledo	Venezuela	Laya, Morales Luis.
Pennsylvania	Muhlenberg College	Ecuador	Cordova, Carlos Alberto.
Virginia	Roanoke College	Brazil	Wiznat, Frederico A. G.
Do	University of Virginia	Cuba	Nuez, Lezcano V.
Do	do	Panama	Wong, George Ramiro.
Wisconsin	University of Wisconsin	Venezuela	Cornell, Goodrich Bruce.
		Costa Rica	Montealegre, José R.

Recapitulation

Country of origin:	Number
Argentina	4
Bolivia	1
Brazil	6
Costa Rica	3
Cuba	2
Ecuador	1
Honduras	1
Mexico	4
Nicaragua	2
Panama	3
Peru	3
Uruguay	1
Venezuela	4
Total	35

There are eight students from the United States who are studying law in Latin-American countries under Public Law 346—Seventy-eighth Congress (GI bill of rights) as of March 31, 1948.

Country and institution:	Number of law students
Costa Rica: University of Costa Rica	1
El Salvador: Universidad Autonoma de El Salvador	1
Cuba: University of Habana	2
Ecuador: Universidad Catolica del Ecuador	2
Mexico: National University of Mexico	2
Total	8

Dr. Felipe Gil, secretary of the University of Montevideo, visited the United States on a Department of State grant. There is one United States student, Irving Glennie Tragen, of California, studying labor legislation in Mexico under the United States Government travel-maintenance grant program. Mr. Tragen, who is carrying out independent research, is a member of the California bar.

3. Privately financed interchange of law students: The Institute of Inter-American

Law, organized by Arthur T. Vanderbilt, dean of New York University Law School, began its work on September 2, 1947, with 17 students enrolled from eight countries in the Americas. Dean Vanderbilt was appointed chief justice of New Jersey. The work of the institute is being actively carried forward by Dr. Miguel A. de Capriles who is the director of the institute. Its work was the subject of an interesting address delivered by Dr. de Capriles at the Lima Conference of the Inter-American Bar Association. It is believed that this institute is performing a highly important function and we hope that it will succeed.

Another similar organization, namely, the Southwestern Legal Foundation of Southern Methodist University has been organized under the leadership of Dean Robert G. Storey, of the law school of that university. This institute is holding inaugural ceremonies on the date of our spring meeting, May 22, 1948. We wish it success in its activities. Its proximity to Mexico and Central America gives it a particularly favorable location for students from those countries. Exchange of students and professors from foreign countries will be stimulated.

4. No interchange with Russia: As indicated in our previous report, the United States Ambassador at Moscow, the Honorable Walter Bedell Smith, has endeavored to arrange for the interchange of persons for the advancement of cultural and scholarly understanding and knowledge with Russia. Although further efforts have been made to bring about such exchanges, no progress has been accomplished.

5. Fifth conference of the Inter-American Bar Association: The fifth conference of the IABA was held at Lima, Peru, November 25-December 8, 1947. The deans of several law schools of this hemisphere met at the University of San Marcos and under the chairmanship of Dr. Luis Alberto Sanchez, many important resolutions were drafted which were later adopted at the closing plenary

session. The conference adopted 133 resolutions and brought together the leaders of the bar in an interchange of views on the problems of the legal profession which will be far-reaching in its effects on the legal history of their nations.

6. Survey of Pan American law schools: Resolution LXIV of the fourth conference of the Inter-American Bar Association, held at Santiago, Chile, October 20-29, 1945, provided that the association "recommend to the various nations of the American Continent, in regard to the credit in other countries of professional degrees and diplomas granted by a recognized university in one of them, that such degrees and diplomas be accredited in the other countries, giving credit for studies which do not deal with the legislation or case law of the country in which the approval is given, and requiring an examination in studies which deal with such legislation and case law and the other requisites of practice in said country.

"(c) To recommend to the law schools of the universities of America that a congress of the professors of law be convened in order to study and determine the measures tending to achieve uniformity in the studies, programs, and curricula in the said schools.

"(d) To recommend that the same congress shall determine the qualifications that may be necessary for entrance in said law schools."

At the fifth conference at Lima it was decided to recommend as follows:

"Resolution 92: (1) To reiterate the recommendations made by the fourth conference of the Inter-American Bar Association to the law schools of the universities of the Americas, that a congress of professors of law be convened in order to determine the role of law schools in legal education; to study measures which might tend to achieve uniformity in studies, courses, and programs; and to determine the qualifications that may be required for entrance to said law schools."

In order that students throughout this hemisphere may be encouraged to carry on their studies in different law schools it is essential that they should be able to receive credit for work previously done in accredited law schools. No complete up-to-date information with respect to the work of the law schools, however, is available and consequently no satisfactory arrangement for interchange of credits has been made between the law schools of the United States and those of the other nations of the hemisphere. In order to remedy this situation, the Inter-American Bar Association has arranged with the aid of a grant from the Department of State to send Dr. Claude Horack, retiring Dean of Duke University Law School, to the Latin-American nations to conduct a survey of their law schools including their curricula, methods, physical equipment, personnel, and exchange opportunities. Dr. Horack is scheduled to leave the United States from New Orleans on June 25, 1948, and after visiting practically all of the Latin-American countries will return to the United States about May 1, 1949. His report will be presented at the Sixth Conference of the I. A. B. A. to be held at Detroit, Mich., May 22-June 1, 1949.

Respectfully submitted.

JOSEPH E. DAVIES,
WILLIAM CULLEN DENNIS,
ARTHUR K. KUHN,
JACOB M. LASHLY,
WILLIAM L. RANSOM,
CARL B. RIX,
HAROLD E. STASSEN,
WILLIAM ROY VALLANCE,
Chairman.

MAY 14, 1948.

REMARKS OF PROF. CLAUDE HORACK, FORMER DEAN OF DUKE UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL, AT THE DINNER GIVEN IN HIS HONOR BY THE INTER-AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION AND THE DUKE UNIVERSITY ALUMNI, JUNE 16, 1948, DODGE HOTEL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The objectives of the trip through Central and South America and the Caribbean area are to help promote a better understanding between the law schools of the United States and the Latin-American countries. At the present time it is safe to say that only three or four law schools in the United States have a fair understanding of the type and objectives of legal education in these countries, and it is a fair assumption that the Latin-American countries know as little about North American legal education. Each group has a long history and tradition behind it which has affected its viewpoint. Should we be able to effect in even a slight degree a friendly and understanding attitude of one group toward the other, that in itself will be most worth while.

Already there is a very great interest in the interchange of students. Many young men from the United States are applying under the GI bill to study in Latin-American law schools because they see in this an opportunity to represent United States interests in these countries. On the other hand, there are now about 40 students from Latin-American countries who are studying law in the law schools of the United States. It seems quite apparent that this movement will accelerate, and within the next few years we may expect a very great interchange. The business interests of the Latin Americas that deal with United States business interests are equally concerned about having in their offices, or in the offices of their legal advisers, young men who know something of United States business and traditions and American law. The provision for extension of credit to Latin-American students has already been made by the Association of American Law Schools, which now provides for at least 1 year of transfer credit, and in some cases, such as in the schools of Louisiana, as much as 2 years.

Up to the present time the difficulty in most schools has been that a school in the United States has not known what to do with a student from Latin America or how to evaluate his credits, either for entrance or for law-school credit. In the short time I have been interested in this matter, I have already made a great discovery, and that is that I could send transcripts to Dr. Jorge Basadre, of the Pan American Union, or to the United States Bureau of Education, and I would be told what the credits were worth from the standpoint of requirements for admission. If I did nothing else, I would do a great service to the law schools of this country by bringing this fact to their attention. In a few cases on which I had to pass as dean of the law school, I wrote to all the law schools I could think of who had had some experience, to try to obtain some help, at least enough on which to pass a judgment as to the students' qualifications. The information I received was very sketchy and sometimes very inaccurate, yet here was a source of information about which I knew nothing and which would have made it much easier for a student to enter the law school of his choice. As this movement of students gains force, I know that Dr. Basadre's help and that of the Bureau of Education, will be of inestimable value and will do much to promote cultural relations in the Western Hemisphere. So our main objective is to secure better understanding of the purposes and methods of the schools involved in these interchanges and seek to effect a better un-

derstanding so that we may get to see the other fellow's viewpoint, with the result of securing better relations between lawyers and the countries they represent.

As to the manner in which the trip has been arranged, it is sponsored by the Inter-American Bar Association, the membership of which, as you know, is composed of various bar associations in the hemisphere. We are much indebted to the support given by the American Bar Association, the Bar Association of the District of Columbia and the Women's Bar, the Federal Bar Association, and the many other legal organizations which are members and have contributed through their membership to the support of the association which sponsors this trip. The major portion of the funds have been provided by the Department of State through a grant-in-aid, and I am also indebted to Duke University for the aid which it has given me to make possible this venture.

As to the countries to be visited, this takes in nearly all of the Latin-American republics. After visiting with a number of law-school deans in Washington, I will proceed to Louisiana, the one civil-law jurisdiction in the United States, where I will talk with the three schools there to get their ideas about the interchange of students and how it can be best effected. Some day I hope to visit the interesting institution which was established by Judge Arthur Vanderbilt at New York University where at the present time a large portion of the Latin American law students are studying. There is a most sympathetic interest in the problem in Southern-Methodist University where, under the leadership of Dean Robert Storey, an institute similar to the one started by New York University is now beginning operations. Many other schools are considering the problem and are establishing courses which will be of particular value to Latin American students.

Because of the vast territory involved, it will not be possible at this time to visit all schools, but at least one law school in most of the Latin-American republics will be visited. The first stop will be in Ecuador, then to Peru, Bolivia, Chile, Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay, Venezuela, and Colombia, where the South American trip must necessarily end because this takes up to the 1st of December at which time the schools of most South American countries begin their summer vacations. The first stop in Central America will be at Guatemala, then to Honduras and to Mexico, and finally a hop to the Dominican Republic, Haiti, and Cuba, and then back to the United States after almost 11 months. A survey can in no way be complete in this length of time, but at least it is a start and I hope it may be carried on by others in subsequent years until we have as full information about Latin-American schools as the American Bar Association now has through its system of school inspection and surveys covering the law schools of the United States.

It is interesting to note that a movement has started in South America for an association of law professors which in general outline seems to correspond with the objectives of the Association of American Law Schools, so that they may discuss law-school problems and secure a better understanding of each other, their objectives and methods, and establish somewhat uniform standards for those who are expecting to practice law.

Mr. HAWKES. Mr. President, I should like to ask the distinguished Senator from Minnesota a question about an amount on page 32, for the Bureau of Census, a matter in which I am very

much interested. It applies, I take it, to my bill, S. 554, which was recently enacted. I take it also that it is not proposed to go ahead with the 20 percent of the budget estimate for the preparatory work unless the Appropriation Committee is going to provide for continuing the work after January 1; so that amount of money would not be lost if the work were continued after January 1, 1948.

Mr. BALL. We had estimates of mineral resources, transportation, and business totaling nearly \$14,000,000. In the limited time available to us we could not go into those estimates thoroughly, but the Bureau representatives told us that they wanted to get the preparatory work done and the maps drawn in the next 6 months, but they would not actually employ the enumerators until 1949. So we allowed 20 percent for the preparatory work, with the understanding that we will early in January examine the estimates for the full enumeration work.

Mr. HAWKES. I thank the Senator for his explanation. I am quite sure that this is something which is vital to business and industry. Colleges and other educational institutions are very much interested in it.

Mr. FLANDERS. Mr. President, I should like to ask the senior Senator from Minnesota a question or two with regard to the matter referred to by the junior Senator from Alabama. Is it not true that there is no provision made in the general appropriation bill for administering title VI mortgages, FHA mortgages?

Mr. BALL. I am sorry, I cannot answer the Senator. I am not on the subcommittee that handled the bill.

Mr. FLANDERS. May I then make a suggestion, at least for the sake of the RECORD. There are many millions of dollars of title VI FHA mortgages still unprocessed for which administrative funds are necessary. Would it not be appropriate for the RECORD for the chairman in charge of these appropriations to state that it would be proper to use title II funds temporarily for administering title VI funds, and come back next January if necessary?

Mr. BALL. I am sorry, but I cannot answer the Senator. I think the Senator is under a misapprehension. I am merely substituting for the Senator from New Hampshire, chairman of the committee in charge of the bill. I certainly cannot take the responsibility. I am not an expert in the housing field. I could not take the responsibility when we did not consider anything in the committee of authorizing transfers of funds or in effect authorizing a deficiency.

Mr. FLANDERS. There have been no applications for these funds?

Mr. BALL. We had no estimates before the deficiency subcommittee involved in this bill.

Mr. FLANDERS. Then, Mr. President, I think perhaps this little colloquy is about as far as we can go, and I hope it will serve some useful purpose.

Mr. BROOKS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the vote by which the committee amendment on page 2, beginning in line 22, was agreed to be reconsidered.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, this amendment deals with the Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies of 1949. We had a budget estimate of \$103,000, and the committee cut it down to \$75,000. The Senator from Illinois is much more familiar with the subject than any of the other members on the committee. Unfortunately he was not present when we considered this item. He wants to have inserted the full budget estimate and have it taken to conference. I have no objection.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Illinois has asked unanimous consent for reconsideration of the vote by which the amendment on page 2, beginning in line 22, was agreed to. Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and the vote agreeing to the amendment is reconsidered.

Mr. BROOKS. I now move that the amount \$75,000 on line 4, page 3, be stricken, and in lieu thereof \$103,000 be inserted.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Illinois to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the amendment was agreed to.

The amendment as amended was agreed to.

Mr. SPARKMAN. Mr. President, is the bill still open to amendment?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to amendment.

Mr. SPARKMAN. I offer an amendment which I send to the desk and ask to have stated.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment offered by the Senator from Alabama will be stated.

The CHIEF CLERK. At the proper place in the bill it is proposed to insert "Federal Security Agency, Bureau of Employment Security: General administration, for an additional amount for general administration, \$72,500."

Mr. SPARKMAN. Mr. President, this is an item which I understand came up from the Bureau of the Budget to the House too late to get into the bill, and was presented to the subcommittee probably in one of its last sessions. I wonder if the Senator in charge of the bill will accept the amendment.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, the Senator from Minnesota cannot consider the amendment, because the committee considered it specifically and turned it down. The item is for \$72,500 for additional employees in the United States Employment Service to specialize on employment of handicapped persons. Frankly, the committee felt that there was no justification whatever for adding employees at the Federal level to deal with this question, since the only employment of handicapped people that can possibly take place is managed at the State level by employees of the various States, for whom we made grants in the regular bill this year.

Mr. SPARKMAN. Mr. President, I should like to say just a word about the amendment.

Two or three years ago Congress passed a resolution which set aside a National Employ the Physically Handi-

capped Week. If I correctly recall, in the resolution we requested the President to set up a committee or commission for the purpose of carrying on this program. Each year since that time the President has declared 1 week of the year to be National Employ the Physically Handicapped Week, and Congress has appropriated money in the past to help defray the expenses of this week. That is what this small item is for.

Of course it is true that most of the employment is at the State level. A great deal of it is in private industry, but a great deal of good has been done by the program which has been put on, urging people both in Government and in private industry to employ physically handicapped persons.

I dare say there is not a Member of the Senate who has not had the experience of trying to obtain employment for physically handicapped persons. We all know the difficulty we run into every time. Seventy-two thousand five hundred dollars is a pitifully small sum for us to give in extending help toward the employment of this great army of physically handicapped people throughout the country. It is a much bigger army than most of us realize.

I certainly urge upon the Senate favorable action upon this amendment to provide a small amount to help the physically handicapped people of the country.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Alabama [Mr. SPARKMAN].

The amendment was rejected.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to further amendment. If there be no further amendments to be proposed, the question is on the engrossment of the amendments and the third reading of the bill.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill (H. R. 6935) was read the third time and passed.

Mr. BALL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist on its amendments, request a conference with the House of Representatives thereon and that the Chair appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The motion was agreed to; and the Presiding Officer appointed Mr. BRIDGES, Mr. BROOKS, Mr. GURNEY, Mr. BALL, Mr. McKELLAR, Mr. HAYDEN, and Mr. TYDINGS conferees on the part of the Senate.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Maurer, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House had passed, without amendment, the following bills of the Senate:

S. 165. An act for the relief of Doris E. Snyder;

S. 1715. An act for the relief of Archie Hamilton and Delbert Hamilton;

S. 1717. An act for the relief of the estate of William R. Stigall, deceased;

S. 2440. An act for the relief of Charles Duncan Monfeth;

S. 2698. An act to authorize the transfer of horses and equipment owned by the United States Army to the New Mexico Military Institute, a State institution, and for other purposes;

"DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
"VIRGIN ISLANDS COMPANY

Section 304 (b) of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (Public Law 248, approved December 6, 1945) shall not be applicable with respect to the Virgin Islands Company until after June 30, 1949.

"The Virgin Islands Company is authorized to borrow from the Treasury of the United States, not to exceed \$500,000, for which purpose there is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated \$500,000. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to make such loans to the Company for repayment not later than 1 year after the making thereof, at rates of interest determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the current average rate on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States as of the last day of the month preceding the making of any such loan to the Company.

"Not to exceed \$97,880 of the funds available to the Company shall be available for administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual basis), including salaries of officers, Washington office personnel, and the accounting, purchasing, and pay roll departments; clerical services; traveling, automobile, office, and sundries expenses; stationery and office supplies; telephone and telegraph; postage, dues and subscriptions, repairs and maintenance of office buildings and equipment; employees' welfare, and public relations: *Provided*, That such total sum shall be inclusive of the gross amounts of the foregoing categories of expenses before apportionment of any part thereof to manufacturing or other expenses: *Provided further*, That such administrative expenses shall be exclusive of salaries of the engineering and shipping departments, storekeepers, and plant clerical personnel, interest expense, bank service charges, audit fees, and depreciation."

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. PLOESER].

The motion was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the votes by which action was taken on the several motions was laid on the table.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION
BILL

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's desk the bill (H. R. 6935) the second deficiency appropriation bill, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the Senate amendments, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none, and appoints the following conferees: Messrs. TABER, WIGGLESWORTH, ENGEL of Michigan, STEFAN, CASE of South Dakota, KEEFE, CANNON, KERR, and MAHON.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR
THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE AND SUNDRY
INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE BUREAUS,
BOARDS, COMMISSIONS AND OFFICES,
1949

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH submitted the following conference report and statement on the bill (H. R. 6829) making supplemental appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions and

offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1949, and for other purposes:

CONFERENCE REPORT

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6829) making supplemental appropriations for the Executive office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1949, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 5, 6, 7, and 10.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 12, and 14, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 2: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 2, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert "\$1,500,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 3: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 3, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$511,850,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 9: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 9, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the first sum named in said amendment insert "\$7,744,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 11: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 11, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the matter stricken out and inserted by said amendment insert the following: "For the purpose of this proviso, education or training for the purpose of teaching a veteran to fly or related aviation courses in connection with his present or contemplated business or occupation shall not be considered avocational or recreational"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 13: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 13, and agree to the same with an amendments as follows: In lieu of the matter stricken out and inserted by said amendment insert the following:

"SURPLUS PROPERTY DISPOSAL

"Effective February 28, 1949, the Office of War Assets Administrator is abolished and the War Assets Administration shall cease to exist as an agency of the Government and its affairs, functions, and responsibilities shall thereafter be disposed of and liquidated in accordance with the following:

"(1) All powers, authority, functions and responsibilities of the War Assets Administrator and of the War Assets Administration pertaining to surplus real property, which as used herein shall mean land and interests in land together with buildings, fixtures, facilities, utilities, equipment and other property located thereon or adapted to use in connection with such property for its highest and best use, and all right, title and interest in notes, mortgages, and contracts of sale or lease in connection with surplus real property shall be transferred to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, to be held and disposed of by such Corporation in accordance, except as provided herein, with the terms of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended;

"(2) All aircraft and aircraft parts shall be transferred to the Department of the Air Force to be held and disposed of by such Department in accordance, except as provided herein, with the terms of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended;

"(3) All personal property (other than aircraft and aircraft parts), except such as may be necessary to the liquidation of the War Assets Administration or the exercise of the functions transferred herein, shall be transferred to the Bureau of Federal Supply, Treasury Department, to be held and disposed of by such Bureau in accordance, except as provided herein, with the terms of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended;

"(4) Except as necessary to the administration of the functions herein transferred to the Department of the Air Force, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and the Bureau of Federal Supply, all administrative property, records, and accounts of the War Assets Administration shall be transferred to the Treasury Department for liquidation of the affairs of the War Assets Administration;

"(5) Such administrative property, records, and personnel of the War Assets Administration as determined by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to be necessary to the administration of any of the functions herein transferred shall be transferred to the agency to which such function is transferred: *Provided*, That the right to retention in employment by the Government of the personnel so transferred shall be neither greater nor less than such right would have been had the War Assets Administration continued as an independent agency of the Government;

"(6) The provisions of section 9 of the Reorganization Act of 1945 (Public Law 263, 79th Cong.) shall apply to the transfers effected by this paragraph in like manner as if such transfer were a reorganization of the agencies and functions concerned under the provisions of that act;

"(7) Priorities and preferences provided for in the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended, shall not continue beyond August 31, 1948, as to the disposal of personal property but shall continue as to the disposal of real estate;

"(8) The agencies herein authorized to dispose of surplus personal property may, after the date of enactment hereof, transfer any of such property without charge to any other agency of the Government if such property, by such transfer, can be put to public use by the transferee agency;

"(9) The agencies herein authorized to dispose of surplus property shall proceed with due diligence and use all reasonable means within the purview of this Act and the Surplus property Act of 1944, as amended, to accomplish such purpose at the earliest practicable date and shall report to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives at the end of each month as to progress made;

"(10) The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the Air Force, or the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation may authorize the abandonment, destruction, or donation to public bodies of personal property herein transferred to their respective agencies which has no commercial value or the estimated cost of care and handling of which would exceed the estimated proceeds from its sale;

"(11) The Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended, shall not apply to property of the Government which has not been declared surplus under the terms of such Act as of the date of enactment hereof and any such property determined to be surplus shall be disposed of in accordance with the terms of other existing law.

"SALARIES AND EXPENSES, WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION SPECIAL FUND

"Salaries and expenses: There is hereby appropriated from the special fund account in the Treasury as provided for in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, not to exceed \$65,000,000, which may be apportioned for obligation during the period ending February 28, 1949, for necessary expenses of the War Assets Administration established by Reorganization Plan Numbered 1 of 1947; for allocation or reimbursement by the War Assets Administrator to Government agencies designated by the Administrator as disposal agencies by or pursuant to law, and for payment to Government agencies designated by the Administrator for rendering special services in connection with the disposal of surplus property, in such amounts as shall be approved by the Bureau of the Budget; and for allocation or reimbursement to owning agencies for the care and handling (including pay and allowances and subsistence of military and naval personnel) of surplus property subsequent to the filing of a declaration of surplus covering such property with a disposal agency designated by the Administrator, or, if the Administrator prescribes procedures whereby declarations of surplus are made at approximately the time of disposal or removal, subsequent to notice by the owning agency to the disposal agency that property has been determined to be surplus and is subject to such procedures, such funds to be available for personal services in the District of Columbia; fees and mileage of witnesses at rates provided by law for witnesses attending in the United States courts (28 U. S. C. 600c); payment of claims pursuant to Section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), and other special services and reports by contract without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, including real estate brokers and appraisers at rates of pay or fees not to exceed those usual for similar services; health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150), (not to exceed \$73,000); acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; printing and binding; expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the work of the Administration; procurement of supplies, equipment, reports, and services in connection with the care, handling, and disposition of surplus property without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, upon determination by the Administrator or by any official designated by him for this purpose that such method of procurement is necessary; purchase and procurement of reports of experts or consultants or organizations thereof; advertising, including radio time; maintenance, operation, and repair of aircraft in the Territories and possessions in connection with disposal activities and, in the continental limits of the United States in connection with the disposition of aircraft and airports; acquisition of buildings, lands, leaseholds, and other interests therein, and temporary use thereof for the care, handling, and disposition of surplus property; payments to States or political subdivisions thereof of sums in lieu of taxes accruing against real property declared surplus to the Administration by Government corporations; advance of funds to Administration cashiers and collection officials upon furnishing bond, for the purpose of handling cash transactions and making change at surplus property sales: *Provided*, That any employee of the War Assets Administration is authorized, when designated for the purpose by the Administrator, to administer to or take from any person an oath, affirmation, or affidavit, when such instrument is required in connection with the performance of the functions or activities of the War

Assets Administration: *Provided further*, That the Administration may procure by contract or otherwise and furnish to governmental employees and employees of Government contractors at the reasonable value thereof food, meals, subsistence, and medical supplies, emergency medical services, quarters, heat, light, household equipment, laundry service, and sanitation facilities, and erect temporary structures and make alterations in existing structures necessary for these purposes, when such employees are engaged in the disposal of surplus property, or in the preparation for such disposal, at locations where such supplies, services, equipment, or facilities are otherwise unavailable, the proceeds derived therefrom to be credited to this appropriation.

And the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 4 and 8.

R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
JOHN PHILLIPS,
F. R. COUDERT, Jr.,
GEO. B. SCHWABE,
JOE HENDRICKS,
GEORGE ANDREWS,
ALBERT THOMAS,

Managers on the Part of the House.

CLYDE M. REED,
STYLES BRIDGES,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
GUY CORDON,
THEODORE FRANCIS GREEN,
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,
KENNETH MCKELLAR,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6829) making supplemental appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1949, and for other purposes, submit the following report in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

Amendment No. 1 inserts the provision of the Senate limiting the purchase of newspapers and periodicals by the Atomic Energy Commission to not to exceed \$8,000.

Amendment No. 2 inserts the provision of the Senate limiting travel expenses of the Atomic Energy Commission and limits the amount at \$1,500,000, instead of \$1,842,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 3 appropriates \$511,850,000 for expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the Atomic Energy Act of 1946, instead of \$501,850,000, as proposed by the House, and \$521,850,000, as proposed by the Senate. The managers on the part of the House and the Senate have agreed that no part of the increase above the original House figure shall be available for administrative expenses.

Amendment No. 4 is reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 5 relating to the Rural Electrification Administration is eliminated.

Amendment No. 6 relating to the United States Maritime Commission appropriates \$68,360,775 for salaries and expenses as proposed by the House, instead of \$69,360,775, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 7 provides a limitation of \$10,600,000 for administrative expenses, United States Maritime Commission, as proposed by the House, instead of \$11,600,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 8 is reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 9 appropriates \$7,744,000 for Maritime training, instead of \$8,133,080,

as proposed by the House, and \$6,943,000, as proposed by the Senate, and provides that \$75,000 shall be available for restoration or repair of buildings at the maritime training station at Pass Christian, Miss., as proposed by the Senate. It is understood and agreed between the House and Senate conferees that of the reduction from the above mentioned House proposal, no decrease is to be made in the number of students anticipated to be trained under the House proposal.

Amendment No. 10 relating to the conversion of C-4 type vessels of the United States Maritime Commission, as proposed by the Senate, is eliminated.

Amendment No. 11 eliminates language carried in the House and Senate bills and substitutes therefor, the following language: For the purpose of this proviso, education or training for the purpose of teaching a veteran to fly or related aviation courses in connection with his present or contemplated business or occupation, shall not be considered avocational or recreational.

The language as finally agreed upon is intended to permit all training which will contribute to bona fide use in the veteran's present or future business, or employment.

Amendment No. 12 inserts the provision of the Senate permitting payment from the fund "veterans' miscellaneous benefits" to certain veterans as authorized by law in acquiring specially adapted housing which they require by reason of the nature of their service-connected disabilities.

Amendment No. 13 provides for liquidation of the War Assets Administration, as proposed by the House, but makes such liquidation effective February 28, 1949, instead of August 31, 1948, and appropriates \$65,000,000 for salaries and expenses, instead of \$50,000,000, as proposed by the House, and \$90,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 14 inserts the provision of the Senate making funds available for examination of appropriation estimates in the field.

AMENDMENTS IN DISAGREEMENT

Amendment No. 4 clarifies the intent of Congress in regard to rent control violators and continues their right to go to the Emergency Court of Appeals: The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur.

Amendment No. 8 allows the United States Maritime Commission, as required for the development and maintenance of the commerce of the United States and for use in time of war, to expend amounts to acquire the vessels *Mariposa* and *Monterey*: The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur.

R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
JOHN PHILLIPS,
F. R. COUDERT, Jr.,
GEO. B. SCHWABE,
JOE HENDRICKS,
GEORGE ANDREWS,
ALBERT THOMAS,

Managers on the Part of the House.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I call up the conference report on the bill H. R. 6829 and ask unanimous consent that the statement of the managers on the part of the House be read in lieu of the full report.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the statement.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the conference report.

The conference report was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the first amendment in disagreement.

may be, including any cost incurred in converting the commodity to meet the requirements of the participating country.

"Sec. 205. Not less than 50 per centum of the United States export requirements of nitrogenous fertilizer materials or nitrogenous compounds (including anhydrous ammonia) for nonoccupied areas shall come from production of plants operated by or for the Department of the Army.

"In addition, the Department of the Army shall make available, for the commercial production of nitrogenous fertilizer materials for domestic use, ten per centum of the total anhydrous ammonia produced in the United States in plants operated by or for the Department of the Army, said anhydrous ammonia to be distributed as directed by the Department of Commerce, which shall give preference, in distributing said anhydrous ammonia, to producers of ammonium sulphate who were producing ammonium sulphate during the six months preceding the enactment of this Act or who shall have ceased to produce, or shall be faced with an imminent shutdown in the production of, ammonium sulphate for want of anhydrous ammonia, to the extent necessary to permit such producers to operate. The Department of the Army is hereby authorized to produce and sell, in addition to its production for occupied areas, such nitrogenous fertilizer materials or nitrogenous compounds (including anhydrous ammonia) required for United States exports to nonoccupied areas or for the production of nitrogenous fertilizer materials for domestic use and to credit the proceeds of such sales to the appropriation for Government and Relief in Occupied Areas to the extent of the cost of such production for such sales and any balance to miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury."

5. VETERANS' HOUSING. Concurred in House amendments to S. 2790, to provide for a secondary market for GI loans (pp. 9439-41). This bill will now be sent to the President.
6. VIRGIN ISLANDS. Agreed to conference report on H.R. 5904, to incorporate the Virgin Islands Corporation (p. 9428). House also agreed to conference report on this bill (p. 9488). This bill will now be sent to the President.
7. HOUSING. Agreed to as reported H.Con.Res. 197, to continue the Joint Committee on Housing (pp. 9431-2).
Sen. Morse, Ore., inserted a Portland (Ore.) Realty Board letter urging provisions for housing for Vannport (Ore.) evacuees (p. 9453).
8. FARM LANDS. Sen. Morse, Ore., inserted a USDA statement, "Flood Damage to Farms in Columbia Basin Estimated" (p. 9453).
9. STRATEGIC MATERIALS. Began debate on S. 2756, to establish a Mine Incentive Payments Division in the Interior Department (pp. 9398, 9400, 9404-12, 9414-5, 9416-9, 9420-2, 9423-31, 9432-8, 9445-7, 9448-9).
10. FLOOD RELIEF. Sen. Morse, Ore., inserted RFC's letters on flood-relief legislation in the Northwest (pp. 9450-1).
11. ADJOURNMENT. Agreed to H.Con.Res. 218, to provide for adjournment of both Houses until 12:00 noon, Fri., Dec. 31, 1948, subject to recall by the president pro tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, and majority leaders of the House and Senate, jointly (pp. 9449-50, 9461).

HOUSE

12. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on this bill, H.R. 6935, and acted on the amendment in disagree-

ment (pp. 9473-9, 9419-20). This bill will now be sent to the President.

As finally passed the bill contains the following items in addition to USDA items which are shown on the table on p. 8: Disaster relief, \$500,000, for use by the President; Displaced Persons Commission, \$2,000,000; water-pollution control, Federal Works Agency, \$75,000; National industrial reserve, Federal Works Agency, \$5,000,000; Selective Service System, \$25,000,000; Columbia Basin flood repair, Interior, \$2,000,000; stockpiling of strategic and critical materials, Bureau of Federal Supply, \$300,000,000; various amounts for judgments and claims.

The House insisted on its objection to a Senate amendment providing \$35,000,000 for disaster relief, public facilities, by FWA, and the Senate receded from this amendment.

The provision regarding flour shipments under export control (Commerce Department) was amended to read as follows: "That no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one-hundred-pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any type or quantity."

Includes provision for the repeal of penalty mail provisions.

13. FEDERAL PAY BILL; POSTAL RATES. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on H.R. 6916, to provide for increases and revisions in postage rates, to provide pay increases for Post Office employees, and to provide for a \$330 per year increase in the pay of other Federal employees. The bill also raises the \$10,000 salary limitation for classified employees to \$10,330 (pp. 9428, 9489-91). This bill will now be sent to the President.
14. COMMITTEES. Agreed to H.Res. 699, electing Rep. Wilson, Ind., to the Appropriations Committee. (p. 9492).
15. COMMENDATIONS. Several members spoke commending the work of retiring Reps. Dirksen, Ill., Flammagan, Va., and Johnson, Ill. (pp. 9492-3, 9493-5, 9502-3).
16. FARM LABOR. Passed with amendments S. 2767, to provide assistance by USES in the recruitment and distribution of foreign farm labor for work in the U.S. (pp. 9516-7).
17. HOUSING. Passed without amendment S. 2790, to amend the National Housing Act, so as to provide secondary markets for veterans' housing loans and for other purposes (pp. 9495-9500).
18. LIVESTOCK. Rep. Reeves, Mo., criticized activities of certain organizations which, he claimed, are trying to "convince the ECA to export 100,000 draft animals and livestock as part of the recovery program" (p. 9486).
19. TRANSPORTATION. Passed without amendment S.J.Res. 219, continuing until March 1, 1949, the authority of the Maritime Commission to make provision for certain ocean transportation service to, from, and within Alaska (pp. 9487-8). This measure will now be sent to the President.
20. LANDS. The Public Lands Committee reported with amendments H.R. 6697, to authorize the sale and grant to Los Angeles, Calif., of certain interests in public lands (H.Rept. 2429) (p. 9520).
21. ADJOURNMENT. Agreed to H.Con.Res. 218, providing for adjournment (p. 9520). See item 11.

BILL INTRODUCED

22. PERSONNEL. S. 2896, by Sen. Sparkman, Ala. (for himself and others), to establish

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

JUNE 19, 1948.—Ordered to be printed

MR. TABER, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 6935]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 17, 29, 40, 50, 51, 58, 74, 75, 85, and 86.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 27, 30, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 48, 52, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, and 83, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 14:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 14, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

After the citation "(5 U. S. C. 55a)", appearing in the matter inserted by said amendment, strike out the following: "deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d);" and in lieu of the sum of "\$3,500,000" named in said amendment insert the following: "\$2,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 16:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 16, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following:

National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "National Institute of Health, operating

expenses", \$500,000: Provided, That appropriations under said head for the fiscal year 1949 shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the National Heart Act, including erection of temporary structures for storage of equipment and supplies and housing of animals.

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 18:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 18, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$1,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 23:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 23, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

Before the words "passenger motor vehicles" in said amendment strike out the word "ten" and insert the following: *five*; and in lieu of the sum of "\$10,000,000" named twice in said amendment insert in each instance the following: \$5,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 26:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 26, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$5,000,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$3,000,000; and in lieu of the sum of "\$200,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: \$100,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$1,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 31:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 31, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following:

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the provisions of H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress, establishing the Selective Service System, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation when specifically authorized by the Director; purchase (not to exceed ninety-four) of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort

Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); and purchase of typewriters; \$25,000,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress.

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 34:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 34, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

After the word "available", where it appears in said amendment, insert the following: *until June 30, 1949, ;* and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 41:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 41, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert the following: *\$7,500;* and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 42:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 42, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert the following: *\$425,000;* and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 46:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 46, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

After the words "administrative expenses", where they appear in said amendment, insert *(not to exceed four per centum of the total amount of loans made);* and at the end of the paragraph before the period, insert : *Provided, That no such loan shall be made unless no other source of public or private credit is available;* and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 47:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 47, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$450,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: *\$225,000;* and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 49:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 49, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

After the citation "(5 U. S. C. 55a)", appearing in said amendment and following the semicolon, strike out the following: "health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150);" and in lieu of the sum of "\$2,480,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: *\$1,800,000;* and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 54:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 54, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert the following: \$3,500,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 56:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 56, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert the following: \$300,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 60:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 60, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$150,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$100,000; and in lieu of the sum of "\$194,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$192,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 62:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 62, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

At the end of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following: *or quantity*; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 66:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 66, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

After the sum of "\$60,000" named in said amendment and the comma insert the following: *to be reimbursable and*; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 69:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 69, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$1,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 81:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 81, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum of "\$400,000" named in said amendment insert the following: \$300,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 84:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 84, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment, amended to read as follows:

SEC. 401. The Secretary of Defense is authorized and directed, whenever in his judgment the best interests of the United States so require, to direct the insertion of a clause incorporating the Renegotiation Act of 1948 in any contracts for the procurement of ships, aircraft, aircraft parts, and the construction of facilities or installations outside continental United States entered into by or in behalf of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force which obligates any funds made available for obligation in the fiscal year 1949.

And the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendment numbered 25.

JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
ALBERT J. ENGEL,
KARL STEFAN,
FRANCIS CASE,
FRANK B. KEEFE,
CLARENCE CANNON,
JOHN H. KERR,
GEORGE MAHON,

Managers on the Part of the House.

STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
JOSEPH H. BALL,
KENNETH MCKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
MILLARD E. TYDINGS,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT OF THE MANAGERS ON THE PART OF THE HOUSE

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, submit the following report in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

Amendments Nos. 1-13: Make appropriations for the United States Senate, as proposed by the Senate, except the payment of a claim is denied.

Amendment No. 14: Appropriates \$2,000,000 for the Displaced Persons Commission instead of \$3,500,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 15 and 16: Appropriate \$500,000 for the National Institute of Health instead of \$1,000,000, as proposed by the Senate. The amounts specified in the Senate Committee report on such item are also reduced in half.

Amendment No. 17: Strikes out an appropriation of \$100,000 for the National Institute of Health, proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 18: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for a working capital fund instead of \$2,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 19 and 20: Appropriate \$275,000 for the Federal Works Agency, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 21: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for improvement of post-office facilities, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 22: Extends availability of an appropriation until June 30, 1949.

Amendment No. 23: Appropriates \$5,000,000 for the national industrial reserve, instead of \$10,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 24: Inserts a title.

Amendment No. 25: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 26: Appropriates \$3,000,000 for maintenance and operation of schools, instead of \$5,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 27: Appropriates \$680,000 for the General Accounting Office, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$450,000, as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 28: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for the Housing and Home Finance Agency, instead of \$2,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 29: Strikes out an appropriation of \$2,900 for the National Capital Housing Authority, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 30: Appropriates \$15,000 for the National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 31: Appropriates \$25,000,000 for the Selective Service System, instead of \$31,800,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 32 and 33: Appropriates \$245,000 for soldiers' and sailors' civil relief, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 34: Provides \$1,500,000 for purchase of automobiles for disabled veterans, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 35: Appropriates \$150,000 for day care of children, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 36: Appropriates \$12,000 for the Superintendent of Buildings, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 37: Appropriates \$8,400 for settlement of claims, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 38: Appropriates \$1,566.19 for the District of Columbia Training School, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 39: Corrects a total.

Amendment No. 40: Strikes out an appropriation of \$150,000 for the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 41 and 42: Appropriate \$425,000 for Remount Service instead of \$400,000, as proposed by the House, and \$500,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 43: Appropriates \$492,000 for Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 44 and 45: Appropriate \$4,000,000 for emergency reconstruction and repair, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 46: Appropriates \$6,000,000 for loans to farmers, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 47: Appropriates \$225,000 for rural electrification instead of \$450,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 48, 49, 50, and 51: Appropriate \$1,800,000 for Bureau of the Census instead of \$2,780,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 52: Appropriates \$341,499 for air-navigation facilities, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$2,600,000, as proposed by the House.

Amendments Nos. 53, 54, 55, and 56: Appropriate \$3,500,000 for construction of airports in Alaska instead of \$3,000,000, as proposed by the House, and \$4,000,000, as proposed by the Senate. In addition provide contract authority for the same purpose of \$9,000,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$5,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 57: Appropriates \$100,000 for air navigation development, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$50,000, as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 58: Strikes out an appropriation of \$500,000 for the Federal-aid airport program as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 59: Increases the salary of the Administrator of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 60: Appropriates \$100,000 for departmental salaries, Department of Commerce, instead of \$150,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 61: Appropriates \$15,000 for field office service, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 62: Prohibits the use of funds to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of flour under certain circumstances.

Amendment No. 63: Appropriates \$2,000,000 for Columbia Basin flood repair, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 64: Appropriates \$130,000 for Bureau of Indian Affairs, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 65, 66, 67, and 68: Appropriate \$1,113,000 for Bureau of Reclamation, as proposed by the Senate except that one item is required to be reimbursable.

Amendment No. 69: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for flood control, general, instead of \$2,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 70: Corrects general language.

Amendment No. 71: Corrects total.

Amendment No. 72: Appropriates \$60,000 for purchase of land as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 73: Appropriates \$3,294,000 for naval radio station, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 74 and 75: Appropriate \$1,250,000 for Foreign Service, as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,780,754, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 76: Appropriates \$50,000 for the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 77, 78, and 79: Correct formal language.

Amendment No. 80: Provides \$12,000 for contingent expenses, public moneys, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 81: Appropriates \$300,000 for the Coast Guard, instead of \$400,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 82 and 83: Make provision for payment of judgments and claims, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 84: Makes provision for extension of the Renegotiation Act of 1948 to additional types of contracts when determined to be necessary by the Secretary of Defense.

Amendments Nos. 85 and 86: Correct section numbers.

JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLFSWORTH,
ALBERT J. ENGEL,
KARL STEFAN,
FRANCIS CASE,
FRANK B. KEEFE,
CLARENCE CANNON,
JOHN H. KERR,
GEORGE MAHON,

Managers on the Part of the House.

I did not speak awhile ago on the selective service bill which will draft young Americans for 21 months of military service in peacetime. I voted against it. How can we in peacetime, in absence of a great military crisis, adopt such a policy conscripting our youth when UMT calls only for one year of training and most of the boys in World War II had less training than that?

If I was convinced the national security required it I would support the bill. But we are not undefended. We have the biggest standing Army in our peacetime history, 1,500,000 men. We have authorized a 70-group air force, and I voted for it. We have a Navy bigger than all of the other navies of the world combined. Most of our expenditures are for defense. The armed services, as the debates showed, have deliberately discouraged volunteer enlistments, the National Guard and the Reserves, in order to get a peacetime draft, to militarize America. If we need such legislation to meet an emergency Congress can set it up at any time. I favor a national training program but not one such as this which will discourage education, will not apply equally to all and which makes no effort to take the profits out of war or put the munitions makers under laws which will separate iron, blood, and profits, dealt in by the merchants of death who have propagandized this Congress and country for this legislation in peacetime after we have just gone through a war allegedly to put an end to such things.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the conference report.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 318, nays 62, not voting 50, as follows:

[Roll No. 126]

YEAS—318

Abbott	Burleson	Delaney
Abernethy	Butler	Devitt
Albert	Byrne, N. Y.	D'Ewart
Allen, Calif.	Brynes, Wis.	Dingell
Andersen,	Camp	Dirksen
H. Carl	Canfield	Dolliver
Anderson, Calif.	Cannon	Domengeaux
Andrews, Ala.	Carroll	Dondero
Angell	Carson	Donohue
Arends	Case, N. J.	Dorn
Auchincloss	Case, S. Dak.	Douglas
Bakewell	Celler	Durham
Barrett	Chadwick	Eberhart
Bates, Ky.	Chapman	Elliott
Bates, Mass.	Chelf	Ellsworth
Battle	Chenoweth	Elsaesser
Beall	Clason	Elston
Beckworth	Coffin	Engel, Mich.
Bcl	Cole, Kans.	Engle, Calif.
Bennett, Mo.	Cole, N. Y.	Evins
Blackney	Combs	Fallon
Blatnik	Cooley	Feighan
Bloom	Cooper	Fellows
Boggs, La.	Corbett	Fenton
Bolton	Coston	Fernandez
Bonner	Courtney	Fisher
Boykin	Cravens	Flannagan
Bradley	Crosser	Fletcher
Bramblett	Crow	Fogarty
Brehm	Cunningham	Folger
Brooks	Curtis	Foote
Brophy	Dague	Forand
Brown, Ga.	Davis, Ga.	Fuller
Bryson	Davis, Tenn.	Fulton
Buchanan	Davis, Wis.	Gamble
Buck	Dawson, Utah	Garmatz
Burke	Deane	Gary

Gathings	Kilburn	Potts
Gavlin	Kilday	Poulson
Gearhart	King	Preston
Gillette	Kirwan	Price, Fla.
Goff	Klein	Price, Ill.
Goodwin	Kunkel	Priest
Gordon	Lanham	Rains
Gore	Latham	Ramey
Gorskl	Lea	Rayburn
Gossett	LeCompte	Redden
Graham	LeFevre	Rees
Grant, Ala.	Lesinski	Reeves
Grant, Ind.	Lichtenwalter	Richards
Gregory	Lodge	Riehlman
Gwinn, N. Y.	Lucas	Riley
Gwynne, Iowa	Lusk	Rockwell
Hagen	Lynch	Rogers, Fla.
Hale	McConnell	Rogers, Mass.
Hall	McCormack	Rohrbough
Leonard W.	McCulloch	Rooney
Halleck	McDonough	Ross
Hand	McDowell	Russell
Hardy	McMahon	Sadlak
Harless, Ariz.	McMillan, S. C.	St. George
Harris	McMillen, Ill.	Sarbacher
Harrison	Mack	Sasser
Hart	MacKinnon	Scoblick
Harvey	Madden	Scott, Hardie
Havenner	Mahon	Seely-Brown
Hébert	Maloney	Sheppard
Hedrick	Manasco	Sikes
Hendricks	Mansfield	Simpson, Ill.
Herter	Meade, Ky.	Smathers
Heslton	Meade, Md.	Smith, Va.
Hess	Merrow	Smith, Wis.
Hill	Meyer	Snyder
Hilshaw	Michener	Somers
Hobbs	Miller, Calif.	Spence
Hoeven	Miller, Conn.	Stanley
Hollfield	Miller, Md.	Stefan
Holmes	Mills	Stevenson
Hope	Mitchell	Sundstrom
Horan	Monroney	Taber
Huber	Morgan	Talle
Jackson, Calif.	Morrison	Taylor
Jackson, Wash.	Morton	Teague
Jarman	Muhlenberg	Thomas, Tex.
Javits	Multer	Thompson
Jenkins, Pa.	Mundt	Tibbott
Jennings	Murray, Tenn.	Tollefson
Jensen	Murray, Wis.	Towe
Johnson, Calif.	Nicholson	Trimble
Jones, Ala.	Nixon	Van Zandt
Jones, N. C.	Nodar	Vinson
Jones, Wash.	Norblad	Vorys
Jonkman	Norrell	Wadsworth
Judd	O'Brien	Walter
Karsten, Mo.	O'Toole	Welch
Kean	Pace	Wheeler
Kearney	Patman	Whitaker
Kearns	Patterson	Whitten
Keating	Peterson	Whittington
Kee	Pfeifer	Wigglesworth
Keefe	Philbin	Williams
Kefauver	Phillips, Calif.	Wilson, Tex.
Kelley	Phillips, Tenn.	Winstead
Kennedy	Pickett	Wolcott
Keogh	Plumley	Wolverton
Kerr	Poage	Worley
Kersten, Wis.	Potter	

NAYS—62

Allen, Ill.	Hoffman	Ploeser
Andresen,	Hull	Rankin
August H.	Isacson	Reed, Ill.
Arnold	Jenison	Reed, N. Y.
Banta	Jenkins, Ohio	Rich
Barden	Johnson, Ill.	Rizley
Bennett, Mich.	Johnson, Ind.	Sadowski
Bishop	Landis	Sanborn
Busbey	Larcade	Schwabe, Mo.
Chiperfield	Lewis, Ohio	Schwabe, Okla.
Church	McCowan	Scrivner
Clevenger	McGregor	Shafer
Clippinger	Marcantonio	Short
Cole, Mo.	Martin, Iowa	Smith, Kans.
Crawford	Mason	Smith, Ohio
Doughton	Mathews	Twyman
Ellis	Miller, N. C.	Vail
Gillie	Morris	Vursell
Griffiths	O'Hara	Wilson, Ind.
Gross	O'Konski	Wood
Harness, Ind.	Passman	Youngblood

NOT VOTING—50

Allen, La.	Bulwinkle	Granger
Andrews, N. Y.	Clark	Hall
Bender	Colmer	Edwin Arthur
Bland	Coudert	Hartley
Boggs, Del.	Cox	Hays
Brown, Ohio	Dawson, Ill.	Heffernan
Buckley	Eaton	Johnson, Okla.
Buffett	Gallagher	Johnson, Tex.

Knutson	Norton	Smith, Maine
Lane	Peden	Stigler
Lemke	Powell	Stockman
Lewis, Ky.	Regan	Stratton
Love	Rivers	Thomas, N. J.
Ludlow	Robertson	Welch
Lyle	Sabath	West
McGarvey	Scott,	Woodruff
Macy	Hugh D., Jr.	
Murdock	Simpson, Pa.	

So the conference report was agreed to.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:

Mr. Heffernan for, with Mr. Powell against.

Additional general pairs:

Mr. Hartley with Mr. Lane.

Mr. Welch with Mr. Lyle.

Mr. Brown of Ohio with Mr. Colmer.

Mr. Macy with Mr. Hays.

Mr. Thomas of New Jersey with Mr. Rivers.
Mr. Simpson of Pennsylvania with Mr. Stigler.

Mr. Knutson with Mr. Murdock.

Mr. Coudert with Mr. Cox.

Mr. Boggs of Delaware with Mr. Buckley.

Mr. Gallagher with Mr. Johnson of Texas.

Mr. Lemke with Mr. Regan.

Mr. McGarvey with Mr. Granger.

Mrs. Smith of Maine with Mrs. Norton.

Mr. Edwin Arthur Hall with Mr. Peden.

Mr. Eaton with Mr. Dawson, Ill.

Mr. Hugh D. Scott, Jr., with Mr. Sabath.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may be permitted to extend their remarks on the conference report just prior to the motion for the previous question.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1948

Mr. TABER submitted the following conference report and statement on the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes:

CONFERENCE REPORT

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6935) "making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes," having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 17, 29, 40, 50, 51, 58, 74, 75, 85, and 86.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 27, 30, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 48, 52, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, and 83, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 14: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 14, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the citation "(5 U. S. C. 55a)", appearing in the matter inserted by said amendment, strike out the following: "deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C.

321d);" and in lieu of the sum of "\$3,500,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$2,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 16: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 16, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following:

"National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for 'National Institute of Health, operating expenses', \$500,000: *Provided*, That appropriations under said head for the fiscal year 1949 shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the National Heart Act, including erection of temporary structures for storage of equipment and supplies and housing of animals."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 18: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 18, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 23: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 23, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: Before the words "passenger motor vehicles" in said amendment, strike out the word "ten" and insert the following: "five" and in lieu of the sum of "\$10,000,000" named twice in said amendment insert in each instance the following: "\$5,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 26: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 26, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$5,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$3,000,000" and in lieu of the sum of "\$200,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$100,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 31: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 31, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following:

"SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

"Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the provisions of H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress, establishing the Selective Service System, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation when specifically authorized by the Director; purchase (not to exceed 94) of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); and purchase of typewriters; \$25,000,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 34: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 34, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the word "available" where it appears in said amendment, insert the follow-

ing: "until June 30, 1949,"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 41: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 41, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$7,500"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 42: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 42, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$425,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 46: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 46, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the words "administrative expenses" where they appear in said amendment, insert "(not to exceed 4 per centum of the total amount of loans made)".

And at the end of the paragraph before the period, insert ": *Provided*, That no such loan shall be made unless no other source of public or private credit is available".

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 47: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 47, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$450,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$225,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 49: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 49, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the citation "(5 U. S. C. 55a)", appearing in said amendment and following the semicolon, strike out the following: "health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150);" and in lieu of the sum of "\$2,480,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,800,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 54: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 54, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$3,500,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 56: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 56, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$300,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment Numbered 60: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 60, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$150,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$100,000" and in lieu of the sum of "\$194,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$192,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment Numbered 62: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 62, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: At the end of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following: "or quantity"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment Numbered 66: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 66, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the sum of "\$60,000" named in said amendment and the comma, insert the following: "to be reimbursable and"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment Numbered 69: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 69, and agree

to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 81: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 81, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$400,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$300,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 84: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 84, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 401. The Secretary of Defense is authorized and directed, whenever in his judgment the best interests of the United States so require, to direct the insertion of a clause incorporating the Renegotiation Act of 1948 in any contracts for the procurement of ships, aircraft, aircraft parts, and the construction of facilities or installations outside continental United States entered into by or in behalf of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force which obligates any funds made available for obligation in the fiscal year 1949."

And the Senate agree to the same.

JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
ALBERT J. ENGEL,
KARL STEFAN,
FRANCIS CASE,
FRANK B. KEEFE,
CLARENCE CANNON,
JOHN H. KERR,
GEORGE MAHON,

Managers on the Part of the House.

STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
JOSEPH H. BALL,
KENNETH MCKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
MILLARD E. TYDINGS,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, submit the following report in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

Amendments Nos. 1-13: Make appropriations for the United States Senate, as proposed by the Senate, except the payment of a claim is denied.

Amendment No. 14: Appropriates \$2,000,000 for the Displaced Persons Commission instead of \$3,500,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 15 and 16: Appropriate \$500,000 for the National Institute of Health instead of \$1,000,000, as proposed by the Senate. The amounts specified in the Senate committee report on such item are also reduced in half.

Amendment No. 17: Strikes out an appropriation of \$100,000 for the National Institute of Health, proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 18: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for a working capital fund instead of \$2,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 19 and 20: Appropriate \$275,000 for the Federal Works Agency, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 21: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for improvement of post-office facilities, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 22: Extends availability of an appropriation until June 30, 1949.

Amendment No. 23: Appropriates \$5,000,000 for the national industrial reserve, instead of \$10,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 24: Inserts a title.

Amendment No. 25: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 26: Appropriates \$3,000,000 for maintenance and operation schools, instead of \$5,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 27: Appropriates \$680,000 for the General Accounting Office, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$450,000, as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 28: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for the Housing and Home Finance Agency, instead of \$2,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 29: Strikes out an appropriation of \$2,900 for the National Capital Housing Authority, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 30: Appropriates \$15,000 for the National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 31: Appropriates \$25,000,000 for the Selective Service System, instead of \$31,800,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 32 and 33: Appropriates \$245,000 for soldiers' and sailors' civil relief, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 34: Provides \$1,500,000 for purchase of automobiles for disabled veterans, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 35: Appropriates \$150,000 for day care of children, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 36: Appropriates \$12,000 for the Superintendent of Buildings, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 37: Appropriates \$8,400 for settlement of claims, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 38: Appropriates \$1,566.19 for the D. C. Training School, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 39: Corrects a total.

Amendment No. 40: Strikes out an appropriation of \$150,000 for the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 41 and 42 appropriate \$425,000 for Remount Service instead of \$400,000, as proposed by the House, and \$500,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 43 appropriates \$492,000 for Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 44 and 45: Appropriates \$4,000,000 for Emergency Reconstruction and Repair, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 46: Appropriates \$6,000,000 for loans to farmers, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 47: Appropriates \$225,000 for Rural Electrification instead of \$450,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 48, 49, 50, and 51: Appropriate \$1,800,000 for Bureau of the Census instead of \$2,780,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 52: Appropriates \$341,499 for air-navigation facilities, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$2,600,000, as proposed by the House.

Amendments Nos. 53, 54, 55, and 56: Appropriate \$3,500,000 for construction of airports in Alaska instead of \$3,000,000, as proposed by the House, and \$4,000,000, as proposed by the Senate. In addition provide contract authority for the same purpose of \$9,000,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$5,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 57: Appropriates \$100,000 for air navigation development, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$50,000, as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 58: Strikes out an appropriation of \$500,000 for the Federal-aid airport program as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 59: Increases the salary of the Administrator of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 60 appropriates \$100,000 for departmental salaries, Department of Commerce, instead of \$150,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 61: Appropriates \$15,000 for Field office service, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 62: Prohibits the use of funds to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of flour under certain circumstances.

Amendment No. 63: Appropriates \$2,000,000 for Columbia Basin flood repair, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 64: Appropriates \$130,000 for Bureau of Indian Affairs, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 65, 66, 67, and 68: Appropriate \$1,113,000 for Bureau of Reclamation, as proposed by the Senate except that one item is required to be reimbursable.

Amendment No. 69: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for Flood Control, General instead of \$2,000,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 70: Corrects general language.

Amendment No. 71: Corrects total.

Amendment No. 72: Appropriates \$60,000 for purchase of land as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 73: Appropriates \$3,294,000 for Naval Radio Station, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 74 and 75: Appropriate \$1,250,000 for Foreign Service, as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,780,754, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 76: Appropriates \$50,000 for the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 77, 78, and 79: Correct formal language.

Amendment No. 80: Provides \$12,000 for contingent expenses, public moneys, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 81: Appropriates \$300,000 for the Coast Guard, instead of \$400,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 82 and 83: Make provision for payment of judgments and claims, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 84: Makes provision for extension of the Renegotiation Act of 1948 to additional types of contracts when determined to be necessary by the Secretary of Defense.

Amendments Nos. 85 and 86 correct section numbers.

JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
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CLARENCE CANNON,
JOHN H. KERR,
GEORGE MAHON,

Managers on the Part of the House.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I call up the conference report on the bill H. R. 6935 and ask unanimous consent that the statement of the managers on the part of the House be read in lieu of the report.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

Mr. NICHOLSON. Reserving the right to object, Mr. Speaker, does this have anything to do with CAA?

Mr. TABER. It does.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the statement.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the conference report.

The previous question was ordered.

The conference report was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The clerk will report the first amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Senate amendment number 25: Page 18, line 23, insert the following:

"Disaster relief, public facilities: For expenses necessary to alleviate damage or hardship caused by flood, tornado, fire, or other catastrophe respecting which the President has heretofore made a determination under the act of July 25, 1947 (Public Law 233), by grants, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Federal Works Administrator, to local public agencies to assist them in defraying the cost of (1) the repair, restoration, replacement, or reconstruction of local public facilities damaged or destroyed by such catastrophe and (2) the construction, maintenance, and operation of schools necessary for children of families from Vanport City, Oreg., including personal services in the District of Columbia, \$35,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1950: *Provided*, That no grant shall be made to any local public agency unless the Administrator determines that other Federal funds are not available for such facilities and that such agency needs the grant and cannot otherwise defray such cost without creating an excessive tax or debt burden: *Provided further*, That not to exceed 4 percent of this appropriation shall be available for administrative expenses required in connection with such grants."

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion which I send to the Clerk's desk.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. TABER moves that the House insist on its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate No. 25.

Mr. ANGELL. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion which I send to the Clerk's desk.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. ANGELL moves that the House recede and concur in Senate amendment No. 25.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Oregon.

Mr. ANGELL. Mr. Speaker, I hope the Members will give attention to this matter. The Chairman has been very generous in allowing 3 minutes to discuss this amendment to take care of the flood victims, not only in Oregon, but all over the United States. I am particularly interested in it, because Vanport, which is in my district, is mentioned in this particular amendment. There were in Vanport before this flood 18,700 people, 60 percent of them are veterans. Every single stick in the town was owned by the Federal Government—every building and school building and everything else. They were completely wiped out. The whole town was blotted out. There is not a single home left. Eighteen thousand seven hundred people now are without homes and without schools.

The Federal Government owns the schools, and the Federal Government owns the whole town of Vanport. I merely mention Vanport as an example because I have 3 minutes only to explain this motion, which covers the whole United States. This committee, in its

generosity, has said, We cannot give \$35,000,000 to the people of America for taking care of those who are in distress, like the people of Vanport, but we have just passed \$6,000,000,000 to go overseas for aid of peoples in foreign lands.

My chairman has said there is no precedent for this. I placed in the RECORD recently three or four pages with the citations where we had passed acts covering the moneys that had been appropriated in the past for conditions like this. One of them provided money which went to Russia when they had a poor crop. One of them went to Japan when they had a tornado. Many of them went to various communities in the United States. Here, now, in our own country, not only these 18,000 people but 100,000 people, all up and down the Columbia River valley are in distress by reason of the greatest flood in our history, and, in addition to that, people all over the United States will share in this fund. This merely gives \$35,000,000 to be expended under the control of the President and under the Public Works Administration.

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ANGELL. I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. The gentleman is familiar with the fact that this motion which you are making would also make possible the rehabilitation of the Gulf Coast area which was severely damaged in a hurricane last fall.

Mr. ANGELL. That is absolutely true.

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ANGELL. I yield to the gentleman from Arkansas.

Mr. HARRIS. Would there be sufficient funds to take care of the disaster that has occurred in Oregon, your State, and also on the Gulf coast, if this amendment were adopted?

Mr. ANGELL. That is absolutely true and it would be available for future disasters.

Mr. HARRIS. Certainly it behooves the House to take care of our own people first.

Mr. ANGELL. Yes. We have billions of dollars to send overseas, but if the people of America want a little help, they have to move overseas in order to get it.

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. If we do not take this action, no relief will be had?

Mr. ANGELL. No relief will be had. They do not have a cent for schools in Vanport which were owned by the United States. All of these school children, over 5,000 of them, have no place to go to school. The Federal Government owned the schools and owned the buildings in which they lived.

Mr. WHEELER. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ANGELL. I yield.

Mr. WHEELER. I am very much interested in this legislation. Thousands of children have to use school busses to get to school and they do not have any.

Mr. ANGELL. Anyone who votes against this amendment cannot square with their own conscience the vote we have just made for \$6,000,000,000 to send overseas.

I hope you will uphold my motion.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Oregon has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield one-half minute to the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. SMITH].

Mr. SMITH of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, a few moments ago when the roll was called on the foreign relief bill, someone on the Democratic side twice voted "aye" when Mr. BUFFETT's name was called. I was convinced he was not in the Chamber at the time. Since then I have definitely learned that he was not present when this roll was called. If he had been present he would have voted "nay."

I ask unanimous consent that the RECORD be corrected accordingly.

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the RECORD will be corrected.

There was no objection.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Washington [Mr. MACK].

Mr. MACK. Mr. Speaker, a few minutes ago, by a vote of 5 to 1, this Congress appropriated \$6,000,000,000 for the damaged communities and suffering people of Europe. We gave money to Ireland, which was not involved in that war. We gave huge sums to Italy, which was our enemy in this last war. Tonight we are asking in this bill for \$35,000,000 to restore the facilities in the communities on the Columbia River, where the people suffered \$140,000,000 of flood damage.

In the little town of Woodland, in my district, a town of 2,000 people, a typical one of those hit by the floods, the community suffered more than \$2,000,000 in damage. These people must rebuild or refurnish their homes; they will have to repay their homes. In addition to that, they will have to furnish the money to clean out their sewers, clean out their drainage ditches, to rebuild the roads that lead from the farms to the communities, to rebuild their water systems, and rebuild their schools.

It seems to me that the motion of the gentleman from Oregon [Mr. ANGELL], should be supported.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MACK. I yield.

Mr. MANSFIELD. I want to agree with what the gentleman says about the damage in the Northwest.

I hope, too, that we support the motion of the gentleman from Oregon and vote what the Senate allowed, \$35,000,000, to help out in these four Western States.

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MACK. I yield.

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. Is it not a fact that these funds will be available in any disaster area so that if a disaster occurs down in the Gulf area, funds will be available for relief?

Mr. MACK. Yes, for damage done to publicly owned facilities done by floods, fires, and tornadoes.

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. And the money will be available.

Mr. MACK. Yes, for those purposes.

Mr. MCGREGOR. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MACK. I yield.

Mr. MCGREGOR. And the entire matter of allocation under the funds here appropriated is under an established Federal agency, the Federal Works Agency.

Mr. MACK. That is correct.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Washington has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Oregon [Mr. ELLSWORTH].

Mr. ELLSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I take this time to point out two or three facts about this motion and the amendment in the bill to which it refers.

First, let me say that an objection is to be raised that there is no precedent for making this type of appropriation. I submit to the Members of the House that it is high time this type of appropriation should be made in this country in view of the need in so many sections and in view of the fact that these disasters occur from time to time.

Not one cent of this appropriation is to be spent for any individual; not one cent of it is to be spent for any community or public body unless and until the Federal Works Administrator has determined that the community or the local agency is unable to take care of the need because it is virtually bankrupt and cannot raise the necessary funds. It is a justifiable appropriation.

Mr. CHELF. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ELLSWORTH. I yield.

Mr. CHELF. I might say to the gentleman from Oregon that I am in sympathy with his position and shall support the motion of the gentleman from Oregon, for I have had several towns in my own district which have suffered similar disasters.

Mr. ELLSWORTH. The funds herein appropriated will be applicable nationally to any disaster area.

Mr. LARCADE. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ELLSWORTH. I yield.

Mr. LARCADE. Is it not a fact that some years ago we appropriated \$100,000,000 for earthquake relief in Japan?

Mr. ELLSWORTH. I am sure it is.

Mr. BROOKS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ELLSWORTH. I yield.

Mr. BROOKS. I hope this motion is adopted, but I should like to call the gentleman's attention to the fact that if we had not cut down our flood-control appropriations as we did the other day we would not have these conditions arising, necessitating this appropriation.

Mr. ELLSWORTH. The gentleman has a point there, I believe. We are proceeding with flood control fairly well, but not as speedily as we should.

Mr. Speaker, I hope the Members will vote "aye" on this motion to recede and concur. The money is appropriated for a proper purpose and for a humanitarian need.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Oregon has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Idaho [Mr. GOFF].

Mr. GOFF. Mr. Speaker, I wish to point out that in the floods in the North-

west it is not only the States of Washington and Oregon that have suffered, but also the State of Idaho in the upper reaches of the Columbia River.

I have a telegram from the Governor of Idaho in which he states that in my district alone there has been damage of over \$50,000,000. Much as I dislike to oppose anything put forward by the distinguished Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations I hope that the Members of this House will support the motion of the gentleman from Oregon [Mr. ANGELL], and give this help to the people in the Pacific Northwest who need it so urgently now.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Texas [Mr. MAHON].

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I hope I may have the attention of the Members because we are passing on one of the very important things of this session.

If we concur in the motion of the gentleman from Oregon we are going to open the door to tremendous expenditures in the future which previously we have avoided. Not only that, but we must also go back if we are to be honest with ourselves and make appropriations for every community that has suffered disaster.

I have the greatest sympathy for the people in the flooded areas and for the motives of the gentleman from Oregon [Mr. ANGELL] who has offered the motion. I do not see how we can afford to vote for this motion, and I will tell you why and we will have no difficulty in understanding why.

The Texas City disaster was a disaster running into more than \$100,000,000. The gentleman from Texas [Mr. THOMAS] and other Members from that State, came before the Appropriations Committee and said: "We have suffered an unprecedented disaster involving more than \$100,000,000 and we want some relief."

The committee went through the records of the Congress and we found there was no precedent for any such action. What did the Congress do? It said to Texas City, "Not one dime." The gentleman from Oklahoma [Mr. RIZLEY] came before the committee a few months ago and said:

My city has been swept off the map. Our schools have been destroyed, our public utilities have been put out of order. The situation is desperate.

He asked for funds from the Treasury to rehabilitate his town. Of course, the Federal Government always grants emergency aid, as we did in Oregon and in other areas. The Red Cross, the Army, and the Navy come in and do what they can. In this very bill before us we are providing money for loans to the farmers in stricken areas and we provided all manner of aid that reasonably can be made available. We recently appropriated more than \$600,000,000 for river and harbor and flood-control work. All of those things go through the regular procedure.

But if you adopt this amendment, then every Member of Congress who has a disaster, a cyclone, for instance, in his town—and we have them somewhere in the West almost every day—is going to

have to be in the House with a bill for relief the next day and he is going to be on the spot to persuade the Congress to make an appropriation to rebuild his town and community as a result of the disaster that has come upon his district. I tell you emphatically that we cannot afford to vote for this amendment. Certainly you cannot afford to vote for it unless you intend to go back and vote \$100,000,000 perhaps for Texas City and millions of dollars for Woodward, Okla., and for all sufferers here and there all over the country.

As much as I sympathize with these people, I urge you not to open the door to this sort of legislation which will make every Member of Congress come in and seek an appropriation for every disaster that may sweep away a part of his city.

We should think a long time before we set the dangerous precedent provided for in this motion before us.

Mr. HÉBERT. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. HÉBERT. May I ask the distinguished gentleman from Texas, is it better for the Nation to take care of the entire Nation or else to have those who suffered in the Texas City disaster come over to my city of New Orleans and let us put on a charity bazaar to help Texas City?

Mr. MAHON. I think a little giving to the Red Cross is good for America and I hope we do not quit doing that sort of thing.

Mr. BROOKS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. BROOKS. Does not the gentleman feel that when this Nation can afford to give away, like it did tonight, \$6,000,000,000 to the other nations of the world, we can take care of our own people?

Mr. MAHON. The gentleman asks me if we can afford to spend this money in Europe can we not take care of the flood sufferers? We have given temporary aid to flood sufferers. I have not voted to spend one dime in Europe that I did not think or hope would help the United States of America promote peace and our national defense. I say we cannot afford to enter this field and we will rue the day that we do. I ask that this amendment which provides for an expenditure of \$35,000,000 be voted down.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Texas has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Louisiana [Mr. BOGGS].

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the motion offered by the gentleman from Oregon. As I understand his motion, the funds made available would be used for the rehabilitation of public institutions. There was \$100,000,000 of damage done in Texas City, but there was not \$100,000,000 of damages done to public institutions—to streets, to schools, to the sewer system, to the utility systems.

When communities like these little towns in Oregon, and in other places in this Nation, such as the Mississippi

Gulf coast, the Florida Gulf coast, the Louisiana Gulf coast, and the Texas Gulf coast, were stricken by a hurricane last September, these communities did not have the funds to go out and repair the sea walls, the utility plants, the schools, the public installations which have taken years and years to build. I think this is a fair proposition. When disaster strikes today we have no funds to move in and do something about it. Now, I know something about that because we had a hurricane and the only thing that we could get in the way of aid was surplus property and things of that character provided by the Federal Works Agency. But, so far as being of real assistance to many communities which were completely paralyzed, there was nothing provided whatsoever. I think that this is a fair thing. It applies all over the United States. It is a relatively small amount of money, and if a disaster should strike between now and January we would be mighty glad that we had done this.

Mr. HÉBERT. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. HÉBERT. Does not the gentleman think it better practice to start a good precedent now than to have ourselves placed in a situation where we cannot help our own people in the future?

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. I certainly agree with that.

Mr. HÉBERT. Does not the gentleman agree that we have to start something, and that we have seen the precedent started during the last 10 or 12 years in this country?

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. I think the best evidence of that is that if we had something similar to this in existence, that these people in Oregon would not be coming in and asking for relief now.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Louisiana has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. RANKIN].

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to support the motion offered by the gentleman from Oregon [Mr. ANGELL].

I suggest to the Committee on Appropriations that you are not establishing any precedent. It is already established. In 1936 there was a flood disaster on the Ohio River, and a similar measure was passed to provide a disaster fund of \$25,000,000. Before that measure passed the Senate a cyclone swooped down on my home town, destroyed 600 homes, all the school buildings, killed about 200 people, and wounded 1,000. It swept on across and virtually destroyed Gainesville, Ga. I went before the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and explained the situation, and they raised the amount from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000 and included cyclone disasters.

That was known as the disaster fund. And I can see no difference here.

As the gentleman has said, that money was used to replace the public buildings and to repair the public highways. This money, if used for that purpose, certainly will not be misspent. You just voted

more than \$6,000,000,000 to be given to the people of Europe, Africa, and Asia. Certainly this small amount can be provided to assist our own people, who have suffered unavoidable disasters, along the Columbia River, or along our Gulf Coast.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON].

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I wish that there was more time for these last mellow hours of the session when the camaraderie of long and intimate associations is drawing to a close, but even in the press of business I must take time to observe the amenities which ordinarily mark the concluding session of a Congress. I would particularly like to express the appreciation which every Member feels for the able administration by Speaker MARTIN of his high office, of the courtesy and admirable generalship which the distinguished gentleman from Indiana [Mr. HALLECK] the majority leader, has displayed in a particularly difficult session. But it is late and the House has been patient.

Mr. Speaker, I have seen the gavel fall on 46 consecutive sessions of Congress. This is the forty-seventh session of Congress, the close of which I have attended.

In all of these 47 sessions there has never been such confusion and congestion as we have had in the last week of this session. Since the 1st of June half a dozen of the largest and most difficult appropriation bills have been messaged over to the Senate and the Senate has been compelled to hold hearing comprising a few hours on the bills on which the House expended months. Is it to be wondered that hasty and ill-digested conference reports are being rushed through in order to meet the adjournment dead line?

And never has any Congress fallen so far short in the fulfillment of promises and predictions made at its beginning.

For example, at the opening of the Congress, the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER] in a press release said:

We have now nearly 2,300,000 civilian employees, and we do not need over 500,000 at the most.

He assured the Congress and the country that they would reduce the number of employees. How does fulfillment comport with the promise so emphatically made? Notwithstanding the fact that the war peak of Government employment is long past, we had on April 30, 2,048,248 civilian employees and the number is climbing. In brief, we have 118.7 percent more Federal employees on the Government pay roll today than we had in 1940.

Mr. GOFF. Mr. Speaker, point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. GOFF. I do not believe the gentleman is speaking on the motion before us. I think he is out of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will proceed in order.

Mr. CANNON. The chairman of the committee also told us this last January—

Mr. GOFF. Mr. Speaker, a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. GOFF. The gentleman is not in order. He is not speaking on the motion before us.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Missouri will kindly address himself to the motion, which relates to the Oregon disaster fund.

Mr. CANNON. The gentleman also told us he would reduce appropriations by \$6,000,000,000.

Mr. GOFF. Mr. Speaker, a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Missouri will kindly proceed in order. The gentleman should not impose on the House at this hour of the morning. He should proceed in order.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I am following the precedent which has been followed from time immemorial, of introducing at the close of each session of Congress a summary of the appropriation record for the session.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. HOFFMAN. I did not hear any request by the gentleman to include that.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman has not made any request yet.

Mr. HOFFMAN. How could he get them in if he has not made that request?

The SPEAKER. The Chair does not know.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I avail myself of the leave to extend already granted.

Mr. Speaker, free government is founded on the right of the minority to present its side of the case—to have its day in court. We were not granted time on the conference report. We have had no opportunity to present the summary always submitted by the minority at the close of a session of Congress. We have been granted only 5 minutes at this time, and even that is now denied on a technicality.

It is in keeping with the action of the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE], who a little while ago made ridiculous personal charges against me and then refused to yield to me to answer. It is the first time I can recall in the proceedings of the United States Congress when the minority has been denied the right to discuss the appropriation record of the Congress during the debate on the last appropriation bill. The minority have always been accorded an opportunity to make their closing argument. The people and the country are entitled to hear it. And I have never before known it to be denied—the denial of the right to answer.

Likewise, any Member attacked and named personally on the floor has always been afforded opportunity to reply. In both instances it is not only an infringement of our democratic legislative processes but it is, to say the least, lacking in sportsmanship. So far as the gentleman from Wisconsin is concerned, I have since his last personal reference to me

on the floor, addressed him in another place and to his face characterized him accurately and appropriately in unmistakable language. So there is no need for further reference to him at this time.

I now take up the record made by the majority in this Congress. The gentleman from New York, the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, announced that he would cut the number of civilian employees on the Government rolls to 500,000. Today at the end of the session we have more than 2,000,000. He also announced last January that he would cut the President's estimates by \$6,000,000,000. He said they could be cut \$7,000,000,000 to \$7,500,000,000 but that he proposed to cut them \$6,000,000,000. The Senate took a more conservative view of the proposed reduction and the legislative budget finally agreed on a programmed cut of \$2,800,000,000.

As a matter of fact, the actual cut of either \$6,000,000,000 or \$2,800,000,000 now shows up at an actual cut of less than a billion dollars.

In this fashion the majority in control of this Congress for the past 2 years have kept their solemn pledges of economy and retrenchment to the American people.

Is it to be wondered that the gentleman from Idaho [Mr. GOFF] does not want me to use even the remainder of 5 minutes to discuss the record and the failure of his party to keep faith with the country.

Before quoting the specific figures let me contrast the record of the Eightieth Congress with the accomplishments of the Seventy-ninth Congress following the cessation of hostilities.

In the fiscal year 1946, the fiscal year in which hostilities ceased, our budget totaled \$76,200,000,000. In 1947 we dropped from \$76,200,000,000 to \$42,500,000,000, a record which has been unequaled in any session of any Congress before or since. We made the greatest reduction in appropriations, the greatest reduction in the budget, the greatest reduction in expenditures. In addition to that, we excised over \$64,000,000,000 and were preparing for further rescissions when the stewardship of the Congress changed. At that time there was a potential additional recovery of more than \$20,000,000,000, and all the Republicans have done, after 2 years of control, has been to excise about 7 percent of the \$20,000,000,000 plus, and the bulk of the 7 percent was money that could not be obligated and would have reverted to the Treasury automatically. Moreover, within 6 months after the close of the fiscal year in which hostilities ceased, the President transmitted to the Congress a balanced budget, the first balanced budget since it went into the red when President Hoover was in the White House, with a majority in both branches of the Congress. When he entered the White House the public debt was \$16,604,000,000, resulting from World War I. When he went out of office the debt had soared to \$22,539,000,000, and today we are well on the way again to deficit financing, adding to the tremendous existing debt, and at a time when there is no unemployment and

business is at a level never before approached.

Here I append the performance record, in summary fashion, of the second session

Comparison of amounts of appropriations carried in appropriation bills, 80th Cong., 2d sess., compared with budget estimates for such bills

Bill	Amount of budget estimate	Amount of appropriation	Increase (+), decrease (—), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Agriculture.....	\$636,412,090	\$577,546,953	—\$58,865,137
District of Columbia.....	101,897,283	99,729,483	—2,167,800
Independent offices:			
Regular bill.....	1,047,606,864	967,442,551	—80,164,313
Supplemental.....	6,299,809,000	5,819,659,851	—480,149,149
Interior Department.....	474,773,835	407,836,974	—66,936,861
Labor-Federal Security:			
Regular bill.....	931,539,169	890,139,000	—41,400,169
Supplemental.....	993,708,460	975,914,700	—17,793,760
Legislative branch.....	61,379,520	56,140,401	—5,239,119
Military.....	7,216,592,000	6,705,418,163	—511,173,837
Navy.....	3,936,738,700	3,749,059,250	—187,679,450
State, Justice, and Commerce Departments, and judiciary.....	589,417,230	511,129,662	—78,287,568
Treasury and Post Office Departments:			
Regular bill.....	2,044,949,200	1,996,313,425	—48,635,775
Supplemental.....	355,205,375	248,414,255	—106,791,120
Army, civil functions.....	737,804,300	641,575,666	—96,228,634
Government corporations.....	49,644,100	38,479,061	—11,165,039
Total, regular annual and bills supplemental thereto.....	25,477,477,126	23,684,799,395	—1,792,677,731
Urgent deficiency.....	131,546,901	136,368,385	+4,821,484
First deficiency.....	1,002,150,316	777,986,045	—224,164,271
Second deficiency.....	761,135,650	549,774,876	—211,360,774
H. J. Res. 355—foreign aid—tax refunds.....	555,125,000	555,125,000	
Supplemental national defense.....	12,417,100,000	13,224,000,000	+806,900,000
Foreign aid.....	6,533,710,228	6,030,710,228	—503,000,000
Total, deficiency and miscellaneous bills.....	11,400,768,095	11,273,964,534	—126,803,561
Grand total.....	36,878,245,221	34,958,763,929	—1,919,481,292

¹ Including contractual authority.

NOTE.—The foregoing statement is exclusive of permanent annual appropriations, which occur automatically in consequence of law without further action by Congress.

It shows a net reduction in budget estimates of appropriations of \$1,919,481,292, but that excludes funds to finance the pay increases provided at the last minute for Federal employees, including postal employees—creating an added expense of approximately \$600,000,000; it excludes deferment until the next Congress of \$500,000,000 for the European recovery program; it excludes in line with the misleading procedure resorted to at the last session, numerous other deferments or unjustifiable reductions, including large amounts for national defense, which must be restored at the next session; it excludes contractual authority, other than for the air arm, substituted for immediate appropriations, but which must be provided later; and, it excludes reappropriations which take money from the Treasury equivalent to new appropriations. All in all, the saving to the taxpayers will be well under a billion dollars—possibly no more than \$500,000,000, as against the economy goal established by the Republicans in the fore part of the session just closed of \$2,800,000,000. As in the first session it presents a sorry and defenseless spending record by a party which faithlessly promised economy and retrenchments.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 5 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, we have searched the records, beginning in 1803, for a precedent for anything of this kind. We did it a year ago when the question of the Texas City disaster was up.

Mr. ANGELL. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. TABER. No; not at this point.

of the Eightieth Congress on the budget estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year commencing next July 1, and for the current and prior fiscal years:

Mr. TABER. It will be a precedent. There is no question about it. It is a precedent to take care of and repair all damage to all public facilities everywhere whenever there is a disaster. I do not know how far the Congress wants to go. This has never been done before. This has never been asked for. I hope this motion will be rejected, and that the House will follow the practice that we have been following. I do not believe we should establish a precedent by putting up \$35,000,000 in a situation of this kind. We have been liberal in connection with taking care of all suffering and to provide the people with loans to help them as this motion seeks to do. I hope the Congress will vote "No" on this motion.

Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Oregon [Mr. ANGELL].

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. ANGELL) there were—ayes 58, noes 143.

Mr. ANGELL. Mr. Speaker, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER. Twelve Members have risen; not a sufficient number.

The yeas and nays were refused.

Mr. ANGELL. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present, and I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will count. (After counting.) 298 Members are present; a quorum.

So the motion was rejected.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion of the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER].

The motion was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

~~FURTHER MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE~~

A further message from the Senate, by Mr. Carrell, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed without amendment concurrent resolutions of the House of the following titles:

H. Con. Res. 199. Concurrent resolution authorizing the printing of additional copies of the report (H. Rept. 1920) on the Communist Party of the United States as an advocate of overthrow of Government by force and violence; and

H. Con. Res. 213. Concurrent resolution authorizing the Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments, House of Representatives, to have printed for its use additional copies of the hearings held before a special subcommittee of said committee, current Congress, relative to investigation as to the manner in which the United States Board of Parole is operating and as to whether there is a necessity for a change in either the procedure or basic law.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed, with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a resolution of the House of the following title:

H. Con. Res. 197. Joint resolution to continue the Joint Committee on Housing until June 15, 1948.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed bills of the following

Mr. ANGELL. I call the gentleman's attention to one that passed 2 years ago, from my committee, for help to the Hawaiian Islands.

Mr. TABER. That was a different proposition. That was temporary relief and not rehabilitation. Those precedents do not apply to this situation. This is a question of repairing damage. The Congress has dealt very generously with the people who have been hurt by this flood. There is in this bill alone \$4,000,000 for forest roads, a very large part of \$15,000,000 for forest roads and trails, \$6,000,000 for dikes, \$6,000,000 for loans which may be made, \$500,000 for temporary relief, making a total of \$16,500,000. In addition, the Committee on Public Works has provided within a few days \$10,000,000 for housing in these flooded territories. In addition the power of the Disaster Loan Corporation to lend money was increased from \$25,000,000 to \$40,000,000 on yesterday. There is such a thing as being reasonable. Here it is proposed that we put up \$35,000,000 to be given out as grants at a time when they can go before the Disaster Loan Corporation and get a loan to do all that they need to do. It has never been customary for us to rehabilitate completely these places. We have done a great deal for them.

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. TABER. I yield.

Mr. H. CARL ANDERSEN. Will this be a precedent for us in the Midwest to come to the Congress when a tornado sweeps through one of our villages and ask that the Federal Government take care of that damage?

titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 2688. An act to provide for the administration of the Central Intelligence Agency, established pursuant to section 102, National Security Act of 1947, and for other purposes; and

S. 2694. An act to provide for the acquisition of additional land along the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway in exchange for certain dredging privileges, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate had ordered that the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. WHERRY] be excused as conferee on the bill (H. R. 6841) entitled "An act making appropriations for Government corporations and independent executive agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1949, and for other purposes," and the Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. SALTONSTALL] be appointed in lieu thereof.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the amendment of the House to a bill of the Senate of the following title:

S. 2730. An act to credit, in certain cases, military service and training preparatory thereto performed by employees of the postal service.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6935) entitled "An act making appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes."

The message also announced that the Senate recedes from its amendment numbered 25 to the above-entitled bill.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 1322) entitled "An act to provide a Federal charter for the Commodity Credit Corporation."

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to bills of the House of the following titles:

H. R. 5904. An act to incorporate the Virgin Islands Corporation, and for other purposes;

H. R. 6916. An act to provide for permanent postal rates and additional compensation for postmasters and employees of the field service in the Post Office Department;

H. R. 6527. An act to provide assistance to certain local school agencies overburdened with war-incurred, or postwar national-defense-incurred, enrollments; and

H. R. 6801. An act making appropriations for foreign aid for the period beginning April 3, 1948, and ending June 30, 1949, and for other purposes.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

RECORD OF THE EIGHTIETH CONGRESS ON TAXES, SOCIAL SECURITY, TARIFF, AND RECIPROCAL TRADE

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, the end of the first session of the Eightieth Congress brought the criticism of the public and press that this is a "do-nothing Congress" and the "worst Congress since reconstruction days." The American people wished they had never hear the campaign slogan "Had Enough." The Republican majority pleaded for patience. They asserted that they had worked hard, but that time had been required to organize Congress after their 14 years as the minority party. They assured the people that more action and less talk would be forthcoming during the second session of the Eightieth Congress.

It is only fitting, therefore, as this Congress draws toward adjournment, that the record be reviewed. I have prepared today a summary of the action of the Eightieth Congress in three very important legislative fields—taxes, social security, and reciprocal trade—all of which are within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Ways and Means on which I served for a number of years.

Let us examine promise and performance in each of these areas.

TAXES—PROMISE

The Christian Science Monitor of October 21, 1946, reported:

A statement signed by all Republican members of the House Ways and Means Committee sets the GOP fiscal goal in the next Congress as a budget trimmed to between \$32,000,000,000 and \$33,000,000,000, a \$5,000,000,000 reduction in the national debt, a reduction in personal income taxes of 20 percent, and downward adjustments in Federal excise taxes. The statement is the work of 27 House Republican Members, including all members of the Ways and Means Committee, and known as the House Republican postwar tax-study committee.

Even after the 1946 election was in the bag, Ways and Means Chairman KNUTSON is reported by the Chicago Tribune of November 7, 1946, as follows:

KNUTSON told the Tribune in a statement telephoned from his home at Wadena, Minn., that the new Republican-controlled Congress will pass the bill immediately and save taxpayers \$3,000,000,000 despite President Truman's insistence that taxes can't be lowered.

Moreover, KNUTSON said, his committee will open public hearings in February on another bill to save the taxpayers' money. Its purpose will be to cut back luxury excise taxes to 1942 levels. It will reduce, and in some cases eliminate, excises on a long list of items that includes jewelry, furs, cosmetics, and liquors. The reductions are to be effective next July 1.

"It is our plan to balance the budget and reduce Federal expenditures for the next fiscal year to \$32,000,000,000 as against nearly forty billion the Democrats figured would be required," KNUTSON said.

"On that basis I estimated we could make a 20-percent cut in income taxes and begin at once reducing the national debt by paying off four or five billion dollars next year."

Fairly summarized, I think the voters were promised both before and after the 1946 election—

First. A drastically reduced budget.

Second. A \$5,000,000,000 annual reduction in the public debt.

Third. A 20 percent across-the-board tax cut.

Fourth. Reduction or repeal of wartime excise taxes. Indeed, on January 18, 1946, the present chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means had introduced H. R. 5174, a bill to terminate wartime excise tax rates after June 30, 1946.

PERFORMANCE

First. Wartime excise taxes made permanent: In view of such firm assurances that the Republicans would terminate the temporary war excise tax rates, it was indeed a startling prediction of other events to come when the first important tax bill passed by the Eightieth Congress made these war excise taxes permanent.

President Truman asked that the wartime rates be extended for only 1 year, or until July 1, 1948. He asked that this action be taken to enable Congress to review the entire group of excises in connection with excise tax revision.

The Republican response was to fix the excise tax yoke firmly upon the necks even of those people with income so low as to be exempt from income taxes. The campaign promise of prompt reduction or repeal of excise taxes changed to clamor for deriving more Federal revenue from excises, or even a general sales tax. In hearings of the Committee on Ways and Means, on May 28, 1947, Chairman KNUTSON announced, in direct contradiction of his expressed desire to reduce excise taxes, that—

It is the hope of the committee to be able to shift much of the burden that is now being carried by the income tax group, which includes almost everyone, over to the excises, at least in part.

And he added:

Obviously, if we are going to extend the excise field we will have to include a great many items that are not now included.

Still another high-ranking Republican member of the Committee on Ways and Means introduced a bill for a 10-percent manufacturer's excise tax, and when the committee chairman appointed a special tax-study committee of prominent industrialists, bankers, and tax lawyers, the two major Wall Street financial dailies commented that increasing emphasis upon sales taxes could be expected. The special tax-study group—the so-called Magill committee—fulfilled this prediction far more accurately than did the Republican membership of the Ways and Means Committee their commitment to reduce excise taxes. In its report filed on November 4, 1947, the special tax-study group recommended:

A case can certainly be made for strengthening the excise-tax structure.

The record of the Eightieth Congress, therefore, is not merely nonperformance of their campaign pledge to reduce excise taxes but of complete and utter repudiation.

Second. Twenty-percent rich-relief income-tax cut: In reducing surtaxes, Republican purposes and performance can perhaps be most convincingly demonstrated by an item taken from a recent edition of the Republican News, sponsored by the Republican national com-

H. R. 6412. An act to codify and enact into law title 3 of the United States Code entitled "The President."

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS— CONFERENCE REPORT

Mr. BRIDGES. I submit a conference report on House bill 6935, making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, and I ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The conference report will be read.

The conference report was read, as follows:

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 17, 29, 40, 50, 51, 58, 74, 75, 85, and 86.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 27, 30, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 48, 52, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, and 83, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 14: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 14, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: After the citation "(5 U. S. C. 55a)", appearing in the matter inserted by said amendment, strike out the following: "deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail (39 U. S. C. 321d)"; and in lieu of the sum of "\$3,500,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$2,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 16: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 16, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following:

"National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for 'National Institute of Health, operating expenses', \$500,000: *Provided*, That appropriations under said head for the fiscal year 1949 shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the National Heart Act, including erection of temporary structures for storage of equipment and supplies and housing of animals."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 18: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 18, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 23: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 23, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: Before the words "passenger motor vehicles" in said amendment, strike out the word "ten" and insert the following: "five"; and in lieu of the sum of "\$10,000,000" named twice in said amendment insert in each instance the following: "\$5,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 26: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 26, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$5,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$3,000,000"; and in lieu of the sum of "\$200,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$100,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 31: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 31, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following:

"SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

"Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the provisions of H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress, establishing the Selective Service System, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation when specifically authorized by the Director; purchase (not to exceed 94) of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); and purchase of typewriters; \$25,000,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 34: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 34, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the word "available" where it appears in said amendment, insert the following: "until June 30, 1949"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 41: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 41, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$7,500"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 42: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 42, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$425,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 46: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 46, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the words "administrative expenses" where they appear in said amendment, insert "(not to exceed four per centum of the total amount of loans made)"; and at the end of the paragraph before the period, insert ": *Provided*, That no such loan shall be made unless no other source of public or private credit is available"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 47: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 47, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$450,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$225,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 49: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 49, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the citation "(5 U. S. C. 55a)", appearing in said amendment and following the semicolon, strike out the following: "health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150)"; and in lieu of the sum of "\$2,480,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,800,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 54: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 54, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$3,500,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 56: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 56, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment, insert the following: "\$300,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 60: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 60, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$150,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$100,000"; and in lieu of the sum of "\$194,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$192,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 62: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 62, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: At the end of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following: "or quantity"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 66: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 66, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: After the sum of "\$60,000" named in said amendment and the comma, insert the following: "to be reimbursable and"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 69: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 69, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$2,000,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 81: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 81, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum of "\$400,000" named in said amendment, insert the following: "\$300,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 84: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 84, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 401. The Secretary of Defense is authorized and directed, whenever in his judgment the best interests of the United States so require, to direct the insertion of a clause incorporating the Renegotiation Act of 1948 in any contracts for the procurement of ships, aircraft, aircraft parts, and the construction of facilities or installations outside continental United States entered into by or in behalf of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force which obligates any funds made available for obligation in the fiscal year 1949."

And the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendment numbered 25.

STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
JOSEPH H. BALL,
KENNETH MCKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
MILLARD E. TYDINGS,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
ALBERT J. ENGEL,
KARL STEFAN,
FRANCIS CASE,
JOHN H. KERR,
GEORGE MAHON,

Managers on the Part of the House.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the conference report?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the report.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, I move that the report be agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the conference report.

The report was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its action on certain amendments of the Senate to House bill 6935, which was read as follows:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
June 19, 1948.

Resolved, That the House insist upon its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 25 to the bill (H. R. 6935) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

Mr. BRIDGES. I move that the Senate recede from amendment No. 25. The amount involved in the item was about \$35,000,000. The Senate insisted, and after long hours the House conferees refused to agree, and the item remained in disagreement. The House conferees took the matter to the floor of the House, and they had two votes on it, in both instances refusing to agree to the amendment. So I think the only thing left is for the Senate to recede.

Mr. MAGNUSON. What was the House figure?

Mr. BRIDGES. On the House vote?

Mr. MAGNUSON. No, the amount.

Mr. BRIDGES. An item of \$35,000,000, which the Senate inserted, was in dispute.

Mr. MAGNUSON. The House knocked it all out?

Mr. BRIDGES. Yes. They refused to appropriate anything for this item.

Mr. MAGNUSON. Refused anything for the Pacific Northwest.

Mr. BRIDGES. There were several other items in the bill for flood relief. All the other items, like the provision for loans to farmers, the Coast Guard item, and provision for improvements on the Columbia River, four or five separate items having to do with relief from floods, were agreed to. The only one rejected was this amendment 25, which provided grants to local agencies for public works.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I wish to say that I deeply appreciate the fine work

the Senator from New Hampshire and the Senate conferees did in insisting upon this item. I looked into this matter. I discussed it with my senior colleague, and there is no question that the record is perfectly clear that, so far as the Senate side is concerned, everything possible was done to save the item, and the responsibility is very clear on the face of things. It is going to be shocking news to the people of Washington and Oregon, of course, but I sincerely trust and hope that when we reconvene we will have additional facts available which I am sure will, if the House will give the consideration which the facts warrant, convince the House that an appropriation should be made.

Mr. MAGNUSON. Mr. President, like the Senator from Oregon, I am greatly shocked at the fact that this appropriation was stricken from the bill. I appreciate the position of the Senator from New Hampshire who insisted on the amendment, and of course there are some other amendments in the bill which give us some relief. I appreciate his work. Like the Senator from Oregon, we had hoped we would get the full amount. So long as the House position is what it is, I merely want the RECORD to show what they did.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on the motion to recede from amendment 25.

The motion was agreed to.

STIMULATION OF PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION OF STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL ORES, METALS, AND MINERALS

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (S. 2756) to stimulate the production and conservation of strategic and critical ores, metals, and minerals in the interest of national defense.

Mr. MILLIKIN. Mr. President, I notice on page 2 the statement of purposes seems to override the subsequent contents of the bill. I refer to the language commencing on line 10, page 2. I quote:

To coordinate the programs now provided for or to be provided for by law for making scientific, technologic, and economic investigations concerning the extent and mode of occurrence; the development, mining preparation, treatment, and utilization of ores and other mineral substances found in the United States or its Territories or insular possessions which are essential to the common defense or the industrial needs of the United States; and to stimulate the commercial extraction and production of the same.

I remind the distinguished Senator from Nevada that that particular statement of purposes is not implemented in the later provisions of the bill, and might be confusing, and I am delighted to know that the Senator will later accept an amendment to strike out that provision.

Mr. MALONE. In earlier conversation we had arranged to offer an amendment to strike out beginning at line 7 to the end of the paragraph.

Mr. KEM. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. MALONE. I yield.

Mr. KEM. I should like to ask the Senator from Nevada what he estimates will be the annual cost of the bill as now drawn. Not as it will be subsequently amended, but as now before the Senate.

What will be the annual cost of the bill, in his opinion, as now before the Senate?

Mr. MALONE. We have an amendment drawn to cover that. We estimated \$350,000 annually.

Mr. KEM. Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars annually?

Mr. MALONE. That would be a maximum for administrative cost.

Mr. KEM. I did not ask the Senator that. The Senator failed to understand my question. And then I think he failed to answer it as he understood it.

Mr. MALONE. I beg pardon. I am answering it as I understood it, and I want that distinctly understood. I thought we had already covered it, and I am happy to listen to the Senator if he has another question.

Mr. KEM. I think the Senator understood my question: What will be the cost of the bill as amended? I did not ask him about the cost of administrative expenses. I asked him what the total overall cost to the Government would be per annum of the bill now pending before the Senate.

Mr. MALONE. The over-all cost, including the stock-pile cost, by this bill is \$80,000,000 per year.

Mr. KEM. If that is so, I should like to ask the Senator what amount of money he figures will be necessary to do this—and I refer to page 8 of the bill:

All additional ores, metals, and minerals or the equivalent thereof resulting from incentive payments and which comply with Munitions Board minimum stock-pile specifications shall be purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Section 7 of the bill provides for disbursements for exploration and development and conservation payments, not to exceed \$80,000,000 a year.

Now, I should like to ask the Senator at what amount he estimates the cost of the additional ores, metals, and minerals that are to be purchased as the result of these incentive payments?

Mr. MALONE. I should be very happy to explain the bill to the distinguished Senator from Missouri. As a matter of fact, I offered to do it today. Under the Stock-piling Act of 1946, there is remaining \$660,000,000, and we have a stock pile as low as 5 percent on some of the minerals. It will be impossible to secure the needed minerals either from foreign sources or domestic sources. The stock pile is practically bare. If we could buy the ores at the current market price, the \$660,000,000 would pay for all of the materials contemplated by the original 1946 bill. But all of the evidence—and I have much evidence here that I will not bother to go into, newspaper clippings and letters—shows that all the public officials are on record to the effect that the ores are not available. So the \$80,000,000 asked for is to be used to pay the additional premium price which will induce the production of the additional ore, and that is in addition to the price that would be normally paid, but at which the minerals needed cannot be found.

Mr. KEM. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. MALONE. Yes.

Mr. KEM. How can the Senator estimate the amount of metals and ores

[PUBLIC LAW 785—80TH CONGRESS]

[CHAPTER 658—2D SESSION]

[H. R. 6935]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiency appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948, and for other purposes, namely:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

For payment to Ruth D. Overton, widow of John H. Overton, late a Senator from the State of Louisiana, \$12,500.

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, \$8,020: *Provided*, That the rates of basic annual compensation for the following positions shall be: Four laborers at \$1,320 each: *Provided*, That the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, shall not apply to two positions of special employees under the office of the Sergeant at Arms, and the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act for 1949 is amended accordingly.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Stationery: For an additional allowance for stationery for the second session of the Eightieth Congress, to remain available until December 31, 1948, \$200.

Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation: For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Foreign Economic Cooperation, as authorized by Public Law 472, Eightieth Congress, including per diem and subsistence expenses, without regard to the Subsistence Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended, \$262,000.

Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies of 1949: To enable the Secretary of the Senate to pay the necessary expenses of the inaugural ceremonies of the President of the United States, January 20, 1949, in accordance with such program as may be adopted by the joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives, appointed under a concurrent resolution of the two Houses, including the pay for extra police, \$108,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to Emma E. Owens, widow of Thomas L. Owens, late a Representative from the State of Illinois, \$12,500.

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For mileage due and unpaid to Members of the House of Representatives, Seventy-ninth and prior Congresses, \$906.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Reporting hearings", \$11,000.

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Reporting hearings", \$15,000.

Stationery (revolving fund): For an additional stationery allowance of \$300 for each Representative, Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner of Puerto Rico, for the second session of the Eightieth Congress, \$131,400, to remain available until expended.

Stationery (revolving fund): For stationery allowance due a newly elected Member of the House of Representatives, by special election, second session, Eightieth Congress, to remain available until expended, \$500.

For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Lowe versus Davis as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$1,289.08, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to James C. Davis, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Mankin versus Davis as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to Helen Douglas Mankin, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Mankin versus Davis as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to David J. Wilson, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Wilson versus Granger as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol Buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for the "Capitol Buildings", including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1949, \$35,000.

Capitol Building: For an additional amount to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry forward the improvements affecting the Senate Wing of the Capitol authorized by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act of June 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 629), as amended by the Acts of June 8, 1942 (56 Stat. 342), and July 17, 1945 (59 Stat. 472), \$600,000. The Architect of the Capitol is authorized to enter into contracts, including cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contracts as approved by the Special Committee on Reconstruction of Senate Roof and Skylights and Remodeling of Senate Chamber, and to make such other expenditures as may be necessary for the improvements affecting the Senate Wing of the Capitol authorized by such Acts, in such amounts as may be approved by the Senate committee appointed

under section 1 of the Act of July 17, 1945, notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of that Act: *Provided*, That the amounts so approved by such committee may be obligated in full prior to the actual appropriation thereof.

ADDITIONAL OFFICE BUILDING FOR THE UNITED STATES SENATE

Acquisition of site: To enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, to acquire on behalf of the United States, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise (any condemnation proceedings to be in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 1, 1929 (45 Stat. 1415)), as a site for an additional office building for the United States Senate, all of the land, buildings, and other structures and alleys and parts of alleys (whether private or public) contained in that part of square 725 in the District of Columbia, bounded on the west by First Street Northeast, on the north by C Street Northeast, on the south by B Street Northeast, and on the east by the west boundaries of lots numbered 104, 105, 840, 805, and 80 and by a line running from the northwest corner of lot numbered 805 across the thirty-foot alley to a point on the southern boundary of lot numbered 840 due north of such corner and from such point to the southwest corner of lot numbered 840, and also to acquire in similar manner lot numbered 852 in said square 725, as such square appears on the records in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia as of the date of the approval of this Act; and, upon acquisition of such property or any part thereof to provide for the demolition and removal as expeditiously as possible of any buildings or other structures on any such land acquired and, pending such demolition, to lease any or all of such property for such periods and under such terms and conditions as he may deem most advantageous to the United States and to provide for the maintenance and protection of such property: \$1,100,000.

Construction and equipment of building: To enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, at a total cost (exclusive of site and other expenses authorized under the preceding paragraph) not to exceed \$20,600,000, and in substantial accordance with the preliminary plans prepared under the authority of the Act of July 11, 1947 (Public Law 169, Eightieth Congress), and approved by the Senate Office Building Commission, with such modification as may be necessary or advantageous, to provide for the construction and equipment of a fireproof office building for the use of the United States Senate on the site hereinbefore designated, containing committee and office rooms and such other rooms and accommodations as may be approved by the Senate Office Building Commission, including connections with the present Senate Office Building and subway transportation system by suitable tunnels and transportation system under First Street and B Street Northeast and structural and other changes in the present building and subway system necessitated thereby, and also including approaches, connections with the Capitol Power Plant and public utilities, and architectural landscape treatment of the grounds, \$850,000: *Provided*, That the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, is authorized to enter into contracts and to make such other expenditures as may be necessary for materials, supplies, equipment, accessories, advertising, travel, personal and other services, and any other

items required for the proper completion of the project, and to obligate in full the total amount of \$20,600,000 herein authorized, prior to the actual appropriation thereof, notwithstanding that an initial amount of only \$850,000 thereof is herein appropriated, and notwithstanding any other partial appropriations that may hereafter be made: *Provided further*, That upon completion of the project, the building and the grounds and sidewalks surrounding the same shall be subject to the provisions of the Act of June 8, 1942 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 174 (c) and (d)) and the Act of July 31, 1946 (60 Stat. 718), in the same manner and to the same extent as the present Senate Office Building and the grounds and sidewalks surrounding the same.

Senate Restaurants: For repairs, improvements, furnishings and equipment for the Senate Restaurant, Capitol Building, including personal and other services, fiscal year 1949 \$15,000, to be expended by the Architect of the Capitol under the supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

General expenses: Surplus funds accumulated during the fiscal year 1948 through the operation of the working capital of the Government Printing Office (Public printing and binding, Government Printing Office, 1948) are hereby made available for the additional transfer of \$77,000 to the appropriation "General expenses, Office of Superintendent of Documents, 1948", including the objects and subject to the conditions set forth under this heading in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1948.

THE JUDICIARY

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Printing and binding" for advanced opinions, preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Supreme Court, \$23,000.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

ARMED FORCES LEAVE PAYMENTS

Payments under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946: Not to exceed \$700,000 of the amount appropriated under this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1947, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for transfer, in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may determine, to the Bureau of the Public Debt, Treasury Department, for administrative expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including printing and binding.

DEFENSE AID, LIQUIDATION LEND-LEASE PROGRAM

Administrative expenses: For the liquidation by the Treasury Department in the fiscal year 1949 of activities under an Act to promote

the defense of the United States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, \$250,000.

Obligations: Not to exceed \$25,000,000 of the funds appropriated or continued available by title II of the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, for carrying out the provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United States (55 Stat. 31), as amended, shall remain available for expenditure until June 30, 1949, for liquidation of obligations incurred under said Act prior to June 30, 1946, and for payment of claims, approved prior to June 30, 1949, under a patent interchange agreement executed pursuant to said Act.

CARE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS PROPERTY ABROAD

Care, handling, and disposal of surplus property abroad: To enable the President, by allocation during the fiscal year 1949 to any department, agency, corporation, or independent establishment in the executive branch of the Government, to provide for expenses necessary for the care, handling, and disposal, pursuant to law, of surplus property located outside the continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, and for the care and handling of surplus property located in the United States but disposed of to foreign governments, including personal services in the District of Columbia; employment of persons outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to civil-service and classification laws; attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the activities for which this appropriation is made; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of rent in foreign countries in advance; printing and binding, including printing and binding outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); and hire of passenger motor vehicles; \$18,300,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for reimbursement for pay and allowances or subsistence of military or naval personnel except cost-of-living allowances for military or naval personnel assigned or detailed to the Department of State: *Provided further*, That \$13,850,000 of this appropriation shall be available exclusively for the care and handling of surplus property located in the United States but disposed of to foreign governments.

DISASTER RELIEF

Disaster relief: To enable the President, through such agency or agencies as he may designate, and in such manner as he shall determine, to supplement the efforts and available resources of State and local governments or other agencies, whenever he finds that any flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake, or other catastrophe in any part of the United States is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant emergency assistance by the Federal Government in alleviating hardship, or suffering caused thereby, and if the governor of any State in which such catastrophe shall occur shall certify that such assistance is required, \$500,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949, and to be expended without regard to such provisions regulating the expenditure of Government funds or the employment of persons in the Government service as he shall specify: *Provided*, That no expenditures shall be made with respect to any such catastrophe in any State until the governor of such State shall have entered into an agreement with such

agency of the Government as the President may designate giving assurance of expenditure of a reasonable amount of the funds of the government of such State, local governments therein, or other agencies, for the same or similar purposes with respect to such catastrophe: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for departmental personal services: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for permanent construction: *Provided further*, That within any affected area Federal agencies are authorized to participate in any such emergency assistance.

DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION

Displaced Persons Commission: For expenses necessary to enable the Commission during the fiscal year 1949 to carry out the provisions of S. 2242, Eightieth Congress, entitled "A bill to authorize for a limited period of time the admission into the United States of certain European displaced persons for permanent residence, and for other purposes", including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, as amended, and the rates of per diem allowances under the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; purchase (not to exceed fifteen, including one at not to exceed \$3,000) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding, including printing and binding outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); health service program as authorized by law (5 U. S. C. 150); employment of aliens; payment of rent in foreign countries in advance; and purchases and services abroad without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; \$2,000,000: *Provided*, That allocations may be made from this appropriation by the Commission upon approval by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to any department, agency, corporation, or independent establishment of the Government for direct expenditure for the purposes of this appropriation, and any such expenditures may be made under the specific authority herein contained or under the authority governing the activities of the department, agency, corporation, or independent establishment to which amounts are allocated: *Provided further*, That the Commission may enter into agreements with governmental and private agencies and may make payment in advance or by reimbursement for expenses incurred by such agencies in rendering assistance to the Commission in carrying out the purposes of this Act.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "National Institute of Health, operating expenses", \$500,000: *Provided*, That appropriations under said head for the fiscal year 1949 shall be available for carrying out the purposes

of the National Heart Act, including erection of temporary structures for storage of equipment and supplies and housing of animals.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Reconversion unemployment benefits for seamen", \$1,170,000.

Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security", \$50,000.

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

Working capital fund: For establishment of a working capital fund in accordance with and for carrying out the purposes of S. 2767, Eightieth Congress, \$1,000,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 2767, Eightieth Congress.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

Administrative expenses, water-pollution control: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the administrative functions of the Federal Works Agency under the provisions of S. 418, relating to pollution control activities, \$75,000, including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel, printing and binding; and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a): *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 418, Eightieth Congress.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Buildings and facilities, Cincinnati, Ohio: For preparation of plans for buildings and facilities at Cincinnati, Ohio, for the use of the Public Health Service, as provided for by S. 418, Eightieth Congress, \$200,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 418, Eightieth Congress.

Improvement of post-office facilities, Los Angeles, California: For the construction of an additional story and the extension and remodeling of the existing Terminal Annex Station, Los Angeles, California, as provided for by H. R. 5750, Eightieth Congress, \$1,000,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H. R. 5750, Eightieth Congress.

Acquisition of property: For an additional amount for the acquisition of the site of the Baltimore parcel-post station and an extension to said site, as authorized in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, \$79,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949.

Sites and planning, certain public buildings outside the District of Columbia: For the acquisition of sites for public buildings, as authorized by the Acts of March 25, 1948 (Public Laws 455 and 456), and for acquisition of site and preparation of drawings and specifications for a public building project as authorized by the Act of March 25, 1948 (Public Law 457), \$675,000, to remain available until June 30, 1950.

General Accounting Office Building, District of Columbia: To carry out the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1948 (Public Law 533), for the construction of a building for the use of the General Accounting Office on square 518, in the District of Columbia, the Federal Works Administrator is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the project in an amount not exceeding \$22,850,000, and the unobligated balance on May 18, 1948, of funds heretofore appropriated for the construction of a building for the General Accounting Office shall be charged against this contract authorization.

Federal Courts Building, District of Columbia: For the construction of a building for the use of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as authorized by the Act of May 14, 1948 (Public Law 527), \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in addition to this appropriation the Federal Works Administrator is authorized to enter into contracts for such purpose in an amount not exceeding \$14 875,000.

Acquisition of land and buildings, Boston, Massachusetts: For the acquisition of the parcel of land located at 17 Court Street, Boston, Massachusetts, together with all improvements thereon and appertaining thereto, including incidental expenses, \$750,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949.

National industrial reserve: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the duties imposed upon the Federal Works Agency by S. 2554 or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress, relating to the retention and maintenance of a national industrial reserve, including personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase of not to exceed five passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$35 per diem, and maintenance, protection, repair, restoration, renovation and other services by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; \$5,000,000; and in addition, the Federal Works Administrator is authorized to enter into contracts, for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000: *Provided*, That appropriations or funds available to the War Assets Administration for use in connection with property or functions transferred to the Federal Works Agency under the provisions of S. 2554, or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress, shall be transferred, in such amounts as may be approved by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to the Federal Works Agency for the purposes of this appropriation: *Provided further*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either S. 2554 or H. R. 6098, Eightieth Congress.

BUREAU OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES

Maintenance and operation of schools: For carrying out the provisions of S. 2795 or H. R. 6527, Eightieth Congress, relating to assistance to certain local school agencies, fiscal year 1949, \$3,000,000, of which not to exceed \$100,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, including travel, printing and binding, and personal services in the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall

be effective only upon the enactment into law of either S. 2795 or H. R. 6527, Eightieth Congress.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries", \$680,000.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Contingent upon the enactment of the Federal Housing Act of 1948, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget is hereby authorized to increase in the aggregate not to exceed \$1,000,000 the allocation for administrative expenses of the Office of the Administrator, Federal Housing Administration, National Home Mortgage Corporation, and the Public Housing Administration for carrying out the provisions of said Act.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

General expenses: The appropriation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, shall be available for the payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921).

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

Salaries and expenses: The limitations under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1947, and in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1948, on the amounts available for deposit in the Treasury for penalty mail, are increased from "\$6,000" to "\$10,100" and from "\$6,500" to "\$12,000", respectively.

The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1949, on the amount available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), is increased from "\$10,000" to "\$20,000".

The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics from the appropriation for "Aviation, Navy", in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1945, for construction and equipment of a wind tunnel at Moffett Field, California, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1947.

The unexpended balances of the appropriation for "Aircraft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio", in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1946.

NATIONAL CAPITAL SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission: For expenses necessary for the National Capital Sesquicentennial Commission to prepare and carry out a program for the commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the seat of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia, as authorized by the Act of July 18, 1947 (Public Law 203), including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel expenses of employees; travel, hotel, and other necessary expenses of the Commissioners; printing and binding;

services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$35 per diem; deposits in the Treasury for penalty mail; and rent in the District of Columbia; \$15,000, to remain available during the life of the Commission: *Provided*, That the Commission may accept and utilize gifts of money or services from private individuals and organizations.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, to carry out the provisions of H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress, establishing the Selective Service System, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation when specifically authorized by the Director; purchase (not to exceed 94) of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U. S. C. 921); and purchase of typewriters; \$25,000,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of either H. R. 6401 or S. 2655, Eightieth Congress.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief", \$245,000, to be available until expended.

Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans: For an additional amount for "Automobiles and other conveyances for disabled veterans", \$1,500,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Administration, medical, hospital and domiciliary services", and to be available until June 30, 1949, for the purposes specified under this head in the Act of August 8, 1946 (Public Law 663), as extended by the Emergency Appropriation Act, 1948.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

PUBLIC WELFARE

Day-care centers: For all expenses necessary for the transfer, maintenance, and operation of a system of nurseries and nursery schools for the day care of children of school or under school age, including personal services, as authorized by Public Law 123, approved June 27, 1947, as amended, fiscal year 1949, \$150,000.

PUBLIC WORKS

Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings", \$12,000.

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND SUITS

For the payment of claims in excess of \$250, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 11, 1929, as amended (46 Stat. 500), \$8,400.

JUDGMENTS

For the payment of final judgments, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document Numbered 653, Eightieth Congress, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment, \$132.

AUDITED CLAIMS

For the payment of claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), being for the service of the fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal years, as follows:

Salaries and expenses, Executive Office, District of Columbia, 1945, \$11.10;

General supervision and instruction, public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$13.02;

Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds, public schools, District of Columbia, 1945, \$6.20;

Salaries and expenses, Fire Department, District of Columbia, 1945, \$12.46;

General administration, Health Department, District of Columbia, 1945, \$36;

Medical charities, District of Columbia, 1945 (Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital), \$59.50;

Operating expenses, Juvenile Correctional Service, public welfare, District of Columbia, 1945, \$9.12;

Operating expenses, District Training School, District of Columbia, 1945, \$1,566.19;

Capital outlay, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings, public works, District of Columbia, 1945, \$14,752.80;

Operating expenses, Electrical Division, public works, District of Columbia, 1945, \$50.55;

Salaries and expenses, Department of Vehicles and Traffic, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1945, \$826.55;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1944, \$420.46;

Public schools, general supervision and instruction, salaries and expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$224.28;

Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$127.71;

Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Columbia, 1944, \$68.24;

Gallinger Municipal Hospital, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$1,221.48;

Working-capital fund, Workhouse and Reformatory, District of Columbia, 1944, \$71.77;

Water Department, distribution system, expenses, District of Columbia, 1944, \$0.69;

Refunding water rents, District of Columbia, 1944, \$30.22;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1943, \$176.89;

Deportation of nonresident insane, District of Columbia, 1943, \$248.62;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1942, \$9,771.08;

Refund of erroneous collections, District of Columbia, 1941, \$19.96;
In all, \$29,724.89.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1948.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

Salaries and Expenses

Agriculture remount service: For carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of the Act of April 21, 1948 (Public Law 494), including not to exceed \$7,500 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, \$425,000.

Eradication of Foot-and-Mouth and Other Contagious Diseases of Animals

Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Eradication of foot-and-mouth and other contagious diseases of animals", \$25,400,000, to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make repayment to the Commodity Credit Corporation for amounts transferred pursuant to authority under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1948, as amended by the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948.

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Insect and plant disease control: For an additional amount fiscal year 1949, for "Insect and plant disease control", to carry out the Golden Nematode Act of June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including not to exceed \$11,970 for personal services in the District of Columbia and the purchase of not to exceed seven passenger motor vehicles, \$492,000.

FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Forest roads and trails", for forest highways, \$7,500,000, to be available immediately and to remain available until expended; and, in addition to this appropriation, contracts may be entered into and obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1949, for forest highway work in an amount not to exceed \$7,500,000.

FOREST SERVICE

EMERGENCY RECONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Emergency reconstruction and repair: For the reconstruction or replacement of roads, trails, bridges, telephone lines, and other facilities and improvements in the national forests damaged or destroyed by floods in May and June 1948, \$4,000,000, to remain available until December 31, 1948.

LOANS TO FARMERS, 1948 FLOOD DAMAGE

Loans to farmers, 1948 flood damage: To provide assistance to farmers whose property was destroyed or damaged by floods in 1948, \$6,000,000 to remain available until June 30, 1949, which the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to utilize through any existing agency or bureau for loans in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe for the purpose of aiding such farmers to continue farming operations, and for all necessary administrative expenses (not to exceed 4 per centum of the total amount of loans made) in connection with making and servicing such loans, including printing and binding, and personal services in the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That no such loan shall be made unless no other source of public or private credit is available.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Rural Electrification Administration, fiscal year 1949, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill, 1949, \$225,000, such sum to be in addition to amounts otherwise appropriated for such fiscal year.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Liquidation of war agencies transferred to Commerce: For expenses necessary for the liquidation, in the fiscal year 1949, of the Foreign Economic Administration, Civilian Production Administration, Office of Price Administration, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and all other functions of the former Office of Temporary Controls, including personal services in the District of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$175,000.

Voluntary agreements: For expenses necessary for carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 2 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to voluntary agreements, including personal services in the District of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$600,000.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Census of business: For expenses necessary to collect, compile, and publish the 1949 census of business in accordance with the Act of

June —, 1948 (Public Law —), including personal services at the seat of government; printing and binding; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); and personal services by contract or otherwise at rates to be fixed by the Director of the Census without regard to the Classification Act; \$1,800,000, to be available July 1, 1948, and to remain available until December 31, 1951: *Provided*, That funds for administrative expenses may be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "General administration, Bureau of the Census".

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: In addition to the contract authorization previously granted under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1949, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to enter into contracts and incur obligations prior to July 1, 1949, for the purposes therein specified, in an amount not to exceed \$341,499.

Construction of public airports, Territory of Alaska: For construction of two public airports, one at Fairbanks and one at Anchorage within the Territory of Alaska, as authorized by the Act of May 28, 1948 (Public Law 562), including necessary buildings, structures, and appurtenances, and acquisition of necessary lands and interest in lands; personal services in the District of Columbia; and purchase (not to exceed two) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; \$3,500,000, to remain available until expended; and in addition, the Civil Aeronautics Administration is authorized to enter into contracts for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not to exceed \$9,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$300,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Civil Aeronautics Administration, for necessary administrative costs.

Air navigation development: For expenses necessary, fiscal year 1949, for planning and developing a national system of aids to air navigation and air traffic control common to military and civil air navigation, including research, experimental investigations, purchase, and development, by contract or otherwise, of new types of air navigation aids (including plans, specifications, and drawings); personal services in the District of Columbia; hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$50 per diem; \$100,000.

Hereafter the salary of the Administrator of the Civil Aeronautics Administration shall (unless increased to a higher amount by other law enacted either prior or subsequent to this Act) be at the rate of \$12,000 per annum.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for "Departmental salaries and expenses", fiscal year 1949, for carrying out the provisions of sections 3, 4, 18 (c) and 18 (d) of the Rubber Act of 1948 (Public Law 469, approved March 31, 1948), relating to controls over the production, distribution, and use of rubber, \$164,500, of which not to exceed \$5,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary.

Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$100,000, and the amount made available under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1949, for transfer to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary is increased from \$190,000 to \$192,000.

Field office service: For an additional amount for "Field office service", fiscal year 1949, \$15,000.

Export control: For expenses necessary for carrying out, during the fiscal year 1949, the provisions of section 3 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (Public Law 395), relating to export controls, including personal services in the District of Columbia and temporary services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, \$4,000,000, of which not to exceed \$1,350,000 may be transferred to the Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement of the export control program, and of which not to exceed \$62,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Printing and binding" in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1949, and of which not to exceed \$45,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under the Office of the Secretary in said Act: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation may be used to enforce any regulation prohibiting the export of one-hundred-pound bags of flour as or in gift packages of any type or quantity.

PATENT OFFICE

Salaries and expenses: Appropriations under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1948 and 1949, available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), shall be available for management and operational studies, by contract or otherwise, of the Patent Office.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$370,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Columbia Basin flood repair: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, through such bureaus of the Department of the Interior as he may designate, and in such manner as he shall determine, to reimburse applicable appropriations for costs of manpower and equipment diverted for flood work and to repair, reconstruct, rehabilitate, and replace structures, buildings, and other facilities (including equipment) under the jurisdiction of the Department damaged or destroyed by the flood in the Columbia Basin area, \$2,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1949.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for contingent expenses of the Department of the Interior, \$17,000, for payment of claims pursuant to section 403 of the Federal Tort Claims Act of August 2, 1946 (28 U. S. C. 921).

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Red Lake Band, Chippewa Indians, Minnesota (tribal funds): For a per capita payment of \$50 each to the members of the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota, \$130,000, payable from the proceeds of the sale of timber and lumber of the Red Lake Reservation: *Provided*, That this amount is made available contingent upon the enactment of H. R. 5355, Eightieth Congress, second session.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Fort Sumner irrigation district, New Mexico: For the purpose of aiding and assisting the Fort Sumner Irrigation District in New Mexico to protect its diversion dam and the existing works of said irrigation district from flood damage, in the event the Secretary of the Interior determines that flood damage is or appears to be imminent, \$60,000, to be reimbursable and to remain available until expended.

Construction: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Construction", \$453,000, to remain available until expended, for Preston Bench project, Idaho: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 1987, Eightieth Congress.

ADVANCES TO COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND

Boulder Canyon project: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Boulder Canyon project", \$600,000, to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River dam fund.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", \$5.03.

Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands Division", \$609.50.

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field", \$35.

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field", \$38,000.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth", \$154.71.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth", \$65,000.

Fees of witnesses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Fees of witnesses", \$50,000.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service", \$1,000,000.

NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Engineer Service, Army

Engineer Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Engineer Service", including construction of buildings, utilities, and facilities, \$32,700,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Flood control, general (emergency fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general (emergency fund)", \$6,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Flood control, general: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Flood control, general", including the objects specified under this head in the "Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1949", \$1,000,000, to be available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

The Secretary of the Air Force is hereby authorized in his discretion to accept in the name of the United States the tract of land comprising the Valparaiso golf course at Valparaiso near Eglin Field, Florida: *Provided*, That no appropriated funds shall be used for the acquiring, maintenance, or upkeep of the golf course now on said lands or for the maintenance of any recreational activities placed thereon.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay and Subsistence of Naval Personnel

Pay and subsistence of naval personnel: There are hereby transferred to the appropriation for "Pay and subsistence of naval personnel" in the Navy Department Appropriation Act, 1947, sums from appropriations for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year 1947, as follows:

"Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel", \$25,000,000;

"Pay, Marine Corps", \$17,000,000;

"General expenses, Marine Corps", \$17,500,000.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

PUBLIC WORKS

Public Works: For construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, including public utilities and appurtenances, and necessary lands and interests therein, as author-

ized by the Act of June 16, 1948 (Public Law 653), including group IV (b) personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other personal services necessary for the purposes of this appropriation; engineering and architectural services as authorized by section 3 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (34 U. S. C. 556); travel, and other necessary expenses; to remain available until expended, \$51,337,200; and in addition, the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contracts for the purposes of this appropriation in an amount not exceeding \$50,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall not be used for construction of family quarters for personnel at a cost per family unit in excess of \$14,040, except that when such units are constructed outside the continental United States the average cost per unit of all such units constructed shall not exceed \$25,850: *Provided further*, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any construction contract entered into under this appropriation shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of the construction contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to commence, continue, or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by contract or otherwise, only the following-named public works and public utilities projects, as authorized by law, and the amounts allocated to each such project from the appropriation and contract authorization herein shall not exceed the amount specified for each project enumerated, respectively;

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Test cells for turbine engines, \$230,000;

Marine Training and Replacement Command, Camp Joseph H. Pendleton, Oceanside, California: Acquisition of land, five hundred and seventy-five acres, \$46,500;

David Taylor Model Basin, Carderock, Maryland: Wind tunnels and associated facilities, \$1,410,000;

Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia: Acquisition of land, four thousand acres, on Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Maryland, \$120,000;

Naval Supplementary Radio Station, Dupont, South Carolina: Radio operating building, \$74,000;

Naval Ordnance Test Station, Inyokern, California:

Acquisition of land, sixty thousand acres, \$70,000,

Aerodynamics field laboratory (Aerodynamics Range), \$500,000,

Ground range, external ballistics, and electronics experimental installation, \$408,000,

Seventy duplex houses (one hundred and forty family units), \$2,000,000;

Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New Jersey: Liquid fuel rocket test laboratory, \$306,000;

Naval Reserve Armory, Lawrence, Massachusetts: Acquisition of land, five and seven-tenths acres, \$100;

Naval Reserve Armory, Lowell, Massachusetts: Acquisition of land, four acres, \$800;

Naval Air Station, Mojave, California: Acquisition of land, twenty-eight acres, \$500;

Naval Magazine, Montauk, Long Island, New York: Acquisition of land, forty-four acres, \$53,300;

Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Oceana, Virginia: Acquisition of avigation easements over approximately four hundred acres of land, \$46,000;

Naval Air Station, Patuxent River, Maryland: Facilities for bombing target, \$309,000;

Naval Air Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, California: Sea test range, and test and evaluation facilities, including supporting facilities, services, and accessory construction, \$14,000,000;

Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, California: Acquisition of land and improvements, sixty-two and forty-five one-hundredths acres, \$150,000;

Naval Electronics Laboratory, Point Loma, San Diego, California: Laboratory supply and utility buildings, including services and accessories, \$1,590,000;

Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia: Acquisition of land, four and eight hundred and fifty-seven one-thousandths acres, \$4,370;

Naval Radio Station, Skaggs Island, Sonoma, California: Addition to radio operating building, \$315,000;

Naval Supply Annex, Stockton, California: Acquisition of land (small island), three and eighty-eight one-hundredths acres, \$1,800;

Aeronautical Turbine Laboratory, Trenton, New Jersey: Laboratory building and facilities, including collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$13,000,000;

Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Maryland:

Completion of the supersonic wind tunnels and aerodynamics range, \$1,580,000;

Explosives research facility, \$695,000;

Naval Unit, White Sands, Proving Ground, Las Cruces, New Mexico:

Additional housing facilities, \$2,000,000,

Instrumentation of the one-hundred-mile range and camp facilities, \$2,452,830;

Radio Transmitting Station (location to be determined): Radio transmission facilities, including collateral equipment and accessory construction, \$4,000,000;

Naval Research Laboratory, Orlando, Florida: Underwater sound reference laboratory, \$1,120,000;

Naval Air Station, Key West (Boca Chica), Florida: Acquisition of land, approximately one thousand acres, \$60,000;

Various Locations—Continental United States: For correction of deficiencies in existing facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto, \$1,500,000;

OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Naval Operating Base, Adak, Alaska:

Ship repair facilities, \$306,000,

Cold storage building, ice cream plant, and milk facilities, \$340,000;

Two storehouses, \$1,300,000;

Dispensary, \$340,000;

Utility distribution systems, including water, sewer, electric power, heating plant, roads, walks, and drainage, \$2,700,000;

Naval Supplementary Radio Activity, Adak, Alaska: Operations building and associated facilities, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Adak, Alaska: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,400,000;

Naval Operating Base, Argentia, Newfoundland: Water treatment plant, \$92,700;

Naval Radio Station, Argentia, Newfoundland: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Greenland: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$999,323;

Naval Operating Base, Guam:

Dredging and filling at Apra Harbor, \$4,000,000;

Utility distribution systems, including electrical transmission steam generating plant, island water supply system, water storage and distribution, sewage and drainage systems and extension of roads, \$6,000,000;

Barracks, messhall and galley, \$1,677,777;

Naval Medical Center, Guam: Development of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$5,000,000;

Naval Ammunition Depot, Guam: High explosive storage facilities and accessories, \$1,000,000;

Naval Radio Station, Guam: Permanent communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,500,000;

Naval Supply Center, Guam: Permanent facilities, including storage building, fuel pipe line, and accessories, \$6,000,000;

Fleet Marine Force Base, Guam: Development of facilities, including buildings, service depot facilities and accessories, \$4,000,000;

Submarine Base, Guam: Marginal bulkhead, including base site preparation and accessory construction, \$1,670,000;

Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii:

Acquisition of land, five hundred and twenty acres at Waikele and Kipapa Gulches, \$70,000;

Acquisition of land at West Loch for barricaded sidings (one hundred fifty-nine and fourteen one hundredths acres), \$200,000;

Naval Radio Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Consolidated communication facilities, including buildings and accessories, \$1,390,000;

Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii:

Fire protection for Dry Dock No. 2, \$92,700;

Modernization of waterfront lighting, \$51,000;

Naval Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Water pumping station at Wahiawa Gulch, \$2,500,000;

Naval Radio Station, Sabana Seca, Puerto Rico: Radio operating facilities, including collateral equipment, accessory construction and transfer of land, \$3,294,000;

Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico: Acquisition of land—Culebra Island, \$110,000;

Naval Operating Base, Saipan: Air intercept training facilities, \$148,500;

Naval Radio Station, Summit, Canal Zone: Increase transmitter power output, \$612,000;

Supplementary Naval Radio Activity, Wahiawa, Hawaii: Permanent facilities for supplemental radio activity accessories, \$3,000,000;

Various locations—outside continental United States: For the correction of deficiencies in existing facilities and repairs incident to casualties thereto, \$1,500,000.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Printing and binding", \$25,000.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Damage claims", \$40,000.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Rural Delivery Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Rural Delivery Service", \$1,125,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Electric-car service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Electric-car service", \$5,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Salaries, Office of the Chief Inspector", for said fiscal year.

Foreign mail transportation: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Foreign mail transportation", \$2,000,000.

Balances due foreign countries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Balances due foreign countries", \$5,000,000.

Indemnities, international mail: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Indemnities, international mail", \$15,000.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper", \$54,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper", \$758,000.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Post Office stationery, equipment, and supplies", \$194,000.

Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Vehicle service", \$2,564,000.

Public Buildings, Maintenance and Operation

Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "Operating supplies, public buildings", \$20,150, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Operating supplies, public buildings", \$230,500, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Operating force, public buildings", for said fiscal year.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FOREIGN SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, Foreign Service", \$1,000,000.

Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Living and quarters allowances, Foreign Service", \$250,000.

INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus", for the Pan American Sanitary Bureau, \$47,932; and certain items under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1948, are amended as follows: The amount made available for the Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, shall be available for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available for the International Bureau of Weights and Measures is increased from "\$8,314" to "\$9,278" for the increased contribution required of the United States for the fiscal year 1947; the amount made available under the International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions for the International Scientific Radio Union, is increased from "\$392" to "\$1,777"; and the amount made available for Inter-American Coffee Board is decreased from "\$8,000" to "\$6,251".

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, bureaus: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, \$50,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation is contingent upon the enactment of S. 2341, Eightieth Congress, second session.

United States participation in international organizations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United States participation

in international organizations", for the International Civil Aviation Organization, \$3,750,000.

United States participation in international organizations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "United States participation in international organizations", for the World Health Organization (Act of June 14, 1948, Public Law 643), \$1,915,000.

International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico: The appropriation under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1949, shall be available for the purchase and exchange of map-reproduction machines and other construction, office, and engineering equipment and parts therefor; payment for official telephone service in the field in case of official telephones installed in private houses when authorized under regulations established by the Commission; and hire, with or without personal services, of aircraft.

Salaries and expenses, American sections, international commissions: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses, American sections, international commissions", for special and technical investigations in connection with matters falling within the jurisdiction of the International Joint Commission, United States and Canada, \$75,000.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

FISCAL SERVICE

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1948, for "Contingent expenses, public moneys", \$12,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Refunds under Renegotiation Act, 1948".

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1949, for "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000.

BUREAU OF FEDERAL SUPPLY

The unexpended balances of the funds advanced to the Bureau of Federal Supply from the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" of the Office of Scientific Research and Development in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, for furnishing summary technical reports, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1949 for the liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1948.

Strategic and critical materials: For necessary expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act of July 23, 1946, including personal services in the District of Columbia; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); and printing and binding; \$300,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, of which \$75,000,000 is for liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority granted under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1948; and in addition to the amount herein appropriated, contracts may be entered into for the purposes of the said Act of July 23, 1946, in an amount not in excess of

\$300,000,000: *Provided*, That any funds received as proceeds from sale or other disposition of materials on account of the rotation of stocks under said Act shall be deposited to the credit, and be available for expenditure for the purposes, of this appropriation: *Provided further*, That during the fiscal year 1949, in accordance with subsection 6 (a) of the Act of July 23, 1946 (60 Stat. 598), surplus strategic and critical materials, not to exceed in value the amount of \$175,000,000, may be transferred to stock piles established in accordance with said Act.

COAST GUARD

Acquisition, construction, and improvements: For an additional amount under the title "Acquisition, construction, and improvements, Coast Guard", for replacement or rebuilding of aids to navigation and shore facilities, \$300,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE II—CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

SEC. 201. For payment of claims for damages as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office, and judgments rendered against the United States by United States district courts and the United States Court of Claims, as set forth in Senate Document Numbered 177 and House Document Numbered 690, Eightieth Congress, \$15,231,868.15, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*, That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until it shall have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Provided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appropriated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

TITLE III—PENALTY MAIL

SEC. 301. All envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles, bearing the indicia prescribed by law for matter mailed free of postage under the penalty privilege by all executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, shall be procured or accounted for through the Postmaster General under such regulations as he shall prescribe. The head of each such department, agency, establishment, or other organization, or each such person, shall submit to the Postmaster General within sixty days after the close of each fiscal year a statement showing the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such indicia on hand at the close of such fiscal year.

SEC. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety days after the close of each fiscal year the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other

articles bearing such penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during such fiscal year by each executive department and agency, by each independent establishment, and by each organization and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege.

SEC. 303. No article or package of official matter, or number of articles or packages of official matter constituting in fact a single shipment, exceeding four pounds in weight shall be admitted to the mails under the penalty privilege, except (1) stamped paper and supplies sold or used by the postal service; and (2) books and documents published or circulated by order of Congress when mailed by the Superintendent of Public Documents or under the franking privilege.

SEC. 304. (a) Official matter not within the provisions of section 303 which is over four pounds in weight, if otherwise mailable, whether sealed or unsealed, including written matter, shall, if such matter does not exceed the limit of weight or size prescribed for fourth-class matter, be accepted for mailing upon the payment of postage at fourth-class rates.

(b) Shipments of official matter shall be sent by the most economical means of transportation practicable, and the Postmaster General may refuse to accept any such matter for shipment by mail when in his judgment it is in the public interest that it be forwarded by other means at less expense.

SEC. 305. All executive departments and agencies, all independent establishments of the Government, and all other organizations and persons authorized by law to use the penalty privilege, are directed to supply as soon as practicable, all necessary information requested by the Post Office Department to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 306. No executive department or independent establishment of the Government shall transmit through the mail, free of postage, any book, report, periodical, bulletin, pamphlet, list, or other article or document (except official letter correspondence, including such enclosures as are reasonably related to the subject matter of the correspondence; informational releases in connection with the decennial census of the United States, mail concerning the sale of Government securities, and all forms and blanks and copies of statutes, rules, regulations, and instructions and administrative orders and interpretations necessary in the administration of such departments and establishments), unless a request therefor has been previously received by such department or independent establishment; or such transmission is required by law; or such document is transmitted to inform the recipient thereof of the adoption, amendment, or interpretation of a statute, rule, regulation, or order to which he is subject. The head of each independent establishment and executive department (other than the Post Office Department) shall certify to the Postmaster General at the end of each quarter that nothing was transmitted through the mail free of postage by the independent establishment or department in violation of the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the mailing free of postage of lists of agricultural bulletins, lists of public documents which are offered for sale by the Superintendent of Public Documents, or of announcements of publications of maps, atlases, statistical, and other reports offered for sale by the Federal Power Commission as authorized by section 825k of title 16 U. S. C.: *Provided further*, That this

prohibition shall not apply to the transmission of such books, reports, periodicals, bulletins, pamphlets, lists, articles, or documents to educational institutions or public libraries, or to Federal, State, or other public authorities.

SEC. 307. Section 6 of the Act of May 6, 1939 (53 Stat. 683), as amended, and Public Law 364 approved June 28, 1944, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 308. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 309. This title shall take effect July 1, 1948, and may be cited as the "Penalty Mail Act of 1948".

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. The Secretary of Defense is authorized and directed, whenever in his judgment the best interests of the United States so require, to direct the insertion of a clause incorporating the Renegotiation Act of 1948 in any contracts for the procurement of ships, aircraft, aircraft parts, and the construction of facilities or installations outside continental United States entered into by or in behalf of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force which obligates any funds made available for obligation in the fiscal year 1949.

SEC. 402. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit has not contrary to the provisions of this section engaged in a strike against the Government of the United States, is not a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or that such person does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 403. This Act may be cited as the "Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948."

Approved June 25, 1948.





